7-ASSEMBLYMEN ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION No. GIUNCHIGLIANI, PARKS, ANDERSON, ARBERRY. CHRISTENSEN, CLABORN, COLLINS, CHOWNING, GOICOECHEA, GOLDWATER, Koivisto, MANENDO, McClain, MCCLEARY, MORTENSON, PIERCE AND WILLIAMS

MARCH 13, 2003

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments

SUMMARY—Proposes to amend Nevada Constitution to revise provisions relating to legislative sessions. (BDR C-43)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION—Proposing to amend the Nevada Constitution to revise provisions relating to legislative sessions.

RESOLVED BY THE ASSEMBLY AND SENATE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, JOINTLY, That a new section, designated section 29A, be added to Article 4 of the Nevada Constitution to read as follows:

Sec. 29A. 1. The Legislature shall adjourn sine die each regular session held in an odd-numbered year not later than midnight of the 120th legislative day or of the 140th calendar day, whichever occurs first. Any legislative action taken after midnight of the 120th legislative day or of the 140th calendar day of that session is void, unless the legislative action is conducted during a special session.

2. The Legislature shall adjourn sine die each regular session held in an even-numbered year not later than midnight of the 45th calendar day of that session. Any legislative action taken after midnight of the 45th calendar day is void, unless the legislative action is conducted during a special session.



And be it further

RESOLVED, That a new section, designated Sec. 2A, be added to Article 4 of the Nevada Constitution to read as follows:

- Sec. 2A. 1. The Legislature may be convened, on extraordinary occasions, upon petition signed by two-thirds of the members of each House of the Legislature. A petition must specify the business to be transacted during the special session, indicate a date on or before which the Legislature is to convene and be transmitted to the Secretary of State. Upon receipt of one or more substantially similar petitions signed, in the aggregate, by the required number of members, calling for a special session, the Secretary of State shall notify all members of the Legislature and the Governor that a special session will be convened pursuant to this section.
- 2. No bills, except those related to the business specified in the petition and those necessary to provide for the expenses of session, may be introduced at a special session convened pursuant to this section.
- 3. A special session convened pursuant to this section takes precedence over a special session called by the Governor pursuant to Section 9 of Article 5 of this Constitution, unless otherwise provided in the petition calling for the special session.
- 4. The Legislature may provide by law for the procedure for convening a special session pursuant to this section.
- 5. The Legislature shall adjourn sine die a special session convened pursuant to this section not later than midnight of the 20th calendar day of that session. Any legislative action taken after midnight on the 20th calendar day is void.

And be it further

RESOLVED, That Section 2 of Article 4 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

- Sec. 2. 1. The sessions of the Legislature shall be [biennial,] annual, and shall commence on the 1st Monday of February , [following the election of members of the Assembly,] unless the Governor of the State or the members of the Legislature shall, in the interim, convene the Legislature by proclamation [-.
- 2. The Legislature shall adjourn sine die each regular session not later than midnight Pacific standard time 120 calendar days following its commencement. Any legislative action taken after midnight Pacific standard time on the 120th



-3-1 calendar day is void, unless the legislative action is conducted 2 during a special session convened by the Governor. 3. or petition. 3 4 2. The Governor shall submit: 5 (a) In odd-numbered years, the proposed executive budget ; and 6 7 years, (b) **In** even-numbered proposed any 8 appropriations or proposed revisions to the executive 9 budget, 10 to the Legislature not later than [14] 21 calendar days before 11 the commencement of each regular session. And be it further 12 13 RESOLVED, That Section 33 of Article 4 of the Nevada 14 Constitution be amended to read as follows: [Sec:] Sec. 33. The members of the Legislature shall 15 receive for their services, a compensation to be fixed by law 16 and paid out of the public treasury, for not to exceed 60 days 17 during any regular session of the legislature *conducted* 18 19 during odd-numbered years, not to exceed 45 days during 20 any regular session of the legislature conducted during even-numbered years and not to exceed 20 days during any 21 22 special session; [convened by the governor;] but no increase 23 of such compensation shall take effect during the term for 24 which the members of either house shall have been elected 25 Provided, that an appropriation may be made for the payment 26 of such actual expenses as members of the Legislature may 27 incur for postage, express charges, newspapers and stationery 28 not exceeding the sum of Sixty dollars for any general or 29 special session to each member; and Furthermore Provided, 30 that the Speaker of the Assembly, and Lieutenant Governor, 31 as President of the Senate, shall each, during the time of their 32 actual attendance as such presiding officers receive an additional allowance of two dollars per diem. 33 And be it further 34 35 36

RESOLVED, That Section 9 of Article 5 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

Sec: 9. The

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Sec. 9. 1. Except as otherwise provided in Section 2A of Article 4 of this Constitution, the Governor may, on extraordinary occasions, convene the Legislature by Proclamation and shall state to both houses, when organized, the purpose for which they have been convened. [, and the Legislature shall transact no legislative business, except that for which they were specially convened, or such other



legislative business as the Governor may call to the attention of the Legislature while in Session.1

- 2. No bills, except those related to the purpose for which the Legislature has been specially convened and those necessary to provide for the expenses of the session, may be introduced at a special session convened pursuant to this section.
- 3. The Legislature shall adjourn sine die a special session convened pursuant to this section not later than midnight of the 20th calendar day of that session. Any legislative action taken after midnight on the 20th calendar day is void.

