SENATE BILL NO. 395-SENATOR WASHINGTON

MARCH 12, 1999

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions regarding parole hearings for certain prisoners. (BDR 16-513)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: Yes.

~

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to parole; requiring under certain circumstances that photographs from crime scenes be included in the files pertaining to certain prisoners when those prisoners are considered for parole; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** NRS 213.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 2 213.130 1. A prisoner sentenced to imprisonment in the state prison
- may apply to the board for parole. The application must be made on a form prescribed by the board and must contain:
- (a) The county in which the prisoner will reside, if the prisoner will be paroled in Nevada; and
- (b) Other data that will assist the board in determining whether parole should be granted.
- 9 The secretary of the board shall furnish any prisoner an application form upon request.
 - 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, if:

11

- (a) A prisoner is applying for parole from a sentence imposed for
- 13 conviction of a crime that constitutes a category A felony or, if the crime
- 14 was committed before July 1, 1995, a crime that would constitute a
- 15 category A felony if committed on or after July 1, 1995; and
- 16 (b) Original or duplicate photographs of the scene of the crime
- 17 committed by the prisoner are in existence at the time of the meeting to
- 18 consider the application of the prisoner for parole,

a representative set of original or duplicate photographs must be included with the information submitted to the board at the meeting.

- 3. If a victim of the prisoner whose application is being considered for parole:
 - (a) Is notified of the meeting pursuant to subsection 5; and

10

11

12

13

15

17

18

20

21

22

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33 34

35 36

39

- (b) Within 10 days after receiving notice of the meeting, informs the board in writing that the victim objects to the inclusion of photographs of the scene of the crime in the information submitted to the board, the photographs must not be submitted to the board.
- 4. Meetings for the purpose of considering applications for parole may be held semiannually or more often, on such dates as may be fixed by the board. All meetings must be open to the public.
- [3.] 5. Not later than 5 days after the date on which the board fixes the date of the meeting to consider the application of a prisoner for parole, the board shall notify the victim of the prisoner whose application is being considered of the date of the meeting and of his rights pursuant to this subsection, if the victim has requested notification in writing and has provided his current address or if the victim's current address is otherwise known by the board. The victim of any person applying for parole may submit documents to the board and may testify at the meeting held to consider the application. An application for parole must not be considered until the board has notified any victim of his rights pursuant to this subsection and he is given the opportunity to exercise those rights. If a current address is not provided to or otherwise known by the board, the board must not be held responsible if such notification is not received by the victim.
- [4.] 6. The board may deliberate in private after a public meeting held to consider an application for parole.
- [5.] 7. The board of state prison commissioners shall provide suitable and convenient rooms or space for use of the board.
- [6.] 8. If a victim is notified of a meeting to consider an application for parole pursuant to subsection [3,] 5, the board shall, upon making a final decision concerning the application, notify the victim of its final decision.
- [7.] 9. All personal information, including, but not limited to, a current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which is received by the board pursuant to this section is confidential.
- For the purposes of this section, "victim" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 213.005.
 - **Sec. 2.** NRS 209.392 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 40 209.392 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 209.3925 and
- 209.429, the director may, at the request of an offender who is eligible for
- residential confinement pursuant to the standards adopted by the director
 - 3 pursuant to subsection 3 and who

has:

(a) Established a position of employment in the community;

1

2

10

11

13

15

17

18

20

22

23

24

26

27

30

31

32

33 34

35

37

- (b) Enrolled in a program for education or rehabilitation; or
- (c) Demonstrated an ability to pay for all or part of the costs of his 3 confinement and to meet any existing obligation for restitution to any victim of his crime,
 - assign the offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation of the department of motor vehicles and public safety to serve a term of residential confinement, pursuant to NRS 213.380, for not longer than the remainder of his sentence.
 - Upon receiving a request to serve a term of residential confinement from an eligible offender, the director shall notify the division of parole and probation. If any victim of a crime committed by the offender has, pursuant to subsection [3] 5 of NRS 213.130, requested to be notified of an application for parole and has provided a current address, the division of parole and probation shall notify the victim of the offender's request and advise the victim that he may submit documents regarding the request to the division of parole and probation. If a current address has not been provided as required by subsection [3] 5 of NRS 213.130, the division of parole and probation must not be held responsible if such notification is not received by the victim. All personal information, including, but not limited to, a current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which is received by the division of parole and probation pursuant to this subsection is confidential.
 - The director, after consulting with the division of parole and probation, shall adopt, by regulation, standards providing which offenders are eligible for residential confinement. The standards adopted by the director must provide that an offender who:
- (a) Is not eligible for parole or release from prison within a reasonable 28 29 period:
 - (b) Has recently committed a serious infraction of the rules of an institution or facility of the department;
 - (c) Has not performed the duties assigned to him in a faithful and orderly manner;
 - (d) Has ever been convicted of:
- (1) Any crime involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim; or 36
 - (2) A sexual offense;
- (e) Has more than one prior conviction for any felony in this state or any 38 offense in another state that would be a felony if committed in this state, not including a violation of NRS 484.3792 or 484.3795; 40
- (f) Has escaped or attempted to escape from any jail or correctional 41 42 institution for adults:

