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1. 9" CONE—Emits visual effect 7-8 ft.
2. 7" CONE—Emits visual display 5-6 ft.
3. 5" WHISTLER.
4. WHEELS—Spin vertically.
5. SNAKES—Smoke Pellet.
6. 11½" CONE.*
7. 8" BASE FOUNTAIN.*
8. 6" MULTI BASE FOUNTAIN.*
9. 6" BASE FOUNTAIN.*

10. 4" TRIANGLE FOUNTAIN.*
11. 9" BASE FOUNTAIN.*
12. 7" BASE FOUNTAIN WHISTLE.*
13. 5" BOX FOUNTAIN.*
14. 3" BOX FOUNTAIN—Display 3-5 ft.
15. 3" BOX FOUNTAIN—Display 4-5 ft. & 4 Horizontal Spinnes
16. SPARKLERS—Hand-Held 7-9"—Display in 6" Pattern.
17. SMOKE BALLS—Emits smoke.
18. 2" BOX FOUNTAIN—Display 3-5 ft.

*Emit visual display 4-10 ft.

THERE'S A REASON COMMON FIREWORKS ARE CALLED "SAFE AND SANE"

Safe and Sane Fireworks are a category of fireworks established by the California Legislature in 1957. Safe and Sane Fireworks do not explode and have none of the unstable characteristics of dangerous, illegal Class B explosive fireworks and certain illegal Class C Fireworks. Most of the State Fireworks Law in California is devoted to describing illegal, agricultural and wildlife fireworks. Safe and Sane is described as "anything that is not dangerous"—one paragraph out of six pages relating to fireworks in the Health and Safety Code.

The simple definition of Safe and Sane Fireworks is: "Pyrotechnic devices that produce audible and visual effects that **cannot** explode or rise into the air during discharge." When used according to the directions on each item, Safe and Sane Fireworks are safe for personal and family use.

FACT: Safe and Sane Fireworks must be tested and approved by the California State Fire Marshal to conform to the State Fireworks Law.

FACT: To be approved for sale and use by the State Fire Marshal, Safe and Sane Fireworks **must not** explode, rise into the air, discharge balls of fire into the air, dart or travel about the ground, or contain poisonous chemicals.

FACT: Safe and Sane Fireworks must meet the strict safety and labeling standards of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission.

FACT: In California, Safe and Sane Fireworks are recognized to be the most stringently regulated fireworks (for performance and safety) in the United States.

FACT: A 5-year study and subsequent national public hearings by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) concluded:

—A ban of common, family-type (Safe and Sane) fireworks is not effective. There is **not** a reduction in injuries because bootleggers of already illegal explosives and home-made devices flourish and break the law.

—Most accidents involving common (Safe and Sane) fireworks were due to serious **misuse** and **alteration**, not malfunction.

—Regulation and public safety instruction and education allows the public to enjoy the use of family-type fire-

works. Fireworks consumption nationwide more than doubled between 1976 and 1985. Yet, injuries **decrease** from 38.3 in 1976 to 16.2 in 1985. The decline in injuries due, in part, to the Consumer Product Safety Commission's (CPSC) tough standards that are willingly complied with by the Safe and Sane Fireworks industry.

FACT: The **lowest** category of hospital-treated injuries out of 125 products are attributed to Safe and Sane fireworks. Stairs, baseball, football, bicycles and basketball are the top five causes of product-related injuries in the United States.

FACT: Of the 170,584 fires reported by the California State Fire Marshal in 1985, **only 0.37%** were attributed to Safe and Sane fireworks.

FACT: During the July 4 holiday season, the Safe and Sane fireworks industry engages in a widespread public awareness and safety program.

