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Proposed Amendment to AB 429 (Page 5, Sec. 8, new subsection 3)

For the purposes of this section, hydropower is defined as:
The utilization of water; whether it be standing, running or falling; as a source of power by any facility or incidental facility intended to be employed in the generation of electrical energy no greater than 15 megawatts.

Proposed amendment from Barrick Goldstrike Mines Susan L. Fisher 775-742-7080

ASSEMBLY COMMERCE & LABOR
DATE: 4/1/03 ROOM: 4(0) EXHIBIT K
SUBMITTED BY: SWAN FISHER

Assembly Commerce & Labor April 7, 2003 AB429

Suggested definition of Hydropower

Acceptable Types of Hydropower

Impoundment (most typical of large hydropower systems)

Uses a dam or mechanism to store water in a reservoir. Water may be released to meet downstream water demands (e.g. irrigation) or to meet changing electricity needs.

Diversion (generally occurs on rivers/streams and has minimal impact on flow) Uses a diversion facility to channel water through a canal or penstock. Run-of-river and in-pipe installations generally fall into this category.

<u>Acceptable Sizes of Hydropower Plants (from utility-scale to individual use)</u> Small Hydropower

DOE defines small hydropower as facilities that have a capacity of 0.1 to 30 megawatts.

Micro Hydropower

DOE defines micro hydropower as facilities that have a capacity of up to 100 kilowatts (0.1 MW)

(Source: US Department of Energy – http://hydropower.inel.gov/) www.microhydropower.net

Provided by Susan L. Fisher for Barrick Goldstrike Mine Contact: 775-742-7080