## (REPRINTED WITH ADOPTED AMENDMENTS) THIRD REPRINT A.B. 319

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 319–ASSEMBLYMEN GIUNCHIGLIANI, ANDERSON, BACHE, GIBBONS, MANENDO, ARBERRY, BERMAN, BUCKLEY, CEGAVSKE, CLABORN, COLLINS, DE BRAGA, DINI, FREEMAN, GOLDWATER, KOIVISTO, LESLIE, MCCLAIN, MORTENSON, NEIGHBORS, OCEGUERA, OHRENSCHALL, PARKS, PARNELL, PERKINS, SMITH AND WILLIAMS

## MARCH 9, 2001

## Referred to Concurrent Committees on Education and Ways and Means

SUMMARY—Makes various changes to provisions governing education. (BDR 34-784)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes.

Effect on the State: Contains Appropriation not included in Executive

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EXPLANATION – Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions governing the reports of accountability prepared by boards of trustees of school districts; designating the types of diplomas that may be issued to pupils; revising provisions governing the administration of the achievement and proficiency examinations; requiring the department of education to adopt model alternative discipline programs for pupils; requiring each school district to adopt appropriate model alternative discipline programs for use in the schools within the school district; authorizing drivers of school buses to remove the privilege of disruptive pupils to ride a school bus; requiring boards of trustees of school districts to establish certain committees to review the removal of the privilege of a pupil to ride a school bus; providing that certain pupils who do not pass the high school proficiency examination are eligible to receive a standard high school diploma; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Sections 1 and 2.** (Deleted by amendment.)

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2 **Sec. 3.** NRS 385.347 is hereby amended to read as follows:

385.347 1. The board of trustees of each school district in this state, in cooperation with associations recognized by the state board as representing licensed personnel in education in the district, shall adopt a program providing for the accountability of the school district to the residents of the district and to the state board for the quality of the schools



and the educational achievement of the pupils in the district, including, without limitation, pupils enrolled in charter schools in the school district.

- 2. The board of trustees of each school district shall, on or before March 31 of each year, report to the residents of the district concerning:
  - (a) The educational goals and objectives of the school district.

(b) Pupil achievement for grades 4, 8, 10 and 11 for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

Unless otherwise directed by the department, the board of trustees of the district shall base its report on the results of the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015 and shall compare the results of those examinations for the current school year with those of previous school years. The report must include, for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, and each grade in which the examinations were administered:

- (1) The number of pupils who took the examinations;
- (2) An explanation of instances in which a school was exempt from administering or a pupil was exempt from taking an examination; and
- (3) A record of attendance for the period in which the examinations were administered, including an explanation of any difference in the number of pupils who took the examinations and the number of pupils who are enrolled in the school.

In addition, the board shall also report the results of other examinations of pupil achievement administered to pupils in the school district in grades other than 4, 8, 10 and 11. The results of these examinations for the current school year must be compared with those of previous school years.

- (c) The ratio of pupils to teachers in kindergarten and at each grade level for each elementary school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the average class size for each required course of study for each secondary school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, and other data concerning licensed and unlicensed employees of the school district.
- (d) The percentage of classes taught by teachers who have been assigned to teach English, mathematics, science or social studies but do not possess a license with an endorsement to teach in that subject area, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
- (e) The total expenditure per pupil for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
  - (f) The curriculum used by the school district, including:
    - (1) Any special programs for pupils at an individual school; and
    - (2) The curriculum used by each charter school in the district.
- (g) Records of the attendance and truancy of pupils in all grades, including, without limitation, the average daily attendance of pupils, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.



- (h) The annual rate of pupils who drop out of school in grades 9 to 12, inclusive, for each such grade, for each school in the district and for the district as a whole, excluding pupils who:
- (1) Provide proof to the school district of successful completion of the examinations of general educational development.
- (2) Are enrolled in courses that are approved by the department as meeting the requirements for an adult standard diploma.
  - (3) Withdraw from school to attend another school.
- (i) Records of attendance of teachers who provide instruction, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
- (j) Efforts made by the school district and by each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, to increase:
  - (1) Communication with the parents of pupils in the district; and
- (2) The participation of parents in the educational process and activities relating to the school district and each school, including, without limitation, the existence of parent organizations and school advisory committees.
- (k) [Records of incidents involving weapons or violence for] For each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district [.]:
  - (1) Incidents involving weapons.
  - (2) Incidents of assault.
  - (3) Incidents of battery.

- (4) Incidents of sexual harassment.
- (5) Incidents of discrimination.
- (6) Incidents of physical threats to pupils, teachers and other school personnel.
- (7) Other incidents prescribed by the department pursuant to subsection 7.
- The report must include for each incident the action, if any, that was taken by the school or school district in response to the incident, including, without limitation, disciplinary action against school personnel or pupils. The information required by this paragraph must be reported in a manner that does not violate the confidentiality of any individual pupil or employee.
- (l) Records of incidents involving the use or possession of alcoholic beverages or controlled substances for each school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
- (m) Records of the suspension and expulsion of pupils required or authorized pursuant to NRS 392.466 and 392.467.
- (n) The number of pupils who are deemed habitual disciplinary problems pursuant to NRS 392.4655, for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
- (o) The number of pupils in each grade who are retained in the same grade pursuant to NRS 392.125, for each school in the district and the



district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.

