## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 455—COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS, PROCEDURES, ETHICS, AND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

## MARCH 28, 2005

Referred to Committee on Elections, Procedures, Ethics, and Constitutional Amendments

SUMMARY—Makes various changes related to elections. (BDR 24-1334)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to elections; providing that a primary election must be conducted on the third Tuesday of June in evennumbered years; extending the period that a registered voter may absent himself from his place of employment for the purpose of casting a ballot; revising the provisions governing areas at public buildings for the use in gathering of signatures on a petition; revising the provision governing the form for application to register to vote; providing that an out-of-state student enrolled in the University and Community College System of Nevada may serve as a member of an election board; revising the provisions governing registering to vote before an election; providing that an absent ballot request may be returned by the designee of a person; requiring the form for a candidate to file certain reports relating to campaign contributions and expenditures to include a space for reporting cash on hand at the beginning of certain periods; providing that a person who has failed to file campaign finance reports or financial disclosure reports or failed to pay certain civil penalties may not file a declaration of candidacy or petition for an initiative or referendum; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.



## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** Chapter 293 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act.

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- Sec. 2. 1. A county clerk shall provide the form for the application to register to vote prescribed by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 293.507 to a candidate, major political party, minor political party or any other person submitting a request pursuant to subsection 2.
- 2. A candidate, major political party, minor political party or other person shall:
- (a) Submit a request for forms for the application to register to vote to the county clerk in person, by telephone, in writing or by facsimile machine; and
- (b) State the number of forms for the application to register to vote that the candidate, major political party, minor political party or other person is requesting.
- 3. The county clerk shall record the control numbers assigned to the forms by the Secretary of State pursuant to NRS 293.507 of the forms he provided in response to the request. The county clerk shall maintain a request for multiple applications with his records.
- Sec. 3. No person may be a candidate for partisan office or nonpartisan office in any election if he has, at the time of filing a declaration of candidacy or an acceptance of candidacy pursuant to NRS 293.177, failed to:
- 25 1. Submit any campaign finance report required of the 26 person pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200; 27 2. Submit any statement of financial disclosure required of
  - 2. Submit any statement of financial disclosure required of the person pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; or
  - 3. Pay any civil penalty assessed pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 294A.420.
- Sec. 4. 1. The county clerk may appoint a nonresident college student as an election board officer. To qualify for such an appointment, the nonresident college student must be:
- 34 (a) A United States citizen and not eligible to register to vote in 35 this State;
- 36 (b) Enrolled in the University and Community College System 37 of Nevada; and
  - (c) At least 16 years of age at the time of service.
- 39 2. The county clerk may only appoint a nonresident college 40 student pursuant to subsection 1 if:
- 41 (a) The nonresident college student is appointed without party 42 affiliation;



- (b) The county clerk sends the nonresident college student a certificate stating the date and hours that the nonresident college student shall act as an election board officer; and
- (c) The nonresident college student attends the training class required by NRS 293B.260.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the county clerk may assign a nonresident college student such duties as the county clerk deems appropriate. The county clerk shall not assign more than one nonresident college student to serve as an election board officer in any one precinct.
- 4. The county clerk may compensate a nonresident college student for his service at the same rate fixed for election board officers generally.
- **Sec. 5.** NRS 293.127565 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.127565 1. At each building that is open to the general public and occupied by the government of this State or a political subdivision of this State or an agency thereof, other than a building of a public elementary or secondary school, an area must be [made available] designated for the use of any person to gather signatures on a petition at any time that the building is open to the public. The area must be reasonable and may be inside or outside of the building. Each public officer or employee in control of the operation of a building governed by this subsection shall [designate and approve the area required by this subsection for the building.]:
- (a) Post conspicuously a notice of the area designated for the gathering of signatures on a petition at the building; and
  - (b) Submit to the county clerk for the county in which the building is located notice of the area designated for the gathering of signatures on a petition at the building.
  - 2. Before a person may use an area designated pursuant to subsection 1, the person must notify the public officer or employee in control of the operation of the building governed by subsection 1 of the dates and times that the person intends to use the area to gather signatures on a petition. The public officer or employee may not deny the person the use of the area.
  - 3. [A] Not later than 3 days after the date of the decision that aggrieved the person, a person aggrieved by a decision made by a public officer or employee pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 may appeal the decision to the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State shall review the decision to determine whether the public officer or employee [designated a reasonable area as required by] violated subsection 1 [.
- 44 4. The or 2.



4. Not later than 7 days after the date of the decision by the Secretary of State, the decision of the Secretary of State is a final decision for the purposes of judicial review. The decision of the Secretary of State may only be appealed in the First Judicial District Court. If the First Judicial District Court determines that the public officer or employee violated subsection 1 or 2 and that a person was denied the use of a public building for the purpose of gathering signatures on a petition, the Court shall order that the deadline for filing the petition provided pursuant to NRS 293.128, 293.165, 293.172, 293.200, 295.056, 298.109, 306.035 or 306.110 must be extended for a period equal to the time that the person was denied the use of a public building for the purpose of gathering signatures on a petition.

- 5. The Secretary of State may adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of subsection 3.
  - **Sec. 6.** NRS 293.128 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 293.128 1. To qualify as a major political party, any organization must, under a common name:
  - (a) On [January 1 preceding any] October 15 of the year immediately preceding a year in which a primary election [.] is held, have been designated as a political party on the applications to register to vote of at least 10 percent of the total number of registered voters in this State; or
  - (b) File a petition with the Secretary of State not later than the **[last]** second Friday in **[April before any]** February preceding a primary election that is signed by a number of registered voters equal to or more than 10 percent of the total number of votes cast at the last preceding general election for the offices of Representative in Congress.
  - 2. If a petition is filed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1, the names of the voters need not all be on one document, but each document of the petition must be verified by the circulator thereof to the effect that the signers are registered voters of this State according to his best information and belief and that the signatures are genuine and were signed in his presence. Each document of the petition must bear the name of a county, and only registered voters of that county may sign the document. The documents which are circulated for signature must then be submitted for verification pursuant to NRS 293.1276 to 293.1279, inclusive, not later than 25 working days before the [last] second Friday in [April] February preceding a primary election.
  - 3. In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection 1, each organization which wishes to qualify as a political party must file with the Secretary of State a certificate of existence which includes the:



(a) Name of the political party;

- (b) Names and addresses of its officers;
- (c) Names of the members of its executive committee; and
- (d) Name of the person who is authorized by the party to act as resident agent in this State.
- 4. A political party shall file with the Secretary of State an amended certificate of existence within 5 days after any change in the information contained in the certificate.
  - **Sec. 7.** NRS 293.165 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.165 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.166, a vacancy occurring in a major or minor political party nomination for a partisan office may be filled by a candidate designated by the party central committee of the county or State, as the case may be, of the major political party or by the executive committee of the minor political party subject to the provisions of subsections 4 and 5.
- A vacancy occurring in a nonpartisan nomination after the close of filing and on or before 5 p.m. of the second fourth Tuesday in [July] April must be filled by filing a nominating petition that is signed by registered voters of the State, county, district or municipality who may vote for the office in question. The number of registered voters who sign the petition must not be less than 1 percent of the number of persons who voted for the office in question in the State, county, district or municipality at the last preceding general election. The petition must be filed not earlier than the [first] third Tuesday in [June] March and not later than the **fourth** second Tuesday in **July.** May. The petition may consist of more than one document. Each document must bear the name of one county and must be signed only by a person who is a registered voter of that county and who may vote for the office in question. Each document of the petition must be submitted for verification pursuant to NRS 293.1276 to 293.1279, inclusive, to the county clerk of the county named on the document. A candidate nominated pursuant to the provisions of this subsection:
- (a) Must file a declaration of candidacy or acceptance of candidacy and pay the statutory filing fee on or before the date the petition is filed; and
- (b) May be elected only at a general election, and his name must not appear on the ballot for a primary election.
- 3. A vacancy occurring in a nonpartisan nomination after 5 p.m. of the [second] fourth Tuesday in [July] April and on or before 5 p.m. of the [second] Tuesday after the fourth Monday in [September] May must be filled by the person who receives the next highest vote for the nomination in the primary.



4. No change may be made on the ballot for the general election after 5 p.m. of the [second] Tuesday after the fourth Monday in [September] May of the year in which the general election is held. If a nominee dies after that time and date, his name must remain on the ballot for the general election and, if elected, a vacancy exists.

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43 44 5. All designations provided for in this section must be filed on or before 5 p.m. on the [second] Tuesday after the fourth Monday in [September.] May. In each case, the statutory filing fee must be paid and an acceptance of the designation must be filed on or before 5 p.m. on the date the designation is filed.

