## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 572-COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL)

## MARCH 26, 2001

## Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Establishes single fraud control unit for insurance within office of attorney general. (BDR 18-487)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the office of the attorney general; establishing a single fraud control unit for insurance within the office; establishing the duties of the unit; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** Chapter 228 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act.

- Sec. 2. As used in NRS 228.420 and sections 3 and 4 of this act, "fraud control unit" means the fraud control unit for insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act.
- Sec. 3. 1. The attorney general shall establish within his office a fraud control unit for insurance.
- 2. The fraud control unit shall carry out the duties set forth in NRS 228.420 and section 4 of this act.
- 3. The fraud control unit must consist of such persons as are necessary to carry out the duties set forth in NRS 228.420 and section 4 of this act, including, without limitation, an attorney, an auditor and an investigator.
- 14 Sec. 4. 1. The attorney general, acting through the fraud control unit, shall:
- (a) Investigate and prosecute any alleged insurance fraud that violates
   the provisions of Title 57 of NRS, including, without limitation, those
   violations reported to it by the commissioner of insurance pursuant to
   NRS 679B.180; and



(b) Cooperate with the commissioner of insurance, insurers, and other state and federal investigators and prosecutors in coordinating state and federal investigations and prosecutions involving insurance fraud.

2. When acting pursuant to this section, the attorney general may commence his investigation and file a criminal action without leave of court, and he has exclusive charge of the conduct of the prosecution.

Sec. 5. NRS 228.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

228.420 1. The attorney general has primary jurisdiction to investigate and prosecute any alleged criminal [violations] violation of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 [...] and 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, and any fraud in the administration of chapter 616A, 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS or in the provision of compensation required by chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS.

2. [For this purpose, the attorney general shall establish within his office a fraud control unit for industrial insurance. The unit must consist of such persons as are necessary to carry out the duties set forth in this section, including, without limitation, an attorney, an auditor and an investigator.

—3.] The attorney general, acting through the *fraud control* unit : [established pursuant to subsection 2:]

- (a) Is the single state agency responsible for the investigation and prosecution of any alleged criminal violations of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 [1] and 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, and any fraud in the administration of chapter 616A, 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS or in the provision of compensation required by chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS;
- (b) Shall cooperate with the division of industrial relations of the department of business and industry, self-insured employers, associations of self-insured public or private employers, private carriers, and other state and federal investigators and prosecutors in coordinating state and federal investigations and prosecutions involving violations of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 [1] and 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, and any fraud in the administration of chapter 616A, 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS or in the provision of compensation required by chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS;
- (c) Shall protect the privacy of persons who are eligible to receive compensation pursuant to the provisions of chapter 616A, 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS and establish procedures to prevent the misuse of information obtained in carrying out this section; and
- (d) May, upon request, inspect the records of any self-insured employer, association of self-insured public or private employers, or private carrier, the division of industrial relations of the department of business and industry and the state contractors' board to investigate any alleged violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 [-], or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, or any fraud in the administration of chapter 616A, 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS or in the provision of compensation required by chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS.



[4.] 3. When acting pursuant to this section or NRS 228.175 or 228.410, the attorney general may commence his investigation and file a criminal action without leave of court, and he has exclusive charge of the conduct of the prosecution.

[5.] 4. The attorney general shall report the name of any person who has been convicted of violating any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 **H** or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, to the occupational board that issued the person's license or certificate to provide medical care, remedial care or other services in this

[6.] 5. The attorney general shall establish a toll-free telephone number for persons to report information regarding alleged violations of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, and any fraud in the administration of chapter 616A, 616B, 616C, 616D or 617 of NRS or in the provision of compensation required by chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS.

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- [7.] 6. As used in this section:
  (a) "Association of self-insured private employers" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 616A.050.
- (b) "Association of self-insured public employers" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 616A.055.
  - (c) "Private carrier" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 616A.290.
- (d) "Self-insured employer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 616A.305.

