SENATE BILL NO. 314-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 4, 1999

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing terms of office of municipal judges. (BDR 1-1664)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to municipal courts; authorizing cities to establish the terms of office of municipal judges by ordinance; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** NRS 5.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 5.020 1. Except as *otherwise* provided in subsection 2, each
- 3 municipal judge must be chosen by the electors of the city within which the
- municipal court is established on a day to be fixed by the governing body
- 5 of that city. He shall hold his office for 1 year, unless a longer period is
- 6 fixed by an ordinance adopted by the city or by the charter of the city, in
- which case he shall hold his office for that longer period. Before entering
- 8 upon his duties a municipal judge shall take the constitutional oath of
- 9 office. A municipal judge must:
- 10 (a) Be a citizen of the state;
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in the charter of a city organized under
- a special charter, have been a bona fide resident of the city for not less than
- 13 1 year next preceding his election; and
 - (c) Be a qualified elector in the city.
 - 2. The governing body of a city, with the consent of the board of
- 16 county commissioners and the justice of the peace, may provide that a
- 17 justice of the peace of the township in which the city is located is ex officio
- the municipal judge of the city.

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