- (p) The transiency rate of pupils for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district. For the purposes of this paragraph, a pupil is not transient if he is transferred to a different school within the school district as a result of a change in the zone of attendance by the board of trustees of the school district pursuant to NRS 388.040.
  - (q) Each source of funding for the school district.
- (r) The amount and sources of money received for remedial education for each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district.
- (s) For each high school in the district, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the percentage of pupils who graduated from that high school or charter school in the immediately preceding year and enrolled in remedial courses in reading, writing or mathematics at a university or community college within the University and Community College System of Nevada.
- (t) The technological facilities and equipment available at each school, including, without limitation, each charter school, and the district's plan to incorporate educational technology at each school.
- (u) For each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the number and percentage of pupils who graduate with:
  - (1) A [standard high school] mastery diploma.
  - (2) A standard diploma.

- (3) An adjusted diploma.
- (4) A certificate of attendance.
- (v) For each school in the district and the district as a whole, including, without limitation, each charter school in the district, the number and percentage of pupils who did not receive a high school diploma because the pupils failed to [pass]:
  - (1) Pass the regular high school proficiency examination ;
  - (2) Pass the alternative high school proficiency examination; or
  - (3) Satisfy the other requirements for graduation from high school.
- (w) The number of habitual truants who are reported to a school police officer or law enforcement agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 392.144 and the number of habitual truants who are referred to an advisory board to review school attendance pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 392.144, for each school in the district and for the district as a whole.
- (x) Such other information as is directed by the superintendent of public instruction.
- 3. The records of attendance maintained by a school for purposes of paragraph (i) of subsection 2 must include the number of teachers who are in attendance at school and the number of teachers who are absent from school. A teacher shall be deemed in attendance if the teacher is excused from being present in the classroom by the school in which he is employed for one of the following reasons:



- (a) Acquisition of knowledge or skills relating to the professional development of the teacher; or
  - (b) Assignment of the teacher to perform duties for cocurricular or extracurricular activities of pupils.

The superintendent of public instruction shall:

- (a) Prescribe forms for the reports required pursuant to subsection 2 and provide the forms to the respective school districts.
- (b) Provide statistical information and technical assistance to the school districts to ensure that the reports provide comparable information with respect to each school in each district and among the districts.
  - (c) Consult with a representative of the:

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- (1) Nevada State Education Association;
- (2) Nevada Association of School Boards:
- (3) Nevada Association of School Administrators;
- (4) Nevada Parent Teachers Association;
- (5) Budget division of the department of administration; and
- (6) Legislative counsel bureau,

concerning the program and consider any advice or recommendations submitted by the representatives with respect to the program.

- The superintendent of public instruction may consult with representatives of parent groups other than the Nevada Parent Teachers Association concerning the program and consider any advice or recommendations submitted by the representatives with respect to the program.
- 6. On or before April 15 of each year, the board of trustees of each school district shall submit to each advisory board to review school attendance created in the county pursuant to NRS 392.126 the information required in paragraph (g) of subsection 2.
  - The department shall:

(a) Prescribe incidents that must be reported in addition to the incidents required pursuant to paragraph (k) of subsection 2; and

- (b) Maintain the information that it receives pursuant to paragraph (k) of subsection 2 in such a manner as will allow the department to track statistically by individual school the incidents occurring at each school within a school district for each school year. The department shall maintain the information pursuant to this paragraph in a manner that does not violate the confidentiality of any individual pupil or employee.
  - 8. As used in this section:
- (a) "Assault" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.471.

  (b) "Battery" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of
- subsection 1 of NRS 200.481.
  - **Sec. 4.** NRS 385.389 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 385.389 1. The department shall adopt programs of remedial study for each subject tested on the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015. In adopting these programs of remedial study, the department shall consider the recommendations submitted by the committee pursuant to NRS 218.5354 and programs of remedial study that have proven to be successful in improving the academic achievement of pupils.



2. A school that receives a designation as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.367 shall adopt a program of remedial study that has been adopted by the department pursuant to subsection 1.

