

SENATE BILL NO. 408—COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF WASHOE COUNTY)

MARCH 15, 1999

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing rate of residential construction tax that may be imposed on development of mobile home lots. (BDR 22-568)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the residential construction tax; revising the provisions governing the rate of the tax that may be imposed on the development of mobile home lots; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE
AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 **Section 1.** NRS 278.4973 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 278.4973 “Mobile home” ~~{means a vehicle without motive power~~
3 ~~designed or equipped for living purposes and to carry property or~~
4 ~~passengers wholly on its own structure and to be drawn by a motor~~
5 ~~vehicle.}~~ ***has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 461A.050.***
6 **Sec. 2.** NRS 278.4983 is hereby amended to read as follows:
7 278.4983 1. The city council of any city or the board of county
8 commissioners of any county which has adopted a master plan and
9 recreation plan, as provided in this chapter, which includes, as a part of the
10 plan, future or present sites for neighborhood parks may, by ordinance,
11 impose a residential construction tax pursuant to this section.
12 2. If imposed, the residential construction tax must be imposed on the
13 privilege of constructing apartment houses and residential dwelling units
14 and developing mobile home lots in the respective cities and counties. The
15 rate of the tax must not exceed :
16 ***(a) With respect to the construction of apartment houses and***
17 ***residential dwelling units,*** 1 percent of the valuation of each building

1 permit issued ~~[,]~~ or \$1,000 per residential dwelling unit , ~~for mobile home~~
2 ~~lot,~~ whichever is less. For the purpose of the residential construction tax,
3 the city council of the city or the board of county commissioners of the
4 county shall adopt an ordinance basing the valuation of building permits on
5 the actual costs of residential construction in the area.

6 *(b) With respect to the development of mobile home lots, for each*
7 *mobile home lot authorized by a lot development permit, 50 percent of*
8 *the average residential construction tax paid per residential dwelling unit*
9 *in the respective city or county during the calendar year next preceding*
10 *the fiscal year in which the lot development permit is issued.*

11 3. The purpose of the tax is to raise revenue to enable the cities and
12 counties to provide neighborhood parks and facilities for parks which are
13 required by the residents of those apartment houses, mobile homes and
14 residences.

15 4. An ordinance enacted pursuant to subsection 1 must establish the
16 procedures for collecting the tax, set its rate, and determine the purposes
17 for which the tax is to be used, subject to the restrictions and standards
18 provided in this chapter. The ordinance must, without limiting the general
19 powers conferred in this chapter, also include:

20 (a) Provisions for the creation, in accordance with the applicable master
21 plan, of park districts which would serve neighborhoods within the city or
22 county.

23 (b) A provision for collecting the tax at the time *of issuance of* a
24 building permit for the construction of any apartment houses ~~[,] or~~
25 residential dwelling units , or *a lot development permit for the*
26 *development of* mobile home lots . ~~[is issued.]~~

27 5. All ~~[of the]~~ residential construction taxes collected pursuant to the
28 provisions of this section and any ordinance enacted by a city council or
29 board of county commissioners, and all interest accrued on the money,
30 must be placed with the city treasurer or county treasurer in a special fund.
31 Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the money in the fund may
32 only be used for the acquisition, improvement and expansion of
33 neighborhood parks or the installation of facilities in existing or
34 neighborhood parks in the city or county. Money in the fund must be
35 expended for the benefit of the neighborhood from which it was collected.

36 6. If a neighborhood park has not been developed or facilities have not
37 been installed in an existing park in the park district created to serve the
38 neighborhood in which the subdivision or development is located within 3
39 years after the date on which 75 percent of the residential dwelling units
40 authorized within that subdivision or development first became occupied,
41 all money paid by the subdivider or developer, together with interest at the

1 rate at which the city or county has invested the money in the fund, must be
2 refunded to the owners of the lots in the subdivision or development at the
3 time of the reversion on a pro rata basis.

4 7. The limitation of time established pursuant to subsection 6 is
5 suspended for any period, not to exceed 1 year, during which this state or
6 the Federal Government takes any action to protect the environment or an
7 endangered species which prohibits, stops or delays the development of a
8 park or installation of facilities.

9 8. For the purposes of this section:

10 (a) "Facilities" means turf, trees, irrigation, playground apparatus,
11 playing fields, play areas, picnic areas, horseshoe pits and other
12 recreational equipment or appurtenances designed to serve the natural
13 persons, families and small groups from the neighborhood from which the
14 tax was collected.

15 (b) "Neighborhood park" means a site not exceeding 25 acres, designed
16 to serve the recreational and outdoor needs of natural persons, families and
17 small groups.

18 **Sec. 3.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 1999.