### SENATE BILL NO. 253-COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE AND LABOR

## FEBRUARY 27, 2001

## Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Prevents certain electric utilities from disposing of certain generation assets for a limited period and places restrictions on disposal of such assets after that period. (BDR 58-1122)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets <del>[omitted material]</del> is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to utilities; preventing certain electric utilities from disposing of certain generation assets for a limited period; placing restrictions on the disposal of such assets after that period; repealing the prospective conditional expiration by limitation of certain provisions that govern changes to the regulation of electric utilities; requiring the public utilities commission of Nevada to take certain actions to carry out the provisions of this act; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** Chapter 704 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 2. As used in sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3 to 6, inclusive, of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
  - Sec. 3. 1. "Dispose of a generation asset" means to:
- (a) Sell, lease, assign, transfer or divest an interest in a generation asset, in whole or in part, to another person;
- (b) Execute a contract or agreement to sell, lease, assign, transfer or divest an interest in a generation asset, in whole or in part, to another person; or
- (c) Perform any promise, covenant or obligation to sell, lease, assign, transfer or divest an interest in a generation asset, in whole or in part, to another person pursuant to the terms of a contract or agreement unless:
- (1) The electric utility executed the contract or agreement before January 1, 2001;



- (2) The commission approved the contract or agreement before January 1, 2001, if such approval was required; and
  - (3) The electric utility fully performed the promise, covenant or obligation to sell, lease, assign, transfer or divest the interest before the effective date of this act.
  - 2. The term does not include a transaction approved pursuant to NRS 704.329 or a transfer authorized pursuant to NRS 704.410, except that any person who assumes or has assumed ownership, possession, control, operation, administration or maintenance of a generation asset pursuant to such a transaction or transfer is subject to the provisions of section 7 of this act.
    - Sec. 4. "Electric utility" means:

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- 1. A vertically integrated electric utility, as defined in NRS 704.975;
- 2. A subsidiary or affiliate of such a vertically integrated electric utility;
- 3. A holding company or other person that holds a controlling interest in such a vertically integrated electric utility; and
- 4. A successor in interest to any utility, subsidiary, affiliate, holding company or person described in subsection 1, 2 or 3.
- Sec. 5. 1. "Generation asset" means any plant, facility, equipment or system that:
- (a) Converts other forms of energy into electricity or otherwise produces electricity;
- (b) Is located within this state;
- (c) Is or was owned, possessed, controlled, leased, operated, administered, maintained, acquired or placed into service by an electric utility on or after January 1, 2001;
- (d) Is subject, in whole or in part, to regulation by the commission; and
- (e) Is used and useful for the convenience of the public, as determined by the commission.
  - 2. The term does not include:
- (a) Any hydroelectric plant, facility, equipment or system that has a generating capacity of not more than 3 megawatts; and
  - (b) Any net metering system, as defined in NRS 704.771.
  - Sec. 6. 1. "Person" means:
- (a) A natural person;
- (b) Any form of business or social organization and any other nongovernmental legal entity, including, without limitation, a corporation, partnership, association, trust or unincorporated organization; and
- 42 (c) A government, a political subdivision of a government or an 43 agency or instrumentality of a government or a political subdivision of a 44 government.
  - 2. The term does not include the State of Nevada or an agency or instrumentality of the State of Nevada.
- 47 Sec. 7. 1. An electric utility shall not dispose of a generation asset 48 unless, before the disposal, the commission approves the disposal by a 49 written order issued in accordance with the provisions of this section.



- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, not sooner than January 1, 2003, an electric utility may apply to the commission for approval to dispose of a generation asset on or after July 1, 2003. If an electric utility applies to the commission for approval pursuant to this subsection, the commission may approve the application upon the terms of the application as filed or upon such terms, conditions or modifications as the commission deems appropriate, if the commission finds that:
- (a) Disposal of the generation asset will be in the public interest, will not adversely affect customers in this state and will not impair the development of effective competition, as defined in NRS 704.969; and

(b) The electric utility has:

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- (1) Demonstrated that the total cost to provide electric service after disposal of the generation asset is likely to be less than the total cost to provide electric service if the electric utility were to retain the generation asset over its remaining life; or
- (2) Replaced the entire generating capacity of the generation asset with:

(I) One or more other generation assets; or

- (II) One or more obligations for the purchase of power that, in the aggregate, are effective for a period of at least 15 years and provide power over that period for a total cost that does not exceed the total cost that would have been incurred by the electric utility to generate the same amount of power using the generation asset at its present operating cost.
- 3. If the commission approves an application pursuant to subsection 2 before July 1, 2003, the order of the commission approving the application:

(a) May not become effective sooner than July 1, 2003;

- (b) Does not create any vested rights before the effective date of the order; and
- (c) For the purposes of NRS 703.373, shall be deemed a final decision on the date on which the order is issued by the commission.
- 4. If the governor establishes a date on which customers may begin obtaining one or more potentially competitive services from an alternative seller pursuant to NRS 704.976, not sooner than 6 months before that date, an electric utility may apply to the commission for approval to dispose of a generation asset. If an electric utility applies to the commission for approval pursuant to this subsection, the commission may approve the application upon the terms of the application as filed or upon such terms, conditions or modifications as the commission deems appropriate, if the commission finds that disposal of the generation asset:
- (a) Will promote effective competition, as defined in NRS 704.969, and will further the purposes of NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive; and

(b) Will be in the public interest.

