### ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 448—ASSEMBLYMEN ANGLE AND CHRISTENSEN

### MARCH 25, 2005

JOINT SPONSOR: SENATOR BEERS

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means

SUMMARY—Repeals governmental services taxes. (BDR 32-488)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to taxation; repealing, in skeleton form, the basic governmental services tax and the supplemental governmental services tax; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 360.001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 360.001 As used in this title, except as otherwise provided in chapters [364,] 360A, 365, 366 [, 371] and 373 of NRS and unless the context requires otherwise:

- 1. "Department" means the Department of Taxation.
- 6 2. "Executive Director" means the Executive Director of the 7 Department. [of Taxation.]
  - **Sec. 2.** NRS 361.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 9 361.030 1. "Personal property" means:
- 10 (a) All household and kitchen furniture.

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- (b) All law, medical and miscellaneous libraries.
- 12 (c) All goods, wares and merchandise.
- 13 (d) All chattels of every kind and description, except vehicles
- 14 [as defined in NRS 371.020.] required to be registered pursuant to
- 15 the provisions of chapter 482 or 706 of NRS.



(e) Stocks of goods on hand.

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- (f) Any vehicle *that is* not **fineluded** in the definition of vehicle in NRS 371.020.] required to be registered pursuant to the provisions of chapter 482 or 706 of NRS and any mobile home as defined in NRS 482.067.
- (g) All locomotives, cars, rolling stock and other personal property used in operating any railroad within the State.
- (h) All machines and machinery, all works and improvements, all steamers, vessels and watercraft of every kind and name navigating or used upon the waters of any river or lake within this State or having a general depot or terminus within this State.
- (i) The money, property and effects of every kind, except real estate, of all banks, banking institutions or firms, bankers, moneylenders and brokers.
- (i) All property of whatever kind or nature, except vehicles [as defined in NRS 371.020, required to be registered pursuant to the provisions of chapter 482 or 706 of NRS, not included in the term "real estate" as that term is defined in NRS 361.035.
- Gold-bearing and silver-bearing ores, quartz or minerals from which gold or silver is extracted, when in the hands of the producers thereof, shall not mean, not be taken to mean, nor be listed and assessed under the term "personal property" as used in this section, but are specially excepted therefrom, and shall be listed, assessed and taxed as provided by law.
  - **Sec. 3.** NRS 361.067 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 361.067 The following vehicles are exempt from taxation under the provisions of this chapter:
- All vehicles [, as defined in NRS 371.020,] required to be registered pursuant to the provisions of chapter  $48\bar{2}$  or 706 of **NRS**, except mobile homes which constitute "real estate" or "real property."
- Commercial helicopters meeting the requirements of the program established pursuant to NRS 495.320.
  - **Sec. 4.** NRS 361.320 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 361.320 1. At the regular session of the Nevada Tax Commission commencing on the first Monday in October of each year, the Nevada Tax Commission shall examine the reports filed pursuant to NRS 361.318 and establish the valuation for assessment purposes of any property of an interstate or intercounty nature used directly in the operation of all interstate or intercounty railroad, sleeping car, private car, natural gas transmission and distribution, water, telephone, scheduled and unscheduled air transport, electric light and power companies, and the property of all railway express companies operating on any common or contract carrier in this State. This valuation must not include the value of vehicles [as