or

- (g) Has not made an effort in good faith to participate in or to complete any educational or vocational program or any program of treatment, as ordered by the director,
- is not eligible for assignment to the custody of the division of parole and probation to serve a term of residential confinement pursuant to this section.
- 4. If an offender assigned to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section escapes or violates any of the terms or conditions of his residential confinement:
- 10 (a) The division of parole and probation may, pursuant to the procedure 11 set forth in NRS 213.410, return the offender to the custody of the 12 department.

13

15

16

17

18

21

26

27

28

30

31

32

33 34

35

37

39

40

- (b) The offender forfeits all or part of the credits for good behavior earned by him before the escape or violation, as determined by the director. The director may provide for a forfeiture of credits pursuant to this paragraph only after proof of the offense and notice to the offender, and may restore credits forfeited for such reasons as he considers proper. The decision of the director regarding such a forfeiture is final.
- 5. The assignment of an offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section shall be deemed:
 - (a) A continuation of his imprisonment and not a release on parole; and
- 22 (b) For the purposes of NRS 209.341, an assignment to a facility of the department,
 - except that the offender is not entitled to obtain any benefits or to participate in any programs provided to offenders in the custody of the department.
 - 6. An offender does not have a right to be assigned to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section, or to remain in that custody after such an assignment, and it is not intended that the provisions of this section or of NRS 213.371 to 213.410, inclusive, create any right or interest in liberty or property or establish a basis for any cause of action against the state, its political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions, departments, officers or employees.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 209.3925 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 209.3925 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the director may assign an offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation of the department of motor vehicles and public safety to serve a term of residential confinement pursuant to NRS 213.380, for not longer than the remainder of his sentence, if:
 - (a) The director has reason to believe that the offender is:
- (1) Physically incapacitated to such a degree that he does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat to the safety of the public;

- (2) In ill health and expected to die within 12 months, and does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat to the safety of the public; and
- (b) At least two physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS, one of whom is not employed by the department, verify, in writing, that the offender is:
 - (1) Physically incapacitated; or

7

8

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

20

21

22

23

26

27

29

30

31

32

33

- (2) In ill health and expected to die within 12 months.
- 2. If the director intends to assign an offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section, at least 45 days before the date the offender is expected to be released from the custody of the department, the director shall notify:
- (a) If the offender will reside within this state after he is released from the custody of the department, the board of county commissioners of the county in which the offender will reside; and
 - (b) The division of parole and probation.
- 3. If any victim of a crime committed by the offender has, pursuant to subsection [3] 5 of NRS 213.130, requested to be notified of an application for parole and has provided a current address, the division of parole and probation shall notify the victim that:
- (a) The director intends to assign the offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section; and
- (b) The victim may submit documents to the division of parole and probation regarding such an assignment.
- If a current address has not been provided by a victim as required by subsection [3] 5 of NRS 213.130, the division of parole and probation must not be held responsible if notification is not received by the victim. All personal information, including, but not limited to, a current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which is received by the division of parole and probation pursuant to this subsection is confidential.
- 4. If an offender assigned to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section escapes or violates any of the terms or conditions of his residential confinement:
- 34 (a) The division of parole and probation may, pursuant to the procedure 35 set forth in NRS 213.410, return the offender to the custody of the 36 department.
- 37 (b) The offender forfeits all or part of the credits for good behavior 38 earned by him before the escape or violation, as determined by the 39 director.
- 40 The director may provide for a forfeiture of credits pursuant to this
- at paragraph only after proof of the offense and notice to the offender, and
- 42 may restore credits forfeited for such reasons as he considers proper. The
- 43 decision of the director regarding such a forfeiture is final.

- 5. The assignment of an offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section shall be deemed:
 - (a) A continuation of his imprisonment and not a release on parole; and
- (b) For the purposes of NRS 209.341, an assignment to a facility of the department,
- except that the offender is not entitled to obtain any benefits or to participate in any programs provided to offenders in the custody of the

8 department.

- 9 6. The director may not assign an offender to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section if the offender is sentenced to death or imprisonment for life without the possibility of parole.
- 7. An offender does not have a right to be assigned to the custody of the division of parole and probation pursuant to this section, or to remain in that custody after such an assignment, and it is not intended that the provisions of this section or of NRS 213.371 to 213.410, inclusive, create any right or interest in liberty or property or establish a basis for any cause of action against the state, its political subdivisions, agencies, boards,

19 commissions, departments, officers or employees.