SENATE BILL NO. 301-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF STATE BOARD OF ARCHITECTURE, INTERIOR DESIGN AND RESIDENTIAL DESIGN

MARCH 8, 2001

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing formation and operation of professional corporation or association by certain multiple disciplines. (BDR 7-634)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to business associations; revising the provisions governing the formation and operation of a professional corporation or association by certain multiple disciplines; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 89.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:

89.040 1. One or more persons may organize a professional corporation in the manner provided for organizing a private corporation pursuant to chapter 78 of NRS. Each person organizing the corporation must, except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of NRS 89.050, be authorized to perform the professional service for which the corporation is organized. The articles of incorporation must contain the following additional information:

- (a) The profession to be practiced by means of the professional corporation.
- (b) The names and post office **[box]** boxes or street addresses, either residence or business, of the original stockholders and directors of the professional corporation.
- (c) [A] Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d) of this subsection, a certificate from the regulating board of the profession to be practiced showing that each of the directors, and each of the stockholders who is a natural person, is licensed to practice the profession.
- (d) For a professional corporation organized pursuant to this chapter and practicing pursuant to the provisions of NRS 623.349, a certificate



from the regulating board or boards of the profession or professions to be practiced showing that control and two-thirds ownership of the corporation is held by persons registered or licensed pursuant to the applicable provisions of chapter 623, 623A or 625 of NRS. As used in this paragraph, "control" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 623.349.

2. The corporate name of a professional corporation must contain the words "Professional Corporation" or the abbreviation "Prof. Corp.," or the word "Chartered" or "Limited" or the abbreviation "Ltd." The corporate name must contain the last name of one or more of its stockholders. The corporation may render professional services and exercise its authorized powers under a fictitious name if the corporation has first registered the name in the manner required by chapter 602 of NRS.

Sec. 2. NRS 89.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 89.050 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a professional corporation may be organized only for the purpose of rendering one specific type of professional service and may not engage in any business other than rendering the professional service for which it was organized and services reasonably related thereto, except that a professional corporation may own real and personal property appropriate to its business and may invest its [funds] money in any form of real property, securities or any other type of investment.
- 2. A professional corporation may be organized to render a professional service relating to:
- (a) Architecture, interior design, *residential design*, engineering and landscape architecture, or any combination thereof, and may be composed of persons:
- (1) Engaged in the practice of architecture as provided in chapter 623 of NRS;
- (2) Practicing as a registered interior designer as provided in chapter 623 of NRS;
- (3) Engaged in the practice of residential design as provided in chapter 623 of NRS;
- (4) Engaged in the practice of landscape architecture as provided in chapter 623A of NRS; and
- [(4)] (5) Engaged in the practice of professional engineering as provided in chapter 625 of NRS.
- (b) Medicine, homeopathy and osteopathy, and may be composed of persons engaged in the practice of medicine as provided in chapter 630 of NRS, persons engaged in the practice of homeopathic medicine as provided in chapter 630A of NRS and persons engaged in the practice of osteopathic medicine as provided in chapter 633 of NRS. Such a professional corporation may market and manage additional professional corporations which are organized to render a professional service relating to medicine, homeopathy and osteopathy.
- 3. A professional corporation may render a professional service only through its officers and employees [, all of whom must be authorized to render that] who are licensed or otherwise authorized by law to render the professional service.



Sec. 3. NRS 89.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

89.070 1. Except as otherwise provided in [subsections 2 and 3:] this section and NRS 623.349:

(a) No corporation organized under the provisions of this chapter may issue any of its stock to anyone other than a natural person who is licensed to render the same specific professional services as those for which the corporation was incorporated.

(b) No stockholder of a corporation organized under this chapter may enter into a voting trust agreement or any other type of agreement vesting another person with the authority to exercise the voting power of any or all of his stock, unless the other person is licensed to render the same specific professional services as those for which the corporation was incorporated.

(c) No shares of a corporation organized under this chapter may be sold or transferred except to a natural person who is eligible to be a stockholder of the corporation or to the personal representative or estate of a deceased or legally incompetent stockholder. The personal representative or estate of the stockholder may continue to own shares for a reasonable period, but may not participate in any decisions concerning the rendering of professional services.