And be it further

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RESOLVED, That Section 12 of Article 17 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 12. The first regular session of the Legislature shall commence on the second Monday of December A.D. Eighteen hundred and Sixty Four, and the second regular session of the same shall commence on the first Monday of January A.D. Eighteen hundred and Sixty Six; and the third regular session of the Legislature shall be the first of the biennial sessions, and shall commence on the first Monday of January A.D. Eighteen hundred and Sixty Seven; and the regular sessions of the Legislature shall be held thereafter. [biennially.]

And be it further

RESOLVED, That Section 2 of Article 19 of the Nevada Constitution be amended to read as follows:

- Sec. 2. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1 of article 4 of this constitution, but subject to the limitations of section 6 of this article, the people reserve to themselves the power to propose, by initiative petition, statutes and amendments to statutes and amendments to this constitution, and to enact or reject them at the polls.
- 2. An initiative petition shall be in the form required by section 3 of this article and shall be proposed by a number of registered voters equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election in not less than 75 percent of the counties in the state, but the total number of registered voters signing the initiative petition shall be equal to 10 percent or more of the voters who voted in the entire state at the last preceding general election.
- 3. If the initiative petition proposes a statute or an amendment to a statute, the person who intends to circulate it shall file a copy with the secretary of state before beginning



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circulation and not earlier than January 1 of the year preceding the year in which a regular session of the legislature is held.] I year before the date on which the Legislature to which the petition will be transmitted commences its regular session. After its circulation, it shall be filed with the secretary of state not less than 30 days prior to any regular session of the legislature. The circulation of the petition shall cease on the day the petition is filed with the secretary of state or such other date as may be prescribed for the verification of the number of signatures affixed to the petition, whichever is earliest. The secretary of state shall transmit such petition to the legislature as soon as the legislature convenes and organizes. The petition shall take precedence over all other measures except appropriation bills, and the statute or amendment to a statute proposed thereby shall be enacted or rejected by the legislature without change or amendment within 40 days. If the proposed statute or amendment to a statute is enacted by the legislature and approved by the governor in the same manner as other statutes are enacted, such statute or amendment to a statute shall become law, but shall be subject to referendum petition as provided in section 1 of this article. If the statute or amendment to a statute is rejected by the legislature, or if no action is taken thereon within 40 days, the secretary of state shall submit the question of approval or disapproval of such statute or amendment to a statute to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding general election. If a majority of the voters voting on such question at such election votes approval of such statute or amendment to a statute, it shall become law and take effect upon completion of the canvass of votes by the supreme court. An initiative measure so approved by the voters shall not be amended, annulled, repealed, set aside or suspended by the legislature within 3 years from the date it takes effect. If a majority of such voters votes disapproval of such statute or amendment to a statute, no further action shall be taken on such petition. If the legislature rejects such proposed statute or amendment, the governor may recommend to the legislature and the legislature may propose a different measure on the same subject, in which event, after such different measure has been approved by the governor, the question of approval or disapproval of each measure shall be submitted by the secretary of state to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding general election. If the conflicting provisions submitted to the voters are both approved by a majority of the voters voting on such measures, the measure



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which receives the largest number of affirmative votes shall thereupon become law. If at the session of the legislature to which an initiative petition proposing an amendment to a statute is presented which the legislature rejects or upon which it takes no action, the legislature amends the statute which the petition proposes to amend in a respect which does not conflict in substance with the proposed amendment, the secretary of state in submitting the statute to the voters for approval or disapproval of the proposed amendment shall include the amendment made by the legislature.

4. If the initiative petition proposes an amendment to the constitution, the person who intends to circulate it shall file a copy with the secretary of state before beginning circulation and not earlier than September 1 of the year before the year in which the election is to be held. After its circulation it shall be filed with the secretary of state not less than 90 days before any regular general election at which the question of approval or disapproval of such amendment may be voted upon by the voters of the entire state. The circulation of the petition shall cease on the day the petition is filed with the secretary of state or such other date as may be prescribed for the verification of the number of signatures affixed to the petition, whichever is earliest. The secretary of state shall cause to be published in a newspaper of general circulation, on three separate occasions, in each county in the state, together with any explanatory matter which shall be placed upon the ballot, the entire text of the proposed amendment. If a majority of the voters voting on such question at such election votes disapproval of such amendment, no further action shall be taken on the petition. If a majority of such voters votes approval of such amendment, the secretary of state shall publish and resubmit the question of approval or disapproval to a vote of the voters at the next succeeding general election in the same manner as such question was originally submitted. If a majority of such voters votes disapproval of such amendment, no further action shall be taken on such petition. If a majority of such voters votes approval of such amendment, it shall, unless precluded by subsection 5 or 6, become a part of this constitution upon completion of the canvass of votes by the supreme court.

5. If two or more measures which affect the same section of a statute or of the constitution are finally approved pursuant to this section, or an amendment to the constitution is finally so approved and an amendment proposed by the



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legislature is ratified which affect the same section, by the voters at the same election:

- (a) If all can be given effect without contradiction in substance, each shall be given effect.
- (b) If one or more contradict in substance the other or others, the measure which received the largest favorable vote, and any other approved measure compatible with it, shall be given effect. If the one or more measures that contradict in substance the other or others receive the same number of favorable votes, none of the measures that contradict another shall be given effect.
- 6. If, at the same election as the first approval of a constitutional amendment pursuant to this section, another amendment is finally approved pursuant to this section, or an amendment proposed by the legislature is ratified, which affects the same section of the constitution but is compatible with the amendment given first approval, the secretary of state shall publish and resubmit at the next general election the amendment given first approval as a further amendment to the section as amended by the amendment given final approval or ratified. If the amendment finally approved or ratified contradicts in substance the amendment given first approval, the secretary of state shall not submit the amendment given first approval to the voters again.