- 3. A school district that includes a school which receives a designation of demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.367 shall ensure that each of the pupils enrolled in the school, *including*, *without limitation*, *pupils with disabilities and pupils whose primary language is not English*, who failed to demonstrate at least adequate achievement on the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015 completes, in accordance with the requirements set forth in subsection 5 of NRS 389.015, remedial study that is determined to be appropriate for the pupil.
- **Sec. 5.** Chapter 389 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 6 and 7 of this act.
- Sec. 6. 1. A pupil, including, without limitation, a pupil with a disability and a pupil whose primary language is not English, is eligible to receive a high school diploma designated as a mastery diploma if he passes the regular high school proficiency examination and otherwise satisfies the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma.
- 2. A pupil with a disability or a pupil whose primary language is not English is eligible to receive a high school diploma designated as a standard diploma if he passes the alternative high school proficiency examination prescribed by the department pursuant to subsection 6 and otherwise satisfies the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma, as set forth in the pupil's individualized education program, if applicable.
- 3. A pupil, including, without limitation, a pupil with a disability and a pupil whose primary language is not English, is eligible to receive a high diploma designated as an adjusted diploma if he does not pass the regular high school proficiency examination or the alternative high school proficiency examination, but he otherwise satisfies the requirements for graduation from high school.
- 4. A pupil who does not satisfy the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma may receive a certificate of attendance in lieu of a diploma if he has reached the age of 17 years.
- 5. A pupil's individualized education program must indicate whether the pupil intends to obtain a mastery diploma, standard diploma, adjusted diploma or certificate of attendance.
- 6. The department shall develop an alternative high school proficiency examination for use in lieu of the regular high school proficiency examination for pupils with disabilities and pupils whose primary language is not English to receive a standard diploma. The provisions of NRS 389.015 and 389.017 regarding the administration and reporting of examinations apply to the alternative high school proficiency examination.
- 7. As used in this subsection, "individualized education program" has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 1414(d)(1)(A).
- Sec. 7. If a pupil who is enrolled in grade 12 has failed the regular high school proficiency examination and the examination will be administered to him for a final time during the regular school year, the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled or



the governing body of the charter school in which the pupil is enrolled 2 shall, at least 21 school days before the commencement of the administration of the examination, provide written notice to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil of the date scheduled for the administration of the examination and the provisions of this section. At least 5 school days before the administration of the examination, the parent or legal guardian of the pupil shall submit a written statement to the board of trustees of the school district in which the pupil is enrolled or the governing body of the charter school in which the pupil is enrolled indicating that the parent or legal guardian understands and accepts full responsibility for the consequences that may result if his child does not 10 11 12 pass the high school proficiency examination, including, without limitation, ineligibility for a mastery diploma and ineligibility for the 13 scholarships that may require passing scores on the high school 14 15 proficiency examination. The provisions of this section do not apply to a pupil with a disability or a pupil whose primary language is not English 16 if the pupil has satisfied the requirements for receipt of a standard high 17 18 school diploma.

Sec. 8. NRS 389.015 is hereby amended to read as follows: 389.015 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall administer examinations in all public schools of the school district. The governing body of a charter school shall administer the same examinations in the charter school. The examinations administered by the board of trustees and governing body must determine the achievement and proficiency of pupils in:

- (a) Reading;
- (b) Writing;
- (c) Mathematics; and
- (d) Science.

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For the subject area of reading, the examinations must measure a pupil's comprehension of material that is read aloud to the pupil if the pupil is receiving special education pursuant to NRS 388.440 to 388.520, inclusive, because he is blind or otherwise has a visual impairment or a specific learning disability in reading.

- 2. The examinations required by subsection 1 must be:
- (a) Administered before the completion of grades 4, 8, 10 and 11.
- (b) Administered in each school district and each charter school at the same time. The time for the administration of the examinations must be prescribed by the state board.
- (c) Administered in each school in accordance with uniform procedures adopted by the state board. The department shall monitor the compliance of school districts and individual schools with the uniform procedures.
- (d) Administered in each school in accordance with the plan adopted pursuant to section 2 of Assembly Bill No. 214 of this [act] session by the department and with the plan adopted pursuant to section 4 of Assembly Bill No. 214 of this [act] session by the board of trustees of the school district in which the examinations are administered. The department shall monitor the compliance of school districts and individual schools with:
  - (1) The plan adopted by the department; and



(2) The plan adopted by the board of trustees of the applicable school district, to the extent that the plan adopted by the board of trustees of the school district is consistent with the plan adopted by the department.

- (e) Scored by the department or a single private entity that has contracted with the state board to score the examinations. If a private entity scores the examinations, it shall report the results of the examinations in the form and by the date required by the department.
- 3. Not more than 14 working days after the results of the examinations are reported to the department by a private entity that scored the examinations or the department completes the scoring of the examinations, the superintendent of public instruction shall certify that the results of the examinations have been transmitted to each school district and each charter school. Not more than 10 working days after a school district receives the results of the examinations, the superintendent of schools of each school district shall certify that the results of the examinations have been transmitted to each school within the school district. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, not more than 15 working days after each school receives the results of the examinations, the principal of each school and the governing body of each charter school shall certify that the results for each pupil have been provided to the parent or legal guardian of the pupil:
- (a) During a conference between the teacher of the pupil or administrator of the school and the parent or legal guardian of the pupil; or
- (b) By mailing the results of the examinations to the last known address of the parent or legal guardian of the pupil.