# defined in NRS 371.020.] required to be registered pursuant to the provisions of chapter 482 or 706 of NRS.

- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3, 4 and 7 and NRS 361.323, the Nevada Tax Commission shall establish and fix the valuation of all physical property used directly in the operation of any such business of any such company in this State, as a collective unit. If the company is operating in more than one county, on establishing the unit valuation for the collective property, the Nevada Tax Commission shall then determine the total aggregate mileage operated within the State and within its several counties and apportion the mileage upon a mile-unit valuation basis. The number of miles apportioned to any county are subject to assessment in that county according to the mile-unit valuation established by the Nevada Tax Commission.
- 3. After establishing the valuation, as a collective unit, of a public utility which generates, transmits or distributes electricity, the Nevada Tax Commission shall segregate the value of any project in this State for the generation of electricity which is not yet put to use. This value must be assessed in the county where the project is located and must be taxed at the same rate as other property.
- 4. After establishing the valuation, as a collective unit, of an electric light and power company that places a facility into operation on or after July 1, 2003, in a county whose population is less than 100,000, the Nevada Tax Commission shall segregate the value of the facility from the collective unit. This value must be assessed in the county where the facility is located and taxed at the same rate as other property.
- 5. The Nevada Tax Commission shall adopt formulas and incorporate them in its records, providing the method or methods pursued in fixing and establishing the taxable value of all property assessed by it. The formulas must be adopted and may be changed from time to time upon its own motion or when made necessary by judicial decisions, but the formulas must in any event show all the elements of value considered by the Nevada Tax Commission in arriving at and fixing the value for any class of property assessed by it. These formulas must take into account, as indicators of value, the company's income and the cost of its assets, but the taxable value may not exceed the cost of replacement as appropriately depreciated.
- 6. If two or more persons perform separate functions that collectively are needed to deliver electric service to the final customer and the property used in performing the functions would be centrally assessed if owned by one person, the Nevada Tax Commission shall establish its valuation and apportion the valuation among the several counties in the same manner as the valuation of



other centrally assessed property. The Nevada Tax Commission shall determine the proportion of the tax levied upon the property by each county according to the valuation of the contribution of each person to the aggregate valuation of the property. This subsection does not apply to a qualifying facility, as defined in 18 C.F.R. § 292.101, which was constructed before July 1, 1997, or to an exempt wholesale generator, as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 79z-5a.

- 7. A company engaged in a business described in subsection 1 that does not have property of an interstate or intercounty nature must be assessed as provided in subsection 8.
- 8. All other property, including, without limitation, that of any company engaged in providing commercial mobile radio service, radio or television transmission services or cable television services, must be assessed by the county assessors, except as otherwise provided in NRS 361.321 and 362.100 and except that the valuation of land and mobile homes must be established for assessment purposes by the Nevada Tax Commission as provided in NRS 361.325.
- On or before November 1 of each year, the Department shall forward a tax statement to each private car line company based on the valuation established pursuant to this section and in accordance with the tax levies of the several districts in each county. The company shall remit the ad valorem taxes due on or before December 15 to the Department which shall allocate the taxes due each county on a mile-unit basis and remit the taxes to the counties [no] not later than January 31. The portion of the taxes which is due the State must be transmitted directly to the State Treasurer. A company which fails to pay the tax within the time required shall pay a penalty of 10 percent of the tax due or \$5,000, whichever is greater, in addition to the tax. Any amount paid as a penalty must be deposited in the State General Fund. The Department may, for good cause shown, waive the payment of a penalty pursuant to this subsection. As an alternative to any other method of recovering delinquent taxes provided by this chapter, the Attorney General may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover delinquent taxes due pursuant to this subsection in the manner provided in NRS 361.560.
  - 10. As used in this section:
- (a) "Company" means any person, company, corporation or association engaged in the business described.
- (b) "Commercial mobile radio service" has the meaning ascribed to it in 47 C.F.R. § 20.3, as that section existed on January 1, 1998.



