## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 397-ASSEMBLYMAN BROWER

## MARCH 16, 2001

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Provides for admissibility in evidence of certain statements made by unavailable declarants. (BDR 4-997)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

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Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to evidence; providing for the admissibility of statements made by an unavailable declarant concerning the infliction or threat of physical injury upon the declarant or upon a person to whom the declarant is related by blood or marriage under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** Chapter 51 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a statement made by an alleged victim of an act that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 is not excluded by the hearsay rule if:
  - (a) The statement of the declarant describes or explains:
- (1) A threat of physical injury to or the infliction of physical injury upon the declarant; or
- (2) A threat of physical injury to or the infliction of physical injury upon a person to whom the declarant is related by blood or marriage;
- (b) The statement was made at or near the time of the threat or infliction of physical injury upon the declarant;
- (c) The statement of the declarant was made in writing, recorded electronically or made to a law enforcement officer;
  - (d) The declarant is unavailable as a witness; and
- (e) The court finds that the time, content and circumstances of the statement provide sufficient circumstantial guarantees of trustworthiness. In determining trustworthiness the court shall consider, without limitation, whether:
- (1) The statement was prepared in anticipation of litigation or for trial in which the declarant is an interested party;



- (2) The declarant has a bias or motive for fabricating the statement and the extent of any such bias or motive; and
- (3) The statement is corroborated by admissible evidence other than statements that are admissible only pursuant to this section.
- 2. A statement is admissible pursuant to this section only if the person offering the statement makes known in writing to the adverse party his intention to offer the statement and the details of the statement sufficiently in advance of the proceedings to provide the adverse party with a fair opportunity to prepare for the statement.
- 3. A statement is not admissible pursuant to this section if it was made more than 5 years before the filing of the action or proceeding in which the statement is offered as evidence.
  - **Sec. 2.** NRS 51.315 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 51.315 1. A statement is not excluded by the hearsay rule if:
- (a) Its nature and the special circumstances under which it was made offer strong assurances of accuracy; and
  - (b) The declarant is unavailable as a witness.

- 2. The provisions of NRS 51.325 to 51.355, inclusive, *and section 1 of this act*, are illustrative and not restrictive of the exception provided by this section.
- Sec. 3. 1. The amendatory provisions of this act apply to a civil action or proceeding filed on or after October 1, 2001.
  - 2. The amendatory provisions of this act do not apply to a criminal action in which an indictment has been found or a complaint or information has been filed before October 1, 2001.