If a pupil fails the high school proficiency examination, the school shall notify the pupil and the parents or legal guardian of the pupil as soon as practicable but not later than 15 working days after the school receives the results of the examination.

4. Different standards of proficiency may be adopted for pupils with diagnosed learning disabilities. If a pupil is receiving special education pursuant to NRS 388.440 to 388.520, inclusive, because the pupil is blind or otherwise has a visual impairment or a specific learning disability in reading, the school in which the pupil is enrolled shall, upon the request of the parent or legal guardian of the pupil or the pupil's individualized education program team, ensure that the reading portion of the examination is read aloud to the pupil. If a pupil with a disability is unable to take an examination created by a private entity under regular testing conditions or with modifications and accommodations that are approved by the private entity, the pupil may take the examination with modifications and accommodations that are approved by the state board pursuant to subsection 8. If a pupil with a disability is unable to take an examination created by the department under regular testing conditions or with modifications and accommodations that are approved by the department, the pupil may take the examination with modifications and accommodations that are approved by the state board pursuant to subsection 8. The results of an examination that is taken under conditions that are not approved by a private entity or the department, as applicable, must not be reported pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 389.017. If different



standards of proficiency are adopted or other modifications or accommodations are made in the administration of the examinations for a pupil who is enrolled in a program of special education pursuant to NRS 388.440 to 388.520, inclusive, other than a gifted and talented pupil, the different standards adopted or other modifications or accommodations must be set forth in the pupil's program of special education developed in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., and the standards prescribed by the state board. During the administration of the high school proficiency examination, a pupil with a disability may be given additional time to complete the examination if the additional time is a modification or accommodation that is approved in the pupil's program of special education developed in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq.

5. If a pupil, including, without limitation, a pupil with a disability and a pupil whose primary language is not English, fails to demonstrate at least adequate achievement on the examination administered before the completion of grade 4, 8 or 10, he may be promoted to the next higher grade, but the results of his examination must be evaluated to determine what remedial study is appropriate. If such a pupil is enrolled at a school that has been designated as demonstrating need for improvement pursuant to NRS 385.367, the pupil must, in accordance with the requirements set forth in this subsection, complete remedial study that is determined to be appropriate for the pupil.

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6. If a pupil fails to pass the *regular high school* proficiency examination [administered before the completion of grade 11,] or the alternative high school proficiency examination, if applicable, he must receive an adjusted high school diploma if he otherwise satisfies the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma. If such a pupil does not otherwise satisfy the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma, he must not be graduated until he is able, through remedial study, to pass the appropriate proficiency examination or otherwise satisfy the requirements for receipt of a high school diploma, but he may be given a certificate of attendance, in place of a diploma, if he has reached the age of 17 years. The school in which such a pupil is enrolled shall allow the pupil to participate in the graduation ceremony of the school to receive his certificate of attendance.

7. [The] Except for the alternative high school proficiency examination developed by the department pursuant to section 6 of this act, the state board shall prescribe standard examinations of achievement and proficiency to be administered pursuant to subsection 1. The examinations on reading, mathematics and science prescribed for grades 4, 8 and 10 must be selected from examinations created by private entities and administered to a national reference group, and must allow for a comparison of the achievement and proficiency of pupils in grades 4, 8 and 10 in this state to that of a national reference group of pupils in grades 4, 8 and 10. The questions contained in the examinations and the approved answers used for grading them are confidential, and disclosure is unlawful except:



- (a) To the extent necessary for administering and evaluating the examinations.
  - (b) That a disclosure may be made to a:

- (1) State officer who is a member of the executive or legislative branch to the extent that it is necessary for the performance of his duties;
- (2) Superintendent of schools of a school district to the extent that it is necessary for the performance of his duties;
- (3) Director of curriculum of a school district to the extent that it is necessary for the performance of his duties; and
- (4) Director of testing of a school district to the extent that it is necessary for the performance of his duties.
- (c) That specific questions and answers may be disclosed if the superintendent of public instruction determines that the content of the questions and answers is not being used in a current examination and making the content available to the public poses no threat to the security of the current examination process.
- 8. The state board shall prescribe, in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., the modifications and accommodations that may be used in the administration of an examination to a pupil with a disability who is unable to take the examination under regular testing conditions or with modifications and accommodations that are approved by the private entity that created the examination or, if the department created the examination, by the department. These regulations [may] must include, without limitation [, authorizing]:
- (a) Authorizing a pupil to complete an examination with additional time , not to exceed 2 school days per subject area tested on the examination;
- (b) Authorizing a pupil to use a calculator during the mathematics portion of the examination;
- (c) If an examination is administered in a separate setting for a pupil:
- (1) Allowing the pupil freedom of movement during the administration of the examination, including, without limitation, the ability to stand; and
- (2) Altering the environment of the classroom during the administration of the examination, including, without limitation, playing appropriate music; and
- (d) Using appropriate assistive technology devices, as defined in 20 U.S.C. § 1401(1).
- 9. As used in this section, "individualized education program team" has the meaning ascribed to it in 20 U.S.C. § 1414(d)(1)(B).
  - **Sec. 9.** NRS 389.017 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 389.017 1. The state board shall prescribe regulations requiring that each board of trustees of a school district and each governing body of a charter school submit to the superintendent of public instruction and the department, in the form and manner prescribed by the superintendent, the results of achievement and proficiency examinations given in the 4th, 8th, 10th and 11th grades to public school pupils of the district and charter schools. The state board shall not include in the regulations any provision



which would violate the confidentiality of the test scores of any individual pupil.

