

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 123—ASSEMBLYWOMAN PARNELL

FEBRUARY 15, 2007

Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the voluntary admission of a person to a mental health facility.
(BDR 39-93)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [~~omitted material~~] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to mental health; requiring public and private mental health facilities to determine whether a person is competent to admit himself voluntarily to such a facility; setting forth the actions a facility must take if a person is determined not to be competent to admit himself voluntarily; providing for the release of certain clinical records; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law provides for the voluntary, emergency and involuntary court-
2 ordered admissions to mental health facilities in this State. (NRS 433A.115-
3 433A.330) The requirements for the admission of a person as a voluntary client at a
4 private mental health facility are not specified, but a facility of the Division of
5 Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Health and
6 Human Services is required to admit a person as a voluntary client if an
7 examination of the person reveals that the person needs and may benefit from the
8 services offered by the facility. (NRS 433A.140)

9 **Section 1** of this bill provides that if a person who has attained the age of
10 majority applies to a public or private mental health facility for admission as a
11 voluntary client, qualified personnel of the facility must determine whether the
12 person is competent to provide express and informed consent for his voluntary
13 admission. If the facility determines that the person is not competent to provide
14 such consent, the facility must refuse the person admission as a voluntary client and
15 must commence proceedings for an emergency admission or an involuntary court-
16 ordered admission or provide for the transfer of the person in accordance with law
17 to another medical facility. If the facility does not admit the person as a voluntary



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18 client but takes other action for admission or transfer, the facility must provide
19 written notice of that action within 48 hours to the person's spouse, relatives, legal
20 guardian or another individual designated by the person to receive such
21 information.

22 Under existing law, each facility offering mental health services is required to
23 maintain a clinical record for a client and no part of the clinical record may be
24 released except under certain circumstances. (NRS 433A.360) **Section 2** of this bill
25 provides that a person's clinical record must be released to the extent necessary for
26 a public or private mental health facility to comply with the requirements contained
27 in **section 1** of this bill.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 433A.140 is hereby amended to read as
2 follows:

3 433A.140 1. Any person may apply to:
4 (a) A public or private mental health facility in the State of
5 Nevada for admission to the facility; or
6 (b) A division facility to receive care, treatment or training
7 provided by the Division,
8 → as a voluntary client for the purposes of observation, diagnosis,
9 care and treatment. In the case of a person who has not attained the
10 age of majority, application for voluntary admission or care,
11 treatment or training may be made on his behalf by his spouse,
12 parent or legal guardian.

13 2. If the application is for admission to a division facility, or
14 for care, treatment or training provided by the Division, the
15 applicant must be admitted or provided such services as a voluntary
16 client if [an]:

17 (a) *The applicant is competent, as determined pursuant to
18 subsection 3; and*

19 (b) *An examination by personnel of the facility qualified to
20 make such a determination reveals that the person needs and may
21 benefit from services offered by the mental health facility.*

22 3. *If a person who has attained the age of majority applies for
23 admission to a public or private mental health facility as a
24 voluntary client, the administrative officer or medical director of
25 the facility, or his designee, shall ensure that before the person is
26 admitted to the facility as a voluntary client, the person is
27 evaluated to determine whether he is competent to provide express
28 and informed consent for his voluntary admission by personnel of
29 the facility qualified to make such a determination.*

30 4. *If a determination made pursuant to subsection 3 indicates
31 that a person is not competent to provide express and informed
32 consent for his voluntary admission to the public or private mental*



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1 *health facility, the facility shall refuse to admit the person as a
2 voluntary client and shall:*

3 *(a) Change the status of the person to an emergency admission
4 or otherwise admit the person pursuant to the procedures for
5 emergency admission set forth in NRS 433A.145 to 433A.190,
6 inclusive;*

7 *(b) Commence proceedings to admit the person pursuant to an
8 involuntary court-ordered admission as described in NRS
9 433A.200 to 433A.330, inclusive; or*

10 *(c) Take such other reasonable steps as are allowed by law to
11 transfer and have the person admitted to another medical facility
12 that is able to provide appropriate medical attention to the person.*

13 *5. Unless earlier notice is required pursuant to NRS
14 433A.190 or other applicable law, within 48 hours after a public
15 or private mental health facility takes action pursuant to
16 subsection 4, the administrative officer or medical director of the
17 facility, or his designee, shall, in accordance with any federal
18 regulations adopted pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability
19 and Accountability Act of 1996, Public Law 104-191, ensure that
20 written notice of the action is sent by certified mail, return receipt
21 requested, to:*

22 *(a) The spouse of the person;*

23 *(b) A family member, other relative or close personal friend of
24 the person;*