The articles of incorporation or bylaws may provide specifically for additional restrictions on the transfer of shares and may provide for the redemption or purchase of the shares by the corporation, its stockholders or an eligible individual account plan complying with the requirements of subsection 2 at prices and in a manner specifically set forth. A stockholder may transfer his shares in the corporation or any other interest in the assets of the corporation to a revocable trust if he acts as trustee of the revocable trust and any person who acts as cotrustee and is not licensed to perform the services for which the corporation was incorporated does not participate in any decisions concerning the rendering of those services.

2. [A] Except as otherwise provided in NRS 623.349, a person not licensed to render the professional services for which the corporation was incorporated may own a beneficial interest in any of the assets, including corporate shares, held for his account by an eligible individual account plan sponsored by the professional corporation for the benefit of its employees, which is intended to qualify under section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, [1] 26 U.S.C. § 401, [1] if the terms of the trust are such that the total number of shares which may be distributed for the benefit of persons not licensed to render the professional services for which the corporation was incorporated is less than a controlling interest and:

(a) The trustee of the trust is licensed to render the same specific professional services as those for which the corporation was incorporated; or

(b) The trustee is not permitted to participate in any corporate decisions concerning the rendering of professional services in his capacity as trustee.

A trustee who is individually a stockholder of the corporation may participate in his individual capacity as a stockholder, director or officer in any corporate decision.



3. [A] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a professional corporation in which all the stockholders who are natural persons are licensed to render the same specific professional service [.] may acquire and hold stock in another professional corporation, or in a similar corporation organized pursuant to the corresponding law of another state, only if all the stockholders who are natural persons of the corporation whose stock is acquired are licensed in that corporation's state of incorporation to render the same specific professional service as the stockholders who are natural persons of the professional corporation that acquires the stock.

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- 4. A professional corporation practicing pursuant to NRS 623.349 in which all the stockholders are natural persons, regardless of whether or not the natural persons are licensed to render the same specific professional service, may acquire and hold stock in another professional corporation or in a similar corporation organized pursuant to the corresponding law of another state if control and two-thirds ownership of the business organization or association that is acquired is held by persons registered or licensed pursuant to the applicable provisions of chapter 623, 623A or 625 of NRS. As used in this subsection, "control" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 623.349.
- 5. Any act in violation of this section is void and does not pass any rights or privileges or vest any powers, except to an innocent person who is not a stockholder and who has relied on the effectiveness of the action.
 - Sec. 4. NRS 89.080 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 89.080 1. If any officer, stockholder, director or employee of a corporation organized under this chapter who has been rendering professional service to the public becomes legally disqualified to render such professional services within this state, he shall sever within a reasonable period all professional service with and financial interest in the corporation, [;] but this chapter does not prevent a corporation formed under this chapter from entering into a contract with an employee which provides for severance pay or for compensation for past services upon termination of professional service, whether by death or otherwise.
- 2. [No] Except as otherwise provided in NRS 623.349, a natural person may not be an officer or director of a corporation organized under this chapter [other than a natural person who] unless he is licensed to render the same specific professional services as those for which the corporation was incorporated.
- 3. Upon the death of a stockholder of a corporation who has transferred his interest in the corporation to a revocable trust as permitted by NRS 89.070, the trustee of the revocable trust may continue to retain any interest so transferred, including corporate shares, for a reasonable period, but may not exercise any authority concerning the rendering of professional services and may not, except as otherwise provided in NRS 623.349, distribute the corporate interest to any person not licensed to render the services for which the corporation was incorporated.
- 4. A corporation's failure to require compliance with the provisions of this section is a ground for the forfeiture of its charter.



Sec. 5. NRS 89.230 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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89.230 [Members] Except as otherwise provided in NRS 623.349, members who organize a professional association must all be natural persons licensed to render the same specific professional services as those for which the professional association is organized. A Except as otherwise provided by law, a professional association may render professional service only through its members and employees [, all of whom must be licensed who are licensed or otherwise authorized by law to render the professional service.

Sec. 6. NRS 89.240 is hereby amended to read as follows: 89.240 1. If any member or employee of a professional association who has been rendering professional service to the public becomes legally disqualified to render the professional service within this state, he shall sever within a reasonable period all professional service with and financial interest in the association; but this chapter does not prevent a professional association from entering into a contract with a member or employee which provides for severance pay or for compensation for past services upon termination of professional service, whether by death or otherwise. Upon the death of a member of the association who has transferred his interest in the association to a revocable trust as permitted by subsection 2, the trustee of the revocable trust may continue to retain any interest so transferred for a reasonable period, but may not exercise any authority concerning the rendering of professional services and may not, except as otherwise provided in NRS 623.349, distribute the interest in the association or its assets to any person not licensed to render the services for which the association was organized.