**Sec. 5.** NRS 361.561 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 361.561 1. A dwelling unit identified as "chassis-mount camper," "mini motor home," "motor home," "recreational park trailer," "travel trailer," "utility trailer" and "van conversion" [,"] in chapter 482 of NRS and any other vehicle required to be registered with the Department of Motor Vehicles are subject to the personal property tax. [unless registered and taxed pursuant to chapter 371 of NRS.] Such unregistered units and vehicles must be taxed in the manner provided in NRS 361.561 to 361.5644, inclusive.
- 2. As used in this section, "dwelling unit" means a vehicle that is primarily used as living quarters, but has not been converted to real property pursuant to NRS 361.244, and is located in a manufactured home park, as defined in NRS 118B.017, or on other land within the county, but not in a recreational vehicle park, as defined in NRS 108.2678, that is licensed for parking vehicles for a duration of less than 9 months per year.
  - **Sec. 6.** NRS 374.112 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 374.112 1. For the purposes of this section, "authorized appraisal" means an appraisal of the value of a motor vehicle made by:
- (a) An employee of the Department of Motor Vehicles on its behalf;
- (b) A county assessor or his employee as an agent of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
- (c) A person licensed by the Department of Motor Vehicles as a dealer; or
- (d) An independent appraiser authorized by the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- 2. When computing the tax on the sale of a vehicle by a seller who is not required to be registered by the Department of Taxation, the Department of Motor Vehicles or the county assessor as an agent of the Department of Taxation shall, if an authorized appraisal is submitted, use as the vehicle's sales price the amount stated on the authorized appraisal or \$100, whichever is greater.
- 3. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall establish by regulation the procedure for appraising vehicles and establish and make available a form for an authorized appraisal.
- 4. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall retain a copy of the appraisal considered pursuant to subsection 2 with its record of the collection of the tax.
- 5. A fee which does not exceed \$10 may be charged and collected for each authorized appraisal made. Any money so collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles for such an appraisal made by its employees must be deposited with the State Treasurer to the credit of the Motor Vehicle Fund. Any money so collected by a



county assessor must be deposited with the county treasurer to the credit of the county's general fund.

- 6. If an authorized appraisal is not submitted, the Department of Motor Vehicles or the county assessor as an agent of the Department of Taxation shall establish the sales price as a value which is based on the depreciated value of the vehicle as determined in accordance with the schedule in NRS 374.113. To determine the original price from which the depreciation is calculated, the Department of Motor Vehicles shall use:
- (a) The manufacturer's suggested retail price in Nevada, excluding options and extras, as of the time the particular make and year model is first offered for sale in Nevada;
- (b) If the vehicle is specially constructed, the original retail price to the original purchaser of the vehicle as evidenced by such document or documents as the Department of Motor Vehicles may require; or
- (c) [The procedures set forth in subsections 3 and 4 of NRS 371.050; or
- (d) If none of these applies, its own estimate from any available information.
  - **Sec. 7.** NRS 244A.256 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 244A.256 1. A county may pledge any money received from the proceeds of taxes imposed pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 244.3351 or paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 278.710 [or pursuant to NRS 371.045] or, with the consent of the regional transportation commission, received from the proceeds of the tax imposed pursuant to NRS 377A.020, or any combination of money from those sources with revenue derived from the project financed with the proceeds of the obligations for whose payment those taxes are pledged, including any existing or future extensions or enlargements thereof, for the payment of general or special obligations issued for projects described in paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 244.33512, if the project for which the securities are issued could be directly funded with the taxes whose proceeds are pledged for the payment of the securities.
- 2. A county may pledge any money received from the proceeds of taxes imposed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 244.3351 or paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 278.710, or any combination of money from those taxes with revenue derived from the project financed with the proceeds of the obligations for whose payment those taxes are pledged, including any existing or future extensions or enlargements thereof, for the payment of general or special obligations issued for projects described in subsection 1 of NRS 244.33514, if the project for which the securities are issued



could be directly funded with the taxes whose proceeds are pledged for the payment of the securities.

