SENATE BILL NO. 546-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL)

MARCH 26, 2001

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises penalties for second or subsequent offense of abuse or neglect of child. (BDR 15-471)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

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Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to crimes; revising the penalties for a second or subsequent offense of abuse or neglect of a child; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 200.359 is hereby amended to read as follows:

200.359 1. A person having a limited right of custody to a child by operation of law or pursuant to an order, judgment or decree of any court, including a judgment or decree which grants another person rights to custody or visitation of the child, or any parent having no right of custody to the child, who:

(a) In violation of an order, judgment or decree of any court willfully detains, conceals or removes the child from a parent, guardian or other person having lawful custody or a right of visitation of the child; or

(b) In the case of an order, judgment or decree of any court that does not specify when the right to physical custody or visitation is to be exercised, removes the child from the jurisdiction of the court without the consent of either the court or all persons who have the right to custody or visitation,

15 is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS16 193.130.

2. A parent who has joint legal custody of a child pursuant to NRS 125.465 shall not willfully conceal or remove the child from the custody of the other parent with the specific intent to deprive the other parent of the



parent and child relationship. A person who violates this subsection shall be punished as provided in subsection 1.

- 3. If the mother of a child has primary physical custody pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 126.031, the father of the child shall not willfully conceal or remove the child from the physical custody of the mother. If the father of a child has primary physical custody pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 126.031, the mother of the child shall not willfully conceal or remove the child from the physical custody of the father. A person who violates this subsection shall be punished as provided in subsection 1.
- 4. Before an arrest warrant may be issued for a violation of this section, the court must find that:
- (a) This is the home state of the child, as defined in subsection 5 of NRS 125A.040; and
- (b) There is cause to believe that the entry of a court order in a civil proceeding brought pursuant to chapter 125, 125A or 125C of NRS will not be effective to enforce the rights of the parties and would not be in the best interests of the child.
- 5. Upon conviction for a violation of this section, the court shall order the defendant to pay restitution for any expenses incurred in locating or recovering the child.
- 6. The prosecuting attorney may recommend to the judge that the defendant be sentenced as for a misdemeanor and the judge may impose such a sentence if he finds that:
- (a) The defendant has no prior conviction for this offense and the child has suffered no substantial harm as a result of the offense; or
- (b) The interests of justice require that the defendant be punished as for a misdemeanor.
- 7. A person who aids or abets any other person to violate this section shall be punished as provided in subsection 1.
- 8. This section does not apply to a person who detains, conceals or removes a child to protect the child from the imminent danger of abuse or neglect or to protect himself from imminent physical harm, and reported the detention, concealment or removal to a law enforcement agency or an agency which provides protective services within 24 hours after detaining, concealing or removing the child, or as soon as the circumstances allowed. As used in this subsection:
- (a) "Abuse or neglect" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of subsection $\frac{3}{4}$ of NRS 200.508.
- (b) "Agency which provides protective services" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.030.
 - **Sec. 2.** NRS 200.508 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 200.508 1. A person who:

- (a) Willfully causes a child who is less than 18 years of age to suffer unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering as a result of abuse or neglect or to be placed in a situation where the child may suffer physical pain or mental suffering as the result of abuse or neglect; or
- (b) Is responsible for the safety or welfare of a child and who permits or allows that child to suffer unjustifiable physical pain or mental suffering as a result of abuse or neglect or to be placed in a situation where the child



may suffer physical pain or mental suffering as the result of abuse or neglect,

is guilty of a gross misdemeanor unless a more severe penalty is prescribed by law for an act or omission which brings about the abuse, neglect or danger.

- 2. A person who violates any provision of subsection 1 who has previously been convicted of a violation of this section or of a violation of the law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct is guilty of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130 unless a more severe penalty is prescribed by law for an act or omission which brings about the abuse, neglect or danger.
- 3. A person who violates any provision of subsection 1, if substantial bodily or mental harm results to the child:
- (a) If the child is less than 14 years of age and the harm is the result of sexual abuse or exploitation, is guilty of a category A felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for parole beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served; or
- (b) In all other such cases to which paragraph (a) does not apply, is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 20 years.
 - [3.] 4. As used in this section:

- (a) "Abuse or neglect" means physical or mental injury of a nonaccidental nature, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child under the age of 18 years, as set forth in paragraph (d) and NRS 432B.070, 432B.100, 432B.110, 432B.140 and 432B.150, under circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is harmed or threatened with harm.
- (b) "Allow" means to do nothing to prevent or stop the abuse or neglect of a child in circumstances where the person knows or has reason to know that the child is abused or neglected.
- (c) "Permit" means permission that a reasonable person would not grant and which amounts to a neglect of responsibility attending the care, custody and control of a minor child.
 - (d) "Physical injury" means:
 - (1) Permanent or temporary disfigurement; or
 - (2) Impairment of any bodily function or organ of the body.
- (e) "Substantial mental harm" means an injury to the intellectual or psychological capacity or the emotional condition of a child as evidenced by an observable and substantial impairment of the ability of the child to function within his normal range of performance or behavior.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 207.012 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 207.012 1. A person who:
- (a) Has been convicted in this state of a felony listed in subsection 2; and
- (b) Before the commission of that felony, was twice convicted of any crime which under the laws of the situs of the crime or of this state would



be a felony listed in subsection 2, whether the prior convictions occurred in this state or elsewhere,

is a habitual felon and shall be punished for a category A felony by imprisonment in the state prison:

(1) For life without the possibility of parole;

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(2) For life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for parole

beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served; or

(3) For a definite term of 25 years, with eligibility for parole

beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served.