25 *(c) Another individual that the person has designated to
26 receive such information; or*

27 *(d) The legal guardian of the person, if the person has been
28 adjudicated mentally incompetent.*

29 *6. Any person admitted to a public or private mental health
30 facility as a voluntary client must be released immediately after the
31 filing of a written request for release with the responsible physician
32 or his designee within the normal working day, unless, within 24
33 hours after the request, the facility changes the status of the person
34 to an emergency admission pursuant to NRS 433A.145. When a
35 person is released pursuant to this subsection, the facility and its
36 agents and employees are not liable for any debts or contractual
37 obligations, medical or otherwise, incurred or damages caused by
38 the actions of the person.*

39 *[4]7. Any person admitted to a public or private mental health
40 facility as a voluntary client who has not requested release may
41 nonetheless be released by the medical director of the facility when
42 examining personnel at the facility determine that the client has
43 recovered or has improved to such an extent that he is not
44 considered a danger to himself or others and that the services of that
45 facility are no longer beneficial to him or advisable.*



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1 [5.] 8. A person who requests care, treatment or training from
2 the Division pursuant to this section must be evaluated by the
3 personnel of the Division to determine whether he is eligible for the
4 services offered by the Division. The evaluation must be conducted:

- 5 (a) Within 72 hours if the person has requested inpatient
6 services; or
7 (b) Within 72 regular operating hours, excluding weekends and
8 holidays, if the person has requested community-based or outpatient
9 services.

10 [6.] 9. This section does not preclude a public facility from
11 making decisions, policies, procedures and practices within the
12 limits of the money made available to the facility.

13 **10. As used in this section, a person is “competent to provide
14 express and informed consent” if he:**

- 15 (a) *Has attained the age of majority;*
16 (b) *Has not been adjudicated mentally incompetent;*
17 (c) *Is not an incapacitated person as that term is defined in
18 NRS 132.175; and*
19 (d) *Is able to consent voluntarily in writing with sufficient
20 knowledge and comprehension of the subject matter to make a
21 knowing decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit,
22 duress, or other form of constraint or coercion.*

23 **Sec. 2.** NRS 433A.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:

24 433A.360 1. A clinical record for each client must be
25 diligently maintained by any division facility or private institution
26 or facility offering mental health services. The record must include
27 information pertaining to the client's admission, legal status,
28 treatment and individualized plan for habilitation. The clinical
29 record is not a public record and no part of it may be released,
30 except:

31 (a) The record must be released to physicians, attorneys and
32 social agencies as specifically authorized in writing by the client, his
33 parent, guardian or attorney.

34 (b) The record must be released to persons authorized by the
35 order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

36 (c) The record or any part thereof may be disclosed to a
37 qualified member of the staff of a division facility, an employee of
38 the Division or a member of the staff of an agency in Nevada which
39 has been established pursuant to the Developmental Disabilities
40 Assistance and Bill of Rights Act [.] of 2000, 42 U.S.C. §§ [6041]
41 **15001** et seq., or the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill
42 Individuals Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 10801 et seq., when the
43 Administrator deems it necessary for the proper care of the client.



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1 (d) Information from the clinical records may be used for
2 statistical and evaluative purposes if the information is abstracted in
3 such a way as to protect the identity of individual clients.

4 (e) To the extent necessary for a client to make a claim, or for a
5 claim to be made on behalf of a client for aid, insurance or medical
6 assistance to which he may be entitled, information from the records
7 may be released with the written authorization of the client or his
8 guardian.

9 (f) The record must be released without charge to any member
10 of the staff of an agency in Nevada which has been established
11 pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ ~~16041~~ **15001** et seq. or 42 U.S.C. §§
12 10801 et seq. if:

13 (1) The client is a client of that office and he or his legal
14 representative or guardian authorizes the release of the record; or

15 (2) A complaint regarding a client was received by the office
16 or there is probable cause to believe that the client has been abused
17 or neglected and the client:

18 (I) Is unable to authorize the release of the record because
19 of his mental or physical condition; and

20 (II) Does not have a guardian or other legal representative
21 or is a ward of the State.

22 (g) The record must be released as provided in NRS 433.332 or
23 433B.200 and in chapter 629 of NRS.

24 (h) ***The record must be released to the extent necessary for
25 compliance with the provisions of NRS 433A.140.***

26 2. As used in this section, "client" includes any person who
27 seeks, on his own or others' initiative, and can benefit from, care,
28 treatment and training in a private institution or facility offering
29 mental health services, or from treatment to competency in a private
30 institution or facility offering mental health services.

