## SENATE BILL NO. 85-SENATORS CARLTON, TITUS, WIENER AND AMODEI

## February 7, 2001

## Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Creates commission to study disparity in compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees in public and private employment. (BDR S-452)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets <del>[omitted material]</del> is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to employment; requiring the Governor to create a commission to study the disparity of compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees in public and private employment; requiring the commission to report to the Legislature; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

WHEREAS, Despite federal and state laws banning disparity in compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees, in both the public and private sector, disparities exist between compensation paid to women and compensation paid to men and compensation paid to minorities and compensation paid to nonminorities in cases where the persons hold the same job or hold jobs which are not similar but which require equivalent composites of skill, effort, responsibility and working conditions; and

WHEREAS, The existence of such disparity:

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- 1. Depresses wages and living standards for employees who receive disparately low compensation;
- 2. Reduces family incomes and contributes to the higher poverty rates among households headed by a female or a minority;
  - 3. Prevents the maximum use of labor resources available in this state;
- 4. Tends to cause labor disputes, thereby burdening, affecting and obstructing commerce;
  - 5. Constitutes an unfair method of competition; and
- 6. Violates the policy of this state against such disparity in compensation; and

WHEREAS, Disparity in compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees has contributed to depressed wages for women and minorities; and



WHEREAS, Eliminating disparity in compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees would have positive effects on our society, including, without limitation:

- 1. Providing a solution to problems in the economy which are the result of such disparity in compensation;
- 2. Reducing the number of women and minorities who earn disparately low wages, thereby lowering their incidences of poverty during working years and in retirement; and
  - 3. Promoting stable families by increasing income for families; and

WHEREAS, Current methods of preventing employers from establishing disparate compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees have proven to be only partially effective; and

WHEREAS, Understanding the full extent and the causes of disparities in compensation in public and private employment, that exist between compensation paid to men and compensation paid to women and between compensation paid to minorities and compensation paid to nonminorities, would enable the state to take more effective measures to reduce such disparities and to eliminate the practice of establishing disparate compensation based upon differing genders, races or national origins of employees; now, therefore,

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** The purposes of this Act and the Equal Pay Commission are to:

- 1. Investigate the cause and extent of disparate compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees in both public and private employment in this state;
- 2. Develop reliable data about the cause and extent of such disparate compensation;
- 3. Educate the public about the cause and extent of disparate compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees in this state; and
- 4. Make recommendations to the Legislature and to the Governor on methods of eliminating and preventing the employment practice of establishing disparate compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees in this state.
- **Sec. 2.** 1. Not later than 90 days after July 1, 2001, the Governor shall create an Equal Pay Commission, consisting of 13 members, appointed as follows:
  - (a) Nine members appointed by the Governor as follows:
- (1) Two members who represent business interests in this state and who are appointed from a list of persons nominated to serve on the Commission by business organizations and trade associations in this state;
- (2) Two members who represent labor organizations who have been nominated by state labor federations;
- (3) Two members from institutions of higher learning or research organizations who have experience and expertise in collecting and



analyzing data concerning disparities in compensation and whose research has already been used in efforts to promote the elimination of those disparities; and

(4) Three members who represent organizations which:

- (I) Are dedicated to eliminating disparity in compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees; and
- (II) Have undertaken advocacy, educational or legislative initiatives in pursuit of that objective.
  - (b) One member appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly.
  - (c) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Assembly.
  - (d) One member appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate.
  - (e) One member appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate.
  - 2. The members of the Commission:
  - (a) Serve without compensation; and
- (b) Are entitled to the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally while engaged in the business of the Commission.
  - 3. The Commission shall:

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- (a) Appoint a chairman from among its members; and
- (b) Meet at the times and places specified by the call of the chairman.
- 4. As used in this section, "state labor federation" means an organization which:
- (a) Is chartered by a federation of national or international employee unions;
  - (b) Admits local employee unions to its membership; and
- (c) Exists primarily to carry on educational, legislative and coordination activities.
  - **Sec. 3.** 1. The Equal Pay Commission shall conduct a complete study of:
- (a) The extent of disparities in compensation between women and men and between minorities and nonminorities who are employed in the same position or similar positions in:
  - (1) Employment with the state;
  - (2) Employment with local governments; and
  - (3) Private employment;
- (b) The factors that cause or tend to cause the disparities described in subsection 1:
- (c) The consequences of the disparities described in subsection 1, including, without limitation, the effect of such disparities on the economy and on the families of the persons who receive disparately low compensation; and
- (d) Actions, including, without limitation, proposed legislation, that are likely to lead to elimination and prevention of such disparities.
- 2. The Commission shall, not later than 18 months after its members are appointed, submit a report to the Legislature. The report must:
  - (a) Include the results of its study;
- (b) Compare disparities found in state employment with disparities found in private employment;



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(c) Compare disparities found in state employment with disparities found in employment with local governments; and
(d) Provide recommendations for actions that would promote the elimination and prevention of disparate compensation based on differing genders, races or national origins of employees in this state, including, without limitation, recommendations for legislation.

3. After reviewing the report submitted pursuant to subsection 2, the Legislature will transmit the report to the Governor.

Sec. 4. This Act becomes effective on July 1, 2001, and expires by limitation on July 1, 2003. 9 10



