## SENATE BILL NO. 473–COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE TO STUDY THE DISTRIBUTION AMONG LOCAL GOVERNMENTS OF REVENUE FROM STATE AND LOCAL TAXES)

MARCH 18, 1999

## Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Creates procedure for dissolution or disincorporation of certain local governments in severe financial emergency under certain circumstances. (BDR 31-702)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State or on Industrial Insurance: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets <del>[omitted material]</del> is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to local governments; requiring a question to be submitted to the electors of certain local governments in severe financial emergency asking whether the local government should be disincorporated or dissolved if the Nevada tax commission determines that the severe financial emergency is unlikely to cease to exist within 3 years; requiring certain taxes and mandatory assessments to be raised and services of the local government limited if the electors of such a local government do not approve such a question; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- Section 1. Chapter 354 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto
- 2 the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.
- Sec. 2. 1. If the executive director determines that a severe
- 4 financial emergency which exists in a local government under
- 5 management by the department is unlikely to cease to exist within 3
- 6 years, he shall determine:
- 7 (a) The amount any tax or mandatory assessment levied by the local
- 8 government must be raised to ensure a balanced budget for the local
- 9 government: and

- (b) The manner in which the services provided by the local government must be limited to ensure a balanced budget for the local government,
- and submit his findings to the committee.

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- The committee shall review the findings submitted by the executive director pursuant to subsection 1. If the committee determines that the severe financial emergency which exists in the local government is unlikely to cease to exist within 3 years and that the findings made by the executive director are appropriate, the committee shall submit its recommendation to the Nevada tax commission. If the committee 11 determines that the financial emergency is likely to cease to exist within 3 12 years, that decision is not subject to review by the Nevada tax 13 commission.
  - The Nevada tax commission shall schedule a public hearing within 30 days after the committee submits its recommendation. The Nevada tax commission shall provide public notice of the hearing at least 10 days before the date on which the hearing will be held. The executive director shall provide copies of all documents relevant to the recommendation of the committee to the governing body of the local government in severe financial emergency.
- 4. If, after the public hearing, the Nevada tax commission determines that the recommendation of the committee is appropriate, a question must be submitted to the electors of the local government at the next primary or general municipal election or primary or general state election, as applicable, asking whether the local government should be 26 disincorporated or dissolved. If the electors of the local government do not approve the disincorporation or dissolution of the local government:
- (a) The maximum ad valorem tax levied within the local government, 29 if any, must be raised to \$5 on each \$100 of assessed valuation;
- (b) Any other taxes or mandatory assessments levied in the local 30 government, notwithstanding any limitation on those taxes or assessments provided by statute, must be raised in an amount the Nevada tax commission determines is necessary to ensure a balanced budget for 34 the local government; and
- (c) The services provided by the local government must be limited in a 35 manner the Nevada tax commission determines is necessary to ensure a balanced budget for the local government. 37
- If the electors of the local government approve the 38 disincorporation or dissolution of a local government that is: 39
- (a) Created by another local government, it must be disincorporated 40 or dissolved: 41
  - (1) Pursuant to the applicable provisions of law; or

- (2) If there are no specific provisions of law providing for the disincorporation or dissolution of the local government, by the entity that created the local government. If, at the time of the disincorporation or dissolution of the local government pursuant to this paragraph, there are any outstanding loans or bonded indebtedness of the local government, including, without limitation, loans made to the local government by the county in which the local government is located, the taxes for the payment of the bonds or other indebtedness must continue to be levied and collected in the same manner as if the local government had not been disincorporated or dissolved until all outstanding indebtedness is repaid, but for all other purposes the local government shall be deemed disincorporated or dissolved at the time that the entity which created the local government disincorporates or dissolves the local government. Any 13 other liabilities and any remaining assets shall revert to the entity that 15 created the local government which is being disincorporated or dissolved.
- (b) Created by a special or local act of the legislature, it may only be 16 disincorporated or dissolved by the legislature. The executive director 17 shall submit notification of the vote approving the disincorporation or 18 dissolution of the local government to the director of the legislative counsel bureau for transmittal to the legislature. At the first opportunity, 20 the legislature shall consider the question of whether the special or local 21 act will be repealed. 22
  - (c) Created in any other manner, it must be disincorporated or dissolved:
    - (1) Pursuant to the applicable provisions of law; or