**Sec. 8.** NRS 293.166 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 1. A vacancy occurring in a party nomination for the 293.166 office of State Senator or Assemblyman from a legislative district comprising more than one county may be filled as follows, subject to the provisions of subsections 2 and 3. The county commissioners of each county, all or part of which is included within the legislative district, shall meet to appoint a person who is of the same political party as the former nominee and who actually, as opposed to constructively, resides in the district to fill the vacancy, under the chairmanship of the chairman of the board of county commissioners of the county whose population residing within the district is the greatest. Each board of county commissioners shall first meet separately and determine the single candidate it will nominate to fill the vacancy. Then, the boards shall meet jointly and the chairmen on behalf of the boards shall cast a proportionate number of votes according to the percent, rounded to the nearest whole percent, which the population of its county is of the population of the entire district. Populations must be determined by the last decennial census or special census conducted by the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce. The person who receives a plurality of these votes is appointed to fill the vacancy. If no person receives a plurality of the votes, the boards of county commissioners of the respective counties shall each as a group select one candidate, and the nominee must be chosen by drawing lots among the persons so selected.
- 2. No change may be made on the ballot after the [second] Tuesday *after the fourth Monday* in [September] *May* of the year in which the general election is held. If a nominee dies after that date, his name must remain on the ballot and, if elected, a vacancy exists.
- 3. The designation of a nominee pursuant to this section must be filed with the Secretary of State before 5 p.m. of the [second] Tuesday *after the fourth Monday* in [September,] May, and the statutory filing fee must be paid with the designation.



**Sec. 9.** NRS 293.1725 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.1725 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a minor political party that wishes to place its candidates for partisan office on the ballot for a general election and:
- (a) Is entitled to do so pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 293.1715;
- (b) Files a petition pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 2 of NRS 293.1715; or
- (c) Whose candidates are entitled to appear on the ballot pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 293.1715,
- must file with the Secretary of State a list of its candidates for partisan office not earlier than the first Monday in [May] April preceding the election nor later than 5 p.m. on the [second Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in [May.] April. The list must be signed by the person so authorized in the certificate of existence of the minor political party before a notary public or other person authorized to take acknowledgments. The Secretary of State shall strike from the list each candidate who is not entitled to appear on the ballot pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 293.1715 if the minor political party is not entitled to place candidates on the ballot pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 293.1715. The list may be amended not later than 5 p.m. on the [second Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in [May.] April.
- 2. The Secretary of State shall immediately forward a certified copy of the list of candidates for partisan office of each minor political party to the filing officer with whom each candidate must file his declaration of candidacy.
- 3. Each candidate on the list must file his declaration of candidacy with the appropriate filing officer and pay the fee required by NRS 293.193 not earlier than the date on which the list of candidates for partisan office of his minor political party is filed with the Secretary of State nor later than 5 p.m. on the [second Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in [May.] April.
- 4. A minor political party that wishes to place candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States on the ballot and has qualified to place the names of its candidates for partisan office on the ballot for the general election pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 293.1715 must file with the Secretary of State a certificate of nomination for these offices not later than the [first] third Tuesday in [September.] June.
  - **Sec. 10.** NRS 293.174 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.174 1. If the qualification of a minor political party is challenged, all affidavits and documents in support of the challenge must be filed not later than 5 p.m. on the third Friday in August. Any judicial proceeding resulting from the challenge must be set for



hearing not more than 5 days after the third Friday in August. A challenge pursuant to this subsection must be filed with the First Judicial District Court if the petition was filed with the Secretary of State.

- 2. If the qualification of a candidate of a minor political party other than a candidate for the office of President or Vice President of the United States is challenged, all affidavits and documents in support of the challenge must be filed not later than 5 p.m. on the **[fourth]** second Monday in May. Any judicial proceeding resulting from the challenge must be set for hearing not more than 5 days after the **[fourth]** second Monday in May. A challenge pursuant to this subsection must be filed with:
  - (a) The First Judicial District Court; or

- (b) If a candidate who filed a declaration of candidacy with a county clerk is challenged, the district court for the county where the declaration of candidacy was filed.
  - **Sec. 11.** NRS 293.175 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.175 1. The primary election must be held on the **[first]** *third* Tuesday of **[September]** *June* in each even-numbered year.
- 2. Candidates for partisan office of a major political party and candidates for nonpartisan office must be nominated at the primary election.
- 3. Candidates for partisan office of a minor political party must be nominated in the manner prescribed pursuant to NRS 293.171 to 293.174, inclusive.
- 4. Independent candidates for partisan office must be nominated in the manner provided in NRS 293.200.
- 5. The provisions of NRS 293.175 to 293.203, inclusive, do not apply to:
  - (a) Special elections to fill vacancies.
  - (b) The nomination of the officers of incorporated cities.
- 32 (c) The nomination of district officers whose nomination is 33 otherwise provided for by statute.
  - Sec. 12. NRS 293.176 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 293.176 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, no person may be a candidate of a major political party for partisan office in any election if he has changed:
    - (a) The designation of his political party affiliation; or
  - (b) His designation of political party from nonpartisan to a designation of a political party affiliation,
  - on an application to register to vote in the State of Nevada or in any other state during the time beginning on [September 1] December 31 preceding the closing filing date for that election and ending on the date of that election whether or not his previous



registration was still effective at the time of the change in party designation.

- 2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to any person who is a candidate of a political party that was not qualified pursuant to NRS 293.171 on the [September 1] December 31 next preceding the closing filing date for the election.
  - **Sec. 13.** NRS 293.177 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.177 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.165, a name may not be printed on a ballot to be used at a primary election unless the person named has filed a declaration of candidacy or an acceptance of candidacy, and has paid the fee required by NRS 293.193 not earlier than the first Monday in [May] April of the year in which the election is to be held nor later than 5 p.m. on the [second Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in [May.] April.
- 2. A declaration of candidacy or an acceptance of candidacy required to be filed by this section must be in substantially the following form:
  - (a) For partisan office:

DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY OF	FOR THE
OFFICE OF	

County of .....

State of Nevada

For the purpose of having my name placed on the official ballot as a candidate for the ...... Party nomination for the office of ....., I, the undersigned ....., do swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I actually, as opposed to constructively, reside at ....., in the City or Town of ....., County of ....., State of Nevada; that my actual, as opposed to constructive, residence in the State, district, county, township, city or other area prescribed by law to which the office pertains began on a date at least 30 days immediately preceding the date of the close of filing of declarations of candidacy for this office; that my telephone number is ...... and the address at which I receive mail, if different than my residence, is ......; that I am registered as a member of the ...... Party; that I am a qualified elector pursuant to Section 1 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada; that if I have ever been convicted of treason or a felony, my civil rights have been restored by a court of competent jurisdiction; that I have not, in violation of the provisions of NRS 293.176, changed the designation of my political party or political party affiliation on an official application to register to vote in any state since September 1 before



1	the closing filing date for this election; that I have filed all of the
2	campaign finance reports that I am required to file pursuant to
3	NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200, if any; that I have filed all
4	of the financial disclosure statements that I am required to file
5	pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561, if any; that I have paid any
6	civil penalties assessed against me pursuant to NRS 281.581 or
7	294A.420; that I generally believe in and intend to support the
8	concepts found in the principles and policies of that political party in
9	the coming election; that if nominated as a candidate of the
10	Party at the ensuing election, I will accept that
11	nomination and not withdraw; that I will not knowingly violate any
12	election law or any law defining and prohibiting corrupt and
13	fraudulent practices in campaigns and elections in this State; that I
14	will qualify for the office if elected thereto, including, but not
15	limited to, complying with any limitation prescribed by the
16	Constitution and laws of this State concerning the number of years
17	or terms for which a person may hold the office; and that I
18	understand that my name will appear on all ballots as designated in
19	this declaration.
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22	(Designation of name)
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25	(Signature of candidate for office)
26	
27	Subscribed and sworn to before me
28	this day of the month of of the year
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31	Notary Public or other person
32	authorized to administer an oath
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34	(b) For nonpartisan office:
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36	DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY OF FOR THE
37	OFFICE OF
38	Contract Normal
39	State of Nevada
40	Country of
41	County of
42	For the number of having my name placed on the efficient hallet as a
43 44	For the purpose of having my name placed on the official ballot as a
44 45	candidate for the office of, I, the undersigned
43	do swear or affirm under penalty of perjury that I actually, as



opposed to constructively, reside at ....., in the City or Town of ....., County of ....... State of Nevada; that my actual, as opposed to constructive, residence in the state, district, county, township, city or other area prescribed by law to which the office pertains began on a date at least 30 days immediately preceding the date of the close of filing of declarations of candidacy for this office; that my telephone number is ....... and the address at which I receive mail, if different than my residence, is ......; that I am a qualified elector pursuant to Section 1 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada; that if I have ever been convicted of treason or a felony, my civil rights have been restored by a court of competent jurisdiction; that I have filed all of the campaign finance reports that I am required to file pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200, if any; that I have filed all of the financial disclosure statements that I am required to file pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561, if any; that I have paid any civil penalties assessed against me pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 294A.420; that if nominated as a nonpartisan candidate at the ensuing election, I will accept the nomination and not withdraw; that I will not knowingly violate any election law or any law defining and prohibiting corrupt and fraudulent practices in campaigns and elections in this State; that I will qualify for the office if elected thereto, including, but not limited to, complying with any limitation prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this State concerning the number of years or terms for which a person may hold the office; and my name will appear on all ballots as designated in this declaration.