- 2. The results of examinations must be reported for each school, including, without limitation, each charter school, school district and this state as follows:
- (a) The average score, as defined by the department, of pupils who took the examinations under regular testing conditions; and
- (b) The average score, as defined by the department, of pupils who took the examinations with modifications or accommodations approved by the private entity that created the examination or, if the department created the examination, the department, if such reporting does not violate the confidentiality of the test scores of any individual pupil.
- 3. The department shall adopt regulations prescribing the requirements for reporting the scores of pupils who:
- (a) Took the examinations under conditions that were not approved by the private entity that created the examination or, if the department created the examination, by the department;
  - (b) Are enrolled in special schools for children with disabilities;
  - (c) Are enrolled in an alternative program for the education of pupils at risk of dropping out of high school; or
    - (d) Are detained in a:
      - (1) Youth training center;
      - (2) Youth center;
      - (3) Juvenile forestry camp;
      - (4) Detention home;
- (5) Youth camp;

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- (6) Juvenile correctional institution; or
- (7) Correctional institution.

The scores reported pursuant to this subsection must not be included in the average scores reported pursuant to subsection 2.

- 4. Not later than 10 days after the department receives the results of the achievement and proficiency examinations, the department shall transmit a copy of the results of the examinations administered pursuant to NRS 389.015 to the legislative bureau of educational accountability and program evaluation in a manner that does not violate the confidentiality of the test scores of any individual pupil.
- 5. On or before November 1 of each year, each school district and each charter school shall report to the department the following information for each examination administered in the public schools in the school district or charter school:
  - (a) The examination administered;
- (b) The grade level or levels of pupils to whom the examination was administered;
- (c) The costs incurred by the school district or charter school in administering each examination; and
- (d) The purpose, if any, for which the results of the examination are used by the school district or charter school.
- On or before December 1 of each year, the department shall transmit to the budget division of the department of administration and the fiscal analysis



division of the legislative counsel bureau the information submitted to the department pursuant to this subsection.

- 6. The superintendent of schools of each school district and the governing body of each charter school shall certify that the number of pupils who took the examinations required pursuant to NRS 389.015 is equal to the number of pupils who are enrolled in each school in the school district or in the charter school who are required to take the examinations except for those pupils who are exempt from taking the examinations. A pupil may be exempt from taking the examinations if:
- (a) His primary language is not English and his proficiency in the English language is below the level that the state board determines is proficient, as measured by an assessment of proficiency in the English language prescribed by the state board pursuant to subsection 8; or

(b) He is enrolled in a program of special education pursuant to NRS 388.440 to 388.520, inclusive, and his program of special education specifies that he is exempt from taking the examinations.

- 7. In addition to the information required by subsection 5, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
- (a) Report the number of pupils who were not exempt from taking the examinations but were absent from school on the day that the examinations were administered; and
- (b) Reconcile the number of pupils who were required to take the examinations with the number of pupils who were exempt from taking the examinations or absent from school on the day that the examinations were administered.
- 8. The state board shall prescribe an assessment of proficiency in the English language for pupils whose primary language is not English to determine which pupils are exempt from the examinations pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 6.
- **Sec. 10.** Chapter 392 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 11 to 17, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 11. 1. If a pupil commits an assault or battery, or both, on another pupil, the principal of the school or his designee shall provide the parents or legal guardian of the pupil against whom the act was committed with the phone number of the local law enforcement agency and the school police, if applicable, and a form for filing a complaint with the local law enforcement agency and a form for filing a complaint with the school police, if applicable. The principal or his designee shall request that the parents or legal guardian file a criminal complaint in the proper court.
  - 2. As used in this section:

- (a) "Assault" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.471.
- (b) "Battery" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.481.
  - (c) "Local law enforcement agency" means:
    - (1) The sheriff's office of a county;
    - (2) A metropolitan police department; or
    - (3) A police department of an incorporated city.