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25 (2) If there are no specific provisions of law providing for the 26 disincorporation or dissolution of the local government, by the governing 27 body of that local government. If, at the time of the disincorporation or 28 29 dissolution of the local government pursuant to this paragraph, there are any outstanding loans or bonded indebtedness of the local government, 30 including, without limitation, loans made to the local government by the 31 county or counties in which the local government is located, the taxes for 32 the payment of the bonds or other indebtedness must continue to be 33 34 levied and collected in the same manner as if the local government had not been disincorporated or dissolved until all outstanding indebtedness 35 is repaid, but for all other purposes the local government shall be deemed disincorporated or dissolved at the time that the governing body of the 37 38 local government disincorporates or dissolves the local government. Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, any other liabilities and any remaining assets of the local government shall revert to the board of county commissioners of the county in which the local 41 government is located. If the local government is located in more than one county, the governing body of the local government shall apportion

the remaining liabilities and assets among the boards of county commissioners of the counties in which the local government is located.

- Within 10 days after the Nevada tax commission makes a determination pursuant to subsection 4, the executive director shall notify:
  - (a) The city clerk, if the local government is a city; or

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- (b) The county clerk in all other cases, and provide the clerk with the amount any tax or mandatory assessment levied by the local government must be raised and a description of the manner in which the services provided by the local government must be limited to ensure a balanced budget for the local government. 11
- After the executive director notifies the city clerk or the county clerk, as applicable, pursuant to subsection 6, the clerk shall cause to be 13 published in a newspaper of general circulation that is printed in the local government a notice of the election once in each calendar week for 2 successive calendar weeks by two weekly insertions a week apart, the first publication to be not more than 30 days nor less than 22 days next 17 preceding the date of the election. If no newspaper is printed in the local government, publication of the notice of election must be made in a newspaper printed in this state and having a general circulation in the local government.
- The notice required pursuant to subsection 7 must contain the 22 following information: 23
  - (a) That the Nevada tax commission has determined that the severe financial emergency which exists in the local government is unlikely to cease to exist within 3 years;
  - (b) That the question of whether the local government should be disincorporated or dissolved will be submitted to the electors of the local government at the next primary or general municipal election or the next primary or general state election, as applicable; and
- (c) That if the electors do not approve the disincorporation or 31 dissolution: 32
- (1) The maximum ad valorem tax levied within the local 34 government, if any, will be raised to \$5 on each \$100 of assessed valuation;
  - (2) Any taxes or mandatory assessment levied in the local government will be raised to ensure a balanced budget for the local government and the amount by which those taxes or mandatory assessments will be raised: and
- (3) The services the local government provides will be limited to 40 41 ensure a balanced budget for the local government and the manner in which those services will be limited.

- 9. If any provisions providing generally for the disincorporation or dissolution of the local government require that the question of disincorporating or dissolving be published or submitted to a vote of the electors of the local government, the publication required by subsection 3 and the election required by subsection 4 satisfy those requirements. If:
- (a) There is any other conflict between the provisions of this section and any provisions providing generally for the disincorporation or dissolution of a local government; or
- 9 (b) The provisions providing generally for the disincorporation or 10 dissolution of a local government provide additional rights to protest the 11 disincorporation or dissolution of a local government not provided by 12 this section,
- the provisions of this section control a disincorporation or dissolution pursuant to this section and any person wishing to protest such a disincorporation or dissolution must proceed in accordance with the provisions of this section.

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- 10. As used in this section, "local government" does not include a county, a school district or any agency or department of a county or city which prepares a budget separate from that of the parent political subdivision.
- Sec. 3. The management of the department ceases at the time of the disincorporation or dissolution of a local government pursuant to section 23 of this act.
- 23 **Sec. 4.** NRS 354.59811 is hereby amended to read as follows: 24 354.59811 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 354.59813, 25 354.59815, 354.5982, 354.5987, 354.59871, 354.705, 450.425, 540A.265 26 and 543.600, [and] section 1 of [this act,] Assembly Bill No. 275 of this 27 session and section 2 of this act, for each fiscal year beginning on or after 29 July 1, 1989, the maximum amount of money that a local government, except a school district, a district to provide a telephone number for 30 emergencies, or a redevelopment agency, may receive from taxes ad 31 valorem, other than those attributable to the net proceeds of minerals or 32 those levied for the payment of bonded indebtedness and interest thereon 33 34 incurred as general long-term debt of the issuer, or for the payment of obligations issued to pay the cost of a water project pursuant to NRS 35 349.950, or for the payment of obligations under a capital lease executed 36
  - (a) The rate must be set so that when applied to the current fiscal year's assessed valuation of all property which was on the preceding fiscal year's assessment roll, together with the assessed valuation of property on the central assessment roll which was allocated to the local government, but excluding any assessed valuation attributable to the net proceeds of

before April 30, 1981, must be calculated as follows:

43 minerals, assessed valuation attributable to a redevelopment area and

- assessed valuation of a fire protection district attributable to real property
- which is transferred from private ownership to public ownership for the
- purpose of conservation, it will produce 106 percent of the maximum
- revenue allowable from taxes ad valorem for the preceding fiscal year,
- except that the rate so determined must not be less than the rate allowed for
- the previous fiscal year, except for any decrease attributable to the
- imposition of a tax pursuant to NRS 354.59813 in the previous year.
- (b) This rate must then be applied to the total assessed valuation,
- excluding the assessed valuation attributable to the net proceeds of minerals
- and the assessed valuation of a fire protection district attributable to real 10
- property which is transferred from private ownership to public ownership 11 for the purpose of conservation but including new real property, possessory
- interests and mobile homes, for the current fiscal year to determine the 13
- allowed revenue from taxes ad valorem for the local government. 14
- As used in this section, "general long-term debt" does not include 15 debt created for medium-term obligations pursuant to NRS 350.085 to 16 350.095, inclusive. 17
  - **Sec. 5.** NRS 354.655 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 354.655 As used in NRS 354.655 to 354.725, inclusive, *and sections 2* 19 and 3 of this act, unless the context requires otherwise: 20
  - "Committee" means the committee on local government finance.
- "Department" means the department of taxation. 22
- "Executive director" means the executive director of the department 23 of taxation. 24
  - "Local government" means any local government subject to the provisions of the Local Government Budget Act.
  - The words and terms defined in the Local Government Budget Act have the meanings ascribed to them in that act.
  - **Sec. 6.** NRS 354.695 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 30 354.695 1. As soon as practicable after taking over the management of a local government, the department shall, with the approval of the 31 32 committee:
- (a) Establish and implement a management policy and a financing plan 34 for the local government;
- (b) Provide for the appointment of a financial manager for the local 35 government who is qualified to manage the fiscal affairs of the local 36 government; 37
- 38 (c) Provide for the appointment of any other persons necessary to enable the local government to provide the basic services for which it was created in the most economical and efficient manner possible; 40
- (d) Establish an accounting system and separate bank accounts, if 41 42 necessary, to receive and expend all money and assets of the local
- government;

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- (e) Impose such hiring restrictions as deemed necessary after considering the recommendations of the financial manager;
- (f) Negotiate and approve all contracts entered into by or on behalf of the local government before execution and enter into such contracts on behalf of the local government as the department deems necessary;
- (g) Negotiate and approve all collective bargaining contracts to be entered into by the local government, except issues submitted to a factfinder whose findings and recommendations are final and binding pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Employee-Management Relations Act;

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- (h) Approve all expenditures of money from any fund or account and all transfers of money from one fund to another;
- (i) Employ such technicians as are necessary for the improvement of the financial condition of the local government;
- (j) Meet with the creditors of the local government and formulate a debt liquidation program;
- (k) Approve the issuance of bonds or other forms of indebtedness by the local government;
- (l) Discharge any of the outstanding debts and obligations of the local government; and
- (m) Take any other actions necessary to ensure that the local government provides the basic services for which it was created in the most economical and efficient manner possible.
- 2. The department may provide for reimbursement from the local government for the expenses it incurs in managing the local government. If such reimbursement is not possible, the department may request an allocation by the interim finance committee from the contingency fund pursuant to NRS 353.266, 353.268 and 353.269.
- 3. The governing body of a local government which is being managed by the department pursuant to this section may make recommendations to the department or the financial manager concerning the management of the local government.
- 4. Each state agency, board, department, commission, committee or other entity of the state shall provide such technical assistance concerning the management of the local government as is requested by the department.
- 5. The department may delegate any of the powers and duties imposed by this section to the financial manager appointed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1.
- 6. Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of [this act,] Assembly
  Bill No. 275 of this session and section 2 of this act, once the department
  has taken over the management of a local government pursuant to the
  provisions of subsection 1, that management may only be terminated

43 pursuant to NRS 354.725.

- Sec. 7. NRS 361.453 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  361.453 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 354.705, [and] section
  1 of [this act,] Assembly Bill No. 275 of this session and section 2 of this
  act, the total ad valorem tax levy for all public purposes must not exceed
  \$3.64 on each \$100 of assessed valuation, or a lesser or greater amount
  fixed by the state board of examiners if the state board of examiners is
  directed by law to fix a lesser or greater amount for that fiscal year.
- **Sec. 8.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 1999.

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