## Amendment No. 94

Senate Amendment to Senate Bill No. 287							DR 15-14)
Proposed by: Senate Committee on Transportation and Homeland Security							
Amendment Box:							
Resolves Conflicts with: N/A							
Amends:	Summary: No	Title: No	Preamble: No	Joint S	ponsorship: \	Yes I	Digest: Yes
ASSEMBLY ACTION Initial and Date		e   SENATE	SENATE ACTION		Initial and Date		
Adopted	d 🗆 Lost 🗆		Ado <sub>j</sub>	pted 🔲 I	Lost 🗆		
Concurred In	n 🗆 Not 🗆		Concurre	d In □	Not 🗆		
Recedeo	d 🗌 Not 🔲		Rece	eded 🗌	Not 🗆		

Amend the bill as a whole by adding the following Assemblyman as a primary joint sponsor:

Assemblyman Horne

RBL/BJE Date: 3/28/2005

S.B. No. 287—Prohibits person from leaving child who is 7 years of age or younger in motor vehicle without certain supervision.



## If this amendment is adopted, the Legislative

## Counsel's Digest will be changed to read as follows:

## **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law provides criminal penalties for the abuse, neglect or endangerment of a child. Such penalties include punishment for a category A felony with the possibility of imprisonment for life if the child suffers substantial bodily harm or punishment for a category B felony or a category C felony depending on the circumstances. (NRS 200.508-200.5085) In addition, existing law authorizes the district attorney to refer a person who is suspected of committing an act that may constitute abuse and neglect of a child for treatment and counseling. (NRS 200.5081)

This bill prohibits a parent, legal guardian or other person who is responsible for a child who is 7 years of age or younger from leaving the child in a motor vehicle without the supervision of a person who is at least 12 years of age. A person who violates this provision is guilty of a misdemeanor. However, this bill allows a court to suspend the proceedings and dismiss the proceedings if the person completes an educational program satisfactory to the court. This bill further provides that the penalties of this provision do not apply if the person may be prosecuted under another provision of law. Thus, if the conduct of the parent, legal guardian or other person rises to the level of abuse or neglect of the child, this provision would not apply.

Existing law provides for the sealing of records related to the arrest and prosecution of a person for a crime, including the sealing of records after charges are dismissed or a person is acquitted of the charges. (NRS 179.255) After the records are sealed, all proceedings related to the record are

deemed never to have occurred. (NRS 179.285) Nevertheless, in limited circumstances, certain persons may inspect sealed records. (NRS 179.301)

This bill amends the provision which authorizes certain persons to inspect sealed records to authorize a prosecuting attorney to inquire into and inspect such records if: (1) the records relate to a violation or alleged violation of the prohibition on leaving a child who is 7 years of age or younger in a motor vehicle without the required supervision; and (2) the person who is the subject of the records has been arrested or issued a citation for a violation of that provision.