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30	(Designation of name)
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33	(Signature of candidate for office)
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35	Subscribed and sworn to before me
36	this day of the month of of the year
37	·
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39	Notary Public or other person

authorized to administer an oath

3. The address of a candidate which must be included in the declaration of candidacy or acceptance of candidacy pursuant to subsection 2 must be the street address of the residence where he actually, as opposed to constructively, resides in accordance with



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NRS 281.050, if one has been assigned. The declaration or acceptance of candidacy must not be accepted for filing if:

- (a) The candidate's address is listed as a post office box unless a street address has not been assigned to his residence; or
  - (b) The candidate does not present to the filing officer:

- (1) A valid driver's license or identification card issued by a governmental agency that contains a photograph of the candidate and the candidate's address; or
- (2) A current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, or document issued by a governmental entity, including, without limitation, a check, which indicates the candidate's name and address.
- 4. By filing the declaration or acceptance of candidacy, the candidate shall be deemed to have appointed the filing officer for the office as his agent for service of process for the purposes of a proceeding pursuant to NRS 293.182. Service of such process must first be attempted at the appropriate address as specified by the candidate in the declaration or acceptance of candidacy. If the candidate cannot be served at that address, service must be made by personally delivering to and leaving with the filing officer duplicate copies of the process. The filing officer shall immediately send, by registered or certified mail, one of the copies to the candidate at his specified address, unless the candidate has designated in writing to the filing officer a different address for that purpose, in which case the filing officer shall mail the copy to the last address so designated.
- 5. If the filing officer receives credible evidence indicating that a candidate has been convicted of a felony and has not had his civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction, the filing officer:
- (a) May conduct an investigation to determine whether the candidate has been convicted of a felony and, if so, whether he has had his civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (b) Shall transmit the credible evidence and the findings from such investigation to the Attorney General, if the filing officer is the Secretary of State, or to the district attorney, if the filing officer is a person other than the Secretary of State.
- 6. The receipt of information by the Attorney General or district attorney pursuant to subsection 5 must be treated as a challenge of a candidate pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of NRS 293.182. If the ballots are printed before a court of competent jurisdiction makes a determination that a candidate has been convicted of a felony and has not had his civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction, the filing officer must post a notice at each polling place where the candidate's name will appear on the



ballot informing the voters that the candidate is disqualified from entering upon the duties of the office for which the candidate filed the declaration of candidacy or acceptance of candidacy.

**Sec. 14.** NRS 293.180 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.180 1. Ten or more registered voters may, not earlier than the first Monday in April nor later than 5 p.m. on the [first Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in [May,] April, file a certificate of candidacy designating any registered voter as a candidate for his major political party's nomination for any partisan elective office, or as a candidate for nomination for any nonpartisan office. When the certificate has been filed, the officer in whose office it is filed shall notify the person named in the certificate. If the person named in the certificate files an acceptance of candidacy and pays the required fee, as provided by law, he is a candidate in the primary election in like manner as if he had filed a declaration of candidacy.
- 2. If a certificate of candidacy relates to a partisan office, all of the signers must be of the same major political party as the candidate designated.
  - **Sec. 15.** NRS 293.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.200 1. An independent candidate for partisan office must file with the appropriate filing officer:
- (a) A copy of the petition of candidacy that he intends to subsequently circulate for signatures. The copy must be filed not earlier than the January 2 preceding the date of the election and not later than 25 working days before the last day to file the petition pursuant to subsection 4.
  - (b) Either of the following:

- (1) A petition of candidacy signed by a number of registered voters equal to at least 1 percent of the total number of ballots cast in:
- (I) This State for that office at the last preceding general election in which a person was elected to that office, if the office is a statewide office;
- (II) The county for that office at the last preceding general election in which a person was elected to that office, if the office is a county office; or
- (III) The district for that office at the last preceding general election in which a person was elected to that office, if the office is a district office.
- (2) A petition of candidacy signed by 250 registered voters if the candidate is a candidate for statewide office, or signed by 100 registered voters if the candidate is a candidate for any office other than a statewide office.



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- The petition may consist of more than one document. Each document must bear the name of the county in which it was circulated, and only registered voters of that county may sign the document. If the office is not a statewide office, only the registered voters of the county, district or municipality in question may sign the document. The documents that are circulated for signature in a county must be submitted to that county clerk for verification in the manner prescribed in NRS 293.1276 to 293.1279, inclusive, not later than 25 working days before the last day to file the petition pursuant to subsection 4. Each person who signs the petition shall add to his signature the address of the place at which he actually resides, the date that he signs the petition and the name of the county where he is registered to vote. The person who circulates each document of the petition shall sign an affidavit attesting that the signatures on the document are genuine to the best of his knowledge and belief and were signed in his presence by persons registered to vote in that county.
- 3. The petition of candidacy may state the principle, if any, which the person qualified represents.
- 4. Petitions of candidacy must be filed not earlier than the first Monday in [May] April preceding the general election and not later than 5 p.m. on the [second Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in [May.] April.
- 5. No petition of candidacy may contain the name of more than one candidate for each office to be filled.
- 6. A person may not file as an independent candidate if he is proposing to run as the candidate of a political party.
- 7. The names of independent candidates must be placed on the general election ballot and must not appear on the primary election ballot.
- 8. If the candidacy of any person seeking to qualify pursuant to this section is challenged, all affidavits and documents in support of the challenge must be filed not later than 5 p.m. on the [fourth] second Monday in May. Any judicial proceeding resulting from the challenge must be set for hearing not more than 5 days after the [fourth] second Monday in May.
  - 9. Any challenge pursuant to subsection 8 must be filed with:
- (a) The First Judicial District Court if the petition of candidacy was filed with the Secretary of State.
- (b) The district court for the county where the petition of candidacy was filed if the petition was filed with a county clerk.
- 10. An independent candidate for partisan office must file a declaration of candidacy with the appropriate filing officer and pay the fee required by NRS 293.193 not earlier than the first Monday in [May] April of the year in which the election is held nor later than 5



p.m. on the [second Friday] Saturday after the first Monday in <del>May.]</del> April.

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43 44 **Sec. 16.** NRS 293.205 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.205 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.208, on or before the [third] first Wednesday in [May] March of every even-numbered year, the county clerk shall establish election precincts, define the boundaries thereof, abolish, alter, consolidate and designate precincts as public convenience, necessity and economy may require.
- The boundaries of each election precinct must follow visible ground features or extensions of visible ground features, except where the boundary coincides with the official boundary of the State or a county or city.
- Election precincts must be composed only of contiguous 3. territory.
- As used in this section, "visible ground feature" includes a street, road, highway, river, stream, shoreline, drainage ditch, railroad right-of-way or any other physical feature which is clearly visible from the ground.

**Sec. 17.** NRS 293.206 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 1. On or before the [last day in May] third Wednesday in March of every even-numbered year, the county clerk shall provide the Secretary of State and the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau with a copy or electronic file of a map showing the boundaries of all election precincts in the county.
- If the Secretary of State determines that the boundaries of an election precinct do not comply with the provisions of NRS 293.205, he must provide the county clerk with a written statement of noncompliance setting forth the reasons the precinct is not in compliance. Within 15 days after receiving the notice of noncompliance, the county clerk shall make any adjustments to the boundaries of the precinct which are required to bring the precinct into compliance with the provisions of NRS 293.205 and he shall submit a corrected copy or electronic file of the precinct map to the Secretary of State and the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau.
- 3. If the initial or corrected election precinct map is not filed as required pursuant to this section or the county clerk fails to make the necessary changes to the boundaries of an election precinct pursuant to subsection 2, the Secretary of State may establish appropriate precinct boundaries in compliance with the provisions of NRS 293.205 to 293.213, inclusive. If the Secretary of State revises the map pursuant to this subsection, he shall submit a copy or electronic file of the revised map to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau and the appropriate county clerk.