- The district attorney shall include a count under this section in any information or shall file a notice of habitual felon if an indictment is found, if each prior conviction and the alleged offense committed by the accused constitutes a violation of subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 193.330, NRS 199.160, 199.500, 200.030, 200.320, 200.330, 200.340, 200.366, 200.380, 200.390, subsection 3 or 4 of NRS 200.400, NRS 200.410, subsection 3 of NRS 200.450, subsection 4 of NRS 200.460, NRS 200.465, subsection 2 *or 3* of NRS 200.508, NRS 200.710, 200.720, 201.230, 201.450, 202.170, 202.270, subsection 2 of NRS 202.780, paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 202.820, subsection 2 of NRS 202.830, NRS 205.010, subsection 4 of NRS 205.060, subsection 4 of NRS 205.067, NRS 205.075, 207.400, paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 212.090, NRS 453.333, 484.219 or 484.3795.
- The trial judge may not dismiss a count under this section that is included in an indictment or information.

Sec. 4. NRS 178.5698 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.5698 1. The prosecuting attorney, sheriff or chief of police shall, upon the written request of a victim or witness, inform him:

(a) When the defendant is released from custody at any time before or during the trial;

- (b) If the defendant is so released, the amount of bail required, if any; and
- (c) Of the final disposition of the criminal case in which he was directly involved.
- 2. If an offender is convicted of a sexual offense or an offense involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim, the court shall provide:
 - (a) To each witness, documentation that includes:
- (1) A form advising the witness of the right to be notified pursuant to subsection 4;
 - (2) The form that the witness must use to request notification; and
- (3) The form or procedure that the witness must use to provide a change of address after a request for notification has been submitted.
 - (b) To each person listed in subsection 3, documentation that includes:
- (1) A form advising the person of the right to be notified pursuant to subsection 4 or 5 and NRS 176.015, 176A.630, 209.392, 209.3925, 209.521, 213.010, 213.040, 213.095 and 213.130;
 - (2) The forms that the person must use to request notification; and
- (3) The forms or procedures that the person must use to provide a change of address after a request for notification has been submitted.



- 3. The following persons are entitled to receive documentation pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2:
 - (a) A person against whom the offense is committed.

- (b) A person who is injured as a direct result of the commission of the offense.
- (c) If a person listed in paragraph (a) or (b) is under the age of 18 years, each parent or guardian who is not the offender.
- (d) Each surviving spouse, parent and child of a person who is killed as a direct result of the commission of the offense.
- (e) A relative of a person listed in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, if the relative requests in writing to be provided with the documentation.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, if the offense was a felony and the offender is imprisoned, the warden of the prison shall, if the victim or witness so requests in writing and provides his current address, notify him at that address when the offender is released from the prison.
- 5. If the offender was convicted of a violation of subsection 3 of NRS 200.366 or a violation of subsection 2 *or 3* of NRS 200.508, the warden of the prison shall notify:
- (a) The immediate family of the victim if the immediate family provides their current address;
- (b) Any member of the victim's family related within the third degree of consanguinity, if the member of the victim's family so requests in writing and provides his current address; and
- (c) The victim, if he will be 18 years of age or older at the time of the release and has provided his current address, before the offender is released from prison.
- 6. The warden must not be held responsible for any injury proximately caused by his failure to give any notice required pursuant to this section if no address was provided to him or if the address provided is inaccurate or not current.
 - 7. As used in this section:
- (a) "Immediate family" means any adult relative of the victim living in the victim's household.
 - (b) "Sexual offense" means:
 - (1) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;
 - (2) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368;
- (3) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;
- (4) An offense involving pornography and a minor pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;
 - (5) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;
- (6) Solicitation of a minor to engage in acts constituting the infamous crime against nature pursuant to NRS 201.195;
 - (7) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;
 - (8) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;
 - (9) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;
- (10) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;
 - (11) Annoyance or molestation of a minor pursuant to NRS 207.260;



- (12) An offense that, pursuant to a specific statute, is determined to be sexually motivated; or
 - (13) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this paragraph.
 - Sec. 5. NRS 213.1255 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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- 213.1255 1. In addition to any conditions of parole required to be imposed pursuant to NRS 213.1245, as a condition of releasing on parole a prisoner who was convicted of committing an offense listed in subsection 2 against a child under the age of 14 years, the board shall, when appropriate:
 - (a) Require the parolee to participate in psychological counseling;
- (b) Prohibit the parolee from being alone with a child unless another adult who has never been convicted of a sexual offense is present; and
- (c) Prohibit the parolee from being on or near the grounds of any place that is primarily designed for use by or for children, including, without limitation, a public or private school, a center or facility that provides day care services, a video arcade and an amusement park.
- 2. The provisions of subsection 1 apply to a prisoner who was convicted of:
- (a) Sexual assault pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 3 of NRS 200.366;
 - (b) Abuse or neglect of a child pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection [2] 3 of NRS 200.508;
 - (c) An offense punishable pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 200.750;
- (d) Solicitation of a minor to engage in acts constituting the infamous crime against nature pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 201.195;
- 26 (e) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230; or 27 (f) Any combination of the crimes listed in paragr
 - (f) Any combination of the crimes listed in paragraphs (a) to (e), inclusive.
 - **Sec. 6.** The amendatory provisions of this act do not apply to offenses committed before October 1, 2001.



