ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 302-ASSEMBLYMAN MCCLEARY

MARCH 21, 2005

Referred to Committee on Elections, Procedures, Ethics, and Constitutional Amendments

SUMMARY—Creates presidential preference primary election. (BDR 24-551)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.

Effect on the State: Contains Appropriation not included in Executive Budget.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to elections; creating a presidential preference primary election; establishing requirements for participation in the presidential preference primary election by major political parties and registered voters; establishing provisions governing how the results of the presidential preference primary election will effect the selection of a candidate for nomination for President of the United States; making an appropriation; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 293 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

"Presidential preference primary election" means the election held pursuant to section 41 of this act.

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Sec. 2. NRS 293.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293.010 As used in this title, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 293.013 to 293.121,

8 inclusive, and section 1 of this act have the meanings ascribed to

8 inclusive, *and section I of this act* have the meanings ascribed to 9 them in those sections.



Sec. 3. NRS 293.128 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.128 1. To qualify as a major political party, any organization must, under a common name:
- (a) On January 1 preceding any primary election [,] or August 1 of the year preceding the year in which a presidential preference primary election is held, have been designated as a political party on the applications to register to vote of at least 10 percent of the total number of registered voters in this State; or
- (b) File a petition with the Secretary of State not later than the last Friday in April before any primary election or not later than November 1 of the year preceding the year of a presidential preference primary election signed by a number of registered voters equal to or more than 10 percent of the total number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for the offices of Representative in Congress.
- 2. If a petition is filed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1, the names of the voters need not all be on one document, but each document of the petition must be verified by the circulator thereof to the effect that the signers are registered voters of this State according to his best information and belief and that the signatures are genuine and were signed in his presence. Each document of the petition must bear the name of a county, and only registered voters of that county may sign the document. The documents which are circulated for signature must then be submitted for verification pursuant to NRS 293.1276 to 293.1279, inclusive, not later than 25 working days before the last Friday in April preceding a primary election [...] or not later than 25 days before November 1 of the year preceding the year of a presidential preference primary election.
- 3. In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection 1, each organization which wishes to qualify as a political party must file with the Secretary of State a certificate of existence which includes the:
 - (a) Name of the political party;
 - (b) Names and addresses of its officers;
 - (c) Names of the members of its executive committee; and
- (d) Name of the person who is authorized by the party to act as resident agent in this State.
- 4. A political party shall file with the Secretary of State an amended certificate of existence within 5 days after any change in the information contained in the certificate.
 - **Sec. 4.** NRS 293.219 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 293.219 1. Not less than 60 days before a primary [or a] election, general election [,] or presidential preference primary election, the county central committee of each major political party for each county may recommend to the county clerk of the county



three registered voters for each precinct in the county to act as election board officers of the primary [or] election, general election or presidential preference primary election in the precinct or district.

- Not less than 60 days before a general election, the executive committee of each minor political party for each county may recommend to the county clerk of the county three registered voters for each precinct in the county to act as election board officers of the general election in the precinct or district.
- 3. After date the that county clerk may recommendations for reserve election board officers for the election.
 - **Sec. 5.** NRS 293.247 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.247 The Secretary of State shall adopt regulations, not inconsistent with the election laws of this State, for the conduct of primary, general, special, [and] district and presidential preference *primary* elections in all cities and counties. The Secretary of State shall prescribe the forms for a declaration of candidacy, certificate of candidacy, acceptance of candidacy and any petition which is filed pursuant to the general election laws of this State.
 - The regulations must prescribe:
 - (a) The duties of election boards;

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- (b) The type and amount of election supplies:
- (c) The manner of printing ballots and the number of ballots to be distributed to precincts and districts;
- (d) The method to be used in distributing ballots to precincts and districts:
 - (e) The method of inspection and the disposition of ballot boxes;
 - (f) The form and placement of instructions to voters;
 - (g) The recess periods for election boards;
 - (h) The size, lighting and placement of voting booths;
- 31 (i) The amount and placement of guardrails and other furniture 32 and equipment at voting places; 33
 - (i) The disposition of election returns;
 - (k) The procedures to be used for canvasses, ties, recounts and contests:
 - (1) The procedures to be used to ensure the security of the ballots from the time they are transferred from the polling place until they are stored pursuant to the provisions of NRS 293.391 or 293C.390;
 - (m) The procedures to be used to ensure the security and accuracy of computer programs and tapes used for elections;
 - (n) The procedures to be used for the disposition of absent ballots in case of an emergency;
 - (o) The forms for applications to register to vote and any other forms necessary for the administration of this title; and



(p) Such other matters as determined necessary by the Secretary of State.

- 3. The Secretary of State may provide interpretations and take other actions necessary for the effective administration of the statutes and regulations governing the conduct of primary, general, special, [and] district and presidential preference primary elections in this State.
- 4. The Secretary of State shall prepare and distribute to each county and city clerk copies of:
 - (a) Laws and regulations concerning elections in this State;
 - (b) Interpretations issued by the Secretary of State's Office; and
- (c) Any Attorney General's opinions or any state or federal court decisions which affect state election laws or regulations whenever any of those opinions or decisions become known to the Secretary of State.
 - **Sec. 6.** NRS 293.256 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.256 In any election regulated by this chapter [,] or chapter 298 of NRS, the names of candidates as printed on the ballot [shall] must not include any title, designation or other reference which will indicate the profession or occupation of [such] those candidates.
 - **Sec. 7.** NRS 293.2565 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.2565 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, in any election regulated by this chapter [1] or chapter 298 of NRS, the name of a candidate printed on a ballot may be the given name and surname of the candidate or a contraction or familiar form of his given name followed by his surname. A nickname of not more than 10 letters may be incorporated into the name of a candidate. The nickname must be in quotation marks and appear immediately before the surname of the candidate. A nickname must not indicate any political, economic, social or religious view or affiliation and must not be the name of any person, living or dead, whose reputation is known on a statewide, nationwide or worldwide basis, or in any other manner deceive a voter regarding the person or principles for which he is voting.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, in any election regulated by this chapter [,] or chapter 298 of NRS, if two or more candidates have the same surname or surnames so similar as to be likely to cause confusion and:
- (a) None of the candidates is an incumbent, the middle names or middle initials, if any, of the candidates must be included in the names of the candidates as printed on the ballot; or
- (b) One of the candidates is an incumbent, the name of the incumbent must be listed first and must be printed in bold type.
- 3. Where a system of voting other than by paper ballot is used and the provisions of paragraph (b) of subsection 2 are applicable,



the Secretary of State may distinguish a candidate who is an incumbent in a manner other than printing the name of the incumbent in bold type provided that the manner used clearly emphasizes the name of the incumbent in a manner similar to printing his name in bold type.

Sec. 8. NRS 293.269 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293.269 1. [Every] Except as otherwise provided in this section, every ballot upon which appears the names of candidates for any statewide office or for President and Vice President of the United States [shall] must contain for each office an additional line equivalent to the lines on which the candidates' names appear and placed at the end of the group of lines containing the names of the candidates for that office. Each additional line [shall] must contain a square in which the voter may express his choice of that line in the same manner as he would express his choice of a candidate, and the line [shall] must read "None of these candidates." Such an additional line must not be printed on a ballot for a presidential preference primary election.