- 4. As used in this section, "electronic file" includes, without limitation, an electronic data file of a geographic information system.
  - **Sec. 18.** NRS 293.208 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.208 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2, 3 and 5 and in NRS 293.206, no election precinct may be created, divided, abolished or consolidated, or the boundaries thereof changed, during the period between the [third] first Wednesday in [May] March of any year whose last digit is 6 and the time when the Legislature has been redistricted in a year whose last digit is 1, unless the creation, division, abolishment or consolidation of the precinct, or the change in boundaries thereof, is:
  - (a) Ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction;

- (b) Required to meet objections to a precinct by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to the Voting Rights Act of 1965, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1971 and 1973 et seq., and any amendments thereto:
  - (c) Required to comply with subsection 2 of NRS 293.205;
  - (d) Required by the incorporation of a new city; or
- (e) Required by the creation of or change in the boundaries of a special district.
  - As used in this subsection, "special district" means any general improvement district or any other quasi-municipal corporation organized under the local improvement and service district laws of this State as enumerated in title 25 of NRS which is required by law to hold elections or any fire protection district which is required by law to hold elections.
  - 2. If a city annexes an unincorporated area located in the same county as the city and adjacent to the corporate boundary, the annexed area may be included in an election precinct immediately adjacent to it.
  - 3. A new election precinct may be established at any time if it lies entirely within the boundaries of any existing precinct.
  - 4. If a change in the boundaries of an election precinct is made pursuant to this section during the time specified in subsection 1, the county clerk must:
  - (a) Within 15 days after the change to the boundary of a precinct is established by the county clerk or ordered by a court, send to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau and the Secretary of State a copy or electronic file of a map showing the new boundaries of the precinct; and
  - (b) Maintain in his office an index providing the name of the precinct and describing all changes which were made, including any change in the name of the precinct and the name of any new precinct created within the boundaries of an existing precinct.



5. Cities of population categories two and three are exempt from the provisions of subsection 1.

- 6. As used in this section, "electronic file" includes, without limitation, an electronic data file of a geographic information system.
  - **Sec. 19.** NRS 293.217 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.217 1. [The] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the county clerk of each county shall appoint and notify registered voters to act as election board officers for the various precincts and districts in the county as provided in NRS 293.220 to 293.245, inclusive, and 293.384, and shall conclude those duties no later than 31 days before the election. The registered voters appointed as election board officers for any precinct or district must not all be of the same political party. No candidate for nomination or election or his relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity may be appointed as an election board officer. Immediately after election board officers are appointed, if requested by the county clerk, the sheriff shall:
- (a) Appoint a deputy sheriff for each polling place in the county and for the central election board or the absent ballot central counting board; or
- (b) Deputize as a deputy sheriff for the election an election board officer of each polling place in the county and for the central election board or the absent ballot central counting board. The deputized officer shall receive no additional compensation for his services rendered as a deputy sheriff during the election for which he is deputized.
- → Deputy sheriffs so appointed and deputized shall preserve order during hours of voting and attend closing of the polls.
  - 2. The county clerk may appoint [a]:
- 31 (a) A trainee for the position of election board officer as set 32 forth in NRS 293.2175 [...]; and
- 33 (b) A nonresident college student as an election board officer 34 as set forth in section 4 of this act.
  - **Sec. 20.** NRS 293.220 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 293.220 Upon the selection of persons to act as election board officers pursuant to NRS 293.217 *or section 4 of this act* or as trainees pursuant to NRS 293.2175, the county clerk shall deliver, by mail or other means, notifications of the appointments to those persons.
    - **Sec. 21.** NRS 293.223 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 293.223 If any person appointed to serve as an election board officer pursuant to NRS 293.217 or section 4 of this act or as a trainee pursuant to NRS 293.2175 is unwilling to serve as appointed, he shall notify the county clerk within 5 days after



receipt of the notification that he is unwilling to serve, whereupon the county clerk shall appoint some other registered voter to serve at the election.

**Sec. 22.** NRS 293.227 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.227 1. Each election board consists of at least three members, one of whom must be designated chairman by the county or city clerk. The boards shall make the records of election required by this chapter.
- 2. The appointment of a trainee as set forth in NRS 293.2175 and 293C.222 or a nonresident college student as set forth in section 4 or 37 of this act may be used to determine the number of members on the election board, but under no circumstances may:
- (a) The election board of any precinct include more than one trainee; [or]
- (b) The election board of any precinct include more than one nonresident college student; or
- (c) A trainee or a nonresident college student serve as chairman of the election board.
- 3. The county or city clerk shall conduct or cause to be conducted, at least 5 days before the date of the election for which the boards are appointed, a school to acquaint the chairmen with the election laws, duties of election boards, regulations of the Secretary of State and with the procedure for making the records of election and using the register for election boards. If the person appointed chairman is unable for any reason to attend the school, he shall appoint some other member of his election board to attend the school in his stead.
- 4. The board of county commissioners of any county or the city council of any city may reimburse the chairmen or their designees who attend the school for their travel expenses at a rate not exceeding 10 cents per mile.
  - 5. Each chairman shall instruct his board before election day.
  - Sec. 23. NRS 293.3081 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.3081 A person at a polling place may cast a provisional ballot in an election [to vote for a candidate for federal office] if the person complies with the applicable provisions of NRS 293.3082 and:
- 1. Declares that he has registered to vote and is eligible to vote at that election in that jurisdiction, but his name does not appear on a voter registration list as a voter eligible to vote in that election in that jurisdiction or an election official asserts that the person is not eligible to vote in that election in that jurisdiction;
- 2. Applies by mail, on or after January 1, 2003, to register to vote and has not previously voted in an election for federal office in this State and fails to provide the identification required pursuant to



- paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 293.2725 to the election board officer at the polling place; or
- 3. Declares that he is entitled to vote after the polling place would normally close as a result of a court order or other order extending the time established for the closing of polls pursuant to a law of this State in effect 10 days before the date of the election.
  - **Sec. 24.** NRS 293.3083 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.3083 A person may cast a ballot by mail [to vote for a candidate for federal office,] which must be treated as a provisional ballot by the county or city clerk if the person:
- 1. Applies by mail to register to vote and has not previously voted in an election for federal office in this State;
- 2. Fails to provide the identification required pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 293.2725 to the county or city clerk at the time that he mails his ballot; and
- 16 3. Completes the written affirmation set forth in subsection 1 17 of NRS 293.3082.
  - **Sec. 25.** NRS 293.313 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 293.313 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.272 and 293.502, a registered voter who provides sufficient written notice to the county clerk may vote an absent ballot as provided in this chapter.
    - 2. A registered voter who:
- 24 (a) Is at least 65 years of age; or

- (b) Has a physical disability or condition which substantially impairs his ability to go to the polling place,
- may request an absent ballot for all elections held during the year he requests an absent ballot [...] and the 2 succeeding years.
- 3. If a county clerk receives a request for an absent ballot from a registered voter and the registered voter resides in a city, the county clerk shall forward a copy of the request for an absent ballot to the city clerk of that city.
  - 4. As used in this section, "sufficient written notice" means a:
- (a) Written request for an absent ballot which is signed by the registered voter and returned to the county clerk in person *or through a designee* or by mail or facsimile machine;
- (b) Form prescribed by the Secretary of State which is completed and signed by the registered voter and returned to the county clerk in person or by mail or facsimile machine; or
  - (c) Form provided by the Federal Government.
- [4.] 5. A county clerk shall consider a request from a voter who has given sufficient written notice on a form provided by the Federal Government as a request for an absent ballot for the two primary and general elections immediately following the date on which the county clerk received the request.



[5.] 6. It is unlawful for a person fraudulently to request an absent ballot in the name of another person or to induce or coerce another person fraudulently to request an absent ballot in the name of another person. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a category E felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

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**Sec. 26.** NRS 293.315 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.315 1. A registered voter referred to in NRS 293.313 may, at any time before 5 p.m. on the seventh calendar day preceding any election, make an application to that clerk for an absent voter's ballot [ ] for that election. The application must be made available for public inspection.
- 2. When the voter has identified himself to the satisfaction of the clerk, he is entitled to receive the appropriate ballot or ballots, but only for his own use.
- 3. A county clerk who allows a person to copy information from an application for an absent ballot is immune from any civil or criminal liability for any damage caused by the distribution of that information, unless he knowingly and willingly allows a person who intends to use the information to further an unlawful act to copy such information.
  - **Sec. 27.** NRS 293.3165 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.3165 1. A registered voter who, because of a physical disability, is unable to mark or sign a ballot or use a voting device without assistance may submit a written statement to the appropriate county clerk requesting that he receive an absent ballot for each election conducted during the period specified in subsection 3.
- 2. A written statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 must:
- (a) Include a statement from a physician licensed in this State certifying that the registered voter is a person with a physical disability and, because of the physical disability, he is unable to mark or sign a ballot or use a voting device without assistance;
- (b) Designate the person who will assist the registered voter in marking and signing the absent ballot on behalf of the registered voter; and
  - (c) Include the name, address and signature of the person designated pursuant to paragraph (b).
  - 3. Upon receipt of a written statement submitted by a registered voter pursuant to subsection 1, the county clerk shall, if the statement includes the information required pursuant to subsection 2, issue an absent ballot to the registered voter for each election that is conducted during the year [immediately succeeding the date] the written statement is submitted to the county clerk [.] and the 2 succeeding years.



