(REPRINTED WITH ADOPTED AMENDMENTS) FIRST REPRINT A.B. 131

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 131–ASSEMBLYMEN MCCLAIN, PARKS, BACHE, PRICE, WILLIAMS, ANDERSON, ARBERRY, BUCKLEY, CHOWNING, CLABORN, DE BRAGA, DINI, FREEMAN, GIUNCHIGLIANI, GOLDWATER, KOIVISTO, LEE, LESLIE, MANENDO, NEIGHBORS, NOLAN, OCEGUERA, PARNELL, PERKINS AND SMITH

FEBRUARY 14, 2001

JOINT SPONSORS: SENATORS CARE AND TITUS

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Expands authority of board of county commissioners of county to abate nuisances, dangerous structures and dangerous conditions. (BDR 22-149)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to counties; expanding the authority of the board of county commissioners of a county to abate nuisances, dangerous structures and dangerous conditions; authorizing the recovery of any applicable costs for the relocation of tenants incurred by the county in abating certain conditions; providing that a board of county commissioners may levy a special assessment to collect costs incurred by the county in abating certain conditions instead of imposing a lien; authorizing a board of county commissioners to adopt certain housing codes; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 244.3601 is hereby amended to read as follows:

244.3601 1. Notwithstanding the abatement procedures set forth in

NRS 244.360, a board of county commissioners may, by ordinance, provide for a reasonable means to secure a dangerous structure or condition that is determined to be an imminent danger to the surrounding neighborhood by fat least three persons appointed by the board persons who enforce building codes, housing codes, zoning ordinances or local health regulations, or are members of a local law enforcement agency or fire department. The owner of the property on which the structure or



condition is located must be given *reasonable written* notice [at least 72 hours] before the structure or condition is so secured.

- 2. The costs of securing the structure or condition, *including, without limitation, any costs incurred for the relocation of tenants*, may be made a special assessment against the real property on which the structure or condition is located and may be collected pursuant to the provisions set forth in subsection 4 of NRS 244.360.
- 3. As used in this section, "imminent danger" means the existence of any structure or condition that could reasonably be expected to cause injury or endanger the safety or health of [thel:
- (a) The occupants, if any, of the real property on which the structure or condition is located; or
 - (b) The general public.

- **Sec. 2.** NRS 244.3603 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 244.3603 1. Each board of county commissioners may, by ordinance, to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the residents of the county, adopt procedures pursuant to which the district attorney may file an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to:
- (a) Seek the abatement of a chronic nuisance that is located or occurring within the unincorporated area of the county;
- (b) If applicable, seek the closure of the property where the chronic nuisance is located or occurring; and
- (c) If applicable, seek penalties against the owner of the property within the unincorporated area of the county and any other appropriate relief.
 - 2. An ordinance adopted pursuant to subsection 1 must:
- (a) Contain procedures pursuant to which the owner of the property is:
- (1) Sent a notice, by certified mail, return receipt requested, by the sheriff or other person authorized to issue a citation of the existence on his property of [two or more] nuisance activities and the date by which he must abate the condition to prevent the matter from being submitted to the district attorney for legal action; and
- (2) Afforded an opportunity for a hearing before a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) Provide that the date specified in the notice by which the owner must abate the condition is tolled for the period during which the owner requests a hearing and receives a decision.
- (c) Provide the manner in which the county will recover money expended [for labor and materials used] to abate the condition on the property , including, without limitation, any costs incurred for the relocation of tenants, if the owner fails to abate the condition.
- 3. If the court finds that a chronic nuisance exists, [and emergency action is necessary to avoid immediate threat to the public welfare or safety,] the court shall order the county to secure and close the property [for a period not to exceed 1 year or] until the nuisance is abated [, whichever occurs first,] and may:
- (a) Impose a civil penalty of not more than \$500 per day for each day that the condition was not abated after the date specified in the notice by which the owner was required to abate the condition;



- (b) Order the owner to pay the county for the cost incurred by the county in abating the condition [;], including, without limitation, any costs incurred for the relocation of tenants; and
- (c) Order any other appropriate relief.