- 2. [No] Except as otherwise authorized by NRS 623.349, a membership interest in a professional association may not be sold or transferred except to a natural person who is eligible to be a member of the association or to the personal representative or estate of a deceased or legally incompetent member, except as provided in this subsection. The personal representative of such a member may continue to own such interest for a reasonable period, but may not participate in any decisions concerning the rendering of professional service. A member may transfer his interest in the association or any other interest in the assets of the association to a revocable trust if he acts as trustee of the revocable trust and any person who acts as cotrustee and is not licensed to perform the services for which the association is organized does not participate in any decisions concerning the rendering of those professional services.
- 3. The articles of association may provide specifically for additional restrictions on the transfer of members' interests and may provide for the redemption or purchase of such an interest by the association or its other members at prices and in a manner specifically set forth in the articles.

Sec. 7. NRS 89.250 is hereby amended to read as follows:

89.250 1. [A] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a professional association shall, on or before the last day of the month in which the anniversary date of its organization occurs in each year, furnish a statement to the secretary of state showing the names and residence addresses of all members and employees in such association and shall



certify that all members and employees are licensed to render professional service in this state.

- 2. A professional association organized and practicing pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and NRS 623.349 shall, on or before the last day of the month in which the anniversary date of its organization occurs in each year, furnish a statement to the secretary of state:
- (a) Showing the names and residence addresses of all members and employees of the association;
- (b) Certifying that all members and employees who render professional service are licensed or otherwise authorized by law to render professional service in this state; and
- (c) Certifying that all members who are not licensed to render professional service in this state do not render professional service on behalf of the association except as authorized by law.
 - **3.** The statement must:

- (a) Be made on a form prescribed by the secretary of state and must not contain any fiscal or other information except that expressly called for by this section.
 - (b) Be signed by the chief executive officer of the association.
- 4. Upon filing the annual statement required by this section, the association shall pay to the secretary of state a fee of \$15.
- [4.] 5. As used in this section, "signed" means to have executed or adopted a name, word or mark, including, without limitation, a digital signature as defined in NRS 720.060, with the present intention to authenticate a document.
 - **Sec. 8.** NRS 625.407 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 625.407 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section:
- (a) A firm, partnership, corporation or other person engaged in or offering to engage in the practice of engineering or land surveying in this state shall employ full time at least one professional engineer or professional land surveyor, respectively, at each place of business where the work is or will be performed; and
- (b) All engineering or land-surveying work done at a place of business must be performed under a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, respectively, who has been placed in responsible charge of the work and who is employed full time at that particular place of business.
- 2. If the only professional engineer or professional land surveyor employed full time at a place of business where engineering or land-surveying work is performed ceases to be employed at that place of business, during the 30 days next following his departure:
- (a) The place of business is not required to employ full time a professional engineer or professional land surveyor; and
- (b) The professional engineer or professional land surveyor placed in responsible charge of engineering or land-surveying work performed at the place of business is not required to be employed full time at that place of business.
 - 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5:
- (a) A firm, partnership, corporation or other person who performs or offers to perform engineering services in a certain discipline at a particular



place of business in this state shall employ full time at that place of business a professional engineer licensed in that discipline.

- (b) Each person who holds himself out as practicing a certain discipline of engineering must be licensed in that discipline or employ full time a professional engineer licensed in that discipline.
- 4. [Architects, registered interior designers, residential designers, professional] *Professional* engineers and [landscape architects may, in accordance with the provisions of NRS 623.349,] *professional land surveyors may* join or form a partnership, corporation, limited-liability company or other business organization or association with registrants and licensees outside of their field of practice, or with persons who are not registered or licensed.
- 5. The provisions of this section do not apply to a firm, partnership, corporation or other person who:
- (a) Practices professional engineering for his benefit and does not engage in the practice of professional engineering or offer professional
- engineering services to other persons; or

 (b) Is engaged in the practice of professional engineering or land surveying in offices established for limited or temporary purposes, including offices established for the convenience of field survey crews or 18 19 20 offices established for inspecting construction. 21
 - **Sec. 9.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2001.

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