## SENATE BILL NO. 466-COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

## MARCH 22, 2001

## Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Makes various changes regarding ethics in government. (BDR 23-716)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

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Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets fomitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to ethics in government; revising certain provisions regarding prohibited pecuniary interests and commitments of public officers and employees; specifying a period for the retention of certain documents filed with the commission; providing a maximum civil penalty for failure to file financial disclosure statements in a timely manner; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 281.230 is hereby amended to read as follows:

281.230 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 218.605, the following persons shall not, in any manner, directly or indirectly, receive any commission, personal profit or compensation of any kind resulting from any contract or other *significant* transaction in which the employing state, county, municipality, township, district or quasimunicipal corporation is in any way *directly* interested or affected:

- (a) State, county, municipal, district and township officers of the State of Nevada;
- (b) Deputies and employees of state, county, municipal, district and township officers; and

(c) Officers and employees of quasi-municipal corporations.

- 2. A member of any board, commission or similar body who is engaged in the profession, occupation or business regulated by the board, commission or body may, in the ordinary course of his business, bid on or enter into a contract with any governmental agency, except the board or commission of which he is a member, if he has not taken part in developing the contract plans or specifications and he will not be personally involved in opening, considering or accepting offers.
- 3. A full- or part-time faculty member in the University and Community College System of Nevada may bid on or enter into a contract



with a governmental agency if he has not taken part in developing the contract plans or specifications and he will not be personally involved in opening, considering or accepting offers.

- 4. A public officer or employee, other than an officer or employee described in subsection 2 or 3, may bid on or enter into a contract with a governmental agency if the contracting process is controlled by rules of open competitive bidding, the sources of supply are limited, he has not taken part in developing the contract plans or specifications and he will not be personally involved in opening, considering or accepting offers.
- 5. A person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall be punished as provided in NRS 197.230 and:
- (a) Where the commission, personal profit or compensation is \$250 or more, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.
- (b) Where the commission, personal profit or compensation is less than \$250, for a misdemeanor.
- 6. A person who violates the provisions of this section shall pay any commission, personal profit or compensation resulting from the contract or transaction to the employing state, county, municipality, township, district or quasi-municipal corporation as restitution.
  - Sec. 2. NRS 281.236 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.236 1. A public utility or parent organization or subsidiary of a public utility shall not employ a former member of the public utilities commission of Nevada for 1 year after the termination of his service on the commission.
- 2. A person who holds a license issued pursuant to chapter 463 or 464 of NRS or who is required to register with the Nevada gaming commission pursuant to chapter 463 of NRS shall not employ a former member of the state gaming control board or the Nevada gaming commission for 1 year after the termination of the member's service on the board or commission.
- 3. In addition to the prohibitions set forth in subsections 1 and 2, a business or industry whose activities are governed by regulations adopted by a department, division or other agency of the executive branch of government shall not, except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, employ a former public officer or employee of the agency, except a clerical employee, for 1 year after the termination of his service or period of employment if:
- (a) His principal duties included the formulation of policy contained in the regulations governing the business or industry;
- (b) During the immediately preceding year he directly performed activities, or controlled or influenced an audit, decision, investigation or other action, which significantly affected the business or industry which might, but for this section, employ him; or
- (c) As a result of his governmental service or employment, he possesses knowledge of the trade secrets of a direct business competitor.
- 4. A public officer or employee may request the commission on ethics to apply the relevant facts in his case to the provisions of subsection 3 and determine whether relief from the strict application of the provisions is proper. If the commission on ethics determines that relief from the strict application of the provisions of subsection 3 is not contrary to:



(a) The best interests of the public;