Sec. 6. NRS 232.680 is hereby amended to read as follows:

232.680 1. The cost of carrying out the provisions of NRS 228.420 and 232.550 to 232.700, inclusive, and of supporting the division, a fulltime employee of the legislative counsel bureau [, the fraud control unit for industrial insurance established pursuant to NRS 228.4201 and the legislative committee on workers' compensation created pursuant to NRS 218.5375, and that portion of the cost of the office for consumer health assistance established pursuant to NRS 223.550 that is related to providing assistance to consumers and injured employees concerning workers compensation, must be paid from assessments payable by each insurer, including each employer who provides accident benefits for injured employees pursuant to NRS 616C.265, based upon expected annual expenditures for claims for injuries occurring on or after July 1, 1999. The division shall adopt regulations which establish formulas of assessment which result in an equitable distribution of costs among the insurers and employers who provide accident benefits for injured employees. The formulas may utilize actual expenditures for claims.

2. Federal grants may partially defray the costs of the division.

- Assessments made against insurers by the division after the adoption of regulations must be used to defray all costs and expenses of administering the program of workers' compensation, including the payment of:
- 48 (a) All salaries and other expenses in administering the division, including the costs of the office and staff of the administrator.



(b) All salaries and other expenses of administering NRS 616A.435 to 616A.460, inclusive, the offices of the hearings division of the department of administration and the programs of self-insurance and review of premium rates by the commissioner of insurance.

- (c) The salary and other expenses of a full-time employee of the legislative counsel bureau whose principal duties are limited to conducting research and reviewing and evaluating data related to industrial insurance.
- (d) [All] Those salaries and [other] expenses of the fraud control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act that are associated with carrying out the provisions of NRS 228.420.
- (e) Claims against uninsured employers arising from compliance with NRS 616C.220 and 617.401.
- (f) All salaries and expenses of the members of the legislative committee on workers' compensation and any other expenses incurred by the committee in carrying out its duties pursuant to NRS 218.5375 to 218.5378, inclusive.
- (g) That portion of the salaries and other expenses of the office for consumer health assistance established pursuant to NRS 223.550 that is related to providing assistance to consumers and injured employees concerning workers' compensation.
  - **Sec. 7.** NRS 616A.425 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 616A.425 1. There is hereby established in the state treasury the fund for workers' compensation and safety as a special revenue fund. All money received from assessments levied on insurers and employers by the administrator pursuant to NRS 232.680 must be deposited in this fund.
- 2. All assessments, penalties, bonds, securities and all other properties received, collected or acquired by the division for functions supported in whole or in part from the fund must be delivered to the custody of the state treasurer for deposit to the credit of the fund.
- 3. All money and securities in the fund must be used to defray all costs and expenses of administering the program of workmen's compensation, including the payment of:
- (a) All salaries and other expenses in administering the division of industrial relations, including the costs of the office and staff of the administrator.
- (b) All salaries and other expenses of administering NRS 616A.435 to 616A.460, inclusive, the offices of the hearings division of the department of administration and the programs of self-insurance and review of premium rates by the commissioner.
- (c) The salary and other expenses of a full-time employee of the legislative counsel bureau whose principal duties are limited to conducting research and reviewing and evaluating data related to industrial insurance.
- (d) [All] Those salaries and [other] expenses of the fraud control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act that are associated with carrying out the provisions of NRS 228.420.
- (e) Claims against uninsured employers arising from compliance with NRS 616C.220 and 617.401.
- (f) All salaries and expenses of the members of the legislative committee on workers' compensation and any other expenses incurred by



the committee in carrying out its duties pursuant to NRS 218.5375 to 218.5378, inclusive.

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- (g) That portion of the salaries and other expenses of the office for consumer health assistance established pursuant to NRS 223.550 that is related to providing assistance to consumers and injured employees concerning workers' compensation.
- 4. The state treasurer may disburse money from the fund only upon written order of the controller.
- 5. The state treasurer shall invest money of the fund in the same manner and in the same securities in which he is authorized to invest state general funds which are in his custody. Income realized from the investment of the assets of the fund must be credited to the fund.
- 6. The commissioner shall assign an actuary to review the establishment of assessment rates. The rates must be filed with the commissioner 30 days before their effective date. Any insurer or employer who wishes to appeal the rate so filed must do so pursuant to NRS 679B.310.
  - **Sec. 8.** NRS 616B.018 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 616B.018 1. The administrator shall establish a method of indexing claims for compensation that will make information concerning the claimants of an insurer available to other insurers and the fraud control unit for findustrial insurance established pursuant to NRS 228.420.1 section 3 of this act.
- 2. Every insurer shall provide the following information if required by the administrator for establishing and maintaining the index of claims:
  (a) The first name, last name, middle initial, if any, date of birth and
- social security number of the injured employee;
- (b) The name and tax identification number of the employer of the injured employee;
- (c) If the employer of the injured employee is a member of an association of self-insured public or private employers, the name and tax identification number of that association:
- (d) The name and tax identification number of the insurer, unless the employer of the injured employee is self-insured and this requirement would duplicate the information required pursuant to paragraph (b);
- (e) The date upon which the employer's policy of industrial insurance that covers the claim became effective and the date upon which it will expire or must be renewed;
  - (f) The number assigned to the claim by the insurer;
- (g) The date of the injury or of the sustaining of the occupational disease;
- (h) The part of the body that was injured or the occupational disease that was sustained by the injured employee;
- (i) The percentage of disability as determined by the rating physician or chiropractor;
  - (j) Which part of the body was permanently impaired, if any;
- (k) What The type of accident or occupational disease that is the subject of the claim;
  - (1) The date, if any, that the claim was closed; and



