## Amendment No. 1127

Assembly Amendment to A	(BDR 24-898)		
Proposed by: Committee on Elections, Procedures, Ethics, and Constitutional Amendments			
Amendment Box: Conflicts with Amendment No. 1113.			
Resolves Conflicts with: 1	N/A		
Amends: Summary: Ye	es Title: Yes Pr	eamble: No Joint Sp	ponsorship: No Digest: No
Adoption of this amendment will MAINTAIN an unfunded mandate not requested by the affected local government to A.B. 499 R2 (§ 10).			
ASSEMBLY ACTION	Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	N Initial and Date
Adopted □ Lost □ _		_   Adopted \[ \square \]	ost 🗆
Concurred In   Not   _		<del>_</del> ·	
Receded Not		Receded [	Not
"2. A district attorney has concurrent jurisdiction to investigate and prosecute a person who is alleged to have violated a provision of NRS 293.1755, 293.504, 293.5045, 293.505, 293.5235,			
subsection 1, 4 or 5 of NRS 293.800 or NRS 293.805, 293.810 or 293C.200.".			
Amend the bill as a whole by renumbering sections 14 and 15 as sections 23 and 24 and adding			
new sections designated sections 14 through 22, following sec. 13, to read as follows:			
"Sec. 14. NRS 294A.410 is hereby amended to read as follows:			
294A.410 1. [Except as otherwise provided in NRS 294A.345 and 294A.346, if] If it appears			
that the provisions of this chapter have been violated, the Secretary of State may:			
JCB/SGW			Date: 6/1/2005

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A.B. No. 499—Makes various changes relating to elections.

- (a) Conduct an investigation concerning the alleged violation and cause the appropriate proceedings to be instituted and prosecuted in the First Judicial District Court; or
- (b) Refer the alleged violation to the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall investigate the alleged violation and institute and prosecute the appropriate proceedings in the First Judicial District Court without delay.
- 2. A person who believes that any provision of this chapter has been violated may notify the Secretary of State, in writing, of the alleged violation. The notice must be signed by the person alleging the violation and include any information in support of the alleged violation.
  - **Sec. 15.** NRS 281.461 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 281.461 1. The Commission shall:
- (a) At its first meeting and annually thereafter elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman from among its members.
- (b) Meet regularly at least once in each calendar quarter, unless there are no requests made for an opinion pursuant to NRS 281.511, [294A.345 or 294A.346,] and at other times upon the call of the Chairman.
- 2. Members of the Commission are entitled to receive a salary of not more than \$80 per day, as fixed by the Commission, while engaged in the business of the Commission.
- 3. While engaged in the business of the Commission, each member and employee of the Commission is entitled to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees generally.
- 4. The Commission may, within the limits of legislative appropriation, maintain such facilities as are required to carry out its functions.

- **Sec. 16.** NRS 281.4635 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.4635 1. In addition to any other duties imposed upon him, the Executive Director shall:
- (a) Maintain complete and accurate records of all transactions and proceedings of the Commission.
  - (b) Receive requests for opinions pursuant to NRS 281.511. [, 294A.345 or 294A.346.]
- (c) Gather information and conduct investigations regarding requests for opinions received by the Commission and submit recommendations to the panel appointed pursuant to NRS 281.462 regarding whether there is just and sufficient cause to render an opinion in response to a particular request.
- (d) Recommend to the Commission any regulations or legislation that he considers desirable or necessary to improve the operation of the Commission and maintain high standards of ethical conduct in government.
- (e) Upon the request of any public officer or the employer of a public employee, conduct training on the requirements of this chapter, the rules and regulations adopted by the Commission and previous opinions of the Commission. In any such training, the Executive Director shall emphasize that he is not a member of the Commission and that only the Commission may issue opinions concerning the application of the statutory ethical standards to any given set of facts and circumstances. The Commission may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs of training provided by the Executive Director pursuant to this subsection.
  - (f) Perform such other duties, not inconsistent with law, as may be required by the Commission.
- 2. The Executive Director shall, within the limits of legislative appropriation, employ such persons as are necessary to carry out any of his duties relating to:

- (a) The administration of the affairs of the Commission;
- (b) The review of statements of financial disclosure; and
- (c) The investigation of matters under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- **Sec. 17.** NRS 281.465 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.465 1. The Commission has jurisdiction to investigate and take appropriate action regarding an alleged violation of <del>[:</del>
- (a) This] *this* chapter by a public officer or employee or former public officer or employee in any proceeding commenced by:
  - [(1)] (a) The filing of a request for an opinion with the Commission; or
  - [(2)] (b) The Commission on its own motion.
- [(b) NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346 in any proceeding commenced by the filing of a request for an opinion pursuant thereto.]
  - 2. The provisions of [paragraph (a) of] subsection 1 apply to a public officer or employee who:
- (a) Currently holds public office or is publicly employed at the commencement of proceedings against him.
  - (b) Resigns or otherwise leaves his public office or employment:
    - (1) After the commencement of proceedings against him; or
    - (2) Within 1 year after the alleged violation or reasonable discovery of the alleged violation.
  - **Sec. 18.** NRS 281.475 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 281.475 1. The Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Commission may administer oaths.
- 2. The Commission, upon majority vote, may issue a subpoena to compel the attendance of a witness and the production of books and papers. Upon the request of the Executive Director or the

public officer or public employee who is the subject of a request for an opinion, the Chairman or, in his absence, the Vice Chairman, may issue a subpoena to compel the attendance of a witness and the production of books and papers.

- 3. Before issuing a subpoena to a public officer or public employee who is the subject of a request for an opinion, the Executive Director shall submit a written request to the public officer or public employee requesting:
  - (a) His appearance as a witness; or
  - (b) His production of any books and papers relating to the request for an opinion.
- 4. Each written request submitted by the Executive Director pursuant to subsection 3 must specify the time and place for the attendance of the public officer or public employee or the production of any books and papers, and designate with certainty the books and papers requested, if any. If the public officer or public employee fails or refuses to attend at the time and place specified or produce the books and papers requested by the Executive Director within 5 business days after receipt of the request, the Chairman may issue the subpoena. Failure of the public officer or public employee to comply with the written request of the Executive Director shall be deemed a waiver by the public officer or public employee of the time set forth in subsections 3 and 4 of NRS 281.511.
- 5. If any witness refuses to attend, testify or produce any books and papers as required by the subpoena, the Chairman of the Commission may report to the district court by petition, setting forth that:
- (a) Due notice has been given of the time and place of attendance of the witness or the production of the books and papers;
  - (b) The witness has been subpoenaed by the Commission pursuant to this section; and

- (c) The witness has failed or refused to attend or produce the books and papers required by the subpoena before the Commission, or has refused to answer questions propounded to him, and asking for an order of the court compelling the witness to attend and testify or produce the books and papers before the Commission.
- 6. [Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon] *Upon* such a petition, the court shall enter an order directing the witness to appear before the court at a time and place to be fixed by the court in its order, the time to be not more than 10 days after the date of the order, and then and there show cause why he has not attended, testified or produced the books or papers before the Commission. [If the witness has been subpoenaed by the Commission in response to a request for an opinion filed pursuant to NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346, the court shall direct the witness to appear before the court as expeditiously as possible to allow the Commission to render its opinion within the time required by NRS 281.477.] A certified copy of the order must be served upon the witness.
- 7. If it appears to the court that the subpoena was regularly issued by the Commission, the court shall enter an order that the witness appear before the Commission, at the time and place fixed in the order, and testify or produce the required books and papers. Upon failure to obey the order, the witness must be dealt with as for contempt of court.
  - **Sec. 19.** NRS 281.521 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.521 [1.] The Commission's opinions may include guidance to a public officer or employee on questions whether:
  - [(a)] 1. A conflict exists between his personal interest and his official duty.
- [(b)] 2. His official duties involve the use of discretionary judgment whose exercise in the particular matter would have a significant effect upon the disposition of the matter.

- [(e)] 3. The conflict would materially affect the independence of the judgment of a reasonable person in his situation.
- [(d)] 4. He possesses special knowledge which is an indispensable asset of his public agency and is needed by it to reach a sound decision.
- [(e)] 5. It would be appropriate for him to withdraw or abstain from participation, disclose the nature of his conflicting personal interest or pursue some other designated course of action in the matter.
- [2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 281.477, 294A.345 and 294A.346, the Commission's opinions may not include guidance to a public officer or employee on questions regarding the provisions of chapter 294A of NRS.]
  - **Sec. 20.** NRS 281.551 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 281.551 1. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the Commission may impose on a public officer or employee or former public officer or employee civil penalties:
  - (a) Not to exceed \$5,000 for a first willful violation of this chapter;
- (b) Not to exceed \$10,000 for a separate act or event that constitutes a second willful violation of this chapter; and
- (c) Not to exceed \$25,000 for a separate act or event that constitutes a third willful violation of this chapter.
- 2. In addition to other penalties provided by law, the Commission may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 and assess an amount equal to the amount of attorney's fees and costs actually and reasonably incurred by the person about whom an opinion was requested pursuant to NRS 281.511

[,] against a person who prevents, interferes with or attempts to prevent or interfere with the discovery or investigation of a violation of this chapter.