- 3. Any money pledged by the county pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 may be treated as pledged revenues of the project for the purposes of subsection 3 of NRS 350.020.
  - **Sec. 8.** NRS 338.1389 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 338.1389 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10 and NRS 338.1385, 338.1386 and 338.13864, a public body or its authorized representative shall award a contract for a public work for which the estimated cost exceeds \$250,000 to the contractor who submits the best bid.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 10 or limited by subsection 11, the lowest bid that is:
  - (a) Submitted by a responsive and responsible contractor who:
- (1) Has been determined by the public body to be a qualified bidder pursuant to NRS 338.1379 or 338.1382; and
- (2) At the time he submits his bid, has a valid certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works issued to the contractor by the State Contractors' Board pursuant to subsection 3 or 4; and
- (b) Not more than 5 percent higher than the bid submitted by the lowest responsive and responsible bidder who does not have, at the time he submits his bid, a valid certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works issued to him by the State Contractors' Board pursuant to subsection 3 or 4,
- ⇒ shall be deemed to be the best bid for the purposes of this section.
- 3. The State Contractors' Board shall issue a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works to a general contractor who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 624 of NRS and submits to the Board an affidavit from a certified public accountant setting forth that the general contractor has, while licensed as a general contractor in this State:
  - (a) Paid directly, on his own behalf [:
- (1) The], the sales and use taxes imposed pursuant to chapters 372, 374 and 377 of NRS on materials used for construction in this State, including, without limitation, construction that is undertaken or carried out on land within the boundaries of this State that is managed by the Federal Government or is on an Indian reservation or Indian colony, of not less than \$5,000 for each consecutive 12-month period for 60 months immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit from the certified public accountant;
- [(2) The governmental services tax imposed pursuant to chapter 371 of NRS on the vehicles used in the operation of his business in this State of not less than \$5,000 for each consecutive



- 12 month period for 60 months immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit from the certified public accountant; or
- (3) Any combination of such sales and use taxes and governmental services tax;] or
- (b) Acquired, by purchase, inheritance, gift or transfer through a stock option plan, all the assets and liabilities of a viable, operating construction firm that possesses a:
- (1) License as a general contractor pursuant to the provisions of chapter 624 of NRS; and
- (2) Certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works.
- 4. The State Contractors' Board shall issue a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works to a specialty contractor who is licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 624 of NRS and submits to the Board an affidavit from a certified public accountant setting forth that the specialty contractor has, while licensed as a specialty contractor in this State:
  - (a) Paid directly, on his own behalf :

- (1) The], the sales and use taxes pursuant to chapters 372, 374 and 377 of NRS on materials used for construction in this State, including, without limitation, construction that is undertaken or carried out on land within the boundaries of this State that is managed by the Federal Government or is on an Indian reservation or Indian colony, of not less than \$5,000 for each consecutive 12-month period for 60 months immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit from the certified public accountant;
- [(2) The governmental services tax imposed pursuant to chapter 371 of NRS on the vehicles used in the operation of his business in this State of not less than \$5,000 for each consecutive 12 month period for 60 months immediately preceding the submission of the affidavit from the certified public accountant; or
- 32 (3) Any combination of such sales and use taxes and 33 governmental services tax; or
  - (b) Acquired, by purchase, inheritance, gift or transfer through a stock option plan, all the assets and liabilities of a viable, operating construction firm that possesses a:
  - (1) License as a specialty contractor pursuant to the provisions of chapter 624 of NRS; and
  - (2) Certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works.
  - 5. For the purposes of complying with the requirements set forth in paragraph (a) of subsection 3 and paragraph (a) of subsection 4, a contractor shall be deemed to have paid [:
  - (a) Sales sales and use taxes [and governmental services taxes] that were paid in this State by [an]:



(a) An affiliate or parent company of the contractor, if the affiliate or parent company is also a general contractor or specialty contractor, as applicable; and