- (m) If the claim has been closed, whether the closure was pursuant to the provisions of:
  - (1) Subsection 2 of NRS 616C.235; or
  - (2) Subsection 1 of NRS 616C.235,

- and what type of compensation was provided for the claim.
- 3. The administrator shall require information provided pursuant to subsection 2 to be submitted:
- (a) In a format that is consistent with nationally recognized standards for the reporting of data regarding industrial insurance; and
- (b) Electronically or in another medium approved by the administrator.
- 4. The administrator shall ensure that the requirement for an insurer to provide information pursuant to subsection 2 is administered in a fair and equal manner so that an insurer is not required to provide more or a different type of information than another insurer similarly situated.
  - 5. The provisions of this section do not prevent the administrator from:
- (a) Conducting audits pursuant to the provisions of NRS 616B.003 and collecting information from such audits;
- (b) Receiving and collecting information from the reports that insurers must submit to the administrator pursuant to the provisions of NRS 616B.009;
- (c) Investigating alleged violations of the provisions of chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS; or
- (d) Enforcing the provisions of chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS.
- 6. If an employee files a claim with an insurer, the insurer is entitled to receive from the administrator a list of the prior claims of the employee. If the insurer desires to inspect the files related to the prior claims, he must obtain the written consent of the employee.
- 7. Any information obtained from the index of claims may be admitted into evidence in any hearing before an appeals officer, a hearing officer or the administrator.
- 8. The division may assess and collect a reasonable fee for its services provided pursuant to this section. The fee must be payable monthly or at such other intervals as determined by the administrator.
- 9. If the administrator determines that an insurer has intentionally failed to provide the information required by subsection 2, the administrator shall impose an administrative fine of \$1,000 for the initial violation, and a fine of \$2,000 for a second or subsequent violation.
- 10. As used in this section, "tax identification number" means the number assigned by the Internal Revenue Service of the United States Department of the Treasury for identification.
  - **Sec. 9.** NRS 616D.120 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 616D.120 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if the administrator determines that an insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer has:
  - (a) Through fraud, coercion, duress or undue influence:
- (1) Induced a claimant to fail to report an accidental injury or occupational disease;



(2) Persuaded a claimant to settle for an amount which is less than reasonable;

- (3) Persuaded a claimant to settle for an amount which is less than reasonable while a hearing or an appeal is pending; or
- (4) Persuaded a claimant to accept less than the compensation found to be due him by a hearing officer, appeals officer, court of competent jurisdiction, written settlement agreement, written stipulation or the division when carrying out its duties pursuant to chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS;
- (b) Refused to pay or unreasonably delayed payment to a claimant of compensation found to be due him by a hearing officer, appeals officer, court of competent jurisdiction, written settlement agreement, written stipulation or the division when carrying out its duties pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS, if the refusal or delay occurs:
- (1) Later than 10 days after the date of the settlement agreement or stipulation;
- (2) Later than 30 days after the date of the decision of a court, hearing officer, appeals officer or division, unless a stay has been granted; or
- (3) Later than 10 days after a stay of the decision of a court, hearing officer, appeals officer or division has been lifted;
- (c) Refused to process a claim for compensation pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS;
- (d) Made it necessary for a claimant to initiate proceedings pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS for compensation found to be due him by a hearing officer, appeals officer, court of competent jurisdiction, written settlement agreement, written stipulation or the division when carrying out its duties pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS;
- (e) Failed to comply with the division's regulations covering the payment of an assessment relating to the funding of costs of administration of chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS;
- (f) Failed to provide or unreasonably delayed payment to an injured employee or reimbursement to an insurer pursuant to NRS 616C.165; or
- (g) Intentionally failed to comply with any provision of, or regulation adopted pursuant to, this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS,
- the administrator shall impose an administrative fine of \$1,000 for each initial violation, or a fine of \$10,000 for a second or subsequent violation.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS, if the administrator determines that an insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer has failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, the administrator may take any of the following actions:
  - (a) Issue a notice of correction for:



- (1) A minor violation, as defined by regulations adopted by the division; or
- (2) A violation involving the payment of compensation in an amount which is greater than that required by any provision of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

The notice of correction must set forth with particularity the violation committed and the manner in which the violation may be corrected. The provisions of this section do not authorize the administrator to modify or negate in any manner a determination or any portion of a determination made by a hearing officer, appeals officer or court of competent jurisdiction or a provision contained in a written settlement agreement or written stipulation.

(b) Impose an administrative fine for:

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- (1) A second or subsequent violation for which a notice of correction has been issued pursuant to paragraph (a); or
- (2) Any other violation of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, for which a notice of correction may not be issued pursuant to paragraph (a).

The fine imposed may not be greater than \$250 for an initial violation, or more than \$1,000 for any second or subsequent violation.

- (c) Order a plan of corrective action to be submitted to the administrator within 30 days after the date of the order.
- 3. If the administrator determines that a violation of any of the provisions of paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, of subsection 1 has occurred, the administrator shall order the insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer to pay to the claimant a benefit penalty in an amount that is not less than \$5,000 and not greater than \$25,000. To determine the amount of the benefit penalty, the administrator shall consider the degree of physical harm suffered by the injured employee or his dependents as a result of the violation of paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subsection 1, the amount of compensation found to be due the claimant and the number of fines and benefit penalties previously imposed against the insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer pursuant to this section. If this is the third violation within 5 years for which a benefit penalty has been imposed against the insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer, the administrator shall also consider the degree of economic harm suffered by the injured employee or his dependents as a result of the violation of paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subsection 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the benefit penalty is for the benefit of the claimant and must be paid directly to him within 10 days after the date of the administrator's determination. If the claimant is the injured employee and he dies before the benefit penalty is paid to him, the benefit penalty must be paid to his estate. Proof of the payment of the benefit penalty must be submitted to the administrator within 10 days after the date of his determination unless an appeal is filed pursuant to NRS 616D.140. Any compensation to which the



claimant may otherwise be entitled pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS must not be reduced by the amount of any benefit penalty received pursuant to this subsection.

- 4. In addition to any fine or benefit penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the administrator may assess against an insurer who violates any regulation concerning the reporting of claims expenditures used to calculate an assessment an administrative penalty of up to twice the amount of any underpaid assessment.
  - 5. If:

- (a) The administrator determines that a person has violated any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive; and
- (b) The fraud control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to [NRS 228.420] section 3 of this act notifies the administrator that the unit will not prosecute the person for that violation,

the administrator shall impose an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000.

- 6. Two or more fines of \$1,000 or more imposed in 1 year for acts enumerated in subsection 1 must be considered by the commissioner as evidence for the withdrawal of:
  - (a) A certificate to act as a self-insured employer.
- (b) A certificate to act as an association of self-insured public or private employers.
  - (c) A certificate of registration as a third-party administrator.
- 7. The commissioner may, without complying with the provisions of NRS 616B.327 or 616B.431, withdraw the certification of a self-insured employer, association of self-insured public or private employers or third-party administrator if, after a hearing, it is shown that the self-insured employer, association of self-insured public or private employers or third-party administrator violated any provision of subsection 1.
  - **Sec. 10.** NRS 616D.230 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 616D.230 1. An employer who fails to pay an amount of money charged to him pursuant to the provisions of NRS 616D.200 or 616D.220 is liable in a civil action commenced by the attorney general for:
- (a) Any amount charged to the employer by the administrator pursuant to NRS 616D.200 or 616D.220;
  - (b) Not more than \$10,000 for each act of willful deception;
- (c) An amount equal to three times the total amount of the reasonable expenses incurred by the state in enforcing this section; and
- (d) Payment of interest on the amount charged at the rate fixed pursuant to NRS 99.040 for the period from the date upon which the amount charged was due to the date upon which the amount charged is paid.
- 2. A criminal action need not be brought against an employer described in subsection 1 before civil liability attaches under this section.
- 3. Any payment of money charged pursuant to the provisions of NRS 616D.200 or 616D.220 and collected pursuant to paragraph (a) or (d) of subsection 1 must be paid into the uninsured employers' claim fund.
- 4. Any penalty collected pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 1 must be used to pay the those salaries and tother expenses of the fraud



control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act that are associated with carrying out the provisions of NRS 228.420. Any money remaining at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