4. To determine whether a registered voter is entitled to receive an absent ballot pursuant to this section, the county clerk may, every year after an absent ballot is issued to a registered voter pursuant to subsection 3, require the registered voter to submit a statement from a licensed physician as specified in paragraph (a) of subsection 2. If a statement from a physician licensed in this State submitted pursuant to this subsection indicates that the registered voter is no longer physically disabled, the county clerk shall not issue an absent ballot to the registered voter pursuant to this section.

- 5. A person designated pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 may, on behalf of and at the direction of the registered voter, mark and sign an absent ballot issued to the registered voter pursuant to the provisions of this section. If the person marks and signs the ballot, the person shall indicate next to his signature that the ballot has been marked and signed on behalf of the registered voter.
- 6. The procedure authorized pursuant to this section is subject to all other provisions of this chapter relating to voting by absent ballot to the extent that those provisions are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section.
  - **Sec. 28.** NRS 293.345 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.345 The county clerk shall mail to each registered voter in each mailing precinct and in each absent ballot mailing precinct, before 5 p.m. on the [third] first Thursday in [August] June and before 5 p.m. on the fourth Tuesday in October of any year in which a general election is to be held, an official mailing ballot to be voted by him at the election.
  - **Sec. 29.** NRS 293.368 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.368 1. Whenever a candidate whose name appears upon the ballot at a primary election dies after 5 p.m. of the **[second]** fourth Tuesday in **[July,]** May, his name must remain on the ballot and the votes cast for the deceased candidate must be counted in determining the nomination for the office for which the decedent was a candidate.
- 2. If the deceased candidate on the ballot at the primary election receives the number of votes required to receive the nomination to the office for which he was a candidate, except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of NRS 293.165, he shall be deemed nominated and there shall be a vacancy in the nomination that must be filled as provided in NRS 293.165 or 293.166. If the deceased person was a candidate for a nonpartisan office, the nomination must be filled pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 293.165.
- 3. Whenever a candidate whose name appears upon the ballot at a general election dies after 5 p.m. of the [second] *first* Tuesday in [September,] *July*, the votes cast for the deceased candidate must



be counted in determining the results of the election for the office for which the decedent was a candidate.

- 4. If the deceased candidate on the ballot at the general election receives the majority of the votes cast for the office, he shall be deemed elected and the office to which he was elected shall be deemed vacant at the beginning of the term for which he was elected. The vacancy thus created must be filled in the same manner as if the candidate had died after taking office for that term.
  - **Sec. 30.** NRS 293.463 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293.463 1. Any registered voter may absent himself from his place of employment at a time to be designated by the employer for a sufficient time to vote, if it is impracticable for him to vote before or after his hours of employment. A sufficient time to vote shall be determined as follows:
- (a) If the distance between the place of such voter's employment and the polling place where such person votes is 2 miles or less, [4 hour.] 2 hours.
- (b) If the distance is more than 2 miles but not more than 10 miles, [2] 3 hours.
  - (c) If the distance is more than 10 miles, [3] 4 hours.
  - 2. Such voter may not, because of such absence, be discharged, disciplined or penalized, nor shall any deduction be made from his usual salary or wages by reason of such absence.
  - 3. Application for leave of absence to vote shall be made to the employer or person authorized to grant such leave prior to the day of the election.
  - 4. Any employer or person authorized to grant the leave of absence provided for in subsection 1, who denies any registered voter any right granted under this section, or who otherwise violates the provisions of this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
    - **Sec. 31.** NRS 293.481 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 293.481 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 or NRS 295.121 or 295.217, every governing body of a political subdivision, public or quasi-public corporation, or other local agency authorized by law to submit questions to the qualified electors or registered voters of a designated territory, when the governing body decides to submit a question:
  - (a) At a general election, shall provide to each county clerk within the designated territory on or before the third Monday in July preceding the election:
- (1) A copy of the question, including an explanation of the question;
  - (2) Arguments for and against the question; and



- (3) If the question is an advisory question that proposes a bond, tax, fee or expense, a fiscal note prepared by the governing body in accordance with subsection 4 of NRS 293.482.
- (b) At a primary election, shall provide to each county clerk within the designated territory on or before the second Friday after the [first] third Monday in [May] February preceding the election:
- (1) A copy of the question, including an explanation of the question;
  - (2) Arguments for and against the question; and

- (3) If the question is an advisory question that proposes a bond, tax, fee or expense, a fiscal note prepared by the governing body in accordance with subsection 4 of NRS 293.482.
- (c) At any election other than a primary or general election at which the county clerk gives notice of the election or otherwise performs duties in connection therewith other than the registration of electors and the making of records of registered voters available for the election, shall provide to each county clerk at least 60 days before the election:
- (1) A copy of the question, including an explanation of the question;
  - (2) Arguments for and against the question; and
- (3) If the question is an advisory question that proposes a bond, tax, fee or expense, a fiscal note prepared by the governing body in accordance with subsection 4 of NRS 293.482.
- (d) At any city election at which the city clerk gives notice of the election or otherwise performs duties in connection therewith, shall provide to the city clerk at least 60 days before the election:
- (1) A copy of the question, including an explanation of the question;
  - (2) Arguments for and against the question; and
- (3) If the question is an advisory question that proposes a bond, tax, fee or expense, a fiscal note prepared by the governing body in accordance with subsection 4 of NRS 293.482.
- 2. A question may be submitted after the dates specified in subsection 1 if the question is expressly privileged or required to be submitted pursuant to the provisions of Article 19 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada, or pursuant to the provisions of chapter 295 of NRS or any other statute except NRS 293.482, 354.59817, 354.5982, 387.3285 or 387.3287 or any statute that authorizes the governing body to issue bonds upon the approval of the voters.
- 3. A county or city clerk may charge any political subdivision, public or quasi-public corporation, or other local agency which submits a question a reasonable fee sufficient to pay for the



increased costs incurred in including the question, explanation, arguments and fiscal note on the ballot.

**Sec. 32.** NRS 293.505 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293.505 1. All justices of the peace, except those located in county seats, are ex officio field registrars to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

- 2. The county clerk shall appoint at least one registered voter to serve as a field registrar of voters who, except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.5055, shall register voters within the county for which he is appointed. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, a candidate for any office may not be appointed or serve as a field registrar. A field registrar serves at the pleasure of the county clerk and shall perform his duties as the county clerk may direct.
- 3. A field registrar shall demand of any person who applies for registration all information required by the application to register to vote and shall administer all oaths required by this chapter.
- 4. When a field registrar has in his possession five or more completed applications to register to vote, he shall forward them to the county clerk, but in no case may he hold any number of them for more than 10 days.
- 5. Each field registrar shall forward to the county clerk all completed applications in his possession immediately after the fifth Sunday preceding an election. Within 5 days after the fifth Sunday preceding any general election or general city election, a field registrar shall return all unused applications in his possession to the county clerk. If all of the unused applications are not returned to the county clerk, the field registrar shall account for the unreturned applications.
- 6. Each field registrar shall submit to the county clerk a list of the serial numbers of the completed applications to register to vote and the names of the electors on those applications. The serial numbers must be listed in numerical order.
- 7. Each field registrar shall post notices sent to him by the county clerk for posting in accordance with the election laws of this State.
- 8. A field registrar, employee of a voter registration agency or person assisting a voter pursuant to subsection 12 of NRS 293.5235 shall not:
  - (a) Delegate any of his duties to another person; or
  - (b) Refuse to register a person on account of that person's political party affiliation.
- 9. A person shall not hold himself out to be or attempt to exercise the duties of a field registrar unless he has been so appointed.



- 10. A county clerk, field registrar, employee of a voter registration agency or person assisting a voter pursuant to subsection 12 of NRS 293.5235 shall not:
- (a) Solicit a vote for or against a particular question or candidate;
- (b) Speak to a voter on the subject of marking his ballot for or against a particular question or candidate; or
- (c) Distribute any petition or other material concerning a candidate or question which will be on the ballot for the ensuing election,
- → while he is registering an elector.

- 11. When the county clerk receives applications to register to vote from a field registrar, he shall issue a receipt to the field registrar. The receipt must include:
  - (a) The number of persons registered; and
  - (b) The political party of the persons registered.
- 12. A county clerk, field registrar, employee of a voter registration agency or person assisting a voter pursuant to subsection 12 of NRS 293.5235 shall not:
- (a) Knowingly register a person who is not a qualified elector or a person who has filed a false or misleading application to register to vote; *or*
- (b) [Alter or deface an application to register to vote that has been signed by an elector except to correct information contained in the application after receiving notice from the elector that a change in or addition to the information is required; or
- (c)] Register a person who fails to provide satisfactory proof of identification and the address at which he actually resides.
- 13. A county clerk, field registrar, employee of a voter registration agency, person assisting a voter pursuant to subsection 12 of NRS 293.5235 or any other person providing a form for the application to register to vote to an elector for the purpose of registering to vote:
- (a) If such a person assists an elector with completing a form for the application to register to vote, shall enter his name on the duplicate copy or receipt retained by the voter upon completion of the form; and
- (b) Shall not alter, deface or destroy an application to register to vote that has been signed by an elector except to correct information contained in the application after receiving notice from the elector that a change in or addition to the information is required.
- 14. If a field registrar violates any of the provisions of this section, the county clerk shall immediately suspend the field



registrar and notify the district attorney of the county in which the violation occurred.