- (b) [Sales and use taxes that were paid in this State by a] A joint venture in which the contractor is a participant, in proportion to the amount of interest the contractor has in the joint venture.
- 6. A contractor who has received a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works from the State Contractors' Board pursuant to subsection 3 or 4 shall, at the time for the annual renewal of his contractor's license pursuant to NRS 624.283, submit to the Board an affidavit from a certified public accountant setting forth that the contractor has, during the immediately preceding 12 months, paid the taxes required pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 3 or paragraph (a) of subsection 4, as applicable, to maintain his eligibility to hold such a certificate.
- 7. A contractor who fails to submit an affidavit to the Board pursuant to subsection 6 ceases to be eligible to receive a preference in bidding on public works unless he reapplies for and receives a certificate of eligibility pursuant to subsection 3 or 4, as applicable.
- 8. If a contractor holds more than one contractor's license, he must submit a separate application for each license pursuant to which he wishes to qualify for a preference in bidding. Upon issuance, the certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works becomes part of the contractor's license for which the contractor submitted the application.
- 9. If a contractor who applies to the State Contractors' Board for a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works submits false information to the Board regarding the required payment of taxes, the contractor is not eligible to receive a preference in bidding on public works for a period of 5 years after the date on which the Board becomes aware of the submission of the false information.
- 10. If any federal statute or regulation precludes the granting of federal assistance or reduces the amount of that assistance for a particular public work because of the provisions of subsection 2, those provisions do not apply insofar as their application would preclude or reduce federal assistance for that work.
- 11. If a bid is submitted by two or more contractors as a joint venture or by one of them as a joint venturer, the bid may be deemed the best bid only if both or all of the joint venturers separately meet the requirements of subsection 2.
- 12. The State Contractors' Board shall adopt regulations and may assess reasonable fees relating to the certification of contractors for a preference in bidding on public works.



13. A person or entity who believes that a contractor wrongfully holds a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works may challenge the validity of the certificate by filing a written objection with the public body to which the contractor has submitted a bid on a contract for the construction of a public work. A written objection authorized pursuant to this subsection must:

- (a) Set forth proof or substantiating evidence to support the belief of the person or entity that the contractor wrongfully holds a certificate of eligibility to receive a preference in bidding on public works; and
- (b) Be filed with the public body not later than 3 business days after the opening of the bids by the public body or its authorized representative.
- 14. If a public body receives a written objection pursuant to subsection 13, the public body shall determine whether the objection is accompanied by the proof or substantiating evidence required pursuant to paragraph (a) of that subsection. If the public body determines that the objection is not accompanied by the required proof or substantiating evidence, the public body shall dismiss the objection and the public body or its authorized representative may proceed immediately to award the contract. If the public body determines that the objection is accompanied by the required proof or substantiating evidence, the public body shall determine whether the contractor qualifies for the certificate pursuant to the provisions of this section and the public body or its authorized representative may proceed to award the contract accordingly.
  - **Sec. 9.** NRS 387.328 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 387.328 1. The board of trustees of each school district shall establish a fund for capital projects for the purposes set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 387.335. The money in the fund for capital projects may be transferred to the debt service fund to pay the cost of the school district's debt service.
- 2. The board of trustees may accumulate money in the fund for capital projects for a period not to exceed 20 years.
- 3. [That portion of the governmental services tax whose allocation to the school district pursuant to NRS 482.181 is based on the amount of the property tax levy attributable to its debt service must be deposited in the county treasury to the credit of the fund established under subsection 1 or the school district's debt service fund.
- —4.] No money in the fund for capital projects at the end of the fiscal year may revert to the county school district fund, nor may the money be a surplus for any other purpose than those specified in subsection 1.



- [5.] 4. The proceeds of the taxes deposited in the fund for capital projects pursuant to NRS 244.3354, 268.0962 and 375.070 may be pledged to the payment of the principal and interest on bonds or other obligations issued for one or more of the purposes set forth in NRS 387.335. The proceeds of such taxes so pledged may be treated as pledged revenues for the purposes of subsection 3 of NRS 350.020, and the board of trustees of a school district may issue bonds for those purposes in accordance with the provisions of chapter 350 of NRS.
  - **Sec. 10.** NRS 482.260 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 482.260 1. When registering a vehicle, the Department and its agents or a registered dealer shall:
- (a) Collect the fees for license plates and registration as provided for in this chapter.
- (b) [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 482.321, collect the governmental services tax on the vehicle, as agent for the county where the applicant intends to base the vehicle for the period of registration, unless the vehicle is deemed to have no base.
- (e) Collect the applicable taxes imposed pursuant to chapters 372, 374, 377 and 377Å of NRS.
  - (c) Issue a certificate of registration.