**Sec. 11.** NRS 616D.430 is hereby amended to read as follows:

616D.430 1. A person who receives a payment or benefit to which he is not entitled by reason of a violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.300, 616D.370, 616D.380, 616D.390, 616D.400 or 616D.410 is liable in a civil action commenced by the attorney general for:

- (a) An amount equal to three times the amount unlawfully obtained;
- (b) Not less than \$5,000 for each act of deception;

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- (c) An amount equal to three times the total amount of the reasonable expenses incurred by the state in enforcing this section; and
- (d) Payment of interest on the amount of the excess payment at the rate fixed pursuant to NRS 99.040 for the period from the date upon which payment was made to the date upon which repayment is made.
- 2. A criminal action need not be brought against a person who receives a payment or benefit to which he is not entitled by reason of a violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.300, 616D.370, 616D.380, 616D.390, 616D.400 or 616D.410 before civil liability attaches under this section.
- 3. A person who unknowingly accepts a payment in excess of the amount to which he is entitled is liable for the repayment of the excess amount. It is a defense to any action brought pursuant to this subsection that the person returned or attempted to return the amount which was in excess of that to which he was entitled within a reasonable time after receiving it.
- 4. Any repayment of money collected pursuant to paragraph (a) or (d) of subsection 1 must be paid to the insurer who made the payment to the person who violated the provisions of this section. Any payment made to an insurer may not exceed the amount paid by the insurer to that person.
- 5. Any penalty collected pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 1 must be used to pay [the] those salaries and [other] expenses of the fraud control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act that are associated with carrying out the provisions of NRS 228.420. Any money remaining at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
- **Sec. 12.** NRS 616D.550 is hereby amended to read as follows: 616D.550 1. An insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, employer, third-party administrator or public officer who believes, or has reason to believe, that:
- (a) A fraudulent claim for benefits under a policy of insurance has been made, or is about to be made;
  - (b) An employer within the provisions of NRS 616B.633 has:
- (1) Knowingly made a false statement or representation concerning the amount of payroll upon which a premium is based; or
- (2) Failed to provide and secure compensation under the terms of chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS or has failed to maintain that compensation;



- (c) A provider of health care has submitted an invoice for payment for accident benefits that contains information which the provider knows is false; or
- (d) A person has committed any other fraudulent practice under this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS. shall report that belief to the fraud control unit for **findustrial** insurance

established pursuant to [NRS 228.420.] section 3 of this act.

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2. The fraud control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to [NRS 228.420] section 3 of this act may require a person who submits a report pursuant to subsection 1 to submit that report on a form prescribed by the unit.

**Sec. 13.** NRS 616D.560 is hereby amended to read as follows:

616D.560 The administrator and the fraud control unit for findustrial insurance established pursuant to [NRS 228.420] section 3 of this act shall establish procedures to ensure that:

- 1. The administrator, in accordance with the established procedures, reports to the unit violations of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, of which the administrator becomes aware;
- 2. For the purposes of NRS 616D.120, the unit notifies the administrator in a timely manner whether the unit will prosecute a person who has violated the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive; and
- 3. The administrator and the unit share other information of which they are aware relating to violations of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive.

**Sec. 14.** NRS 616D.610 is hereby amended to read as follows: 616D.610 1. The books, records and payrolls of an employer pertinent to the investigation of a violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, or any fraud in the administration of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS or in the provision of benefits for industrial insurance, must always be open to inspection by an investigator for the attorney general for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of such information and as may be necessary for the attorney general to carry out his duties pursuant to NRS 228.420. If the books, records or payrolls are located outside this state, the employer shall make any records requested pursuant to this section available in this state for inspection within 10 working days after the request.

If an employer refuses to produce any book, record, payroll report or other document in conjunction with an investigation conducted by the fraud control unit for [industrial insurance,] insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act, the attorney general may issue a subpoena to require the production of that document.