[14.] 15. A person who violates any of the provisions of subsection 8, 9, 10, [or] 12 or 13 is guilty of a category E felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

**Sec. 33.** NRS 293.507 is hereby amended to read as follows:

293.507 1. The Secretary of State shall prescribe:

- (a) A standard form for applications to register to vote; and
- (b) A special form for registration to be used in a county where registrations are performed and records of registration are kept by computer.
- 2. The county clerks shall provide forms for applications to register to vote to field registrars in the form and number prescribed by the Secretary of State.
- 3. [A] Each form for an application to register to vote must include a [duplicate copy or receipt to]:
- (a) Unique control number assigned by the Secretary of State; and
  - (b) Receipt which:

- (1) Includes a space for a person assisting a voter in completing the form to enter his name; and
- (2) May be retained by the applicant upon completion of the form.
  - 4. The form for an application to register to vote must include:
  - (a) A line for use by the county clerk to enter:
- (1) The number indicated on the voter's current and valid driver's license issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles, if the voter has such a driver's license;
- (2) The last four digits of the voter's social security number, if the voter does not have a driver's license issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles and does have a social security number; or
- (3) The number issued to the voter pursuant to subsection 5, if the voter does not have a current and valid driver's license issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles or a social security number.
- (b) A line on which to enter the address at which the voter actually resides, as set forth in NRS 293.486.
- (c) A notice that the voter may not list a business as the address required pursuant to paragraph (b) unless he actually resides there.
- (d) A line on which to enter an address at which the voter may receive mail, including, without limitation, a post office box or general delivery.
- 5. If a voter does not have the identification set forth in subparagraph (1) or (2) of paragraph (a) of subsection 4, the voter shall sign an affidavit stating that he does not have a current and



valid driver's license issued by the Department of Motor Vehicles or a social security number. Upon receipt of the affidavit, the county clerk shall issue an identification number to the voter which must be the same number as the unique identifier assigned to the voter for purposes of the statewide voter registration list.

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The Secretary of State shall adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of subsections 3, 4 and 5.

Sec. 34. NRS 293.560 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 293.560 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.502, registration must close at 9 p.m. on the third Tuesday preceding any primary or general election and at 9 p.m. on the third Saturday preceding any recall or special election, except that if a recall or special election is held on the same day as a primary or general election, registration must close at 9 p.m. on the third Tuesday preceding the day of the elections.
- The office of the county clerk must be open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. and from 7 p.m. to 9 p.m., including Saturdays, during the last days before the close of registration, according to the following schedule:
- (a) In a county whose population is less than 100,000, the office of the county clerk must be open during the last day before registration closes.
- (b) In all other counties, the office of the county clerk must be open during the last 5 days before registration closes.
- Except for a special election held pursuant to chapter 306 or 350 of NRS:
- (a) The county clerk of each county shall cause a notice signed by him to be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the county indicating the day that registration will be closed. If no such newspaper is published in the county, the publication may be made in a newspaper of general circulation published in the nearest county in this State.
- (b) The notice must be published once each week for 4 consecutive weeks next preceding the close of registration for any election.
- The offices of the county clerk and other ex officio registrars may remain open on the last Friday in October in each evennumbered year.
  - [5. For the period beginning on the fifth Sunday preceding any primary or general election and ending on the third Tuesday preceding any primary or general election, an elector may register to vote only by appearing in person at the office of the county clerk.]
    - **Sec. 35.** NRS 293B.354 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293B.354 1. The county clerk shall, not later than [July 1]
  - **April 15** of each year in which a general election is held, submit to



the Secretary of State for his approval a written plan for the accommodation of members of the general public who observe the delivery, counting, handling and processing of ballots at a polling place, receiving center or central counting place.

- The city clerk shall, not later than January 1 of each year in which a general city election is held, submit to the Secretary of State for his approval a written plan for the accommodation of members of the general public who observe the delivery, counting, handling and processing of the ballots at a polling place, receiving center or central counting place.
  - 3. Each plan must include:

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- (a) The location of the central counting place and of each polling place and receiving center;
- (b) A procedure for the establishment of areas within each polling place and receiving center and the central counting place from which members of the general public may observe the activities set forth in subsections 1 and 2:
- (c) The requirements concerning the conduct of the members of the general public who observe the activities set forth in subsections 1 and 2; and
- (d) Any other provisions relating to the accommodation of members of the general public who observe the activities set forth in subsections 1 and 2 which the county or city clerk considers appropriate.
- **Sec. 36.** Chapter 293C of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 37 and 38 of this act.
  - Sec. 37. 1. The city clerk may appoint a nonresident college student as an election board officer. To qualify for such an appointment, the nonresident college student must be:
- 30 (a) A United States citizen and not eligible to register to vote in 31 this State:
- 32 (b) Enrolled in the University and Community College System 33 of Nevada; and
  - (c) At the time of service, at least 16 years of age.
- 35 2. The city clerk may only appoint a nonresident college 36
- (a) The nonresident college student is appointed without party 38 affiliation;
  - (b) The city clerk sends the nonresident college student a certificate stating the date and hours that the nonresident college student shall act as an election board officer; and
- 42 (c) The nonresident college student attends the training class 43 required by NRS 293B.260.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the city 44 clerk may assign a nonresident college student such duties as the



city clerk deems appropriate. The city clerk shall not assign more than one nonresident college student to serve as an election board officer in any one precinct.

4. The city clerk may compensate a nonresident college student for his service at the same rate fixed for election board officers generally.

- Sec. 38. No person may be a candidate for an office in any city election if he has, at the time of filing a declaration of candidacy or an acceptance of candidacy pursuant to NRS 293C.185, failed to:
- 1. Submit any campaign finance report required of the person pursuant to NRS 294A.360;
- 2. Submit any financial disclosure statement required of the person pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; or
- 3. Pay any civil penalty assessed pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 294A.420.
  - Sec. 39. NRS 293C.185 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.185 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293C.115 and 293C.190, a name may not be printed on a ballot to be used at a primary city election, unless the person named has filed a declaration of candidacy or an acceptance of candidacy and has paid the fee established by the governing body of the city not earlier than 70 days before the primary city election and not later than 5 p.m. on the 60th day before the primary city election.
- 2. A declaration of candidacy required to be filed by this section must be in substantially the following form:

27	
28	DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY OF FOR THE
29	OFFICE OF
30	
31	State of Nevada
32	
33	City of
34	·
35	For the purpose of having my name placed on the official



that I am a qualified elector pursuant to Section 1 of Article 2 of the Constitution of the State of Nevada; that if I have ever been convicted of treason or a felony, my civil rights have been restored by a court of competent jurisdiction; that I have filed all of the campaign finance reports that I have been required to file pursuant to NRS 294A.360; that I have filed all of the financial disclosure statements that I have been required to file pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; that I have paid any civil penalties assessed against me pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 294A.420; that if nominated as a candidate at the ensuing election I will accept the nomination and not withdraw; that I will not knowingly violate any election law or any law defining and prohibiting corrupt and fraudulent practices in campaigns and elections in this State; that I will qualify for the office if elected thereto, including, but not limited to, complying with any limitation prescribed by the Constitution and laws of this State concerning the number of years or terms for which a person may hold the office; and my name will appear on all ballots as designated in this declaration.

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(Designation of name)	•••
(Signature of candidate for office	

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Subscribed and sworn to before me this ..... day of the month of ..... of the year .....

28 29 30

Notary Public or other person authorized to administer an oath

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- 3. The address of a candidate that must be included in the declaration or acceptance of candidacy pursuant to subsection 2 must be the street address of the residence where he actually, as opposed to constructively, resides in accordance with NRS 281.050, if one has been assigned. The declaration or acceptance of candidacy must not be accepted for filing if:
- (a) The candidate's address is listed as a post office box unless a street address has not been assigned to his residence; or
  - (b) The candidate does not present to the filing officer:
- (1) A valid driver's license or identification card issued by a governmental agency that contains a photograph of the candidate and the candidate's address; or



(2) A current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, or document issued by a governmental entity, including, without limitation, a check, which indicates the candidate's name and address.