- Sec. 11.3. 1. The department shall, in consultation with the boards of trustees of school districts, the Nevada State Education Association, or its successor, and local associations and organizations of parents whose children are enrolled in public schools throughout this state, prepare and publish a list of model alternative discipline programs for pupils that have proven effective for use by elementary schools, middle schools, junior high schools and high schools. In preparing the list, the department shall:
- (a) Consider the effectiveness of each model alternative discipline program;
- (b) Consider the disciplinary needs of schools located in urban areas and the disciplinary needs of schools located in rural areas; and
- (c) Designate the grade level of pupils for whom each model alternative discipline program is designed.
- 2. Each school district shall adopt as many model alternative discipline programs approved by the department as are necessary to ensure that an appropriate model alternative discipline program is available. Each school district shall ensure that each elementary school, junior high school, middle school and high school within the school district establishes an appropriate model alternative program.
- 3. A school district may budget for the model alternative discipline programs carried out in the school district by including the costs of each model alternative discipline program in the regular budget for the school district.
- Sec. 11.7. 1. A person shall not, through the use of any means of oral, written or electronic communication, knowingly threaten to cause bodily harm or death to a pupil or employee of a school district or charter school with the intent to:
- (a) Intimidate, frighten, alarm or distress a pupil or employee of a school district or charter school;
  - (b) Cause panic or civil unrest; or

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- (c) Interfere with the operation of a public school, including, without limitation, a charter school.
- 2. Unless a greater penalty is provided by specific statute, a person who violates the provisions of subsection 1 is guilty of:
- (a) A misdemeanor, unless the provisions of paragraph (b) apply to the circumstances.
  - (b) A gross misdemeanor, if the threat causes:
- (1) Any pupil or employee of a school district or charter school who is the subject of the threat to be intimidated, frightened, alarmed or distressed;
  - (2) Panic or civil unrest; or
- (3) Interference with the operation of a public school, including, without limitation, a charter school.
- 3. As used in this section, "oral, written or electronic communication" includes, without limitation, any of the following:
  - (a) A letter, note or any other type of written correspondence.
- 48 (b) An item of mail or a package delivered by any person or postal or delivery service.



(c) A telegraph or wire service, or any other similar means of communication.

- (d) A telephone, cellular phone, satellite phone, page or facsimile machine, or any other similar means of communication.
- (e) A radio, television, cable, closed-circuit, wire, wireless, satellite or other audio or video broadcast or transmission, or any other similar means of communication.
- (f) An audio or video recording or reproduction, or any other similar means of communication.
- (g) An item of electronic mail, a modem or computer network, or the Internet, or any other similar means of communication.
- Sec. 12. As used in sections 12 to 17, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, "principal" means the principal of a school or his designee.
- Sec. 13. An action must not be taken pursuant to the provisions of sections 12 to 17, inclusive, of this act against a pupil with a disability who is participating in a program of special education pursuant to NRS 388.440 to 388.520, inclusive, unless the action complies with:
- 1. The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., including, without limitation, the pupil's individualized education program developed in accordance with that act;
- 2. The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq.;
- 3. Title V of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 791 et seq.; and
- 4. Any other federal law applicable to children with disabilities.
- Sec. 14. 1. A driver of a school bus may remove the privilege of a pupil to ride any school bus if, in the judgment of the driver, the pupil has engaged in behavior while on the school bus that is disruptive and threatens the safety of the driver or the other pupils on the school bus, or both, or otherwise seriously interferes with the ability of the driver to drive the school bus.
- 2. Before a driver of a school bus removes the privilege of a pupil to ride a school bus, the driver shall:
- (a) Provide to the pupil an explanation of the reason for the removal and offer an opportunity for the pupil to respond;
- (b) Safely deliver the pupil to the regular bus stop of the pupil or the school in which the pupil is enrolled; and
- (c) Provide written documentation of the incident to the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled.
- 3. Within 24 hours after a driver of a school bus removes the privilege of a pupil to ride a school bus, the principal of the school in which the pupil is enrolled shall notify:
  - (a) The parent or legal guardian of the pupil; and
  - (b) The person who supervises the driver.
- Sec. 15. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, not later than 5 school days after the privilege of a pupil to ride a school bus is removed pursuant to section 14 of this act, a conference must be held with:



(a) The pupil;

- (b) A parent or legal guardian of the pupil;
- (c) The principal of the school; and
- (d) The driver who removed the pupil.

The principal shall give an oral or written notice of the conference, as appropriate, to each person who is required to participate. The pupil must not ride any school bus before the conference is held.

- 2. After receipt of the notice required pursuant to subsection 1, the parent or legal guardian of the pupil may, not later than 5 school days after the removal of the pupil, request that the date of the conference be postponed. The principal shall accommodate such a request. If the date of the conference is postponed pursuant to this subsection, the principal shall send written notice to the parent or legal guardian confirming that the conference has been postponed at the request of the parent or legal guardian.
- 3. If a parent or legal guardian of a pupil refuses to attend a conference, the principal of the school shall send a written notice to the parent or legal guardian confirming that the parent or legal guardian has waived the right to a conference provided by this section and authorized the principal at his discretion to recommend the immediate return of the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus or to recommend the removal of the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus for 5 school days in addition to the days that the pupil has been prohibited from riding the school bus pursuant to section 14 of this act.
- 4. During the conference, the driver of the school bus who removed the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus or the principal shall provide the pupil and his parent or legal guardian with an explanation of the reason for the removal. The pupil and his parent or legal guardian must be granted an opportunity to respond to the explanation and to indicate whether the removal of the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus was appropriate in their opinion based upon the behavior of the pupil.
- 5. Upon conclusion of the conference or, if a conference is not held pursuant to subsection 3, not later than 5 school days after the removal of the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus, the principal shall recommend whether to immediately return the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus or to remove the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus for 5 school days in addition to the days that the pupil has been prohibited from riding the school bus pursuant to section 14 of this act.
- Sec. 16. 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall establish a special committee on school bus transportation to review the removal of the privilege of a pupil to ride a school bus. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, such a committee must consist of one person employed by the school district who drives a school bus, one person employed by the school district as an administrator and one person employed by the school district as a teacher. An administrator who is appointed to such a committee may designate a person who is employed by the school district as a supervisor of school bus