3. If an employer refuses to produce any document as required by the subpoena, the attorney general may report to the district court by petition, setting forth that:



- (a) Due notice has been given of the time and place of the production of the document;
- (b) The employer has been subpoenaed by the attorney general pursuant to this section; and
- (c) The employer has failed or refused to produce the document required by the subpoena,
- and asking for an order of the court compelling the employer to produce the document.
- 4. Upon such petition, the court shall enter an order directing the employer to appear before the court at a time and place to be fixed by the court in its order, the time to be not more than 10 days after the date of the order, and to show cause why he has not produced the document. A certified copy of the order must be served upon the employer.
- 5. If it appears to the court that the subpoena was regularly issued by the attorney general, the court shall enter an order that the employer produce the required document at the time and place fixed in the order. Failure to obey the order constitutes contempt of court.
- Sec. 15. NRS 616D.620 is hereby amended to read as follows: 616D.620 1. If a person is convicted of violating any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive, he:
- (a) Forfeits all rights to compensation under chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS after conviction for the offense; and
  - (b) Is liable for:

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- (1) The reasonable costs incurred by an insurer and the office of the attorney general to investigate and act upon the violation;
- (2) All costs incurred for the prosecution of the person by the court in which the conviction was obtained; and
- (3) The payments or benefits fraudulently obtained under chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS.
- 2. A judgment of conviction entered against the person must contain a provision which requires the person convicted to pay the costs of investigation and prosecution and the payments or benefits specified in subsection 1.
- 3. Any money received by the attorney general pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) of subsection 1 must be used to pay [the] those salaries and tother expenses of the fraud control unit for tindustrial insurance established pursuant to section 3 of this act associated with carrying out the provisions of NRS 228.420. Any money remaining at the end of any fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.
  - **Sec. 16.** NRS 624.256 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 624.256 1. Before granting an original or renewal of a contractor's license to any applicant, the board shall require that the applicant submit to the board:
- (a) Proof of industrial insurance and insurance for occupational diseases which covers his employees;
- (b) A copy of his certificate of qualification as a self-insured employer which was issued by the commissioner of insurance;



- (c) If the applicant is a member of an association of self-insured public or private employers, a copy of the certificate issued to the association by the commissioner of insurance; or
- (d) An affidavit signed by the applicant affirming that he is not subject to the provisions of chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS because:
  - (1) He has no employees;

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- (2) He is not or does not intend to be a subcontractor for a principal contractor; and
- (3) He has not or does not intend to submit a bid on a job for a principal contractor or subcontractor.
- 2. The board shall notify the fraud control unit for [industrial] insurance established pursuant to [NRS 228.420] section 3 of this act whenever the board learns that an applicant or holder of a contractor's license has engaged in business as or acted in the capacity of a contractor within this state without having obtained industrial insurance or insurance for occupational diseases in violation of the provisions of chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS.

**Sec. 17.** NRS 630.339 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.339 1. If a committee designated by the board to conduct an investigation of a complaint decides to proceed with disciplinary action, it shall bring charges against the licensee. If charges are brought, the board shall fix a time and place for a formal hearing. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, such a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The board shall notify the licensee of the charges brought against him, the time and place set for the hearing, and the possible sanctions authorized in NRS 630.352.
- The board, a hearing officer or a panel of its members designated by the board shall hold the formal hearing on the charges at the time and place designated in the notification. If the hearing is before a panel, at least one member of the board who is not a physician must participate in this hearing.

**Sec. 18.** NRS 630A.480 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630A.480 1. If, after an investigation by a committee or on its own initiative, the board decides to proceed with disciplinary action, it shall bring charges against a licensed homeopathic physician and fix a time and place for a formal hearing. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, such a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The board shall notify the homeopathic physician of the charges brought against him, including the time and place set for the hearing, and of the sanctions authorized in NRS 630A.510.
- The board, a hearing officer or a committee of the members of the board shall hold the formal hearing on the charges at the time and place designated in the notification. If the hearing is before a committee, at least one member of the board who is not a physician must participate in the hearing and in the final recommendation of the committee to the board.
- **Sec. 19.** NRS 631.360 is hereby amended to read as follows: 631.360 1. The board may, upon its own motion, and shall, upon the verified complaint in writing of any person setting forth facts which, if



proven, would constitute grounds for refusal, suspension or revocation of a license or certificate under this chapter, investigate the actions of any person holding a certificate.