- 2. Only votes cast for the named candidates [shall] *must* be counted in determining nomination or election to any statewide office [or presidential nominations] or the selection of presidential electors, but for each office the number of ballots on which the additional line was chosen [shall] *must* be listed following the names of the candidates and the number of their votes in every posting, abstract and proclamation of the results of the election.
- 3. Every sample ballot or other instruction to voters prescribed or approved by the Secretary of State [shall] *must* clearly explain that the voter may mark his choice of the line "None of these candidates" only if he has not voted for any candidate for the office.
 - Sec. 9. NRS 293.287 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.287 1. A registered voter applying to vote at any primary election *or presidential preference primary election* shall give his name and political affiliation, if any, to the election board officer in charge of the election board register, and the officer shall immediately announce the name and political affiliation.
- 2. Any person's right to vote may be challenged by any registered voter upon:
 - (a) Any of the grounds allowed for a challenge in NRS 293.303;
- (b) The ground that the person applying does not belong to the political party designated upon the register; or
- (c) The ground that the register does not show that he designated the political party to which he claims to belong.
- 3. Any such challenge must be disposed of in the manner provided by NRS 293.303.



4. A registered voter who has designated on his application to register to vote an affiliation with a minor political party may vote a nonpartisan ballot at [the] a primary election.

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- **Sec. 10.** NRS 293.303 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293.303 1. A person applying to vote may be challenged:
- (a) Orally by any registered voter of the precinct or district upon the ground that he is not the person entitled to vote as claimed or has voted before at the same election; or
- (b) On any ground set forth in a challenge filed with the county clerk pursuant to the provisions of NRS 293.547.
- 2. If a person is challenged, an election board officer shall tender the challenged person the following oath or affirmation:
- (a) If the challenge is on the ground that he does not belong to the political party designated upon the register, "I swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I belong to the political party designated upon the register";
- (b) If the challenge is on the ground that the register does not show that he designated the political party to which he claims to belong, "I swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I designated on the application to register to vote the political party to which I claim to belong";
- (c) If the challenge is on the ground that he does not reside at the residence for which the address is listed in the election board register, "I swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I reside at the residence for which the address is listed in the election board register";
- (d) If the challenge is on the ground that he previously voted a ballot for the election, "I swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I have not voted for any of the candidates or questions included on this ballot for this election"; or
- (e) If the challenge is on the ground that he is not the person he claims to be, "I swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I am the person whose name is in this election board register."
- The oath or affirmation must be set forth on a form prepared by the Secretary of State and signed by the challenged person under penalty of perjury.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, if the challenged person refuses to execute the oath or affirmation so tendered, he must not be issued a ballot, and the officer in charge of the election board register shall write the words "Challenged" opposite his name in the election board register.
- 4. If the challenged person refuses to execute the oath or affirmation set forth in paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 2, the election board officers *at an election other than a presidential preference primary election* shall issue him a nonpartisan ballot.



- 5. If the challenged person refuses to execute the oath or affirmation set forth in paragraph (c) of subsection 2, the election board officers shall inform him that he is entitled to vote only in the manner prescribed in NRS 293.304.
- 6. If the challenged person executes the oath or affirmation and the challenge is not based on the ground set forth in paragraph (e) of subsection 2, the election board officers shall issue him a partisan ballot.
- 7. If the challenge is based on the ground set forth in paragraph (c) of subsection 2, and the challenged person executes the oath or affirmation, the election board shall not issue the person a ballot until he furnishes satisfactory identification which contains proof of the address at which he actually resides.
- 8. If the challenge is based on the ground set forth in paragraph (e) of subsection 2 and the challenged person executes the oath or affirmation, the election board shall not issue the person a ballot unless he:
- (a) Furnishes official identification which contains a photograph of himself, such as his driver's license or other official document; or
- (b) Brings before the election board officers a person who is at least 18 years of age who:
- (1) Furnishes official identification which contains a photograph of himself, such as his driver's license or other official document; and
- (2) Executes an oath or affirmation under penalty of perjury that the challenged person is who he swears he is.
 - 9. The election board officers shall:
 - (a) Record on the challenge list:

- (1) The name of the challenged person;
- 30 (2) The name of the registered voter who initiated the 31 challenge; and
 - (3) The result of the challenge; and
 - (b) If possible, orally notify the registered voter who initiated the challenge of the result of the challenge.
 - **Sec. 11.** NRS 293.304 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 293.304 1. If a person is successfully challenged on the ground set forth in paragraph (c) of subsection 2 of NRS 293.303 or if a person refuses to provide an affirmation pursuant to NRS 293.525, the election board shall instruct the voter that he may vote only at the special polling place in the manner set forth in this section.
 - 2. The county clerk of each county shall maintain a special polling place in his office and at such other locations as he deems necessary during each election. The ballots voted at the special polling place must be kept separate from the ballots of voters who



have not been so challenged or who have provided an affirmation pursuant to NRS 293.525 in:

- (a) A special ballot box if the ballots are paper ballots or ballots which are voted by punching a card; or
- (b) A special sealed container if the ballots are ballots which are voted on a mechanical recording device which directly records the votes electronically.
- 3. A person who votes at a special polling place may place his vote only for the following offices and questions:
 - (a) President and Vice President of the United States;
 - (b) United States Senator;

- (c) All state officers for whom all voters in the State may vote;
- (d) All officers for whom all voters in the county may vote; [and]
- (e) Questions which have been submitted to all voters of the county or State [...]; and
- (f) If the election is a presidential preference primary election, a candidate for nomination for President of the United States for a major political party.
- 4. The ballots voted at the special polling place must be counted when other ballots are counted and:
- (a) If the ballots are paper ballots or ballots which are voted by punching a card, maintained in a separate ballot box; or
- (b) If the ballots are ballots which are voted on a mechanical recording device which directly records the votes electronically, maintained in a separate sealed container,
- until any contest of election is resolved or the date for filing a contest of election has passed, whichever is later.
 - **Sec. 12.** NRS 293.309 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.309 1. The county clerk of each county shall prepare an absent ballot for the use of registered voters who have requested absent ballots. The county clerk shall make reasonable accommodations for the use of the absent ballot by an elderly or disabled person, including, without limitation, by providing, upon request, the absent ballot in 12-point type to an elderly or disabled person.
- 2. The ballot must be prepared and ready for distribution to a registered voter who:
 - (a) Resides within [the] this State, not later than 20 days before the election in which it is to be used; or
 - (b) Resides outside [the state,] this State:
 - (1) For a primary election or general election, not later than 40 days before [a primary or general] that election, if possible [.]; or



(2) For a presidential preference primary election, not later than 20 days before that election.

