Amendment No. 49

Senate Amendment to Senate Bill No. 64	(BDR 10-539)			
Proposed by: Committee on Judiciary				
Amendment Box:				
Resolves Conflicts with: N/A				
	ble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes			
Amends: Summary: Yes Title: Yes Pream	ble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes			
ASSEMBLY ACTION Initial and Date	SENATE ACTION Initial and Date			
Adopted Lost Lost Lost Lost	Adopted Lost			
Concurred In Not	Concurred In Not			
Receded Not	Receded □ Not □			
"(b) [A successor in interest to the grantee. If a successor in interest is designated, the deed must include a provision stating the condition precedent for the interest of the successor to vest.] A grantee or multiple grantees who will take title to the property upon his death as the sole and separate property of the grantee or grantees without the necessity of the filing of a quitclaim deed				
or disclaimer by the spouse of any grantee.".				
Amend section 1, page 2, line 37, after "5." by inserting:				
"If an owner of an interest in real property who creates a deed pursuant to subsection 1 executes				
and records more than one deed concerning the s	same real property, the deed that is last recorded			
before the death of the owner is the effective deed	<i>l</i> .			
SKO/KEL	Date: 4/22/2005			

S.B. No. 64—Clarifies that owner of interest in real property may convey his interest to grantee in deed which becomes effective upon death of owner as sole separate property of grantee without necessity of filing of quitclaim deed or disclaimer by spouse of grantee.

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6. A deed created pursuant to subsection 1 is valid only if executed and recorded as provided by law in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located before the death of the owner or the death of the last surviving owner. The deed must be in substantially the following form:

	_	_	_	_
- 1	,			ı١
- /	,,	H.	H.	,,

I (We)	(owner) hereby convey to	(grantee), effective on my (our)
death, the follo	wing described real property:	
(Legal Descript	ion)	

THIS DEED IS REVOCABLE. THIS DEED DOES NOT TRANSFER ANY OWNERSHIP

UNTIL THE DEATH OF THE GRANTOR. THIS DEED REVOKES ALL PRIOR DEEDS BY

THE GRANTOR WHICH CONVEY THE SAME REAL PROPERTY PURSUANT TO

SUBSECTION 1 OF NRS 111.109 REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PRIOR DEEDS

FAILED TO CONVEY THE GRANTOR'S ENTIRE INTEREST IN THE SAME REAL

PROPERTY.

(Signature of Grantor)

7. A deed created pursuant to subsection 1 may be revoked at any time by the owner or, if there is more than one owner, by any of the owners who created the deed. The revocation is valid only if executed and recorded as provided by law in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located before the death of the owner who executes the revocation. If the property is held as joint tenants with right of survivorship or as community property with the right of survivorship and the revocation is not executed by all of the owners, the revocation does not become effective unless the revocation is executed and recorded by the last surviving owner. The revocation of deed must be in substantially the following form:

REVOCATION OF DEED

The undersigned hereby revokes the deed recorded on (date), in docket or boo		
, at page, or instrument number	, records of	
County, Nevada.		
(Date)	(Signature)	

8. Upon the death of the last grantor of a deed created pursuant to subsection 1, a declaration of value of real property pursuant to NRS 375.060 and a copy of the death certificate of each grantor must be attached to a Death of Grantor Affidavit and recorded in the office of the county recorder where the deed was recorded. The Death of Grantor Affidavit must be in substantially the following form:

DEATH OF GRANTOR AFFIDAVIT

(affiant name), being du	ly sworn, deposes and	says that	
(name of deceased), the decedent mentioned in	the attached certified	copy of the Certificate of	
Death, is the same person as	(name of grantor), named as the grantor or as		
one of the grantors in the deed recorded on $_$	(date), in docket or book		
at page, or instrument number	_, records of	County, Nevada,	
covering the following described property:			
(Legal Description)			
(affiant name) is the grain	ntee or at least one of	the grantees to whom the	
real property is conveyed upon the death of the grantor		(name of	
deceased) or is the authorized representative of	the grantee or at leas	t one of the grantees.	
(Date)		(Signature)	

9.".

Amend the bill as a whole by renumbering sec. 2 as sec. 5 and adding new sections designated sections 2 through 4, following section 1, to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. NRS 375.090 is hereby amended to read as follows:

375.090 The taxes imposed by NRS 375.020, 375.023 and 375.026 do not apply to:

- 1. A mere change in identity, form or place of organization, such as a transfer between a corporation and its parent corporation, a subsidiary or an affiliated corporation if the affiliated corporation has identical common ownership.
- 2. A transfer of title to the United States, any territory or state or any agency, department, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof.
 - 3. A transfer of title recognizing the true status of ownership of the real property.
- 4. A transfer of title without consideration from one joint tenant or tenant in common to one or more remaining joint tenants or tenants in common.
- 5. A transfer of title between spouses, including gifts, or to effect a property settlement agreement or between former spouses in compliance with a decree of divorce.
- 6. A transfer of title to or from a trust without consideration if a certificate of trust is presented at the time of transfer.
 - 7. Transfers, assignments or conveyances of unpatented mines or mining claims.
- 8. A transfer, assignment or other conveyance of real property to a corporation or other business organization if the person conveying the property owns 100 percent of the corporation or organization to which the conveyance is made.
- 9. A transfer, assignment or other conveyance of real property if the owner of the property is related to the person to whom it is conveyed within the first degree of consanguinity.
- 10. A conveyance of real property by deed which becomes effective upon the death of the grantor pursuant to NRS 111.109.
- 11. The making, delivery or filing of conveyances of real property to make effective any plan of reorganization or adjustment:

- (a) Confirmed under the Bankruptcy Act, as amended, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq.;
- (b) Approved in an equity receivership proceeding involving a railroad, as defined in the Bankruptcy Act; or
- (c) Approved in an equity receivership proceeding involving a corporation, as defined in the Bankruptcy Act,
- → if the making, delivery or filing of instruments of transfer or conveyance occurs within 5 years after the date of the confirmation, approval or change.
- [11.] 12. The making or delivery of conveyances of real property to make effective any order of the Securities and Exchange Commission if:
- (a) The order of the Securities and Exchange Commission in obedience to which the transfer or conveyance is made recites that the transfer or conveyance is necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, 15 U.S.C. § 79k;
- (b) The order specifies and itemizes the property which is ordered to be transferred or conveyed; and
 - (c) The transfer or conveyance is made in obedience to the order.
- [12.] 13. A transfer to an educational foundation. As used in this subsection, "educational foundation" has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection 3 of NRS 388.750.
- [13.] 14. A transfer to a university foundation. As used in this subsection, "university foundation" has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection 3 of NRS 396.405.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 388.750 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 388.750 1. An educational foundation:
 - (a) Shall comply with the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS;

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, shall make its records public and open to inspection pursuant to NRS 239.010; and
- (c) Is exempt from the taxes imposed by NRS 375.020, 375.023 and 375.026 pursuant to subsection [12] 13 of NRS 375.090.
- 2. An educational foundation is not required to disclose the names of the contributors to the foundation or the amount of their contributions. The educational foundation shall, upon request, allow a contributor to examine, during regular business hours, any record, document or other information of the foundation relating to that contributor.
- 3. As used in this section, "educational foundation" means a nonprofit corporation, association or institution or a charitable organization that is:
- (a) Organized and operated exclusively for the purpose of supporting one or more kindergartens, elementary schools, junior high or middle schools or high schools, or any combination thereof;
 - (b) Formed pursuant to the laws of this State; and
 - (c) Exempt from taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3).
 - **Sec. 4.** NRS 396.405 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 396.405 1. A university foundation:
 - (a) Shall comply with the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS;
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, shall make its records public and open to inspection pursuant to NRS 239.010;
- (c) Is exempt from the taxes imposed by NRS 375.020, 375.023 and 375.026 pursuant to subsection [13] 14 of NRS 375.090; and

- (d) May allow a president or an administrator of the university or community college which it supports to serve as a member of its governing body.
- 2. A university foundation is not required to disclose the name of any contributor or potential contributor to the university foundation, the amount of his contribution or any information which may reveal or lead to the discovery of his identity. The university foundation shall, upon request, allow a contributor to examine, during regular business hours, any record, document or other information of the foundation relating to that contributor.
- 3. As used in this section, "university foundation" means a nonprofit corporation, association or institution or a charitable organization that is:
- (a) Organized and operated exclusively for the purpose of supporting a university or a community college;
 - (b) Formed pursuant to the laws of this State; and
 - (c) Exempt from taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3).".

Amend the title of the bill to read as follows:

"AN ACT relating to the distribution of estates; providing that the owner of an interest in real property may convey his interest to a grantee in a deed which becomes effective upon the death of the owner as the sole and separate property of the grantee without the necessity of the filing of a quitclaim deed or disclaimer by the spouse of the grantee; requiring certain documents relating to the conveyance of real property by such deeds to be filed with a county recorder; exempting from the real property transfer tax a conveyance of real property by deed which becomes effective upon the death of the grantor; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.".

Amend the summary of the bill to read as follows:

"SUMMARY—Makes various changes to provisions concerning conveyance of real property by deed which becomes effective upon death of grantor. (BDR 10-539)".

If this amendment is adopted, the Legislative

Counsel's Digest will be changed to read as follows:

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law allows the owner of an interest in real property to create a deed that conveys his interest in the property to another person, called a grantee, which becomes effective upon his death. The owner may designate more than one grantee to take the title of the property as any type of tenancy recognized by the State. These types of tenancy include joint tenants, tenants in common, husband and wife as community property, and community property with rights of survivorship. (NRS 111.109) Existing law also imposes taxes on transfers of real property with the exception of certain transfers. (NRS 375.020, 375.023, 375.026, 375.090)

This bill allows the owner of an interest in real property to designate a grantee or grantees to take title as sole and separate property. The spouse of the designated grantee is not required to file a quitclaim deed or disclaimer to the property when the deed is conveyed as sole and separate property. This bill also provides that if an owner of an interest in real property executes and records more than one deed which conveys the same real property and which becomes effective upon the death of the owner, the last deed that is recorded before the death of the owner is the effective deed. In addition, this bill requires the recording of such deeds and any revocations for such deeds with the county recorder before the death of the owner in order for the deeds and revocations to be effective. Upon the death of the last surviving owner in such a deed, a declaration of value of real property and a copy of the death certificate of each owner must be attached to a Death of Grantor Affidavit and recorded in the county recorder's office where the deed was recorded. This bill also exempts from

the real property transfer tax a conveyance of real property by deed which becomes effective upon the death of the grantor.