- 2. The board shall, before refusing to issue, or before suspending or revoking any certificate, at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing, notify in writing the applicant or the holder of the certificate of any charges made. The notice may be served by delivery of it personally to the accused person or by mailing it by registered or certified mail to the place of business last specified by the accused person, as registered with the board.
- 3. At the time and place fixed in the notice, the board shall proceed to hear the charges. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.
- 4. The board may compel the attendance of witnesses or the production of documents or objects by subpoena. Any person who is subpoenaed by the board may request the board to modify the terms of the subpoena or grant additional time for compliance.
- 5. The board may obtain a search warrant from a magistrate upon a showing that the warrant is needed for an investigation or hearing being conducted by the board and that reasonable cause exists to issue the warrant
- 6. If the board is not sitting at the time and place fixed in the notice, or at the time and place to which the hearing has been continued, the board shall continue the hearing for a period not to exceed 30 days.

**Sec. 20.** NRS 632.350 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 632.350 1. Before suspending or revoking any license or certificate or taking other disciplinary action against a licensee or holder of a certificate, the board shall cause an administrative complaint to be filed against the licensee or holder of the certificate. The board shall notify the licensee or holder of the certificate in writing of the charges against him, accompanying the notice with a copy of the administrative complaint.
- 2. Written notice may be served by delivery of it personally to the licensee or holder of the certificate, or by mailing it by registered or certified mail to his last known residential address.
- 3. If the licensee or holder of the certificate, after receiving a copy of the administrative complaint pursuant to subsection 1, submits a written request, the board shall furnish the licensee or holder of the certificate with copies of any communications, reports and affidavits in possession of the board, touching upon or relating to the matter in question.
- 4. As soon as practicable after the filing of the administrative complaint, the board, or a majority thereof, shall hold a hearing on the charges at such time and place as the board prescribes. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, the hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The hearing must be held, if the licensee or holder of the certificate desires, within the county where he resides
- **Sec. 21.** NRS 633.621 is hereby amended to read as follows: 633.621 If:



- 1. A complaint charging unprofessional conduct, a conviction or the suspension or revocation of a license to practice osteopathic medicine is not frivolous; or
- 2. With respect to a complaint reported by the attorney general, the board has determined to proceed with disciplinary action, the secretary of the board shall fix a time and place for a hearing and cause a notice of the hearing and a formal complaint prepared by the board to be served on the person charged at least 20 days before the date fixed for the

9 hearing. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 10 228.420, such a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the 11 report.

Sec. 22. NRS 634.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:

634.170 1. When a complaint is filed with the executive director of the board, it must be considered by the president or a member of the board designated by him. If, from the complaint or from other official records, it appears that the complaint may be well founded in fact, the executive director shall cause written notice of the charges in the complaint to be served upon the person charged at least 20 days before the date fixed for the hearing. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.

2. If the complaint is not deemed by the president or designated member of the board to be of sufficient import or sufficiently well founded to merit bringing proceedings against the person charged, the complaint must be held in abeyance and discussed at the next meeting of the board.

**Sec. 23.** NRS 634A.180 is hereby amended to read as follows:

634A.180 The board shall not refuse to issue, refuse to renew, suspend or revoke any license for any of the causes enumerated in NRS 634A.170, unless the person accused has been given at least 20 days' notice in writing of the charge against him and a hearing by the board. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.

**Sec. 24.** NRS 635.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

635.150 Any person against whom charges have been made [shall] must be notified of that fact and a copy of the charges [shall] must be sent to him by the board. [He shall be given] The board shall hold a fair and impartial [trial by the board, whose decision shall] hearing on the matter. The decision of the board must be made by a majority vote of its members. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.

**Sec. 25.** NRS 636.315 is hereby amended to read as follows:

636.315 1. As soon as practicable after the filing of a complaint, the board shall notify the licensee against whom the complaint is filed and fix a date for its review of the complaint. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The licensee must be allowed a reasonable amount of time to respond to the allegations of the complaint.



The executive director shall notify the licensee of the time, date and place fixed for the board's review of the complaint.

- 2. After reviewing the complaint, the board shall dismiss the complaint or file a formal charge against the licensee. If a formal charge is filed, the executive director shall prepare the charge in accordance with the board's regulations and send a copy to the licensee. The licensee must be allowed a reasonable amount of time to file a response to the charge.
- 3. Within a reasonable time after the executive director sends a copy of the charge to the licensee, the board shall fix the time, date and place for a hearing and the executive director shall notify the licensee thereof.