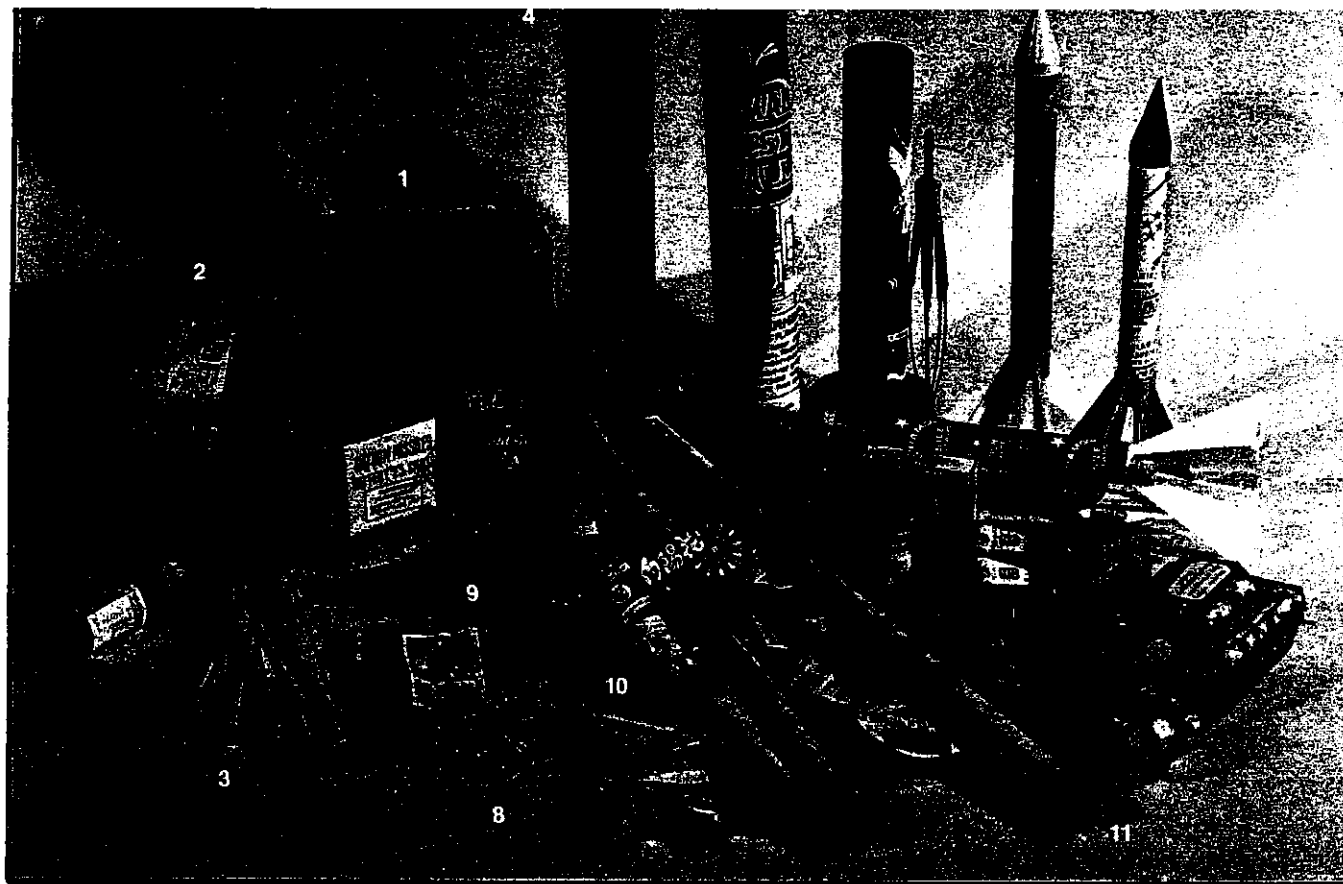
FACT: In 1981, law enforcement and fire regulatory agencies representing nine Southern California counties held a first-of-a-kind Fireworks Seminar. The #1 recommendation resulting from the seminar was to: "Obtain a total commitment from all regulatory agencies to **solve the problem**."

F EXHIBIT C Committee on Government Affairs

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ONLY Safe and Sane Fireworks Bear the State Fire Marshal's Seal.



1. **AERIAL**—Shoots 100 balls of fire 30 ft. to 40 ft. in air.
2. **96 SHOT COLOR PEARL**—Shoots small balls of flaming fire.
3. **BOTTLE ROCKET**—Often explodes. Uncontrollable flight. Causes many roof fires.
4. **MAGICAL BARRAGE**—Shoots 100 balls of flaming fire.
5. **FESTIVAL BALLS**—Reloadable mortar explodes—Shoots shells up to 100 ft. in air.
6. **ROCKETS**—Travel up to 500 ft. in the air, then explode.
7. **TANK FIREWORKS**—Travels along the ground and wildly shoots flames and firecrackers.

8. **FIRECRACKERS**—Often explode in hand.
 9. **HELICOPTERS and PLANES** are buzz bombs that often explode.
 10. **BOMBERS**—Drop firecrackers from 200 ft.
 11. **ROMAN CANDLES**—Shoots out flaming balls of fire 20 to 40 ft. in the air. Usually hand-held and dangerous.
- CHERRY BOMB (Not Shown)**—Highly powerful explosive.
M-80's (Not Shown)—Explosive impact equal to a 1/4 stick of dynamite.

