

SENATE BILL No. 76—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE INTERIM STUDY COMMITTEE ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM IN RURAL NEVADA AND TRANSITIONAL HOUSING FOR RELEASED OFFENDERS)

FEBRUARY 16, 2005

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions pertaining to evaluations of juveniles who commit certain unlawful acts involving alcohol or controlled substances. (BDR 5-186)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [~~omitted material~~] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to juveniles; revising the provisions pertaining to evaluations of juveniles who commit certain unlawful acts involving alcohol or controlled substances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law requires a juvenile court to order a delinquent child to be
2 evaluated to determine whether the child is an abuser of alcohol or other drugs if
3 the child committed certain unlawful acts involving alcohol or drugs. Pursuant to
4 the evaluation, the juvenile court must order the child to participate in a program of
5 treatment as recommended by the evaluator. (NRS 62E.620)

6 This bill removes from the mandatory evaluation a child who commits certain
7 unlawful acts for the first time. This bill retains the mandatory evaluation of a child
8 who unlawfully operated a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or
9 other drugs. However, this bill gives the juvenile court discretion whether to order
10 such an evaluation for a child who unlawfully used, possessed, sold or distributed a
11 controlled substance or who unlawfully purchased, possessed or consumed an
12 alcoholic beverage if the child has not previously been found to have committed
13 one of those acts.



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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 62E.620 is hereby amended to read as
2 follows:

3 62E.620 1. The juvenile court shall order a delinquent child
4 to undergo an evaluation to determine whether the child is an abuser
5 of alcohol or other drugs if the child committed ~~E~~:

6 ~~(a) An~~ ***an*** unlawful act in violation of NRS 484.379 or
7 484.3795. ~~[,]~~

8 ~~(b)~~ ***2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the
9 juvenile court shall order a delinquent child to undergo an
10 evaluation to determine whether the child is an abuser of alcohol
11 or other drugs if the child committed:***

12 (a) The unlawful act of using, possessing, selling or distributing
13 a controlled substance; or

14 ~~(e)~~ ***(b)*** The unlawful act of purchasing, consuming or
15 possessing an alcoholic beverage in violation of NRS 202.020.

16 → ***The juvenile court is not required to order such an evaluation if
17 the child has not previously been found to have committed one of
18 those acts.***

19 ~~[2. The]~~

20 ***3. An*** evaluation of the child must be conducted by:

21 (a) An alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is licensed or
22 certified or an alcohol and drug abuse counselor intern who is
23 certified pursuant to chapter 641C of NRS to make that
24 classification; or

25 (b) A physician who is certified to make that classification by
26 the Board of Medical Examiners.

27 ~~[3. The]~~

28 ***4. An*** evaluation of the child may be conducted at an
29 evaluation center.

30 ~~[4. The]~~

31 ***5. A*** person who conducts ~~[the]~~ ***an*** evaluation of the child shall
32 report to the juvenile court the results of the evaluation and make a
33 recommendation to the juvenile court concerning the length and
34 type of treatment required for the child.

35 ~~[5.]~~ ***6. The*** juvenile court shall:

36 (a) Order the child to undergo a program of treatment as
37 recommended by the person who conducts the evaluation of the
38 child.

39 (b) Require the treatment facility to submit monthly reports on
40 the treatment of the child pursuant to this section.

41 (c) Order the child or the parent or guardian of the child, or both,
42 to the extent of their financial ability, to pay any charges relating



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1 to the evaluation and treatment of the child pursuant to this section.
2 If the child or the parent or guardian of the child, or both, do not
3 have the financial resources to pay all those charges:

4 (1) The juvenile court shall, to the extent possible, arrange
5 for the child to receive treatment from a treatment facility which
6 receives a sufficient amount of federal or state money to offset the
7 remainder of the costs; and

8 (2) The juvenile court may order the child, in lieu of paying
9 the charges relating to his evaluation and treatment, to perform
10 community service.

11 **[6.] 7.** After a treatment facility has certified a child's
12 successful completion of a program of treatment ordered pursuant to
13 this section, the treatment facility is not liable for any damages to
14 person or property caused by a child who:

15 (a) Drives, operates or is in actual physical control of a vehicle
16 or a vessel under power or sail while under the influence of
17 intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance; or

18 (b) Engages in any other conduct prohibited by NRS 484.379,
19 484.3795, subsection 2 of NRS 488.400, NRS 488.410 or 488.420
20 or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar
21 conduct.

22 **[7.] 8.** The provisions of this section do not prohibit the
23 juvenile court from:

24 (a) Requiring an evaluation to be conducted by a person who is
25 employed by a private company if the company meets the standards
26 of the Health Division of the Department of Human Resources. The
27 evaluation may be conducted at an evaluation center.

28 (b) Ordering the child to attend a program of treatment which is
29 administered by a private company.

30 **[8.] 9.** All information relating to the evaluation or treatment
31 of a child pursuant to this section is confidential and, except as
32 otherwise authorized by the provisions of this title or the juvenile
33 court, must not be disclosed to any person other than:

34 (a) The juvenile court;

35 (b) The child;

36 (c) The attorney for the child, if any;

37 (d) The parents or guardian of the child;

38 (e) The district attorney; and

39 (f) Any other person for whom the communication of that
40 information is necessary to effectuate the evaluation or treatment of
41 the child.

42 **[9.] 10.** A record of any finding that a child has violated the
43 provisions of NRS 484.379 or 484.3795 must be included in the
44 driver's record of that child for 7 years after the date of the offense.



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1 **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2005.

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