- 3. Any legal action which would prevent the ballot from being issued pursuant to subsection 2 is moot and of no effect.
 - **Sec. 13.** NRS 293.343 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.343 1. A registered voter who resides in an election precinct in which there were not more than 200 voters registered for the last preceding general election, or in a precinct in which it appears to the satisfaction of the county clerk that there are not more than 200 registered voters, may vote at any election regulated by this chapter *or chapter 298 of NRS* in the manner provided in NRS 293.345 to 293.355, inclusive.
- 2. Whenever the county clerk has designated a precinct as a mailing precinct, registered voters residing in that precinct may vote at any election regulated by this chapter *or chapter 298 of NRS* in the manner provided in NRS 293.345 to 293.355, inclusive.
 - **Sec. 14.** NRS 293.345 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.345 The county clerk shall mail to each registered voter in each mailing precinct and in each absent ballot mailing precinct, before 5 p.m. on the [third]:
- 1. Second Tuesday in February of any year in which a presidential preference primary election is to be held, an official mailing ballot to be voted by him at the presidential preference primary election.
- 2. Third Thursday in August and before 5 p.m. on the fourth Tuesday in October of any year in which a general election is to be held, an official mailing ballot to be voted by him at the [election.] primary and general elections, respectively.
 - **Sec. 15.** NRS 293.3568 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 30 293.3568 1. For a primary or general election:
 - (a) The period for early voting by personal appearance begins the third Saturday preceding [a] the primary or general election and extends through the Friday before election day, Sundays and holidays excepted.
 - $[2.\overline{]}$ (b) The county clerk may:
 - [(a)] (1) Include any Sunday or holiday that falls within the period for early voting by personal appearance.
 - [(b)] (2) Require a permanent polling place for early voting to remain open until 8 p.m. on any Saturday that falls within the period for early voting.
- 41 [3.] (c) A permanent polling place for early voting must remain 42 open:
 - (1) On Monday through Friday:
 - [(1)] (I) During the first week of early voting, from 8 a.m. until 6 p.m.



8 a.m. until 6 p.m. or until 8 p.m. if the county clerk so requires.

(b) (2) On any Saturday that falls within the period for early

voting, from 10 a.m. until 6 p.m.

- [(e)] (3) If the county clerk includes a Sunday that falls within the period for early voting pursuant to [subsection 2,] paragraph (b), during such hours as he may establish.
 - 2. For a presidential preference primary election:
- (a) The county clerk shall establish the period for early voting by personal appearance for his county. Such a period:
- (1) Must not begin before the third Saturday preceding the election:
 - (2) Must include at least 5 days; and
 - (3) May include a Saturday, Sunday or holiday.
- (b) A permanent polling place for early voting by personal appearance must remain open at least from 8 a.m. until 6 p.m. on a weekday and during such hours as the county clerk establishes on any Saturday, Sunday or holiday.
 - **Sec. 16.** NRS 293.3572 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.3572 1. In addition to permanent polling places for early voting, the county clerk may establish temporary branch polling places for early voting which may include, without limitation, the clerk's office.
- 2. The provisions of *paragraph* (c) of subsection [3] 1 and paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 293.3568 do not apply to a temporary polling place. Voting at a temporary branch polling place may be conducted on any one or more days and during any hours within the period for early voting by personal appearance, as determined by the county clerk.
- 3. The schedules for conducting voting are not required to be uniform among the temporary branch polling places.
- 4. The legal rights and remedies which inure to the owner or lessor of private property are not impaired or otherwise affected by the leasing of the property for use as a temporary branch polling place for early voting, except to the extent necessary to conduct early voting at that location.
 - **Šec. 17.** NRS 293.3602 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.3602 If paper ballots or ballots which are voted by punching a card are used during the period for early voting by personal appearance:
- 1. Each voting day during that period, the ballots voted at the permanent or temporary polling place may be removed from the ballot box and neatly stacked in a container that is sealed with a numbered seal after the ballots are stacked inside. The ballot box or sealed container must be delivered by an election board officer to



the county clerk's office at the close of each voting day. The seal on the ballot box or container must indicate the number of voted ballots contained in that box or container for that day.

- 2. When the ballot box or container is delivered pursuant to subsection 1, the county clerk shall provide a new ballot box sealed in the manner prescribed in NRS 293.359.
- 3. [At] Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, at the close of each voting day before the fourth voting day before the last day to vote early, the county clerk may deliver all ballots voted to the ballot board for early voting. At the close of the fourth voting day before the last day to vote early and at the close of each of the 3 days thereafter, and at the close of each day to vote early in a presidential preference primary election, the county clerk shall deliver all ballots voted to the ballot board for early voting. At the close of the last voting day, the county clerk shall deliver to the ballot board for early voting:
- (a) Each remaining ballot box and container that holds the ballots voted early by personal appearance;
- (b) A voting roster of all persons who voted early by personal appearance; and
 - (c) Any list of registered voters used in conducting early voting.
 - 4. Upon the receipt of ballots, the board shall:
- (a) Remove all ballots from the ballot boxes and containers and sort the ballots by precinct or voting district;
 - (b) Count the number of ballots by precinct or voting district;
- (c) Account for all ballots on an official statement of ballots; and
- (d) Place all official ballots in the container provided to transport those items to a central counting place and seal the container with a numbered seal. The official statement of ballots must accompany the voted ballots to the central counting place.
- 5. The county clerk shall allow members of the general public to observe the handling of the ballots pursuant to subsections 1 and 4 if those members do not interfere with the handling of the ballots.
- 6. In addition to the requirements for counting the ballots set forth in subsection 4, for a presidential preference primary election the board for any county that has more than one congressional district within its boundaries shall make a separate count of the ballots by congressional district.
 - **Sec. 18.** NRS 293.3604 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.3604 If ballots which are voted on a mechanical recording device which directly records the votes electronically are used during the period for early voting by personal appearance: [in an election other than a presidential preference primary election:]
 - 1. At the close of each voting day the election board shall:



- (a) Prepare and sign a statement for the polling place. The statement must include:
 - (1) The title of the election;
 - (2) The number of the precinct or voting district;
- (3) The number which identifies the mechanical recording device and the storage device required pursuant to NRS 293B.084;
- (4) The number of ballots voted on the mechanical recording device for that day;
- (5) The number of signatures in the roster for early voting for that day; and
- (6) The number of voting receipts retained pursuant to NRS 293.3585 for that day.
 - (b) Secure:

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- (1) The ballots pursuant to the plan for security required by NRS 293.3594; and
- (2) Each mechanical voting device in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 293.3594.
- 2. At the close of the last voting day, the county clerk shall deliver to the ballot board for early voting:
 - (a) The statements for all polling places for early voting;
 - (b) The voting receipts retained pursuant to NRS 293.3585;
 - (c) The voting rosters used for early voting;
- (d) The storage device required pursuant to NRS 293B.084 from each mechanical recording device used during the period for early voting; and
 - (e) Any other items as determined by the county clerk.
 - 3. Upon receipt of the items set forth in subsection 2 at the close of the last voting day, the ballot board for early voting shall:
 - (a) Sort the items by precinct or voting district;
- 30 (b) Count the number of ballots voted by precinct or voting 31 district;
- 32 (c) Account for all ballots on an official statement of ballots; 33 and
 - (d) Place the items in the container provided to transport those items to the central counting place and seal the container with a numbered seal. The official statement of ballots must accompany the items to the central counting place.
 - 4. In addition to the requirements for counting the ballots set forth in subsection 3, for a presidential preference primary election the board for any county that has more than one congressional district within its boundaries shall make a separate count of the ballots by congressional district.



