SENATE BILL NO. 230-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF INTERIM STUDY OF SYSTEM OF JUVENILE JUSTICE IN NEVADA (ACR 13))

FEBRUARY 22, 2001

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to juveniles who violate parole. (BDR 16-575)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Yes.

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Effect on the State: Yes.

CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§§ 10, 12, 14) (NOT REQUESTED BY AFFECTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT)

EXPLANATION – Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted

AN ACT relating to juvenile justice; revising provisions relating to juveniles who violate parole; providing that the juvenile court may order certain juveniles who violate parole to be placed in the local or regional facility for children or in the county jail under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA. REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** Chapter 210 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 10, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 9, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
- Sec. 3. "Administrator" means the administrator of the division of child and family services of the department of human resources.
- Sec. 4. "Committing court" means a juvenile court that:
 1. Commits a person to the Nevada youth training center pursuant to NRS 210.180 or to the Caliente youth center pursuant to NRS 210.580;
- 12 Has jurisdiction over a person who has been released by another 13 state for juvenile parole in Nevada pursuant to an interstate compact.
- Sec. 5. "Director" means the director of the department of human 14 15 resources.



- "Interstate compact" includes, without limitation, 2 Interstate Compact on Juveniles executed pursuant to NRS 214.010. 3
 - Sec. 7. "Juvenile court" or "court" means:

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- In any judicial district that includes a county whose population is 100,000 or more, the family division of the district court; or
- 2. In any other judicial district, the juvenile division of the district court.
- Sec. 8. "Local or regional facility for children" includes, without limitation:
- 1. A detention home for children that is operated pursuant to NRS 62,180.
- 2. A regional facility for children that is operated pursuant to NRS 62.840 or 62.845.
- Sec. 9. "Youth parole bureau" means the youth parole bureau of the division of child and family services of the department of human resources.
- Sec. 10. 1. If the chief of the youth parole bureau is supervising a parolee who has been released by another state for juvenile parole in Nevada pursuant to an interstate compact, the chief may petition the juvenile court requesting that the court, in accordance with the interstate compact, suspend, modify or revoke the parole of the parolee or sanction the parolee for violating his parole.
- 2. Pending a hearing, the juvenile court may order the confinement of the parolee in:
- (a) The local or regional facility for children, if the parolee will be less than 18 years of age when the confinement begins and the confinement is approved by the local or regional facility for children; or
- (b) The county jail, if the parolee will be 18 years of age or older when the confinement begins.
- 3. If the parolee is confined in the local or regional facility for children pursuant to subsection 2, the youth parole bureau shall pay all actual and reasonably necessary costs for the confinement of the parolee for the period that the parolee is confined pending a hearing.
- 4. If requested, the juvenile court shall allow the parolee reasonable time to prepare for the hearing.
- 5. The required hearing may be conducted by a judge or master of the juvenile court, who shall render a decision within 10 days after the conclusion of the hearing.
- 6. If the juvenile court finds that the parolee violated his parole, the court may, to the extent permitted by the interstate compact, do any or all of the following:
 - (a) Suspend, modify or revoke parole.
- (b) Order the confinement of the parolee, for not more than 30 days, in:
- (1) The local or regional facility for children, if the parolee will be less than 18 years of age when the confinement begins; or
- (2) The county jail, if the parolee will be 18 years of age or older when the confinement begins.



- (c) Take any other appropriate action.
- Sec. 11. NRS 210.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 210.010 As used in NRS 210.010 to 210.290, inclusive :
- "Administrator" means the administrator of the division of child and family services in the department of human resources.
- 2. "Director" means the director of the department of human resources.
 - "Juvenile court" means:

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- 8 (a) In any judicial district that includes a county whose population is 9 100,000 or more, the family division of the district court; or
- (b) In any other judicial district, the juvenile division of the district 10 11 court.
- 4.1, unless the context otherwise requires: 12 13
 - 1. "School" means the Nevada youth training center.
 - [5.] 2. "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the school.
 - [6. "Youth parole bureau" means the youth parole bureau of the division of child and family services in the department of human
 - Sec. 12. NRS 210.250 is hereby amended to read as follows: 210.250 1. The If a person is paroled from the school, the chief of the youth parole bureau may petition the committing court requesting that the court suspend, modify or revoke the parole of [a person paroled from the school be suspended, modified or revoked.] the parole or sanction the parolee for violating his parole.
 - 2. Pending a hearing, the committing court may order:
 - (a) The return of the parolee to the school; or
 - (b) [III] The confinement of the parolee in:
 - (1) The local or regional facility for children, if the parolee will be less than 18 years of age when the confinement begins and the confinement is approved by the local fuvenile facility, that the parolee be held in the local juvenile facility
 - The or regional facility for children; or
 - (2) The county jail, if the parolee will be 18 years of age or older when the confinement begins.
 - 3. If the parolee is confined in the local or regional facility for children pursuant to subsection 2, the youth parole bureau shall pay all actual and reasonably necessary costs for the confinement of a parolee in the local juvenile facility.] the parolee for the period that the parolee is confined pending a hearing.
 - 4. If requested, the committing court shall allow the parolee reasonable time to prepare for the hearing.
 - 5. The required hearing may be conducted by a judge or master of the committing court, who shall render a decision within 10 days after the conclusion of the hearing.
 - 6. If the committing court finds that the parolee violated his parole, the court may do any or all of the following:
 - (a) Suspend, modify or revoke parole.
- (b) Order the confinement of the parolee, for not more than 30 days, 47 48 in:



- (1) The local or regional facility for children, if the parolee will be less than 18 years of age when the confinement begins; or
 - (2) The county jail, if the parolee will be 18 years of age or older when the confinement begins.
 - (c) Take any other appropriate action.
 - Sec. 13. NRS 210.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 210.400 As used in NRS 210.400 to 210.715, inclusive
- Administrator" means the administrator of the division of child and family services in the department of human resources.
- 2. "Director" means the director of the department of human resources.
- "Juvenile court" means: 11

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- 12 (a) In any judicial district that includes a county whose population is 100,000 or more, the family division of the district court; or 13
- (b) In any other judicial district, the juvenile division of the district 14 15 court.
- 4., unless the context otherwise requires: 16
 - *1*. "School" means the Caliente youth center.
- [5.] 2. "Superintendent" means the superintendent of the school. [6. "Youth parole bureau" means the youth parole bureau of the 19 20 division of child and family services in the department of human 21 resources.
 - **Sec. 14.** NRS 210.680 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 210.680 1. [The] If a person is paroled from the school, the chief of the youth parole bureau may petition the committing court requesting that the court suspend, modify or revoke the parole of a person paroled from the school be suspended, modified or revoked.] the parolee or sanction the parolee for violating his parole.
 - 2. Pending a hearing, the committing court may order:
 - (a) The return of the parolee to the school; or
 - (b) [III] The confinement of the parolee in:
 - (1) The local or regional facility for children, if the parolee will be less than 18 years of age when the confinement begins and the confinement is approved by the local fivenile facility, that the parolee be
 - The or regional facility for children; or
 - (2) The county jail, if the parolee will be 18 years of age or older when the confinement begins.
 - 3. If the parolee is confined in the local or regional facility for children pursuant to subsection 2, the youth parole bureau shall pay all actual and reasonably necessary costs for the confinement of [a parolee in the local juvenile facility.] the parolee for the period that the parolee is confined pending a hearing.
 - 4. If requested, the committing court shall allow the parolee reasonable time to prepare for the hearing.
 - 5. The required hearing may be conducted by a judge or master of the committing court, who shall render a decision within 10 days after the conclusion of the hearing.
 - 6. If the committing court finds that the parolee violated his parole, the court may do any or all of the following:



(a) Suspend, modify or revoke parole.

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- (b) Order the confinement of the parolee, for not more than 30 days, in:
- (1) The local or regional facility for children, if the parolee will be less than 18 years of age when the confinement begins; or
- (2) The county jail, if the parolee will be 18 years of age or older when the confinement begins.

 - (c) Take any other appropriate action.

 Sec. 15. NRS 210.735 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 210.735 The chief of the youth parole bureau may:
- 1. Appoint such employees as are necessary to carry out the functions of the bureau.
- 2. With the approval of the administrator, for the division of child and ne department of human resources, enter into contracts with colleges, universities and other organizations for:
 - (a) Research in the field of delinquency and crime prevention.
- (b) Training special workers, including parole officers and social workers, whether volunteers or not, or whether they are on a part-time or full-time basis, engaged in the fields of education, recreation, mental hygiene and the treatment and prevention of delinquency.

Sec. 16. NRS 210.750 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 210.750 1. Each person who is paroled from the Nevada youth training center or the Caliente youth center must be placed in a reputable home and in either an educational or work program or both. The chief of the youth parole bureau may pay the expenses incurred in providing alternative placements for residential programs and for structured nonresidential programs from money appropriated to the bureau for that purpose
- 2. The chief may accept money of parolees for safekeeping pending their discharges from parole. The chief must deposit the money in accounts in banks, credit unions or savings and loan associations that are federally insured or insured by a private insurer approved pursuant to NRS 678.755. He shall keep or cause to be kept a fair and full account of the money, and shall submit such reports concerning the accounts to the administrator, for resources as the administrator may require.
- 3. When any person so paroled has proven his ability to make an acceptable adjustment outside the center or, in the opinion of the chief, is no longer amenable to treatment as a juvenile, the chief shall apply to the committing court for a dismissal of all proceedings and accusations pending against the person.
- 4. Before the chief recommends that the committing court revoke a person's parole, he shall ascertain from the superintendent of the appropriate center whether adequate facilities remain available at the center to provide the necessary care for the person. If the superintendent advises that there are not such facilities available, that there is not enough money available for support of the person at the center or that the person is not suitable for admission to the center, the chief shall report that fact to the



- administrator , [of the division of child and family services,] who shall recommend a suitable alternative to the court. 2
 - Sec. 17. NRS 210.730 is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 18. The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any additional expenses of a local government that are related to the
- provisions of this act.
 - Sec. 19. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2001.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

NRS 210.730 "Youth parole bureau" defined. As used in NRS 210.735 to 210.755, inclusive, "youth parole bureau" means the youth parole bureau of the division of child and family services in the department of human resources.