- 3. If the Commission finds that a violation of a provision of this chapter by a public officer or employee or former public officer or employee has resulted in the realization by another person of a financial benefit, the Commission may, in addition to other penalties provided by law, require the current or former public officer or employee to pay a civil penalty of not more than twice the amount so realized.
- 4. [In addition to any other penalty provided by law, by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Commission, the Commission may impose on any person who violates any provision of NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346 a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000. The Commission shall not impose a civil penalty for a violation of NRS 294A.345 unless the Commission has made the specific findings required pursuant to subsection 7 of NRS 281.477.
- -5.] If the Commission finds that:
- (a) A willful violation of this chapter has been committed by a public officer removable from office by impeachment only, *[it] the Commission* shall file a report with the appropriate person responsible for commencing impeachment proceedings as to its finding. The report must contain a statement of the facts alleged to constitute the violation.
- (b) A willful violation of this chapter has been committed by a public officer removable from office pursuant to NRS 283.440, the Commission may file a proceeding in the appropriate court for removal of the officer.

- (c) Three or more willful violations have been committed by a public officer removable from office pursuant to NRS 283.440, the Commission shall file a proceeding in the appropriate court for removal of the officer.
- [6.] 5. An action taken by a public officer or employee or former public officer or employee relating to NRS 281.481, 281.491, 281.501 or 281.505 is not a willful violation of a provision of those sections if the public officer or employee:
- (a) Relied in good faith upon the advice of the legal counsel retained by the public body which the public officer represents or by the employer of the public employee or upon the manual published by the Commission pursuant to NRS 281.471;
- (b) Was unable, through no fault of his own, to obtain an opinion from the Commission before the action was taken; and
  - (c) Took action that was not contrary to a prior published opinion issued by the Commission.
- [7.] 6. In addition to other penalties provided by law, a public employee who willfully violates a provision of NRS 281.481, 281.491, 281.501 or 281.505 is subject to disciplinary proceedings by his employer and must be referred for action in accordance to the applicable provisions governing his employment.
- [8.] 7. NRS 281.481 to 281.541, inclusive, do not abrogate or decrease the effect of the provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes which define crimes or prescribe punishments with respect to the conduct of public officers or employees. If the Commission finds that a public officer or employee has committed a willful violation of this chapter which it believes may also constitute a criminal offense, the Commission shall refer the matter to the Attorney General or the district

attorney, as appropriate, for a determination of whether a crime has been committed that warrants prosecution.

- [9.] 8. The imposition of a civil penalty pursuant to [subsections 1 to 4, inclusive,] subsection 1, 2 or 3 is a final decision for the purposes of judicial review.
- [10.] **9.** A finding by the Commission that a public officer or employee has violated any provision of this chapter must be supported by a preponderance of the evidence unless a greater burden is otherwise prescribed by law.
  - **Sec. 21.** NRS 281.477, 294A.345 and 294A.346 are hereby repealed.
- **Sec. 22.** The amendatory provisions of sections 14 to 21, inclusive, of this act do not apply to conduct that occurred before October 1, 2005, or to the jurisdiction, duties, powers or proceedings of the Commission on Ethics relating to such conduct.".

Amend sec. 15, page 7, line 28, after "14" by inserting: "to 23, inclusive,".

Amend the bill as a whole by adding the text of repealed sections, following sec. 15, to read as follows:

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## TEXT OF REPEALED SECTIONS

281.477 Public hearing on request for opinion as to whether person committed act to impede success of political campaign: Request; notice; response; continuance; actions of Commission; judicial review of final opinion.

- 1. If a request for an opinion is filed with the Commission pursuant to NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346, the Commission shall conduct a public hearing on the request. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the hearing must be held as expeditiously as possible, but not later than 15 days after the receipt of the request for the opinion.
- 2. Such a request must be accompanied by all evidence and arguments to be offered by the requester concerning the issues related to the request. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if such evidence and arguments are not submitted with the request, the Commission may:
- (a) Draw any conclusions it deems appropriate from the failure of the person or group of persons requesting the opinion to submit the evidence and arguments, other than a conclusion that a person alleged to have violated NRS 294A.345 acted with actual malice; and
  - (b) Decline to render an opinion.
- → The provisions of this subsection do not prohibit the Commission from considering evidence or arguments presented by the requester after submission of the request for an opinion if the Commission determines that consideration of such evidence or arguments is in the interest of justice.
- 3. The Commission shall immediately notify any person alleged to have violated NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346 that such an opinion has been requested by the most expedient means possible. If notice is given orally by telephone or in any other manner, a second notice must be given in writing not later than the next calendar day by facsimile machine or overnight mail. The notice must include the time and place of the Commission's hearing on the matter.
- 4. A person notified pursuant to subsection 3 shall submit a response to the Commission not later than the close of business on the second business day following the receipt of the notice. The response must be accompanied by any evidence concerning the issues related to the request that the