- 4. By filing the declaration or acceptance of candidacy, the candidate shall be deemed to have appointed the city clerk as his agent for service of process for the purposes of a proceeding pursuant to NRS 293C.186. Service of such process must first be attempted at the appropriate address as specified by the candidate in the declaration or acceptance of candidacy. If the candidate cannot be served at that address, service must be made by personally delivering to and leaving with the city clerk duplicate copies of the process. The city clerk shall immediately send, by registered or certified mail, one of the copies to the candidate at his specified address, unless the candidate has designated in writing to the city clerk a different address for that purpose, in which case the city clerk shall mail the copy to the last address so designated.
- 5. If the city clerk receives credible evidence indicating that a candidate has been convicted of a felony and has not had his civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction, the city clerk:
- (a) May conduct an investigation to determine whether the candidate has been convicted of a felony and, if so, whether he has had his civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction; and
- (b) Shall transmit the credible evidence and the findings from such investigation to the city attorney.
- 6. The receipt of information by the city attorney pursuant to subsection 5 must be treated as a challenge of a candidate pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of NRS 293C.186. If the ballots are printed before a court of competent jurisdiction makes a determination that a candidate has been convicted of a felony and has not had his civil rights restored by a court of competent jurisdiction, the city clerk must post a notice at each polling place where the candidate's name will appear on the ballot informing the voters that the candidate is disqualified from entering upon the duties of the office for which the candidate filed the declaration of candidacy or acceptance of candidacy.

**Sec. 40.** NRS 293C.220 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.220 1. **[The]** *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the* city clerk shall appoint and notify registered voters to act as election board officers for the various precincts and districts in the city as provided in NRS 293.225, 293.227, 293C.227 to 293C.250, inclusive, and 293C.382 and shall conclude those duties not later than 31 days before the election. No candidate for nomination or election or his relative within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity may be appointed as an election board



officer. Immediately after election board officers are appointed, if requested by the city clerk, the chief law enforcement officer of the city shall:

- (a) Appoint an officer for each polling place in the city and for the central election board or the absent ballot central counting board; or
- (b) Deputize, as an officer for the election, an election board officer for each polling place and for the central election board or the absent ballot central counting board. The deputized officer may not receive any additional compensation for the services he provides as an officer during the election for which he is deputized.
- → Officers so appointed and deputized shall preserve order during hours of voting and attend the closing of the polls.
  - The city clerk may appoint [a]:

- (a) A trainee for the position of election board officer as set forth in NRS 293C.222 ; and
- (b) A nonresident college student as an election board officer as set forth in section 37 of this act.
- **Sec. 41.** NRS 293C.227 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.227 Upon the selection of persons to act as election board officers pursuant to NRS 293C.220 *or section 37 of this act* or as trainees pursuant to NRS 293C.222, the city clerk shall deliver, by mail or other means, notifications of the appointments to those persons.
- **Sec. 42.** NRS 293C.228 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.228 If any person appointed to serve as an election board officer pursuant to NRS 293C.220 *or section 37 of this act* or as a trainee pursuant to NRS 293C.222 is unwilling to serve as appointed, he shall notify the city clerk within 5 days after receipt of the notification that he is unwilling to serve, whereupon the city clerk shall appoint some other registered voter to serve at the election.
- **Sec. 43.** NRS 293C.310 is hereby amended to read as follows: 293C.310 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.502 and 293C.265, a registered voter who provides sufficient written notice to the city clerk may vote an absent ballot as provided in this chapter.
  - 2. A registered voter who:
- 39 (a) Is at least 65 years of age; or
  - (b) Has a physical disability or condition that substantially impairs his ability to go to the polling place,
- 42 may request an absent ballot for all elections held during the year he requests an absent ballot : and the 2 succeeding years.
- 44 3. If a city clerk receives a request for an absent ballot from a 45 registered voter, the city clerk shall forward a copy of the request



for an absent ballot to the county clerk for the county in which the city is located.

- 4. As used in this section, "sufficient written notice" means a:
- (a) Written request for an absent ballot that is signed by the registered voter and returned to the city clerk in person *or through his designee* or by mail or facsimile machine;
- (b) Form prescribed by the Secretary of State that is completed and signed by the registered voter and returned to the city clerk in person or by mail or facsimile machine; or
  - (c) Form provided by the Federal Government.

- [4.] 5. A city clerk shall consider a request from a voter who has given sufficient written notice on a form provided by the Federal Government as:
- (a) A request for the primary city election and the general city election unless otherwise specified in the request; and
- (b) A request for an absent ballot for the two primary and general elections immediately following the date on which the city clerk received the request.
- [5.] 6. It is unlawful for a person fraudulently to request an absent ballot in the name of another person or to induce or coerce another person fraudulently to request an absent ballot in the name of another person. A person who violates any provision of this subsection is guilty of a category E felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.
  - **Sec. 44.** NRS 293C.312 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.312 1. A registered voter referred to in NRS 293C.310 may, at any time before 5 p.m. on the seventh calendar day preceding any election, make an application to the city clerk for an absent voter's ballot [...] for that election. The application must be made available for public inspection.
- 2. When the voter has identified himself to the satisfaction of the city clerk, he is entitled to receive the appropriate ballot or ballots, but only for his own use.
- 3. A city clerk who allows a person to copy information from an application for an absent ballot is immune from any civil or criminal liability for any damage caused by the distribution of that information, unless he knowingly and willingly allows a person who intends to use the information to further an unlawful act to copy the information.
  - **Sec. 45.** NRS 293C.318 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.318 1. A registered voter who, because of a physical disability, is unable to mark or sign a ballot or use a voting device without assistance may submit a written statement to the appropriate city clerk requesting that he receive an absent ballot for each city election conducted during the period specified in subsection 3.



2. A written statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 must:

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- (a) Include a statement from a physician licensed in this State certifying that the registered voter is a person with a physical disability and, because of the physical disability, he is unable to mark or sign a ballot or use a voting device without assistance;
- (b) Designate the person who will assist the registered voter in marking and signing the absent ballot on behalf of the registered voter; and
- (c) Include the name, address and signature of the person designated pursuant to paragraph (b).
- 3. Upon receipt of a written statement submitted by a registered voter pursuant to subsection 1, the city clerk shall, if the statement includes the information required pursuant to subsection 2, issue an absent ballot to the registered voter for each city election that is conducted during the year [immediately succeeding the date] the written statement is submitted to the city clerk [.] and the 2 succeeding years.
- 4. To determine whether a registered voter is entitled to receive an absent ballot pursuant to this section, the city clerk may, every year after an absent ballot is issued to a registered voter pursuant to subsection 3, require the registered voter to submit a statement from a licensed physician as specified in paragraph (a) of subsection 2. If a statement from a physician licensed in this State submitted pursuant to this subsection indicates that the registered voter is no longer physically disabled, the city clerk shall not issue an absent ballot to the registered voter pursuant to this section.
- 5. A person designated pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2 may, on behalf of and at the direction of the registered voter, mark and sign an absent ballot issued to the registered voter pursuant to the provisions of this section. If the person marks and signs the ballot, the person shall indicate next to his signature that the ballot has been marked and signed on behalf of the registered voter.
- 6. The procedure authorized pursuant to this section is subject to all other provisions of this chapter relating to voting by absent ballot to the extent that those provisions are not inconsistent with the provisions of this section.
  - **Sec. 46.** NRS 293C.527 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 293C.527 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 293.502, registration must close at 9 p.m. on the third Tuesday preceding any primary city election or general city election and at 9 p.m. on the third Saturday preceding any recall or special election, except that if a recall or special election is held on the same day as a primary city election or general city election, registration must close at 9 p.m. on the third Tuesday preceding the day of the elections.



2. The office of the city clerk must be open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. and from 7 p.m. to 9 p.m., including Saturdays, during the last days before the close of registration before a primary city election or general city election, according to the following schedule:

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- (a) In a city whose population is less than 25,000, the office of the city clerk must be open during the last 3 days before registration closes.
- (b) In a city whose population is 25,000 or more, the office of the city clerk must be open during the last 5 days before registration closes.
- 12 3. Except for a special election held pursuant to chapter 306 or 13 350 of NRS:
  - (a) The city clerk of each city shall cause a notice signed by him to be published in a newspaper having a general circulation in the city indicating the day that registration will be closed. If no newspaper is of general circulation in that city, the publication may be made in a newspaper of general circulation in the nearest city in this State.
  - (b) The notice must be published once each week for 4 consecutive weeks next preceding the close of registration for any election.
  - [4. For the period beginning on the fifth Sunday preceding any primary city election or general city election and ending on the third Tuesday preceding any primary city election or general city election, an elector may register to vote only by appearing in person at the office of the city clerk.]
    - **Sec. 47.** NRS 294A.373 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 294A.373 1. The Secretary of State shall design a single form to be used for all reports of campaign contributions and expenses or expenditures that are required to be filed pursuant to NRS [294A.120, 294A.125,] 294A.140, 294A.150, [294A.200,] 294A.210, 294A.220, 294A.270 [, 294A.280, 294A.360 and 294A.362.] and 294A.280.
  - 2. The Secretary of State shall design a single form to be used for all reports of campaign contributions and expenses or expenditures that are required to be filed by a candidate pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125, 294A.200, 294A.360 and 294A.362. In addition to the information required to be reported by a candidate pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125, 294A.200, 294A.360 and 294A.362, the form required to be filed by a candidate must include a space for the candidate to list the amount of cash on hand at the beginning of the:
    - (a) Period for which the report is filed; and
    - (b) Year in which the report is filed.