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- [(e)] (d) If the registration is performed by the Department, issue the regular license plate or plates.
- [(f)] (e) If the registration is performed by a registered dealer, provide information to the owner regarding the manner in which the regular license plate or plates will be made available to him.
- 2. Upon proof of ownership satisfactory to the Director, he shall cause to be issued a certificate of title as provided in this chapter.
- 3. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 371.070, every vehicle being registered for the first time in Nevada must be taxed for the purposes of the governmental services tax for a 12 month period.
- The Department shall deduct and withhold 2 percent of the taxes collected pursuant to paragraph [(e)] (b) of subsection 1 and remit the remainder to the Department of Taxation.
- 37 [5.] 4. A registered dealer shall forward all fees and taxes collected for the registration of vehicles to the Department.
  - **Sec. 11.** NRS 482.399 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 482.399 1. Upon the transfer of the ownership of or interest in any vehicle by any holder of a valid registration, or upon destruction of the vehicle, the registration expires.
  - 2. The holder of the original registration may transfer the registration to another vehicle to be registered by him and use the same regular license plate or plates or special license plate or plates



issued pursuant to NRS 482.3667 to 482.3823, inclusive, or 482.384, on the vehicle from which the registration is being transferred, if the license plate or plates are appropriate for the second vehicle, upon filing an application for transfer of registration and upon paying the transfer registration fee and the excess, if any, of the registration fee [and governmental services tax on the vehicle to which the registration is transferred] over the total registration fee [and governmental services tax] paid on all vehicles from which he is transferring his ownership or interest. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 482.294, an application for transfer of registration must be made in person, if practicable, to any office or agent of the Department or to a registered dealer, and the license plate or plates may not be used upon a second vehicle until registration of that vehicle is complete.

- [In computing the governmental services tax, the Department, its agent or the registered dealer shall credit the portion of the tax paid on the first vehicle attributable to the remainder of the current registration period or calendar year on a pro rata monthly basis against the tax due on the second vehicle or on any other vehicle of which the person is the registered owner. If any person transfers his ownership or interest in two or more vehicles, the Department or the registered dealer shall credit the portion of the tax paid on all of the vehicles attributable to the remainder of the current registration period or calendar year on a pro rata monthly basis against the tax due on the vehicle to which the registration is transferred or on any other vehicle of which the person is the registered owner. The certificates of registration and unused license plates of the vehicles from which a person transfers his ownership or interest must be submitted before credit is given against the tax due on the vehicle to which the registration is transferred or on any other vehicle of which the person is the registered owner.
- —4.] In computing the registration fee, the Department or its agent or the registered dealer shall credit the portion of the registration fee paid on each vehicle attributable to the remainder of the current calendar year or registration period on a pro rata basis against the registration fee due on the vehicle to which registration is transferred.
- [5.] 4. If the amount owed on the registration fee [or governmental services tax on the vehicle to which registration is transferred] is less than the credit on the total registration fee [or governmental services tax] paid on all vehicles from which a person transfers his ownership or interest, no refund may be allowed by the Department.
- [6.] 5. If the license plate or plates are not appropriate for the second vehicle, the plate or plates must be surrendered to the



Department or registered dealer and an appropriate plate or plates must be issued by the Department. The Department shall not reissue the surrendered plate or plates until the next succeeding licensing period.

 [7.] 6. If application for transfer of registration is not made within 60 days after the destruction or transfer of ownership of or interest in any vehicle, the license plate or plates must be surrendered to the Department on or before the 60th day for cancellation of the registration.