**Sec. 26.** NRS 637.155 is hereby amended to read as follows:

637.155 If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing to consider the report must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.

**Sec. 27.** NRS 637A.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

637A.270 As soon as practicable after the filing of a complaint the board may, if the board determines that further action is required, fix a date for the hearing thereof, which date must not be less than 20 days thereafter. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The secretary shall immediately mail, by registered or certified mail, to the defendant licensee, a copy of the complaint and a notice showing the date and place fixed for the hearing.

Sec. 28. NRS 637B.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

637B.270 Not later than 15 days after the filing of a complaint, the board shall fix a date for the hearing, which date must not be less than 20 days nor more than 45 days after the date the complaint is filed. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The board shall immediately mail to the defendant, by certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy of the complaint and a notice showing the time, date and place of the hearing.

**Sec. 29.** NRS 639.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

639.245 Whenever a hearing has been granted by the board, the secretary shall serve notice on the respondent of the time and place set for the hearing on the accusation. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. Service may be effected in the same manner as provided in NRS 639.242.

**Sec. 30.** NRS 640.162 is hereby amended to read as follows:

640.162 1. As soon as practicable after the board determines that a complaint merits a hearing, the board shall set a date for the hearing. The hearing must not be set sooner than 30 days after the date on which the respondent received notice of the complaint. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.

- 2. The board's secretary shall:
- (a) Notify the respondent that a complaint against him has been filed;
- (b) Inform him of the date, time and place set for the hearing; and



(c) Include a copy of the complaint with the notice.

- 3. The notice and complaint may be served on the respondent by delivery to him personally or by mailing to him at his last known address by registered or certified mail.
- 4. If the respondent so requests, the hearing must be held within the county where he resides.

Sec. 31. NRS 640A.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

640A.200 1. The board may, after notice and hearing, suspend, revoke or refuse to issue or renew a license to practice as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant, or may impose conditions upon the use of that license, if the board determines that the holder of or applicant for the license is guilty of unprofessional conduct which has endangered or is likely to endanger the public health, safety or welfare. The board may reinstate a revoked license upon application by the person to whom the license was issued not less than 1 year after the license is revoked.

- 2. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held to consider the report within 30 days after receiving the report.
  - 3. As used in this section, "unprofessional conduct" includes:
- (a) The obtaining of a license by fraud or through the misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact;
- (b) The conviction of any crime, except a misdemeanor which does not involve moral turpitude; and
- (c) The violation of any provision of this chapter or regulation of the board adopted pursuant to this chapter.
  - **Sec. 32.** NRS 641.276 is hereby amended to read as follows: 641.276 If:
- 1. A complaint charging unprofessional conduct, a conviction or the suspension or revocation of a license is not frivolous; or
- 2. With respect to a complaint reported by the attorney general, the board has determined to proceed with an action authorized under this chapter.
- the board shall fix a time and place for a hearing and cause a notice of the hearing and a formal complaint prepared by the board to be served on the person named in the complaint at least 20 days before the date fixed for the hearing. If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report.
  - Sec. 33. NRS 652.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 652.225 If the board receives a report pursuant to subsection [5] 4 of NRS 228.420, a hearing must be held pursuant to regulations adopted by the board to consider the contents of the report. The board shall adopt such regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
  - Sec. 34. NRS 679B.158 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 679B.158 1. The special investigative account is hereby established in the state general fund for use by the commissioner. The commissioner shall deposit all money received pursuant to this section with the state treasurer for credit to the account. Money remaining in the account at the



end of any year does not lapse and may be used by the commissioner in any subsequent year.

- 2. The commissioner shall authorize expenditures from the special investigative account to pay the expenses of the program established pursuant to NRS 679B.153 and [of any] the expenses of the fraud control unit for insurance established [in the office of the attorney general which investigates and prosecutes insurance fraud.] pursuant to section 3 of this act that are associated with carrying out the provisions of section 4 of this act.
- 10 3. All of the costs of the program established pursuant to NRS 679B.153 must be paid by the insurers authorized to transact insurance in this state. The commissioner shall annually determine the total cost and 13 equally divide that amount among the insurers. The annual amount so assessed must not exceed \$500 per authorized insurer. The commissioner 14 may adopt regulations regarding the calculation and collection of the 15 assessment. 16

**Sec. 35.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2001.

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