person has in his possession or may obtain without undue financial hardship. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if such evidence is not submitted within that time, the Commission may:

- (a) Draw any conclusions it deems appropriate from the failure of that person to submit the evidence and argument; and
  - (b) Prohibit that person from responding and presenting evidence at the hearing.
- → The provisions of this subsection do not prohibit the Commission from allowing that person to respond and present evidence or arguments, or both, after the close of business on the second business day if the Commission determines that consideration of such evidence or arguments is in the interest of justice.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, the Commission shall allow any person alleged to have violated NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346 to:
  - (a) Be represented by counsel; and
- (b) Hear the evidence presented to the Commission and respond and present evidence on his own behalf.
  - 6. At the request of:
- (a) The person or group of persons that filed the request for the opinion pursuant to NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346; or
  - (b) The person alleged to have violated the provisions of NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346,
- → the Commission may grant a continuance of a hearing held pursuant to the provisions of this section upon a showing of the existence of extraordinary circumstances that would prohibit the Commission from rendering a fair and impartial opinion. A continuance may be granted for not more

than 15 days. Not more than one continuance may be granted by the Commission pursuant to this subsection.

- 7. The person or group of persons that filed the request for the opinion pursuant to NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346 has the burden of proving the elements of the offense, including that a person alleged to have violated NRS 294A.345 acted with actual malice. The existence of actual malice may not be presumed. A final opinion of the Commission rendered pursuant to this section must be supported by clear and convincing evidence. In addition to the other requirements for issuing an opinion pursuant to this subsection, the Commission shall not render a final opinion determining that a person has violated NRS 294A.345 unless the Commission makes specific findings that:
  - (a) The person caused to be published a false statement of fact concerning a candidate;
  - (b) The person acted with actual malice in causing the false statement to be published;
- (c) The person acted with the intent to impede the success of the campaign of the candidate in causing the false statement to be published; and
- (d) The publication of the false statement did in fact impede the success of the campaign of the candidate.
- → In addition to the other requirements for issuing an opinion pursuant to this subsection, the Commission shall not render a final opinion determining that a person has violated NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346 unless a finding that each of the elements of the offense has been proven receives the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Commission.
- 8. The Commission shall render its opinion, or decline to render an opinion, as expeditiously as possible, but not later than 3 days after the date of the hearing. If additional time is required to determine the state of mind or the intent of the person alleged to have violated the provisions of NRS

294A.345 or 294A.346 or to determine the amount of any civil penalty that may be imposed pursuant to NRS 281.551, the Commission may continue its jurisdiction to investigate those issues but shall render its opinion as to the truth or falsity of the statement made concerning the candidate or the ballot question or its opinion as to whether the person impeded the success of the campaign or induced another person to impede the success of the campaign. If the Commission continues its jurisdiction pursuant to this subsection, it may render a final opinion after the time set forth in this subsection.

- 9. A final opinion of the Commission rendered pursuant to this section is subject to judicial review pursuant to NRS 233B.130. The district court shall give a petition for judicial review of a final opinion of the Commission priority over other civil matters that are not expressly given priority by law. Notwithstanding the provisions of NRS 233B.130, the court may provide for such expedited review of the final opinion, including shortened periods for filing documents, as it deems appropriate for the circumstances.
- 10. Each request for an opinion filed pursuant to NRS 294A.345 or 294A.346, each opinion rendered by the Commission pursuant thereto and any motion, evidence or record of a hearing relating to the request are public and must be open to inspection pursuant to NRS 239.010.
- 11. For the purposes of NRS 41.032, the members of the Commission and its employees shall be deemed to be exercising or performing a discretionary function or duty when taking any action related to the rendering of an opinion pursuant to this section.
- 12. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a meeting or hearing held by the Commission to carry out the provisions of this section and the Commission's deliberations on the information or evidence are not subject to any provision of chapter 241 of NRS.

