ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 66-ASSEMBLYWOMAN ANGLE (BY REQUEST)

PREFILED JANUARY 28, 1999

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Prohibits retaliatory action against independent contractor who discloses improper governmental action. (BDR 23-1057)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to state government; prohibiting retaliatory action against an independent contractor who discloses an improper governmental action; prohibiting a state agency from taking certain adverse action against independent contractors who testify or seek to testify before a house or committee of the legislature on their own behalf; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY. DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** NRS 281.611 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 2 281.611 As used in NRS 281.611 to 281.671, inclusive, unless the
- 3 context otherwise requires:
 - 1. "Improper governmental action" means any action taken by a state
- 5 officer or employee in the performance of his official duties, whether or
- 6 not the action is within the scope of his employment, which is:
- (a) In violation of any state law or regulation;
- 8 (b) An abuse of authority;
- 9 (c) Of substantial and specific danger to the public health or safety; or
- 10 (d) A gross waste of public money.
- 11 2. "State employee" means any person who performs public duties
- under the direction and control of a state officer for compensation paid by
- or through the state. *The term includes an independent contractor who*
- 14 has entered into a contract with an elective officer or the head of a
- 15 department, board, commission or institution pursuant to NRS 284.173.

- 3. "State officer" means a person elected or appointed to a position with the state which involves the exercise of a state power, trust or duty, including:
- (a) Actions taken in an official capacity which involve a substantial and material exercise of administrative discretion in the formulation of state policy;
 - (b) The expenditure of state money; and
 - (c) The enforcement of laws and regulations of the state.
- Sec. 2. NRS 281.641 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.641 1. If any reprisal or retaliatory action is taken against a state officer or employee who discloses information concerning improper governmental action within 2 years after the information is disclosed, the state officer or employee may file a written appeal with a hearing officer of the department of personnel for a determination of whether the action taken was a reprisal or retaliatory action. The written appeal must be accompanied by a statement that sets forth with particularity:
 - (a) The facts and circumstances under which the disclosure of improper governmental action was made; and
- 19 (b) The reprisal or retaliatory action that is alleged to have been taken 20 against the state officer or employee.
- The hearing must be conducted in accordance with the procedures set forth in NRS 284.390 to 284.405, inclusive, and the procedures adopted by the personnel commission pursuant to subsection 4.
 - 2. If the hearing officer determines that the action taken was a reprisal or retaliatory action, he may issue an order directing the proper person to desist and refrain from engaging in such action. The hearing officer shall file a copy of his decision with the governor or any other elected state officer who is responsible for the actions of that person.
 - 3. The hearing officer may not rule against the state officer or employee based on the person or persons to whom the improper governmental action was disclosed.
- 4. The personnel commission may adopt rules of procedure for conducting a hearing pursuant to this section that are not inconsistent with the procedures set forth in NRS 284.390 to 284.405, inclusive.
- 5. For the purposes of this section, "reprisal or retaliatory action" includes:
 - (a) The denial of adequate personnel to perform duties;
 - (b) Frequent replacement of members of the staff;
- 39 (c) Frequent and undesirable changes in the location of an office;
- 40 (d) The refusal to assign meaningful work;
- 41 (e) The issuance of letters of reprimand or evaluations of poor
- 42 performance;

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- 1 (f) A demotion;
- 2 (g) A reduction in pay;
- 3 (h) The denial of a promotion;
- 4 (i) A suspension;
- 5 (j) A dismissal;
- (k) A transfer;

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- (1) Frequent changes in working hours or workdays; for
- (m) If the employee is an independent contractor, the revocation or rescission of a contract entered into pursuant to NRS 284.173; or
- (n) If the employee is licensed or certified by an occupational licensing
 board, the filing with that board, by or on behalf of the employer, of a
 complaint concerning the employee,
- if such action is taken, in whole or in part, because the state officer or employee disclosed information concerning improper governmental action.
- 15 **Sec. 3.** NRS 284.173 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 16 284.173 1. Elective officers and heads of departments, boards, 17 commissions or institutions may contract for the services of persons as 18 independent contractors.
 - 2. An independent contractor is a natural person, firm or corporation who agrees to perform services for a fixed price according to his or its own methods and without subjection to the supervision or control of the other contracting party, except as to the results of the work, and not as to the means by which the services are accomplished.
 - 3. For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) Travel, subsistence and other personal expenses may be paid to an independent contractor, if provided for in the contract, in such amounts as provided for in the contract. Those expenses must not be paid pursuant to the provisions of NRS 281.160.
 - (b) There must be no:
 - (1) Withholding of income taxes by the state;
 - (2) Coverage for industrial insurance provided by the state;
- 32 (3) Participation in group insurance plans which may be available to 33 employees of the state;
- (4) Participation or contributions by either the independent contractor or the state to the public employees' retirement system;
 - (5) Accumulation of vacation leave or sick leave; or
 - (6) Coverage for unemployment compensation provided by the state if the requirements of NRS 612.085 for independent contractors are met.
- if the requirements of NRS 612.085 for independent contractors are met.