5. If the commission approves an application pursuant to subsection 4 before the date on which customers may begin obtaining one or more potentially competitive services from an alternative seller, the order of the commission approving the application:



(a) May not become effective sooner than the date on which customers may begin obtaining one or more potentially competitive services from an alternative seller;

- (b) Does not create any vested rights before the effective date of the order; and
- (c) For the purposes of NRS 703.373, shall be deemed a final decision on the date on which the order is issued by the commission.
- 6. If an electric utility disposes of a generation asset in violation of this section, the disposal is void and unenforceable and is not valid for any purpose.
  - **Sec. 8.** NRS 704.979 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 704.979 1. The commission shall monitor the markets for electric services affected by NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive, to identify and prevent activities that are inconsistent with the goals of NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive. The commission shall:
- (a) Establish standards of conduct related to activities that are inconsistent with the goals of NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive, and establish penalties for such activities and procedures for imposing such penalties; and
- (b) [Establish] Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act, establish conditions and limitations on the ownership, operation and control of the assets of a provider of an electric service to:
- (1) Prevent activities that are inconsistent with the goals of NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive; and
- (2) Ensure the development of effective competition for electric services.
- [Such] Except as otherwise provided in section 7 of this act, such conditions and limitations may include, but are not limited to, limitations on the ownership, operation and control of transmission facilities and any generation necessary to the reliable and economic operation of such transmission facilities. In establishing such conditions and limitations, the commission shall take into consideration any financial obligations that a provider of an electric service incurred, as of the date on which customers may begin obtaining potentially competitive services from alternative sellers, to carry out a statutory obligation of a utility.
- 2. Upon a showing of good cause by a party requesting an investigation or upon motion of the commission, the commission shall conduct an investigation of the operation of the relevant markets for any electric service in this state to determine whether those markets are functioning in a manner consistent with the provisions of NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive. The investigation must include, without limitation, the effect on the market of:
- (a) Mergers, consolidations or acquisitions of the assets or the securities of providers of electric services;
- (b) The disposition of ownership, operation or control of the assets of providers of electric services;
  - (c) Transmission congestion or constraints; and
  - (d) Anticompetitive or discriminatory conduct.



3. The commission may require an alternative seller, an electric distribution utility or a vertically integrated electric utility to provide information directly related to the provision of electric services by the alternative seller, electric distribution utility or vertically integrated electric utility in this state, including, but not limited to, documents and testimony, in accordance with the regulations of the commission relating to the discovery of information for a provider of electric service.

- 4. If evidence is presented to the commission that anticompetitive or discriminatory conduct, including, but not limited to, the unlawful exercise of market power, is denying customers the benefits of effective competition in a market for electric services, the commission shall:
- (a) Consult with, and transmit such evidence to, the attorney general; and
- (b) If appropriate, inform, and transmit such evidence to, the United States Department of Justice and any appropriate federal agency.
- 5. NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive, must not be construed as exempting alternative sellers and affiliates from any other applicable statute of this state or the United States, relating to consumer and antitrust protections. The exemption provided in paragraph (c) of subsection 3 of NRS 598A.040 does not apply to conduct of or actions taken by an alternative seller pursuant to NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive.
- 6. Nothing in NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive, requires any person who is or has been aggrieved by the conduct of an alternative seller to seek relief first before the commission.

**Sec. 9.** NRS 704.9826 is hereby amended to read as follows:

704.9826 1. [The provider of electric service designated pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 704.982] If, before July 2, 2003, a designated provider receives approval to dispose of all of its generation assets pursuant to section 7 of this act, the designated provider is entitled to recover only from the gain, if any, from the [sale] disposal by the designated provider of all of its generation assets any shortfall during the period commencing on March 1, 2000, or such other date that is determined to be in the public interest by the governor pursuant to NRS 704.976, and ending on March 1, 2003, that results from the netting of any difference between:

- (a) The revenues generated by the total rates charged to all classes of customers pursuant to NRS 704.9823; and
- (b) The total cost incurred by the *designated* provider to provide that service to all classes of customers.
- 2. [Upon] If the provisions of subsection 1 apply to a designated provider, upon approval of the amount of the net shortfall, if any, the commission shall authorize the designated provider to recover that amount from the gain, if any, on the [sale] disposal of all of its generation assets, after the deduction of any taxes.
- 3. If, before July 2, 2003, a designated provider has not received approval to dispose of all of its generation assets pursuant to section 7 of this act, the commission shall authorize the designated provider to recover any shortfall described in subsection 1 from:



- (a) The gain, if any, on the disposal of the generation assets, if any, for which the designated provider received approval before July 2, 2003, after the deduction of any taxes; and
  - (b) Any just and reasonable charges allowed pursuant to subsection 4.
- If the provisions of subsection 3 apply to a designated provider and the commission determines that the amount recovered by the designated provider pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 3 is less than the amount that the designated provider most likely would have recovered if the designated provider had received approval before July 2, 2003, to dispose of all of its generation assets, the commission shall authorize the designated provider to assess just and reasonable charges to recover the difference between such amounts.
- 5. If the commission authorizes a designated provider to assess just and reasonable charges pursuant to subsection 4, the commission shall adopt by regulation procedures to provide for the direct and unavoidable assessment of those charges on customers. The procedures must include a determination of the period over which the charges will be assessed on customers and include the authority for the commission to assess the charges on those customers who are no longer receiving transmission or distribution service, or both, from the designated provider. Such determinations and procedures must not discriminate against a participant in the market.

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- 6. As used in this section [, "total]:
  (a) "Designated provider" means a provider of electric service designated pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 704.982.
  (b) "Dispose of a generation asset" has the meaning ascribed to it in
- section 3 of this act.
- (c) "Generation asset" has the meaning ascribed to it in section 5 of this act.
- (d) "Total cost incurred by the designated provider" means the total revenues generated by all classes by the rates in effect on July 1, 1999, as adjusted to account for the effects of any decision of the commission relating to any cases filed with the commission before October 1, 1999, which involve the use of deferred accounting.
  - **Sec. 10.** NRS 704.986 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 704.986 1. Each vertically integrated electric utility shall submit to the commission, pursuant to a schedule established by the commission, a plan for compliance with the requirements set forth in NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive, and the applicable regulations. The vertically integrated electric utility shall include with the plan any information the commission needs to:
  - (a) Set rates for electric services, including, but not limited to:
- (1) A statement of the costs of the vertically integrated electric utility to provide the service.
- (2) The amount of revenue required by the vertically integrated
- (b) Allocate among customers the costs of service and the requirements for revenues for noncompetitive services.



(c) Adopt regulations for potentially competitive services if a market is not sufficiently competitive.

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- 2. The commission may exempt a vertically integrated electric utility or an alternative seller from the strict application of any provision of this chapter, other than the provisions of *sections 2 to 7, inclusive, of this act and* NRS 704.965 to 704.990, inclusive, upon a determination by the commission that the exemption is necessary to achieve effective competition within the electric industry.
- **Sec. 11.** Section 26 of chapter 600, Statutes of Nevada 1999, at page 3272, is hereby repealed.
  - **Sec. 12.** 1. The public utilities commission of Nevada shall:
- (a) Amend, modify, supplement, annul or vacate any order or directive issued by the commission before the effective date of this act that authorizes or requires an electric utility to dispose of any generation asset, if such disposal would violate the provisions of this act;
- (b) Take all appropriate action to request that the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and any other officer, agency or department of the Federal Government:
- (1) Not issue any order or directive that authorizes or requires an electric utility to dispose of any generation asset, if such an order or directive could be interpreted as being in conflict with or preempting the provisions of this act; and
- (2) Amend, modify, supplement, annul or vacate any order or directive issued before, on or after the effective date of this act that authorizes or requires an electric utility to dispose of any generation asset, if such an order or directive could be interpreted as being in conflict with or preempting the provisions of this act;
- (c) If any action taken pursuant to paragraph (b) is unsuccessful, take all appropriate legal action to challenge any order or directive issued by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission or any other officer, agency or department of the Federal Government that authorizes or requires an electric utility to dispose of any generation asset, if such an order or directive could be interpreted as being in conflict with or preempting the provisions of this act; and
- (d) Take any other action or issue any other orders necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the public utilities commission of Nevada is hereby empowered and authorized to take any action or to issue any orders necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.
  - **Sec. 13.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.



## TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

Section 26 of chapter 600, Statutes of Nevada 1999:

Sec. 26. If the pending merger between Sierra Pacific Resources and Nevada Power Company, referred to in the records of the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada as Docket No. 98-7023, is terminated for any reason before the completion of the merger, this act expires by limitation on the date on which the pending merger is terminated.