- **Sec. 19.** NRS 293.3608 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293.3608 On election day the county clerk shall:
- 1. Ensure that each mechanical recording device used during the period for early voting provides a record of the total number of votes recorded on the device for each candidate and for or against each measure; and
 - 2. Deliver to the central counting place:

- (a) The items sorted and counted pursuant to [subsection] subsections 3 and 4 of NRS 293.3604;
 - (b) The records provided pursuant to subsection 1; and
- (c) The storage device required pursuant to NRS 293B.084 from each mechanical recording device used during the period for early voting.
 - **Sec. 20.** NRS 293.370 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.370 1. When all the votes have been tallied, the counting board officers shall enter on the tally lists [by]:
- (a) By the name of each candidate, the number of votes he received [. The number must be expressed in words and figures. The vote for and against any]; and
- (b) By each question submitted to the electors [must be entered in the same manner.], the number of votes cast for and against the question.
- 2. The tally lists must show the number of votes, other than absentee votes and votes in a mailing precinct, which each candidate received in each precinct at:
- (a) A primary election other than a presidential preference primary election held in an even-numbered year; or
 - (b) A general election.
 - 3. In a presidential preference primary election, if the votes that must be tallied by the counting board officers include votes cast in more than one congressional district, the tally lists must also show the number of votes, other than absentee votes and votes in a mailing precinct, that each candidate received in each congressional district.
 - Sec. 21. NRS 293.383 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 293.383 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, each counting board, before it adjourns, shall post a copy of the voting results in a conspicuous place on the outside of the place where the votes were counted.
 - 2. When votes are cast on ballots which are mechanically or electronically tabulated in accordance with the provisions of chapter 293B of NRS, the county clerk shall, as soon as possible, post copies of the tabulated voting results in a conspicuous place on the outside of the counting facility or courthouse.



- 3. Each copy of the voting results posted in accordance with subsections 1 and 2 must [set]:
- (a) Set forth the accumulative total of all the votes cast within the county or other political subdivision conducting the election [and must be];
- (b) If the board counts votes from more than one congressional district in a presidential preference primary election, set forth the votes cast within each congressional district for each candidate; and
- (c) Be signed by the members of the counting board or the computer program and processing accuracy board.
 - **Sec. 22.** NRS 293.387 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.387 1. As soon as the returns from all the precincts and districts in any county have been received by the board of county commissioners, the board shall meet and canvass the returns. The canvass must be completed on or before the fifth working day following the election.
 - 2. In making its canvass, the board shall:

- (a) Note separately any clerical errors discovered; and
- (b) Take account of the changes resulting from the discovery, so that the result declared represents the true vote cast.
- 3. The county clerk shall, as soon as the result is declared, enter upon the records of the board an abstract of the result, which must contain the number of votes cast for each candidate [...] and for a presidential preference primary election, if more than one congressional district exists within the county, the number of votes cast for each candidate in each congressional district. The board, after making the abstract, shall cause the county clerk to certify the abstract and, by an order made and entered in the minutes of its proceedings, to make:
 - (a) A copy of the certified abstract; and
- (b) A mechanized report of the abstract in compliance with regulations adopted by the Secretary of State,
- and transmit them to the Secretary of State not more than 6 working days after the election.
- 4. The Secretary of State shall, immediately after any primary election, compile the returns for all candidates voted for in more than one county. He shall make out and file in his office an abstract thereof, and shall certify to the county clerk of each county the name of each person nominated, and the name of the office for which he is nominated.
- 5. The Secretary of State shall, immediately after any presidential preference primary election, compile the returns for all the candidates. He shall make out and file in his office an abstract thereof, and shall certify to the state central committee



and, if necessary to comply with the rules and regulations of the party, to the national committee of each major political party for which a presidential preference primary election was held, the name of the candidate who received the greatest number of votes in each congressional district and in the State overall.

Sec. 23. NRS 293.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293.400 1. If, after the completion of the canvass of the returns of any election, two or more persons receive an equal number of votes, which is sufficient for the election of one or more but fewer than all of them to the office, the person or persons elected must be determined as follows:

- (a) In a general election for a United States Senator, Representative in Congress, state officer who is elected statewide or by district, district judge, or district officer whose district includes area in more than one county, the Legislature shall, by joint vote of both houses, elect one of those persons to fill the office.
- (b) In a primary election for a United States Senator, Representative in Congress, state officer who is elected statewide or by district, district judge, or district officer whose district includes area in more than one county, or in a presidential preference primary election, the Secretary of State shall summon the candidates, or, in the case of a presidential preference primary election, the candidates or their authorized representatives, who have received the tie votes to appear before him at a time and place designated by him, and he shall determine the tie by lot. If the tie vote is for the office of Secretary of State, the Governor shall perform these duties.
- (c) For any office of a county, township, incorporated city, city organized under a special charter where the charter is silent as to determination of a tie vote, or district which is wholly located within one county, the county clerk shall summon the candidates who have received the tie votes to appear before him at a time and place designated by him and determine the tie by lot. If the tie vote is for the office of county clerk, the board of county commissioners shall perform these duties.
- 2. The summons mentioned in this section must be mailed to the address of the candidate as it appears upon his declaration of candidacy at least 5 days before the day fixed for the determination of the tie vote and must contain the time and place where the determination will take place.
- 41 3. The right to a recount extends to all candidates in case of a 42 tie.
 - **Sec. 24.** NRS 293.403 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 293.403 1. A candidate defeated at any election may demand and receive a recount of the vote for the office for which he is a



candidate to determine the number of votes received for the candidate and the number of votes received for the person who won the election if within 3 working days after the canvass of the vote and the certification by the county clerk or city clerk of the abstract of votes the candidate who demands the recount:

- (a) Files in writing his demand with the officer with whom he filed his declaration of candidacy or acceptance of candidacy; and
- (b) Deposits in advance the estimated costs of the recount with that officer.
- 2. Any voter at an election may demand and receive a recount of the vote for a ballot question if within 3 working days after the canvass of the vote and the certification by the county clerk or city clerk of the abstract of votes:
 - (a) He files in writing his demand with:

- (1) The Secretary of State, if the demand is for a recount of a ballot question affecting more than one county; or
- (2) The county or city clerk who will conduct the recount, if the demand is for a recount of a ballot question affecting only one county or city; and
- (b) He deposits in advance the estimated costs of the recount with the person to whom he made his demand.
- 3. The estimated costs of the recount must be determined by the person with whom the advance is deposited based on regulations adopted by the Secretary of State defining the term "costs."
 - 4. As used in this section, "canvass" means:
- (a) In any primary election [,] or presidential preference primary election, the canvass by the board of county commissioners of the returns for a candidate or ballot question voted for in one county or the canvass by the board of county commissioners last completing its canvass of the returns for a candidate or ballot question voted for in more than one county.
- (b) In any primary city election, the canvass by the city council of the returns for a candidate or ballot question voted for in the city.
 - (c) In any general election:
- (1) The canvass by the Supreme Court of the returns for a candidate for a statewide office or a statewide ballot question; or
- (2) The canvass of the board of county commissioners of the returns for any other candidate or ballot question, as provided in paragraph (a).
- (d) In any general city election, the canvass by the city council of the returns for a candidate or ballot question voted for in the city.
 - **Sec. 25.** NRS 293.404 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.404 1. Where a recount is demanded pursuant to the provisions of NRS 293.403, the:



- (a) County clerk of each county affected by the recount shall employ a recount board to conduct the recount in the county, and shall act as chairman of the recount board unless the recount is for the office of county clerk, in which case the registrar of voters of the county, if a registrar of voters has been appointed for the county, shall act as chairman of the recount board. If a registrar of voters has not been appointed for the county, the chairman of the board of county commissioners, if he is not a candidate on the ballot, shall act as chairman of the recount board. If the recount is for the office of county clerk, a registrar of voters has not been appointed for the county and the chairman of the board of county commissioners is a candidate on the ballot, the chairman of the board of county commissioners shall appoint another member of the board of county commissioners who is not a candidate on the ballot to act as chairman of the recount board. A member of the board of county commissioners who is a candidate on the ballot may not serve as a member of the recount board.
- (b) City clerk shall employ a recount board to conduct the recount in the city, and shall act as chairman of the recount board unless the recount is for the office of city clerk, in which case the mayor of the city, if he is not a candidate on the ballot, shall act as chairman of the recount board. If the recount is for the office of city clerk and the mayor of the city is a candidate on the ballot, the mayor of the city shall appoint another member of the city council who is not a candidate on the ballot to act as chairman of the recount board. A member of the city council who is a candidate on the ballot may not serve as a member of the recount board.
- 2. Each candidate for the office affected by the recount and the voter who demanded the recount, if any, may be present in person or by an authorized representative, but may not be a member of the recount board.
- 3. Except in counties or cities using a mechanical voting system, the recount must include a count and inspection of all ballots, including rejected ballots, and must determine whether those ballots are marked as required by law.
- 4. If a recount of the ballots cast in an election other than a presidential preference primary election is demanded in a county or city using a mechanical voting system, the person who demanded the recount shall select the ballots for the office or ballot question affected from 5 percent of the precincts, but in no case fewer than three precincts, after notification to each candidate for the office or his authorized representative. If a recount of the ballots cast in a presidential preference primary election is demanded in a county using a mechanical voting system, the county clerk shall select 5 percent of the ballots cast in the election to conduct the recount,



after consultation with each candidate or his authorized *representative.* The recount board shall examine the selected ballots, including any duplicate or rejected ballots, shall determine whether the ballots have been voted in accordance with this title and shall count the valid ballots by hand. In addition, a recount by computer must be made of all the selected ballots. If the count by hand or the recount by computer of the selected ballots shows a discrepancy equal to or greater than 1 percent or five votes, whichever is greater, for the candidate demanding the recount or the candidate who won the election according to the original canvass of the returns, or in favor of or against a ballot question, according to the original canvass of the returns, the county or city clerk shall order a count by hand of all the ballots for that office or ballot question. Otherwise, the county or city clerk shall order a recount by computer of all the ballots for all candidates for the office or all the ballots for the ballot question.

- 5. The county or city clerk shall unseal and give to the recount board all ballots to be counted.
- 6. In the case of a demand for a recount affecting more than one county, the demand must be made to the Secretary of State, who shall notify the county clerks to proceed with the recount.

Sec. 26. NRS 293.407 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.407 1. A candidate at any election, or any registered voter of the appropriate political subdivision, may contest the election of any candidate, except for the office of United States Senator or Representative in Congress.
- 2. Except where the contest involves the general election for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Assemblyman, State Senator or justice of the Supreme Court, a candidate or voter who wishes to contest an election, including *a presidential preference primary election or an* election to the office of presidential elector, must, within the time prescribed in NRS 293.413, file with the clerk of the district court a written statement of contest, setting forth:
- (a) The name of the contestant and, unless the contestant is a candidate in a presidential preference primary election, that he is a registered voter of the political subdivision in which the election to be contested or part of it was held;
 - (b) The name of the defendant:

 (c) The office to which the defendant was declared elected [;] or, in the case of a presidential preference primary election, for which he was declared to have received the greatest number of votes for the particular congressional district or in the State overall, as is pertinent to the rules of the particular major political party;



(d) The particular grounds of contest and the section of Nevada Revised Statutes pursuant to which the statement is filed; and

- (e) The date of the declaration of the result of the election and the body or board which canvassed the returns thereof.
- 3. The contestant shall verify the statement of contest in the manner provided for the verification of pleadings in civil actions.
- 4. All material regarding a contest filed by a contestant with the clerk of the district court must be filed in triplicate.
 - Sec. 27. NRS 293.410 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.410 1. A statement of contest shall not be dismissed by any court for want of form if the grounds of contest are alleged with sufficient certainty to inform the defendant of the charges he is required to meet.
- 2. An election may be contested upon any of the following grounds:
- (a) That the election board or any member thereof was guilty of malfeasance.
- (b) That a person who has been declared elected to an office was not at the time of election eligible to that office.
- (c) That illegal votes were cast and counted for the defendant, which, if taken from him, will reduce the number of his legal votes below the number necessary to elect him.
- (d) That the election board, in conducting the election or in canvassing the returns, made errors sufficient to change the result of the election as to any person who has been declared elected.
- (e) That the defendant has given, or offered to give, to any person a bribe for the purpose of procuring his election.
- (f) That there was a possible malfunction of any voting or counting device.
- 3. As used in subsection 2, the use of the term "elected" includes receiving the greatest number of votes for the particular congressional district or in the State overall, as is pertinent to the rules of the particular major political party, in a presidential preference primary election.
 - **Sec. 28.** NRS 293.417 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.417 1. If, in any contest, the court finds from the evidence that a person other than the defendant received the greatest number of legal votes, the court, as a part of the judgment, shall declare that person elected or nominated.
- 2. The person declared nominated or elected by the court is entitled to a certificate of nomination or election. If a certificate has not been issued to him, the county clerk, city clerk or Secretary of State shall execute and deliver to that person a certificate of election or a certificate of nomination.



- 3. If a certificate of election or nomination to the same office has been issued to any person other than the one declared elected *or nominated* by the court, that certificate must be annulled by the judgment of the court.
- 4. Whenever an election is annulled or set aside by the court, and the court does not declare some candidate elected, the certificate of election or the commission, if any has been issued, is void and the office is vacant.
- 5. In a contest over a presidential preference primary election, if the court finds from the evidence that a person other than the defendant received the greatest number of legal votes in a particular congressional district or in the State overall, the court, as a part of the judgment, shall declare that person to be entitled to have such results certified by the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 293.387. If such certification has not been issued, the Secretary of State shall issue the certification. If such certification has been issued to a candidate other than the one declared by the court to have received the greatest number of votes in a particular congressional district or in the State overall, that certification must be annulled by the judgment of the court.
 - **Sec. 29.** NRS 293.485 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.485 1. Every citizen of the United States, 18 years of age or over, who has continuously resided in this State and in the county 30 days and in the precinct 10 days next preceding the day of the next succeeding:
 - (a) Primary election;

- (b) Primary city election;
- (c) Presidential preference primary election;
- 29 (d) General election; or
 - [(d)] (e) General city election,
- 31 → and who has registered in the manner provided in this chapter, is entitled to vote at that election.
 - 2. This section does not exclude the registration of eligible persons whose 18th birthday or the date of whose completion of the required residence occurs on or before the next succeeding:
 - (a) Primary election;
 - (b) Primary city election;
 - (c) Presidential preference primary election;
- 39 (d) General election;
- 40 [(d)] (e) General city election; or
- $\frac{(e)}{(f)}$ Any other election.
- **Sec. 30.** NRS 293.503 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.503 1. The county clerk of each county where a registrar of voters has not been appointed pursuant to NRS 244.164:



(a) Is ex officio county registrar and registrar for all precincts within the county.