 4. [An] Except as otherwise provided in NRS 218.5343 and 281.611

 to 281.671, inclusive, an independent contractor is not in the classified or unclassified service of the state, and has none of the rights or privileges

available to officers or employees of the State of Nevada.

- 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each contract for the services of an independent contractor must be in writing. The form of the contract must be first approved by the attorney general, and, except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, an executed copy of each contract must be filed with the fiscal analysis division of the legislative counsel bureau and the clerk of the state board of examiners. The state board of examiners may waive the requirements of this subsection in the case of contracts which are for amounts less than \$750.
 - 6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, and except contracts entered into by the University and Community College System of Nevada, each proposed contract with an independent contractor must be submitted to the state board of examiners. The contracts do not become effective without the prior approval of the state board of examiners, but the state board of examiners may authorize its clerk to approve contracts which are:
 - (a) For amounts less than \$5,000 or, in contracts necessary to preserve life and property, for amounts less than \$25,000.
- (b) Entered into by the state gaming control board for the purposes of investigating an applicant for or holder of a gaming license.
- The state board of examiners shall adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

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- 7. Copies of the following types of contracts need not be filed or approved as provided in subsections 5 and 6:
- (a) Contracts executed by the department of transportation for any work of construction or reconstruction of highways.
- (b) Contracts executed by the state public works board or any other state department or agency for any work of construction or major repairs of state buildings if the contracting process was controlled by the rules of open competitive bidding.
- (c) Contracts executed by the housing division of the department of business and industry.
 - (d) Contracts executed by the state industrial insurance system.
 - (e) Contracts executed with business entities for any work of maintenance or repair of office machines and equipment.
- 8. The state board of examiners shall review each contract submitted for approval pursuant to subsection 6 to consider:
- 36 (a) Whether sufficient authority exists to expend the money required by 37 the contract; and
- 38 (b) Whether the service which is the subject of the contract could be 39 provided by a state agency in a more cost-effective manner.
- If the contract submitted for approval continues an existing contractual
- relationship, the board shall ask each agency to ensure that the state is
- 42 receiving the services that the contract purports to provide.

- 9. If the services of an independent contractor are contracted for to represent an agency of the state in any proceeding in any court, the contract must require the independent contractor to identify in all pleadings the specific state agency which he is representing.
- **Sec. 4.** NRS 218.5343 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 218.5343 1. An employee of a state agency who testifies before a house or committee of the legislature on his own behalf and not on behalf of his employer shall, before commencing his testimony, state that fact clearly on the record.
 - 2. It is unlawful for a state agency which is the employer of an employee who complies with subsection 1 and testifies or seeks to testify before a house or committee of the legislature on his own behalf to:
 - (a) Deprive the employee of his employment or to take any reprisal or retaliatory action against the employee as a consequence of his testimony or potential testimony;
 - (b) Threaten the employee that his testimony or potential testimony will result in the termination of his employment or in any reprisal or retaliatory action against him; or
 - (c) Directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, coerce, command or influence or attempt to intimidate, threaten, coerce, command or influence the employee in an effort to interfere with or prevent the testimony of the employee.
 - 3. It is unlawful for a state agency to:

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- (a) Deprive or threaten to deprive an employee of his employment;
- (b) Take or threaten to take any reprisal or retaliatory action against the 25 employee: or 26
- (c) Directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, coerce, command or 27 influence or attempt to intimidate, threaten, coerce, command or influence 28 the employee,
- in an attempt to affect the behavior of another employee who is testifying or seeks to testify before a house or committee of the legislature on his 31 own behalf. 32
- The provisions of this section do not apply to an employee in the 34 classified service who has not completed his probationary period.
 - [For the purposes of] As used in this section:
 - (a) "Employee" includes an independent contractor who has entered into a contract with an elective officer or the head of a department, board, commission or institution pursuant to NRS 284.173.
- (b) "Reprisal or retaliatory action" has the meaning ascribed to it in 39 subsection 5 of NRS 281.641.

[(b)] (c) "State agency" means an agency, bureau, board, commission, department, division, officer, employee or agent or any other unit of the executive department of the state government. The term includes an elective officer or the head of a department, board, commission or institution who has entered into a contract with an independent contractor pursuant to NRS 284.173.