transportation to serve in the administrator's place on the committee. One additional member who drives a school bus must be selected to serve as an alternate member.

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 2. If the privilege of a pupil to ride a school bus is removed pursuant to section 14 of this act by a driver who is a member of the committee established pursuant to subsection 1, the driver shall not participate in the review of the removal of the pupil's privilege to ride the school bus and the alternate member shall serve on the committee for that review.

Sec. 17. If, in accordance with subsection 5 of section 15 of this act, the principal recommends that the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus be immediately returned and the driver who removed the pupil does not agree with the recommendation, the principal shall immediately convene a meeting of the committee created pursuant to section 16 of this act. The principal shall inform the parent or legal guardian of the pupil that the committee will be conducting a meeting. The committee shall review the circumstances of the removal of the pupil's privilege to ride the school bus and the pupil's behavior that caused the privilege to be removed. Based upon its review, the committee shall decide whether the privilege of the pupil to ride the school bus must be immediately returned or whether the privilege should be removed for 5 school days in addition to the days the pupil has been prohibited from riding the school bus pursuant to section 14 of this act.

**Sec. 18.** NRS 392.4644 is hereby amended to read as follows:

392.4644 *1.* The principal of each public school shall establish a plan to provide for the progressive discipline of pupils and on-site review of disciplinary decisions. The plan must:

(a) Be developed with the input and participation of teachers who are employed at the school and the parents and guardians of pupils who are enrolled in the school.

[2.] (b) Be consistent with the written rules of behavior prescribed in accordance with NRS 392.463.

[3.] (c) Include, without limitation, provisions designed to address the specific disciplinary needs and concerns of the school.

[4.] (d) Provide for the temporary removal of a pupil from a classroom in accordance with NRS 392.4645.

2. After the input and participation of teachers and parents of pupils is received pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1, the principal and the teachers who are employed at the school shall adopt the plan without any further review except as required by subsection 3.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, on or before October 1 of each year, the principal of each public school shall review the plan in consultation with the teachers who are employed at the school. Based upon the review, the principal shall make revisions to the plan, if necessary. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the principal of each public school shall, on or before November 1 of each year, file with the board of trustees of the school district a copy of the plan adopted pursuant to this section, including, without limitation, any revisions to the plan.



4. A principal may submit a written request to his immediate supervisor for additional time to comply with this section. The supervisor may grant the principal additional time to comply with this section, not to exceed 30 days after receipt of the request. If a principal who is granted additional time fails to comply with this section:

- (a) Within the 30-day period allowed by his immediate supervisor, the supervisor shall ensure that a letter of reprimand or letter of admonition is included within the personnel file of the principal.
- (b) Within 30 days after the letter of reprimand or letter of admonition is issued pursuant to paragraph (a), his immediate supervisor may take action against the principal pursuant to NRS 391.311 to 391.3197, inclusive.

**Sec. 19.** NRS 392.4647 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 392.4647 1. The principal of each public school shall establish at least one committee to review the temporary alternative placement of pupils. A committee established pursuant to this section must consist of the principal and two regular members who are teachers selected for membership by a majority of the teachers who are employed at the school. One additional teacher must be selected in the same manner to serve as an alternate member. The term of membership for the teachers who serve on the committee is 2 school years.
- 2. If a pupil is removed from the classroom pursuant to NRS 392.4645 by a teacher who is a member of a committee established pursuant to this section, the teacher shall not participate in the review of the placement of the pupil and the alternate member shall serve on the committee for that review.

Sec. 19.3. NRS 392.480 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 392.480 1. It is unlawful for any person to disturb the peace of any public school by using vile or indecent language within the building or grounds of the school. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 2. It is unlawful for any person to [threaten or] assault any pupil or school employee:
- (a) Within the building or grounds of the school;
- (b) On a bus, van or any other motor vehicle owned, leased or chartered by a school district to transport pupils or school employees; or
- (c) At a location where the pupil or school employee is involved in an activity sponsored by a public school.
- Except under circumstances described in paragraph (c) of subsection 2 of NRS 200.471 or in NRS 200.571, any person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 3. It is unlawful for any person maliciously and purposely in any manner to interfere with or disturb any persons peaceably assembled within a building of a public school for school district purposes. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 46 4. For the purposes of this section "school employee" means any licensed or unlicensed person employed by a board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS 391.100.