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- In addition to any other reasonable means authorized by the court for the recovery of money expended by the county to abate the chronic nuisance, the board may [provide that] make the expense [is a lien upon] a special assessment against the property upon which [such a] the chronic nuisance is located or occurring. The [lien must be perfected by:
 — (a) Mailing by certified mail a notice of the lien, separately prepared for 10
 - each lot affected, addressed to the last known owner of the property at his last known address, as determined by the real property assessment roll in the county in which the property is located; and
 - (b) Filing with the county recorder of the county in which the property is located, a statement of the amount due and unpaid and describing the property subject to the lien.] special assessment may be collected pursuant to the provisions set forth in subsection 4 of NRS 244.360.
 - 5. As used in this section:
 - (a) A "chronic nuisance" exists:
 - (1) When three or more nuisance activities exist or have occurred during any [30 day] 90-day period on the property;
 - (2) When a person associated with the property has engaged in three or more nuisance activities during any [30 day] 90-day period on the property or within 100 feet of the property;
 - (3) When the property has been the subject of a search warrant based on probable cause of continuous or repeated violations of chapter 459 of NRS: or
 - (4) When a building or place is used for the purpose of unlawfully selling, serving, storing, keeping, manufacturing, using or giving away a controlled substance, immediate precursor as defined in NRS 453.086 or controlled substance analog as defined in NRS 453.043.
 - (b) "Nuisance activity" means:
 - (1) Criminal activity;
 - (2) The presence of debris, litter, garbage, rubble, abandoned or junk vehicles or junk appliances;
 - (3) Violations of building codes, housing codes or any other codes regulating the health or safety of occupants of real property;
 - (4) Excessive noise and violations of curfew; or
 - (4) (5) Any other activity, behavior or conduct defined by the board to constitute a public nuisance.
 - (c) "Person associated with the property" means [a]:
- 42 (1) The owner of the property;
 - (2) The manager or assistant manager of the property;
- 44 (3) The tenant of the property; or
- 45 (4) A person who, on the occasion of a nuisance activity, has:
- [(1)] [1] Entered, patronized or visited; 46
 - (11) Attempted to enter, patronize or visit; or
- (3) (III) Waited to enter, patronize or visit, 48
 - [a] the property or a person present on the property.



- **Sec. 3.** NRS 244.3605 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 244.3605 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of NRS 244.360 and 244.3601, the board of county commissioners of a county may adopt by ordinance procedures pursuant to which the board or its designee may order an owner of property within the county to:
- (a) Repair, safeguard or [demolish] eliminate a dangerous structure [;] or condition;
- (b) Clear debris, rubbish and refuse which is not subject to the provisions of chapter 459 of NRS; or
- (c) Clear weeds and noxious plant growth,

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- to protect the public health, safety and welfare of the residents of the county.
 - 2. An ordinance adopted pursuant to subsection 1 must:
- (a) Contain procedures pursuant to which the owner of the property is:
- (1) Sent notice, by certified mail, return receipt requested, of the existence on his property of a condition set forth in subsection 1 and the date by which he must abate the condition; and
- (2) Afforded an opportunity for a hearing before the designee of the board and an appeal of that decision to the board.
- (b) Provide that the date specified in the notice by which the owner must abate the condition is tolled for the period during which the owner requests a hearing and receives a decision.
- (c) Provide the manner in which the county will recover money expended [for labor and materials used] to abate the condition on the property, including, without limitation, any costs incurred for the relocation of tenants, if the owner fails to abate the condition.
- (d) Provide for civil penalties for each day that the owner did not abate the condition after the date specified in the notice by which the owner was required to abate the condition.
- 3. The board or its designee may direct the county to abate the condition on the property and may recover the amount expended by the county for labor and materials used to abate the condition if:
- (a) The owner has not requested a hearing within the time prescribed in the ordinance adopted pursuant to subsection 1 and has failed to abate the condition on his property within the period specified in the notice;
- (b) After a hearing in which the owner did not prevail, the owner has not filed an appeal within the time prescribed in the ordinance adopted pursuant to subsection 1 and has failed to abate the condition within the period specified in the order $\frac{1}{1}$; or
- (c) The board has denied the appeal of the owner and the owner has failed to abate the condition within the period specified in the order.
- 4. In addition to any other reasonable means of recovering money expended by the county to abate the condition, the board may provide that make the expense fis a lien upon a special assessment against the property upon which [such a] the condition is located. The [lien must be
- (a) Mailing by certified mail a notice of the lien, separately prepared for each lot affected, addressed to the last known owner of the property at his



last known address, as determined by the real property assessment roll in the county in which the property is located; and

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- (b) Filing with the county recorder of the county in which the property is located, a statement of the amount due and unpaid and describing the property subject to the lien.] special assessment may be collected pursuant to the provisions set forth in subsection 4 of NRS 244.360.
- 5. As used in this section, "dangerous structure or condition" means a structure or condition that may cause injury to or endanger the health, life, property or safety of the general public or the occupants, if any, of the real property on which the structure or condition is located. The term includes, without limitation, a structure or condition that:
- (a) Does not meet the requirements of a code or regulation adopted pursuant to NRS 244.3675 with respect to minimum levels of health or
- (b) Violates an ordinance, rule or regulation regulating health and safety enacted, adopted or passed by the board of county commissioners of a county, the violation of which is designated as a nuisance in the ordinance, rule or regulation.
- **Sec. 4.** NRS 244.3675 is hereby amended to read as follows: 244.3675 Subject to the limitations [contained] set forth in NRS 244.368, 278.580, 278.582 and 444.340 to 444.430, inclusive, the boards of county commissioners within their respective counties may:
- Regulate all matters relating to the construction, maintenance and safety of buildings, structures and property within the county.
- 2. Adopt any building, electrical, housing, plumbing or safety code necessary to carry out the provisions of this section and establish such fees as may be necessary. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 278.580, these fees do not apply to the State of Nevada, the University and Community College System of Nevada or any school district.