- (b) The continued integrity of state government; and
- (c) The code of ethical standards prescribed in NRS 281.481,
- it may issue an **forder** *opinion* to that effect and grant such relief. The **fdecision** *opinion* of the commission on ethics in such a case is subject to judicial review.
- 5. As used in this section, "regulation" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 233B.038.
  - Sec. 3. NRS 281.4365 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.4365 1. "Public officer" means a person elected or appointed to a position which is established by the constitution of the State of Nevada, a statute of this state or an ordinance of any of its counties or incorporated cities and which involves the exercise of a public power, trust or duty. As used in this section, "the exercise of a public power, trust or duty" [includes:] means:
- (a) Actions taken in an official capacity which involve a substantial and material exercise of administrative discretion in the formulation of public policy;
  - (b) The expenditure of public money; and
  - (c) The enforcement of laws and rules of the state, a county or a city.
  - 2. "Public officer" does not include:
- (a) Any justice, judge or other officer of the court system;
  - (b) A commissioner of deeds;
- (c) Any member of a board, commission or other body whose function is advisory;
- (d) Any member of a board of trustees for a general improvement district or special district whose official duties do not include the formulation of a budget for the district or the authorization of the expenditure of the district's money; or
  - (e) A county health officer appointed pursuant to NRS 439.290.
  - **Sec. 4.** NRS 281.491 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.491 In addition to the requirements of the code of ethical tandards:
- 1. A member of the executive branch or public employee of the executive branch shall not accept compensation from any private person to represent or counsel him on any issue pending before the agency in which that officer or employee serves, if the agency makes decisions. Any such officer or employee who leaves the service of the agency shall not, for 1 year after leaving the service of the agency, represent or counsel for compensation a private person upon any issue which was under consideration by the agency during his service. As used in this subsection, "issue" includes a case, proceeding, application, contract or determination, but does not include the proposal or consideration of legislative measures or administrative regulations.
- 2. A member of the legislative branch, or a member of the executive branch or public employee whose public service requires less than half of his time, may represent or counsel a private person before an agency in which he does not serve. Any other member of the executive branch or



public employee shall not represent a client for compensation before any state agency of the executive or legislative branch of government.

- 3. Not later than January 10 of each year, any legislator or other public officer who has, within the preceding year, represented or counseled a private person for compensation before a state agency of the executive branch shall disclose for each such representation or counseling during the previous calendar year:
  - (a) The name of the client;

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- (b) The nature of the representation; and
- (c) The name of the state agency.

The disclosure must be made in writing and filed with the commission  $\mathbb{H}$ , on a form prescribed by the commission. The commission shall retain a disclosure filed pursuant to this subsection for 6 years after the date on which the disclosure was filed.

- Sec. 5. NRS 281.552 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.552 1. Every public officer shall acknowledge that he has received, read and understands the statutory ethical standards. The acknowledgment must be on a form prescribed by the commission and must accompany the first statement of financial disclosure that the public officer is required to file with the commission pursuant to NRS 281.561.
- 2. The commission shall retain an acknowledgment filed pursuant to this section for 6 years after the date on which the acknowledgment was filed.
- Willful refusal to execute and file the acknowledgment required by this section constitutes nonfeasance in office and is a ground for removal pursuant to NRS 283.440.
- Sec. 6. NRS 281.581 is hereby amended to read as follows: 281.581 1. A candidate or public or judicial officer who fails to file his statement of financial disclosure in a timely manner pursuant to NRS 281.561 is subject to a civil penalty and payment of court costs and attorney's fees. [The] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the amount of the civil penalty is:
- (a) If the statement is filed not more than 7 days late, \$25 for each day the statement is late.
- (b) If the statement is filed more than 7 days late but not more than 15 days late, \$175 for the first 7 days, plus \$50 for each additional day the statement is late.
- (c) If the statement is filed more than 15 days late, \$575 for the first 15 days, plus \$100 for each additional day the statement is late.
- The commission may, for good cause shown, waive or reduce the civil penalty.
- 3. The civil penalty imposed for a violation of this section must not exceed the annual compensation for the office for which the statement was filed.
- 4. The civil penalty must be recovered in a civil action brought in the name of the State of Nevada by the commission in a court of competent jurisdiction and deposited with the state treasurer for credit to the state general fund.



- [4.] 5. If the commission waives a civil penalty pursuant to subsection 2, the commission shall:

  (a) Create a record which sets forth that the civil penalty has been waived and describes the circumstances that constitute the good cause shown; and
- (b) Ensure that the record created pursuant to paragraph (a) is available for review by the general public.