- **Sec. 19.7.** Chapter 394 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
  - 1. A person shall not, through the use of any means of oral, written or electronic communication, knowingly threaten to cause bodily harm or death to a pupil or employee of a private school with the intent to:
  - (a) Intimidate, frighten, alarm or distress a pupil or employee of a private school;
    - (b) Cause panic or civil unrest; or

- (c) Interfere with the operation of a private school.
- 2. Unless a greater penalty is provided by specific statute, a person who violates the provisions of subsection 1 is guilty of:
- (a) A misdemeanor, unless the provisions of paragraph (b) apply to the circumstances.
  - (b) A gross misdemeanor, if the threat causes:
- (1) Any pupil or employee of a private school who is the subject of the threat to be intimidated, frightened, alarmed or distressed;
  - (2) Panic or civil unrest; or
  - (3) Interference with the operation of a private school.
- 3. As used in this section, "oral, written or electronic communication" includes, without limitation, any of the following:
  - (a) A letter, note or any other type of written correspondence.
- (b) An item of mail or a package delivered by any person or postal or delivery service.
- (c) A telegraph or wire service, or any other similar means of communication.
- (d) A telephone, cellular phone, satellite phone, page or facsimile machine, or any other similar means of communication.
  - (e) A radio, television, cable, closed-circuit, wire, wireless, satellite or other audio or video broadcast or transmission, or any other similar means of communication.
- (f) An audio or video recording or reproduction, or any other similar means of communication.
- (g) An item of electronic mail, a modem or computer network, or the Internet, or any other similar means of communication.
- **Sec. 20.** Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 5 of section 1 of chapter 583, Statutes of Nevada 1999, at page 3155, to the contrary, the high school proficiency examination that is administered to pupils with disabilities for receipt of a mastery diploma must not measure the performance of those pupils on the standards of content and performance established by the council to establish academic standards for public schools for the subject area of science until the 2003-2004 school year. A pupil with a disability must not be required to pass the high school proficiency examination that includes measures of the standards of content and performance established by the council to establish academic standards for public schools for the subject area of science to receive a mastery diploma until the 2004-2005 school year.
- **Sec. 21.** On or before July 1, 2002, the department of education shall develop an alternative high school proficiency examination for use in lieu of the regular high school proficiency examination for pupils with



disabilities and pupils whose primary language is not English to receive a standard diploma pursuant to section 6 of this act. The alternative high school proficiency examination must be available for use commencing with the 2002-2003 school year. The department may conduct selected reviews of the alternative high school proficiency examination in the fall semester of 2002.

- **Sec. 22.** Notwithstanding the provisions of NRS 389.015 and this act to the contrary, if a pupil who is classified as a senior in high school during the 2000-2001 school year or the 2001-2002 school year, fulfilled the requirements for a standard high school diploma except that he did not receive a passing score on the high school proficiency examination on the final administration of the examination in the applicable school year:
- 1. The school in which the pupil is enrolled shall allow the pupil to participate in the graduation ceremony of his high school in 2001 or 2002, as applicable; and
- 2. The pupil must be awarded a standard high school diploma.
- If such a pupil has been given a certificate of attendance before the effective date of this act, he must be awarded a standard high school diploma to replace the certificate of attendance.
- **Sec. 23.** 1. On or before March 1, 2002, the department of education shall prepare and publish a list of model alternative discipline programs for pupils pursuant to section 11.3 of this act.
  - 2. On or before November 1, 2002, each school district shall:
- (a) Determine which model alternative discipline programs approved by the department of education will be most effective in the school district;
- (b) Adopt those model alternative discipline programs identified in paragraph (a) that will be established by each elementary school, junior high school, middle school and high school of the school district; and
- (c) Notify the department of education of the model alternative discipline programs adopted by the school district.
- 3. During the 2002-2003 school year, each school district shall plan and budget for the implementation of the model alternative discipline programs in the school district. A school district shall budget for the model alternative discipline programs by:
- (a) Eliminating the programs of discipline currently carried out in the school district that do not comply with the model alternative discipline programs and are not included on the list prepared by the department of education; and
- (b) Including the costs of the model alternative discipline programs adopted by the school district in the budget of the school district.
- 4. Each school district shall ensure that the model alternative discipline programs adopted by the school district are carried out not later than the school year commencing in 2003.
  - Sec. 24. (Deleted by amendment.)
- **Sec. 25.** The provisions of this act do not apply to offenses committed before July 1, 2001.
- **Sec. 26.** 1. This section and section 22 of this act become effective upon passage and approval.



- Sections 1 to 5, inclusive, 9 to 21, inclusive, 23, 24 and 25 of this act become effective on July 1, 2001.
   Section 8 of this act becomes effective at 12:01 a.m. on July 1, 2001.
   Sections 6 and 7 of this act become effective on July 1, 2002. 1 2 3 4 5