- (b) Shall **[have]** *maintain* the custody of all books, documents and papers pertaining to registration provided for in this chapter.
- 2. All books, documents and papers pertaining to registration are official records of the office of the county clerk.
- 3. The county clerk shall maintain records of any program or activity that is conducted within the county to ensure the accuracy and currency of the registrar of voters' register for not less than 2 years after creation. The records must include the names and addresses of any person to whom a notice is mailed pursuant to NRS 293.5235, 293.530 [,] or 293.535 and whether the person responded to the notice.
- 4. Any program or activity that is conducted within the county for the purpose of removing the name of each person who is ineligible to vote in the county from the registrar of voters' register must be complete not later than 90 days before the next primary [or] election, general election [...] or presidential preference primary election.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided [by] in subsection 6, all records maintained by the county clerk pursuant to subsection 3 must be available for public inspection.
- 6. Any information relating to where a person registers to vote must remain confidential and is not available for public inspection. Such information may only be used by an election officer for purposes related to voter registration.
 - **Sec. 31.** NRS 293.557 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.557 1. The county clerk may cause to be published once in each of the newspapers circulated in different parts of the county or cause to be published once in a newspaper circulated in the county:
- (a) An alphabetical listing of all registered voters, including the precinct of each voter:
- (1) Within the circulation area of each newspaper if the listing is published in each newspaper circulated in different parts of the county; or
- (2) Within the entire county if the listing is published in only one newspaper in the county; or
- (b) A statement notifying the public that the county clerk will provide an alphabetical listing of the names of all registered voters in the entire county and the precinct of each voter free of charge to any person upon request.
- 2. If the county clerk publishes the list of registered voters, he must do so:



(a) Not less than 2 weeks before the close of registration for any primary election : or presidential preference primary election.

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- (b) After each primary election and not less than 2 weeks before the close of registration for the ensuing general election.
- 3. The county may not pay more than 10 cents per name for six-point or seven-point type or 15 cents per name for eight-point type or larger to each newspaper publishing the list.
- The list of registered voters, if published, must not be printed in type smaller than six-point.
 - **Sec. 32.** NRS 293.560 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.502, registration must close at 9 p.m. on the third Tuesday preceding any primary election, for general election or presidential preference primary election and at 9 p.m. on the third Saturday preceding any recall or special election, except that if a recall or special election is held on the same day as a primary *election* or general election, registration must close at 9 p.m. on the third Tuesday preceding the day of the elections.
- The office of the county clerk must be open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. and from 7 p.m. to 9 p.m., including Saturdays, during the last days before the close of registration, according to the following schedule:
- (a) In a county whose population is less than 100,000, the office of the county clerk must be open during the last day before registration closes.
- (b) In all other counties, the office of the county clerk must be open during the last 5 days before registration closes.
- Except for a special election held pursuant to chapter 306 or 350 of NRS:
- (a) The county clerk of each county shall cause a notice signed by him to be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the county indicating the day that registration will be closed. If no such newspaper is published in the county, the publication may be made in a newspaper of general circulation published in the nearest county in this State.
- (b) The notice must be published once each week for 4 consecutive weeks next preceding the close of registration for any 38 election.
 - The offices of the county clerk and other ex officio registrars may remain open on the last Friday in October in each even-numbered year.
 - 5. For the period beginning on the fifth Sunday preceding any primary or election, general election or presidential preference primary election and ending on the third Tuesday preceding fany



primary or general] *the* election, an elector may register to vote only by appearing in person at the office of the county clerk.

Sec. 33. NRS 293.565 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.565 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, sample ballots must include:
 - (a) If applicable, the statement required by NRS 293.267;

- (b) The fiscal note, as provided pursuant to NRS 218.443, 293.250, 293.481 or 293.482, for each proposed constitutional amendment, statewide measure, measure to be voted upon only by a special district or political subdivision and advisory question;
- (c) An explanation, as provided pursuant to NRS 218.443, 293.250, 293.481, 293.482 or 295.121, of each proposed constitutional amendment, statewide measure, measure to be voted upon only by a special district or political subdivision and advisory question;
- (d) Arguments for and against each proposed constitutional amendment, statewide measure, measure to be voted upon only by a special district or political subdivision and advisory question, and rebuttals to each argument, as provided pursuant to NRS 218.443, 293.250, 293.252, 293.481, 293.482 or 295.121; and
 - (e) The full text of each proposed constitutional amendment.
- 2. Sample ballots that are mailed to registered voters may be printed without the full text of each proposed constitutional amendment if:
- (a) The cost of printing the sample ballots would be significantly reduced if the full text of each proposed constitutional amendment were not included;
- (b) The county clerk ensures that a sample ballot that includes the full text of each proposed constitutional amendment is provided at no charge to each registered voter who requests such a sample ballot; and
- (c) The sample ballots provided to each polling place include the full text of each proposed constitutional amendment.
- 3. Before the period for early voting, but not later than 10 days before any election, the county clerk shall cause to be mailed to each registered voter in the county a sample ballot for his precinct with a notice informing the voter of the location of his polling place. If the location of the polling place has changed since the last election:
- (a) The county clerk shall mail a notice of the change to each registered voter in the county not sooner than 10 days before mailing the sample ballots; or
- 42 (b) The sample ballot must also include a notice in bold type 43 immediately above the location which states:



NOTICE: THE LOCATION OF YOUR POLLING PLACE HAS CHANGED SINCE THE LAST ELECTION

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- Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, a sample ballot required to be mailed pursuant to this section must:
 - (a) Be printed in at least 12-point type; and
- (b) Include on the front page, in a separate box created by bold lines, a notice printed in at least 20-point bold type that states:

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NOTICE: TO RECEIVE A SAMPLE BALLOT IN LARGE TYPE, CALL (Insert appropriate telephone number)

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- A portion of a sample ballot that contains a facsimile of the display area of a voting device may include material in less than 12-point type to the extent necessary to make the facsimile fit on the pages of the sample ballot.
- The sample ballot mailed to a person who requests a sample ballot in large type by exercising the option provided pursuant to NRS 293.508, or in any other manner, must be printed in at least 14-point type, or larger when practicable.
- 21 7. If a person requests a sample ballot in large type, the county clerk shall ensure that all future sample ballots mailed to that person 22 23 from the county are in large type.
 - The county clerk shall include in each sample ballot a statement indicating that the county clerk will, upon request of a voter who is elderly or disabled, make reasonable accommodations to allow the voter to vote at his polling place and provide reasonable assistance to the voter in casting his vote, including, without limitation, providing appropriate materials to assist the voter. In addition, if the county clerk has provided pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 293.2955 for the placement at centralized voting locations of specially equipped voting devices for use by voters who are elderly or disabled, the county clerk shall include in the sample ballot a statement indicating:
 - (a) The addresses of such centralized voting locations;
 - (b) The types of specially equipped voting devices available at such centralized voting locations; and
 - (c) That a voter who is elderly or disabled may cast his ballot at such a centralized voting location rather than at his regularly designated polling place.
 - The county clerk shall include with each sample ballot for a presidential preference primary election a notice of the period for early voting and the hours during which the polls for early voting will be open for such an election in that county.



