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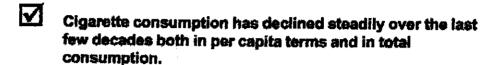
Contact the Library at (775) 684-6827 or library@lcb.state.nv.us.

January 29, 2003



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## Cigarette Tax Issues



- Consumption has declined due to health concerns, smoking restrictions on smoking in work places and public areas, and increases in prices and taxes.
- Per capita consumption (absent that caused by price increases) has declined on average by between 2 percent to 3 percent annually over this period.
- The revenue stream is also susceptible to increased federal, state, and local regulation, and possibly further taxation.
- Cigarette tax evasion has been identified as a state problem by the Board of Equalization (BOE), and as a national problem by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.
- The BOE estimates current revenue losses due to tax evasion in the low hundreds of millions of dollars.
- Tax increases for cigarettes would result in higher losses and could encourage additional evasion.
- No new cigarette tax enforcement measures have been proposed as part of the Governor's tax proposal.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON TAXATION 4 pages
DATE: 43/06/03 ROOM: 4/00 EXHIBIT \_\_\_\_\_\_
SUBMITTED BY: Potent D. Krueger



# Cigarette Tax Issues

(continued)

January 29, 2003

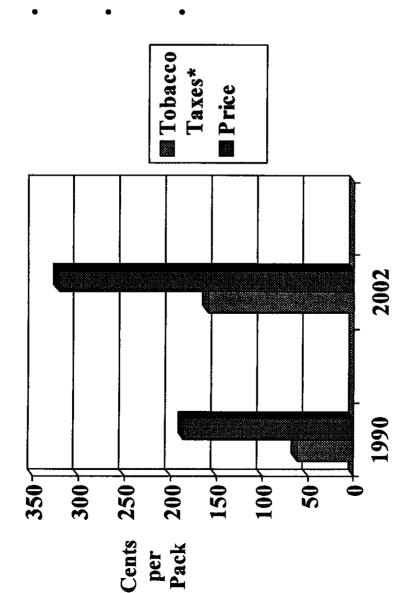
- $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ The appropriate level of taxation for cigarettes is subject to considerable debate.
  - The tax is generally regressive in its impacts based on income.
  - Most analysts argue that taxation is warranted due to smoking's social costs.

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# Nevada Cigarette Taxes and Prices: 1990-2002

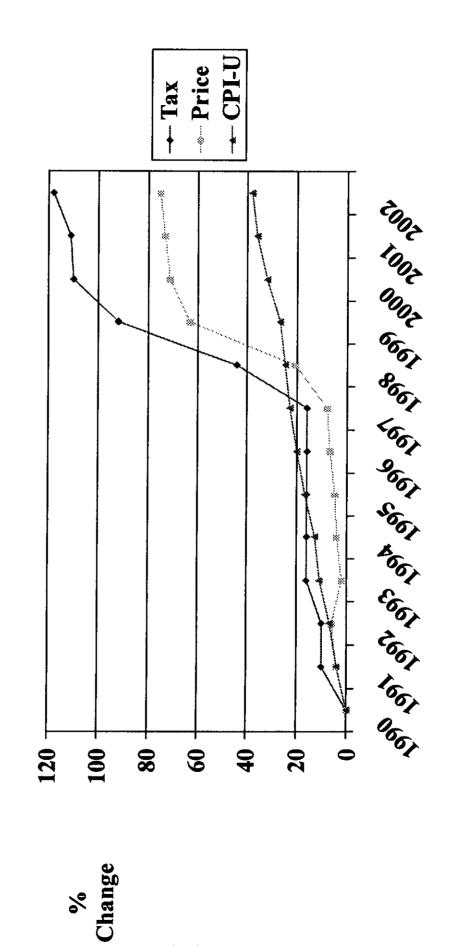


- Cigarette taxes have gone up 118% since 1990 from 62¢ per pack in 1990 to \$1.40 in 2002. Cigarette prices have gone up 75% since 1990 from \$1.86 to
  - \$3.22 per pack.
    Meanwhile, inflation, as measured by the Consumers Price Index (CPI-U), has gone up only 38% since 1990.

\* Includes NV state excise and sales tax ( $46\phi$  in 1990,  $57\phi$  in 2002), the federal excise tax ( $16\phi$  in 1990,  $39\phi$  in 2002), and the per pack costs of the MSA – the "settlement tax" ( $0\phi$  in 1990, est. at  $40\phi$  in 2002).

# Nevada Cigarette Taxes and Prices v. Inflation (CPI-U) Percent Change since 1990

Since 1990, taxes paid on a pack of cigarettes by Nevada smokers have gone up 118%, and prices have risen 75%. Inflation, as measured by the CPI-U, has only increased by 38% in that time frame.



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