ILLEGAL FIREWORKS: DANGEROUS EXPLOSIVES

The **difference** between Safe and Sane fireworks and dangerous, illegal explosives is **deadly**. The California Health and Safety Code (Chapter 1, Sec. 12505) defines "Dangerous Fireworks" as containing certain poisonous chemicals; as devices that use combustible or explosive material which rise in the air during discharge; devices that discharge balls of fire into the air; dart or travel about the ground; explode through means of friction; explode on impact; create the element of surprise upon the user.

Illegal fireworks are Class B and Class C Explosives. The Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) monitors fireworks performance and safety. Under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act, the use and possession of Class B fireworks are federally banned except by licensed pyrotechnicians. Possession or use of illegal fireworks is against the law!

Violation of the State Fireworks Law in California is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000, jail imprisonment up to one year, or both. Second convictions are punishable by mandatory sentencing. Violations involving one pound or more of dangerous, illegal explosives is a felony punishable by a state prison term up to one year and/or a fine up to \$5,000.

FACT: 3 out of 4 fireworks injuries are caused by illegal items in California. Fully one-third of these injuries have been caused by firecrackers, which are illegal. These dangerous explosives cause mostly serious, traumatic injuries.

FACT: Between 1971 and 1979, over 85% of reported fireworks fires were directly caused by dangerous, illegal fireworks.

FACT: In 1985, illegal fireworks caused 64% of building fires (75% of these fires were caused by illegal bottle rockets). Illegal bottle rockets, firecrackers and rockets accounted for the overwhelming majority of grass fires.

FACT: In 1982, over 4 million pieces of dangerous, illegal fireworks were seized in California by fire and police authorities. Illegal fireworks have been outlawed in California since 1945, yet only 59 arrests were reported in 1982 despite tough laws on the books.

FACT: In 1986, illegal fireworks caused over 74% of fireworks dollar loss in California.

FACT: All types of fireworks enter California's many ports, then are sent to other states. Fireworks that are illegal in California are transported illegally here from these other states—such as Ohio and Texas and through the Mexican border.

FACT: Too often, fires occurring during the July 4th season are attributed to fireworks **without differentiating** between illegal, dangerous fireworks and State approved Safe and Sane fireworks.

FACT: TOUGH LAWS ALREADY IN EXISTENCE MUST BE ENFORCED TO STOP THE PROLIFERATION OF UNSAFE, INSANE, DANGEROUS ILLEGAL FIREWORKS!

Fireworks — 3102 — firms to pay \$90K penalty

CASTAIC SIGNAL
(Los Angeles Co.)
Newhall, CA
(Cir. 2xW. 3,600)
Tuesday, July 4, 2000

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission said Monday that Red Rock Trading Co. Inc. and Blackjack Fireworks Inc., both of Las Vegas, have agreed to pay a total of \$90,000 to settle claims that they violated the Federal Hazardous Substances Act and the commission's Fireworks Regulations by importing banned fireworks.

The commission, whose job is to protect the public from unreasonable risks of injury from some 15,000 different products under its jurisdiction, alleged that Red Rock and Blackjack illegally imported approximately 730,000 banned firework devices between Dec. 14, 1994 and May 20, 1999. The banned devices included reloadable shells, jumping jacks, mine and shell devices, bottle rockets, stick rockets and sky rockets, CPSC said.

The incoming shipments were seized by customs officials and did not reach the hands of U.S. consumers.

Red Rock and Blackjack denied their culpability, as part of the settlement, which was agreed to on a 2-1 vote of commission board members.

— The Signal

8.04.180 Fireworks purchasers' form.

SECTION 1 — SELLER INFORMATION: Complete for all transactions.

PERMITTEE NAME: _____

Type of Sale:

_____ Retail

_____ Wholesale

Permit Expiration Date: _____

SECTION 2 — PURCHASER INFORMATION

NOTICE — The following acts are UNLAWFUL in Nye County:

1. DISCHARGING FIREWORKS.
2. Knowingly making a false statement on this FORM.
3. Altering or removing this FORM.
4. Failure to remove the fireworks from Nye County within a twenty-four (24) hour period.
5. Opening the shipping container in Nye County.

Commission on any of the above acts is punishable by fine not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, or by six months in the county jail, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Purchaser Name: _____ DOB: _____

Purchaser Address: _____

Destination: _____ Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

I solemnly swear, or affirm, that the information provided on this form is true to the best of my knowledge and I fully understand the consequences of violating the Nye County Fireworks Code.

SELLER: _____ Date of Purchase: _____

PURCHASER: _____ Time of Purchase: _____

(Ord. 133 (part), 1990)