- 10. The cost of mailing sample ballots for any election other than a primary [or] election, general election or presidential preference primary election must be borne by the political subdivision holding the election.
 - **Sec. 34.** NRS 293B.080 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293B.080 A mechanical voting system must, except at [primary elections,] a primary election or presidential preference primary election, permit the voter to vote for all the candidates of one party or in part for the candidates of one party and in part for the candidates of one or more other parties.
 - **Sec. 35.** NRS 293B.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293B.130 1. Before any election where a mechanical voting system is to be used, the county clerk shall prepare or cause to be prepared a computer program on cards, tape or other material suitable for use with the computer or counting device to be employed for counting the votes cast. The program must cause the computer or counting device to operate in the following manner:
 - (a) All lawful votes cast by each voter must be counted.
- (b) All unlawful votes, including, but not limited to, overvotes or, in a primary election [,] or presidential preference primary election, votes cast for a candidate of a major political party other than the party, if any, of the registration of the voter, must not be counted.
 - (c) If the election is:

- (1) A primary election held in an even-numbered year [;], other than a presidential preference primary election; or
 - (2) A general election,
- → the total votes, other than absentee votes and votes in a mailing precinct, must be accumulated by precinct.
- (d) If the election is a presidential preference primary election, in a county with more than one congressional district, the total votes, other than absentee votes and votes in a mailing precinct, must be accumulated by congressional district.
- (e) The computer or counting device must halt or indicate by appropriate signal if a ballot is encountered which lacks a code identifying the precinct in which it was voted and, in a primary election [...] or presidential preference primary election, identifying the major political party of the voter.
- 2. The program must be prepared under the supervision of the accuracy certification board appointed pursuant to the provisions of NRS 293B.140.
- 3. The county clerk shall take such measures as he deems necessary to protect the program from being altered or damaged.



- **Sec. 36.** NRS 293B.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293B.210 1. If a mechanical voting system is used whereby a vote is cast by punching a card, the county or city clerk shall furnish sufficient lists of offices and candidates and the statements of measures to be voted on for the mechanical recording devices used at any election.
- 2. The Secretary of State shall provide to or reimburse each county for all cards used in each primary [or] election, general election [...] or presidential preference primary election. Any reimbursement must be paid from the Reserve for Statutory Contingency Account upon recommendation by the Secretary of State and approval by the State Board of Examiners.
- **Sec. 37.** NRS 293B.300 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293B.300 1. In a primary election [,] or presidential preference primary election, a member of the election board for a precinct shall issue each partisan voter a ballot which contains a distinctive code associated with the major political party of the voter and on which is clearly printed the name of the party.
- 2. If a mechanical voting system is used in a primary election or presidential preference primary election whereby votes are directly recorded electronically, a member of the election board shall, in addition to the ballot described in subsection 1, issue each partisan voter a voting receipt on which is clearly printed the name of the major political party of the voter.
- 3. The member of the election board shall direct the partisan voter to a mechanical recording device containing the list of offices and candidates arranged for the voter's major political party in the manner provided in NRS 293B.190 [-] and section 44 of this act.
 - **Sec. 38.** NRS 293B.380 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293B.380 1. The ballot processing and packaging board must be composed of persons who are qualified in the use of the data processing equipment to be operated for the voting count.
 - 2. The board shall:

- (a) Allow members of the general public to observe the counting area where the computers are located during the period when ballots are being processed if those members do not interfere with the processing of the ballots.
- (b) Receive ballots and maintain groupings of them by precinct or voting district.
- (c) Before each counting of the ballots or computer run begins, validate the testing material with the counting program.
- (d) Maintain a log showing the sequence in which the ballots of each precinct *or voting district* are processed, as a measure to ensure that the ballots of all precincts *or voting districts* are processed.



- (e) After each counting of the ballots, again verify the testing material with the counting program to substantiate that there has been no substitution or irregularity.
- (f) Record an explanation of any irregularity that occurs in the processing.
 - (g) If the election is:

- (1) A primary election held in an even-numbered year [;], other than a presidential preference primary election; or
 - (2) A general election,
- resure that a list is compiled indicating the total votes, other than absentee votes and votes in a mailing precinct, which each candidate accumulated in each precinct.
- (h) If the election is a presidential preference primary election, in a county with more than one congressional district, the board shall ensure that a list is compiled indicating the total votes, other than absentee votes and votes in a mailing precinct, that each candidate accumulated in each congressional district.
- (i) Collect all returns, programs, testing materials, ballots and other items used in the election at the computer center and package and deliver the items to the county clerk for sealing and storage.
- **Sec. 39.** NRS 293C.3604 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.3604 If ballots which are voted on a mechanical recording device which directly records the votes electronically are used during the period for early voting by personal appearance: [in an election other than a presidential preference primary election:]
 - 1. At the close of each voting day the election board shall:
- (a) Prepare and sign a statement for the polling place. The statement must include:
 - (1) The title of the election;
 - (2) The number of the precinct or voting district;
- (3) The number which identifies the mechanical recording device and the storage device required pursuant to NRS 293B.084;
- (4) The number of ballots voted on the mechanical recording device for that day;
- (5) The number of signatures in the roster for early voting for that day; and
- (6) The number of voting receipts retained pursuant to NRS 293C.3585 for that day.
 - (b) Secure:
- (1) The ballots pursuant to the plan for security required by NRS 293C.3594; and
- 43 (2) Each mechanical voting device in the manner prescribed 44 by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 293C.3594.



- 1 2. At the close of the last voting day, the city clerk shall deliver to the ballot board for early voting:
 - (a) The statements for all polling places for early voting;
 - (b) The voting receipts retained pursuant to NRS 293C.3585;
 - (c) The voting rosters used for early voting;

- (d) The storage device required pursuant to NRS 293B.084 from each mechanical recording device used during the period for early voting; and
 - (e) Any other items as determined by the city clerk.
- 3. Upon receipt of the items set forth in subsection 2 at the close of the last voting day, the ballot board for early voting shall:
 - (a) Sort the items by precinct or voting district;
 - (b) Count the number of ballots voted by precinct or voting district:
 - (c) Account for all ballots on an official statement of ballots; and
 - (d) Place the items in the container provided to transport those items to the central counting place and seal the container with a number seal. The official statement of ballots must accompany the items to the central counting place.
 - **Sec. 40.** Chapter 298 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 41 to 49, inclusive, of this act.
 - Sec. 41. 1. Not later than November 1 of the year preceding a year in which a President of the United States is elected, the state central committee of each major political party shall notify the Secretary of State, in writing, whether the party will participate in the presidential preference primary election.
 - 2. If the Secretary of State receives a statement pursuant to subsection 1 which states that a major political party will participate in the presidential preference primary election and more than one candidate of that party files a declaration of candidacy pursuant to section 42 of this act, a presidential preference primary election must be held pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and chapters 293 and 293B of NRS on the fourth Tuesday in February of the year in which the presidential election is held.
 - 3. If only one candidate of a major political party files a declaration of candidacy pursuant to section 42 of this act, notwithstanding an affirmative notice pursuant to subsection 1, that party may not participate in the presidential preference primary election. The one candidate of that party who files a declaration of candidacy must automatically be certified by the Secretary of State as the candidate who received the greatest



number of votes in each congressional district and in the State overall in the manner set forth in subsection 5 of NRS 293.387.