3. The **[form]** *forms* designed by the Secretary of State pursuant to this section must only request information specifically required by statute.

- [3.] 4. Upon request, the Secretary of State shall provide a copy of [the] each form designed pursuant to this section to each person, committee, political party and group that is required to file a report described in [subsection 1.] subsections 1 and 2.
  - **Sec. 48.** NRS 295.015 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 295.015 *1*. A copy of a petition for initiative must be placed on file in the Office of the Secretary of State before it may be presented to the registered voters for their signatures.
- 2. No person may place a copy of a petition for initiative on file in the Office of the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection I if he has, at the time at which the copy of the petition for initiative is to be filed, failed to:
- (a) Submit any campaign finance report required of the person pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200;
- 18 (b) Submit any financial disclosure statement required of the 19 person pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; or
- 20 (c) Pay any civil penalty assessed pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 294A.420.
  - **Sec. 49.** NRS 295.045 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 295.045 1. A copy of a petition for referendum must be placed on file in the Office of the Secretary of State before it may be presented to the registered voters for their signatures.
  - 2. No person may place a copy of a petition for referendum on file in the Office of the Secretary of State pursuant to subsection 1 if he has, at the time at which the copy of the petition for referendum is to be filed, failed to:
  - (a) Submit any campaign finance report required of the person pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200;
  - (b) Submit any financial disclosure statement required of the person pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; or
- 34 (c) Pay any civil penalty assessed pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 35 294A.420.
- 36 3. A petition for referendum must be filed with the Secretary of State not less than 120 days before the date of the next succeeding general election.
  - [3.] 4. The Secretary of State shall certify the questions to the county clerks, and they shall publish them in accordance with the provisions of law requiring county clerks to publish questions and proposed constitutional amendments which are to be submitted for popular vote.
  - [4.] 5. The title of the statute or resolution must be set out on the ballot, and the question printed upon the ballot for the



information of the voters must be as follows: "Shall the statute (setting out its title) be approved?"

- [5.] 6. Where a mechanical voting system is used, the title of the statute must appear on the list of offices and candidates and the statements of measures to be voted on and may be condensed to no more than 25 words.
- [6.] 7. The votes cast upon the question must be counted and canvassed as the votes for state officers are counted and canvassed.

**Sec. 50.** NRS 295.095 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 295.095 1. [Any] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, any five registered voters of the county may commence initiative or referendum proceedings by filing with the county clerk an affidavit stating they will constitute the petitioners' committee and be responsible for circulating the petition and filing it in proper form, stating their names and addresses and specifying the address to which all notices to the committee are to be sent, and setting out in full the proposed initiative ordinance or citing the ordinance sought to be reconsidered.
- 2. No person may serve on a petitioners' committee if he has, at the time at which the affidavit establishing the petitioners' committee is filed pursuant to subsection 1, failed to:
- (a) Submit any campaign finance report required of the person pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200;
- (b) Submit any financial disclosure statement required of the person pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; or
- (c) Pay any civil penalty assessed pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 294A.420.
- 3. Initiative petitions must be signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal to 15 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election in the county.
- [3.] 4. Referendum petitions must be signed by a number of registered voters of the county equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding general election in the county.
- [4.] 5. A petition must be submitted to the county clerk for verification, pursuant to NRS 295.250 to 295.290, inclusive, not later than:
- (a) One hundred and eighty days after the date that the affidavit required by subsection 1 is filed with the county clerk; or
  - (b) One hundred and thirty days before the election,
- → whichever is earlier.

[5.] 6. A petition may consist of more than one document, but all documents of a petition must be uniform in size and style, numbered and assembled as one instrument for submission. Each signature must be executed in ink or indelible pencil and followed



by the address of the person signing and the date on which he signed the petition. All signatures on a petition must be obtained within the period specified in subsection [4.] 5. Each document must contain, or have attached thereto throughout its circulation, the full text of the ordinance proposed or sought to be reconsidered.

- [6.] 7. Each document of a petition must have attached to it when submitted an affidavit executed by the circulator thereof stating:
  - (a) That he personally circulated the document;
  - (b) The number of signatures thereon;

- (c) That all the signatures were affixed in his presence;
- (d) That he believes them to be genuine signatures of the persons whose names they purport to be; and
- (e) That each signer had an opportunity before signing to read the full text of the ordinance proposed or sought to be reconsidered.
- [7.] 8. The county clerk shall issue a receipt to any person who submits a petition pursuant to this section. The receipt must set forth the number of:
  - (a) Documents included in the petition;
  - (b) Pages in each document; and
- (c) Signatures that the person declares are included in the petition.
  - **Sec. 51.** NRS 295.205 is hereby amended to read as follows: 295.205 1. [Any] Except as otherwise provided
- subsection 2, any five registered voters of the city may commence initiative or referendum proceedings by filing with the city clerk an affidavit:
- (a) Stating they will constitute the petitioners' committee and be responsible for circulating the petition and filing it in proper form;
  - (b) Stating their names and addresses;
- 31 (c) Specifying the address to which all notices to the committee 32 are to be sent; and
  - (d) Setting out in full the proposed initiative ordinance or citing the ordinance sought to be reconsidered.
  - 2. No person may serve on a petitioners' committee if he has, at the time at which the affidavit establishing the petitioners' committee is filed pursuant to subsection 1, failed to:
  - (a) Submit any campaign finance report required of the person pursuant to NRS 294A.120, 294A.125 or 294A.200;
  - (b) Submit any financial disclosure statement required of the person pursuant to NRS 281.559 or 281.561; or
- 42 (c) Pay any civil penalty assessed pursuant to NRS 281.581 or 43 294A.420.



- 3. Initiative petitions must be signed by a number of registered voters of the city equal to 15 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding city election.
- Referendum petitions must be signed by a number of registered voters of the city equal to 10 percent or more of the number of voters who voted at the last preceding city election.
- [4.] 5. A petition must be submitted to the city clerk for verification, pursuant to NRS 295.250 to 295.290, inclusive, not later than:
- (a) One hundred and eighty days after the date that the affidavit required by subsection 1 is filed with the city clerk; or
  - (b) One hundred and thirty days before the election,
- **→** whichever is earlier.

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- A petition may consist of more than one document, but all documents of a petition must be uniform in size and style, numbered and assembled as one instrument for submission. Each signature must be executed in ink or indelible pencil and followed by the address of the person signing and the date on which he signed the petition. All signatures on a petition must be obtained within the period specified in subsection [4.] 5. Each document must contain, or have attached thereto throughout its circulation, the full text of the ordinance proposed or sought to be reconsidered.
- [6.] 7. Each document of a petition must have attached to it when submitted an affidavit executed by the circulator thereof stating:
  - (a) That he personally circulated the document;
  - (b) The number of signatures thereon;
  - (c) That all the signatures were affixed in his presence;
- (d) That he believes them to be genuine signatures of the persons whose names they purport to be; and
- (e) That each signer had an opportunity before signing to read 32 the full text of the ordinance proposed or sought to be reconsidered.
  - The city clerk shall issue a receipt to any person who submits a petition pursuant to this section. The receipt must set forth the number of:
    - (a) Documents included in the petition;
    - (b) Pages in each document; and
  - (c) Signatures that the person declares are included in the petition.
  - Sec. 52. Section 5.020 of the Charter of the City of Reno, being chapter 662, Statutes of Nevada 1971, as last amended by chapter 100, Statutes of Nevada 1999, at page 274, is hereby amended to read as follows:
    - Sec. 5.020 Primary elections; declaration of candidacy.



- 1. A candidate for any office to be voted for at an election must file a declaration of candidacy with the City Clerk. All filing fees collected by the City Clerk must be deposited to the credit of the General Fund of the City.
- 2. If for any general election, there are three or more candidates for any office to be filled at that election, a primary election for any such office must be held on the [first] third Tuesday in [September] June preceding the general election. If for any general election there are two or fewer candidates for any office to be filled at that election, their names must not be placed on the ballot for the primary election but must be placed on the ballot for the general election.
  - 3. In the primary election:

- (a) The names of the two candidates for Municipal Judge, City Attorney or a particular City Council seat, as the case may be, who receive the highest number of votes must be placed on the ballot for the general election.
- (b) Candidates for Councilman who represent a specific ward must be voted upon only by the registered voters of that ward.
- (c) Candidates for Mayor and Councilman at large must be voted upon by all registered voters of the City.
- 4. The Mayor and all Councilmen must be voted upon by all registered voters of the City at the general election.



