## Assembly Bill No. 86–Committee on Judiciary

## CHAPTER.....

AN ACT relating to justices of the peace; requiring that the justices of the peace in certain townships be licensed and admitted to practice law in the courts of this state; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** NRS 4.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 4.010 1. A person who is not a qualified elector is not eligible to the office of justice of the peace.
- 2. [A justice of the peace in a township whose population is 250,000 or more must be an attorney who is licensed and admitted to practice law in the courts of this state.] A justice of the peace [in a township whose population is less than 250,000] must have a high school diploma or its equivalent as determined by the state board of education [.] and:
- (a) In a county whose population is 400,000 or more, a justice of the peace in a township whose population is 100,000 or more must be an attorney who is licensed and admitted to practice law in the courts of this state.
- (b) In a county whose population is less than 400,000, a justice of the peace in a township whose population is 250,000 or more must be an attorney who is licensed and admitted to practice law in the courts of this state.
- 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to any person who held the office of justice of the peace on June 30, [1987.] 1999.
- **Sec. 2.** Section 4 of Assembly Bill No. 20 of this session is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - **Sec. 4.** NRS 4.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 4.010 1. A person [who is] shall not be a [qualified elector is not] candidate for or be eligible to the office of justice of the peace [] unless he is a qualified elector and has never been removed or retired from any judicial office by the commission on judicial discipline. For the purposes of this subsection, a person shall not be ineligible to be a candidate for the office of justice of the peace if a decision to remove or retire him from a judicial office is pending appeal before the supreme court or has been overturned by the supreme court.
  - 2. A justice of the peace must have a high school diploma or its equivalent as determined by the state board of education and:
  - (a) In a county whose population is 400,000 or more, a justice of the peace in a township whose population is 100,000 or more must be an attorney who is licensed and admitted to practice law in the courts of this state.

- (b) In a county whose population is less than 400,000, a justice of the peace in a township whose population is 250,000 or more must be an attorney who is licensed and admitted to practice law in the courts of this state.
- 3. Subsection 2 does not apply to any person who held the office of justice of the peace on June 30, 1999.

  Sec. 3. This act becomes effective on July 1, 1999.