- 4. No other election may be held at the same time as a presidential preference primary election, and no other office may be included on a ballot for the presidential preference primary election.
- Sec. 42. A person who wishes to be a candidate for the nomination of President of the United States for a major political party that has notified the Secretary of State that it will participate in the presidential preference primary election must, not earlier than December 15 and not later than 5 p.m. on December 20 of the year preceding a year in which a presidential preference primary election will be held, file with the Secretary of State a declaration of candidacy on a form prescribed by the Secretary of State.
- Sec. 43. 1. Not later than January 2 of each year in which a presidential preference primary election will be held, the Secretary of State shall forward to each county clerk a certified list of the names of those persons whose names must appear on the ballot for a presidential preference primary election for each major political party that has satisfied the requirements of section 41 of this act and will participate in the presidential preference primary election.
- 2. Immediately upon receipt of the certified list of candidates from the Secretary of State, the county clerk shall publish a notice of the presidential preference primary election in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for 2 successive weeks. If no such newspaper is published in the county, the publication may be made in a newspaper of general circulation in the nearest county in this State.
 - The notice must state the:
 - (a) Date of the election;

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- 33 (b) Name or names of the major political party or parties that will participate in the election; 34
- (c) Names of the candidates for the nomination for President 35 of the United States of each major political party that will 36 37 participate in the election; 38
 - (d) Location of the polling places;
 - (e) Hours during which the polling places will be open; and
- (f) Period for early voting by personal appearance in that 40 41 county. 42
 - Sec. 44. 1. The names of the candidates for nomination for President of the United States for each major political party that will participate in the presidential preference primary election must be printed on the official ballots for the election. There must



1 be a separate ballot for each major political party that has met the 2 requirements of section 41 of this act.

- 2. The name of the major political party must appear at the top of the ballot for that party. Except as otherwise required by the provisions of NRS 293.2565, the names of the candidates of each major political party must be printed alphabetically upon the ballot of that party.
- Sec. 45. Each voter registered with a major political party that will participate in the presidential preference primary election may vote at such an election on the partisan ballot of that party for one person to be the candidate for nomination for President of the United States for that party.
- Sec. 46. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the delegates and alternate delegates for a major political party of this State who are selected pursuant to NRS 293.163 to attend the national convention of that party must be pledged, for the first convention ballot:
- (a) If only one candidate for nomination for President of the United States of that party filed a declaration of candidacy pursuant to section 42 of this act, to that candidate; or
- (b) If more than one candidate for nomination for President of the United States of that party filed a declaration of candidacy pursuant to section 42 of this act, to:
 - (1) The candidate for nomination for President of the United States of that party who is certified, pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 293.387, to have received the greatest number of votes in the State overall in the presidential preference primary election; or
- (2) If the rules or regulations of the national convention of the party do not allow the delegates or alternate delegates to be pledged in accordance with subparagraph (1), to the candidates for nomination for President of the United States of that party, in proportion to the number of votes that each is certified, pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 293.387, to have received in the presidential preference primary election.
 - 2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply if:
- 36 (a) The rules or regulations of the national convention of that 37 party do not allow a delegate or alternate delegate to be pledged in 38 these manners; or
 - (b) The candidate releases those delegates and alternate delegates pursuant to subsection 3.
 - 3. At any time after the presidential preference primary election, a candidate described in subsection 1 may release the delegates and alternate delegates from their pledge to support him at the national convention. Such delegates and alternate delegates shall be deemed to be released when the candidate notifies the



chairman of the state delegation of his party, in writing, that he wishes to release those delegates and alternate delegates.

 4. A delegate or alternate delegate who does not have a conflict pursuant to subsection 2 and who has not been released pursuant to subsection 3 shall, within 2 weeks after his selection, file with the Secretary of State a pledge to act in accordance with the applicable provision of subsection 1. The Secretary of State shall prepare and make available a form for this purpose.

Sec. 47. If a presidential preference primary election is held pursuant to sections 41 to 49, inclusive, of this act, the cost of the election is a charge against the State and must be paid from the Reserve for Statutory Contingency Account upon recommendation by the Secretary of State and approval by the State Board of Examiners.

Sec. 48. The provisions of sections 41 to 49, inclusive, of this act must be construed and applied in a manner consistent with any rules and regulations affecting the selection or certification of delegates and alternate delegates of a major political party of this State to the national convention of that party or conduct of such delegates and alternate delegates at the national convention of that party to ensure that such delegates and alternate delegates are properly selected and certified to the national convention as a result of the presidential preference primary election and will cast their ballots in consideration of the results of the presidential preference primary election.

Sec. 49. The Secretary of State may adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of sections 41 to 49, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 50. NRS 353.264 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 50. NRS 353.264 is hereby amended to read as follows: 353.264

1. The Reserve for Statutory Contingency Account

is hereby created in the State General Fund.

- 2. The State Board of Examiners shall administer the Reserve for Statutory Contingency Account. The money in the Account must be expended only for:
- (a) The payment of claims which are obligations of the State pursuant to NRS 41.03435, 41.0347, 62I.050, 176.485, 179.310, 212.040, 212.050, 212.070, 281.174, 282.290, 282.315, 288.203, 293.253, 293.405, 353.120, 353.262, 412.154 and 475.235 [;] and section 47 of this act;

 (b) The payment of claims which are obligations of the State
 - (b) The payment of claims which are obligations of the State pursuant to:
 - (1) Chapter 472 of NRS arising from operations of the Division of Forestry of the State Department of Conservation and Natural Resources directly involving the protection of life and property; and



1 (2) NRS 7.155, 34.750, 176A.640, 179.225, 213.153 and 2 293B.210,

- → except that claims may be approved for the respective purposes listed in this paragraph only when the money otherwise appropriated for those purposes has been exhausted;
- (c) The payment of claims which are obligations of the State pursuant to NRS 41.0349 and 41.037, but only to the extent that the money in the Fund for Insurance Premiums is insufficient to pay the claims; and
- (d) The payment of claims which are obligations of the State pursuant to NRS 535.030 arising from remedial actions taken by the State Engineer when the condition of a dam becomes dangerous to the safety of life or property.
- 3. The State Board of Examiners may authorize its Clerk, under such circumstances as it deems appropriate, to approve, on behalf of the Board, the payment of claims from the Reserve for Statutory Contingency Account. For the purpose of exercising any authority granted to the Clerk of the State Board of Examiners pursuant to this subsection, any statutory reference to the State Board of Examiners relating to such a claim shall be deemed to refer to the Clerk of the Board.
- **Sec. 51.** 1. There is hereby appropriated from the State General Fund to the Reserve for Statutory Contingency Account created pursuant to NRS 353.264 the sum of \$1,400,000 for payment of the cost of a presidential preference primary election that will be held on February 16, 2008, if a major political party satisfies the requirements of section 41 of this act that it will participate in such an election.
- 2. Any remaining balance of the appropriation made by subsection 1 must not be committed for expenditure after June 30, 2009, and reverts to the State General Fund on or before September 18, 2009.
 - **Sec. 52.** The Legislative Counsel shall:
- 1. In preparing the reprint and supplements to the Nevada Revised Statutes, with respect to any section that is not amended by this act or is further amended by another act, appropriately change any provision concerning a primary election that should include a reference to the presidential preference primary election.
- 2. In preparing supplements to the Nevada Administrative Code, appropriately change any provision concerning a primary election that should include a reference to the presidential preference primary election.
 - **Sec. 53.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2005.