- [8.] 7. If a person cancels his registration and surrenders to the Department his license plates for a vehicle, the Department shall, in accordance with the provisions of subsection [9.] 8, issue to the person a refund of the portion of the registration fee [and governmental services tax paid on the vehicle] attributable to the remainder of the [current calendar year or] registration period on a pro rata basis.
- [9.] 8. The Department shall issue a refund pursuant to subsection [8] 7 only if the request for a refund is made at the time the registration is cancelled and the license plates are surrendered, the person requesting the refund is a resident of Nevada, the amount eligible for refund exceeds \$100 [.] and evidence satisfactory to the Department is submitted that reasonably proves the existence of extenuating circumstances. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "extenuating circumstances" means circumstances wherein:
- 25 (a) The person has recently relinquished his driver's license and has sold or otherwise disposed of his vehicle.
  - (b) The vehicle has been determined to be inoperable and the person does not transfer the registration to a different vehicle.
  - (c) The owner of the vehicle is seriously ill or has died and the guardians or survivors have sold or otherwise disposed of the vehicle.
- 32 (d) Any other event occurs which the Department, by regulation, 33 has defined to constitute an "extenuating circumstance" for the 34 purposes of this subsection.
- **Sec. 12.** NRS 371.010, 371.020, 371.030, 371.040, 371.045, 371.047, 371.050, 371.060, 371.070, 371.080, 371.085, 371.090, 371.100, 371.101, 371.102, 371.103, 371.1035, 371.104, 371.105, 371.106, 371.107, 371.110, 371.120, 371.125, 371.130, 371.140, 371.150, 371.160, 371.170, 371.180, 371.190, 371.200, 371.210, 40 371.220, 371.230 and 482.181 are hereby repealed.
  - **Sec. 13.** The provisions of this act do not:
  - 1. Affect any rights, duties or liability of any person relating to any taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 371 of NRS for any period ending before July 1, 2005.



- 2. Apply to the administration, collection and enforcement of any taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 371 of NRS for any period ending before July 1, 2005.
  - **Sec. 14.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2005.

### LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS

**371.010** Short title.

371.020 Definitions.

371.030 Imposition of basic governmental services tax.

371.040 Annual amount of basic governmental services tax.

371.045 Optional imposition of supplemental governmental services tax: Procedure; rate; collection; use of proceeds.

371.047 Use of proceeds of supplemental governmental services tax for certain purposes related to construction of highway with limited access.

371.050 Valuation of vehicles.

371.060 Schedules for depreciation; minimum amount of tax.

371.070 Reduction for initial registration of certain vehicles after beginning of registration year.

371.080 Reduction on cessation of exemption of certain vehicles because of change of ownership.

371.085 Proration of tax by interstate motor carrier.

371.090 Computation of tax and penalty.

371.100 Exemption of governmental vehicles, emergency vehicles and certain vehicles operated for elderly or handicapped persons; taxation of vehicle leased or loaned to person for commercial use; exception.

371.101 Exemption of vehicle registered by surviving spouse.

371.102 Exemption of vehicle registered by blind person.

371.103 Exemption of vehicle registered by veteran.

371.1035 Waiver of veteran's exemption; designation of any amount of exemption for credit to Gift Account for Veterans' Homes.

371.104 Exemptions for disabled veteran and surviving spouse.

371.105 Time for claiming exemption and making designation; limitation on total exemption per fiscal year.

371.106 Owner to notify Department of cessation of exemption; penalty.



- 371.107 Duties of county assessor in county whose population is 50,000 or more.
  - 371.110 Due date.
  - 371.120 Collection; issuance of receipt.
- 371.125 Designation of county assessor of county whose population is less than 50,000 as agent to assist in collection of tax and administration of exemptions.
  - 371.130 Delinquency.
- 371.140 Penalty for delinquency; proof of nonoperation; exceptions.
- 371.150 Collection of current tax; circumstances precluding imposition of penalty.
- 371.160 Effect of failure of bank to pay check in payment of tax or penalty on first presentation.
- 371.170 Exemption from penalty when vehicle repossessed; conditions.
- 371.180 Waiver of penalties accruing before transfer of vehicle.
- 371.190 Lien on vehicle for delinquent tax; seizure and sale of vehicle or removal of registration certificate and license plates; conduct of seizure and sale.
  - 371.200 Notice to legal owner before sale of vehicle.
- 371.210 Payment of tax, penalties and costs by legal owner before sale; return of vehicle.
  - 371.220 Refund of tax or penalty erroneously collected.
- 371.230 Deposit of money collected to credit of Motor Vehicle Fund.
- 482.181 Governmental services taxes: Certification of amount collected each month; distribution.