- 13. As used in this section:
- (a) "Actual malice" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 294A.345.
- (b) "Publish" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 294A.345.

## 294A.345 Impeding success of campaign of candidate by causing publication of certain false statements of fact concerning candidate prohibited; civil penalty imposed by Commission on Ethics.

- 1. A person shall not, with actual malice and the intent to impede the success of the campaign of a candidate, impede the success of the candidate by causing to be published a false statement of fact concerning the candidate, including, without limitation, statements concerning:
  - (a) The education or training of the candidate.
  - (b) The profession or occupation of the candidate.
- (c) Whether the candidate committed, was indicted for committing or was convicted of committing a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption.
  - (d) Whether the candidate has received treatment for a mental illness.
- (e) Whether the candidate was disciplined while serving in the military or was dishonorably discharged from service in the military.
  - (f) Whether another person endorses or opposes the candidate.
- (g) The record of voting of a candidate if he formerly served or currently serves as a public officer.
- 2. Any candidate who alleges that a false statement of fact concerning the candidate has been published in violation of subsection 1 may file a request for an opinion with the Commission on Ethics pursuant to NRS 281.411 to 281.581, inclusive. Such a request must be filed with the

Commission not later than 10 days after the date on which the false statement of fact is alleged to have been made. The Commission shall give priority to such a request over all other matters pending with the Commission.

- 3. A person who violates the provisions of this section is subject to a civil penalty that may be imposed by the Commission on Ethics pursuant to NRS 281.551.
  - 4. As used in this section:
- (a) "Actual malice" means knowledge of the falsity of a statement or reckless disregard for whether a statement is true or false.
- (b) "Publish" means the act of printing, posting, broadcasting, mailing, speaking or otherwise disseminating.

## 294A.346 Impeding success or inducing another to impede success of campaign of candidate or for ballot question prohibited; civil penalty imposed by Commission on Ethics.

- 1. An employee, agent or volunteer of the campaign of a candidate shall not willfully perform any act in the course of his employment, agency or volunteering that impedes the success of that campaign.
- 2. A person shall not willfully, to impede the success of the campaign of a candidate, offer or give an item of value to:
- (a) A person to induce him to obtain a position as an employee, agent or volunteer for that campaign and perform any act in the course of his employment, agency or volunteering to impede the success of that campaign; or
- (b) An employee, agent or volunteer for that campaign to induce him to perform any act in the course of his employment, agency or volunteering to impede the success of that campaign.

- 3. An employee, agent or volunteer of a campaign for the passage or defeat of a question on the ballot at any election, including any recall or special election, shall not willfully perform any act in the course of his employment, agency or volunteering that impedes the success of that campaign.
- 4. A person shall not willfully, to impede the success of a campaign for the passage or defeat of a question on the ballot at any election, including any recall or special election, offer or give an item of value to:
- (a) A person to induce him to obtain a position as an employee, agent or volunteer for that campaign and perform any act in the course of his employment, agency or volunteering to impede the success of that campaign; or
- (b) An employee, agent or volunteer for that campaign to induce him to perform any act in the course of his employment, agency or volunteering to impede the success of that campaign.
- 5. Any candidate who alleges that a person has violated the provisions of subsection 1 or 2, and any person or group of persons that advocates the passage or defeat of a question on the ballot at any election, is required to file a report pursuant to NRS 294A.150, and alleges that a person has violated the provisions of subsection 3 or 4, may file a request for an opinion with the Commission on Ethics pursuant to NRS 281.411 to 281.581, inclusive. Such a request must be filed with the Commission not later than 10 days after the date of the election with respect to which the alleged violation occurred. The Commission shall give priority to such a request over all matters pending with the Commission.
- 6. A person who violates the provisions of this section is subject to a civil penalty that may be imposed by the Commission on Ethics pursuant to NRS 281.551.".

Amend the title of the bill to read as follows:

"AN ACT relating to government; requiring an election board to have a copy of a list of all registered voters in the county who are eligible to vote in an election; providing that public high schools and public libraries must serve as a site at which a person may obtain an application to register to vote; revising the provisions relating to powers of a chairman of an election board; providing that a district attorney has concurrent jurisdiction with the Secretary of State to enforce certain provisions relating to elections; repealing the provision prohibiting a person from making a false statement of fact concerning a candidate or a question on a ballot under certain circumstances; repealing the provision prohibiting certain persons from willfully impeding the success of the campaign of a candidate or the campaign for the passage or defeat of a question on a ballot; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.".

Amend the summary of the bill to read as follows:

"SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to public office. (BDR 24-898)".