ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 351-ASSEMBLYMAN COBB

MARCH 15, 2007

Referred to Committee on Ways and Means

SUMMARY—Makes various changes to provisions relating to education. (BDR 34-841)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; prohibiting the board of trustees of a school district from expending more than a certain percentage of its total expenditures in each fiscal year for certain administrative expenses; revising provisions governing the eligibility for a millennium scholarship; requiring the Board of Regents of the University of Nevada to develop a scale for determining the amount awarded to each recipient of a millennium scholarship based upon financial need; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law governs the financial support of the public school system in this State. (Chapter 387 of NRS) **Section 1** of this bill prohibits the board of trustees of a school district from expending more than 33 percent of its total expenditures in each fiscal year for certain administrative expenses. The board of trustees of a school district must reduce, if necessary, its administrative expenses incrementally to comply with this limitation by the year 2012.

Existing law establishes the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program. (NRS 396.911-396.938) **Section 6** of this bill revises provisions governing the eligibility for receipt of a millennium scholarship to require a student to submit a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) for purposes of determining the adjusted gross income of the student or of the person who claimed the student as a dependent. If the adjusted gross income is \$100,000 or more, the student is not eligible for a millennium scholarship. In addition, the student must apply for the millennium scholarship within 2 years after graduation from high school rather than the existing requirement of 6 years. (NRS 396.930) Finally, the student must provide proof of his legal residence in the United States.

Existing law sets forth the amount of the millennium scholarship that may be awarded to each student who is eligible. (NRS 396.934) **Section 7** of this bill



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requires the Board of Regents of the University of Nevada to develop a scale for determining the amount of the scholarships awarded to eligible students within the existing prescribed maximum amounts. The scale must be based upon the financial need of the eligible students, as reported in the FAFSA.

Existing law requires students who receive a millennium scholarship to maintain at least a 2.60 grade point average in the first year of enrollment and at least a 2.75 grade point average in each semester after the first year of enrollment to continue eligibility for the scholarship. (NRS 396.934) **Section 7** of this bill increases the grade point average to 3.0 for students who graduate from high school after May 1, 2007.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 387 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. The board of trustees of a school district shall not expend more than 33 percent of the total expenditures of the school district in each fiscal year for administrative expenses. The board of trustees of each school district shall reduce, if necessary, its administrative expenses incrementally to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section by the year 2012.
- 2. As used in this section, "administrative expenses" means expenses that are not directly related to providing instruction to pupils enrolled in public schools. The term includes, without limitation, the employment of administrators at the district level.
 - Sec. 2. NRS 387.205 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 387.205 1. Subject to the limitations set forth in NRS 387.206 and 387.207 [] and section 1 of this act, money on deposit in the county school district fund or in a separate account, if the board of trustees of a school district has elected to establish such an account pursuant to the provisions of NRS 354.603, must be used for:
- 20 (a) Maintenance and operation of the public schools controlled 21 by the county school district.
 - (b) Payment of premiums for Nevada industrial insurance.
 - (c) Rent of schoolhouses.
 - (d) Construction, furnishing or rental of teacherages, when approved by the Superintendent of Public Instruction.
 - (e) Transportation of pupils, including the purchase of new buses.
 - (f) Programs of nutrition, if such expenditures do not curtail the established school program or make it necessary to shorten the school term, and each pupil furnished lunch whose parent or guardian is financially able so to do pays at least the actual cost of the lunch.





- (g) Membership fees, dues and contributions an interscholastic activities association.
- (h) Repayment of a loan made from the State Permanent School Fund pursuant to NRS 387.526.
- Subject to the limitations set forth in NRS 387.206 and 387.207 and section 1 of this act, money on deposit in the county school district fund, or in a separate account, if the board of trustees of a school district has elected to establish such an account pursuant to the provisions of NRS 354.603, when available, may be used for:
 - (a) Purchase of sites for school facilities.
 - (b) Purchase of buildings for school use.
 - (c) Repair and construction of buildings for school use.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 391.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 391.100 1. [The] Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of this act, the board of trustees of a school district may employ a superintendent of schools, teachers and all other necessary employees.
- A person who is initially hired by the board of trustees of a school district on or after January 8, 2002, to teach in a program supported with money from Title I must possess the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(a). For the purposes of this subsection, a person is not "initially hired" if he has been employed as a teacher by another school district or charter school in this State without an interruption in employment before the date of hire by his current employer.
- A person who is employed as a teacher, regardless of the 26 27 date of hire, must possess, on or before July 1, 2006, the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(a) if he teaches: 28 29
 - (a) English, reading or language arts;
 - (b) Mathematics:
 - (c) Science;

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- (d) Foreign language;
- (e) Civics or government;
- (f) Economics;
- 35 (g) Geography;
- (h) History: or 36 37
 - (i) The arts.
 - The board of trustees of a school district:
 - employ teacher aides and other auxiliary. nonprofessional personnel to assist licensed personnel in the instruction or supervision of children, either in the classroom or at any other place in the school or on the grounds thereof. A person who is initially hired as a paraprofessional by a school district on or after January 8, 2002, to work in a program supported with Title I money must possess the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. §





- 6319(c). A person who is employed as a paraprofessional by a school district, regardless of the date of hire, to work in a program supported with Title I money must possess, on or before January 8, 2006, the qualifications required by 20 U.S.C. § 6319(c). For the purposes of this paragraph, a person is not "initially hired" if he has been employed as a paraprofessional by another school district or charter school in this State without an interruption in employment before the date of hire by his current employer.
- (b) Shall establish policies governing the duties and performance of teacher aides.
- 5. Each applicant for employment pursuant to this section, except a teacher or other person licensed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, must, as a condition to employment, submit to the school district a full set of his fingerprints and written permission authorizing the school district to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for its report on the criminal history of the applicant and for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report on the criminal history of the applicant.
- 6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the board of trustees of a school district shall not require a licensed teacher or other person licensed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to NRS 391.033 who has taken a leave of absence from employment authorized by the school district, including, without limitation:
- (a) Sick leave;

- (b) Sabbatical leave;
- (c) Personal leave;
- (d) Leave for attendance at a regular or special session of the Legislature of this State if the employee is a member thereof;
 - (e) Maternity leave; and
- 32 (f) Leave permitted by the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, 29 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq.,
 - to submit a set of his fingerprints as a condition of return to or continued employment with the school district if the employee is in good standing when the employee began the leave.
 - 7. A board of trustees of a school district may ask the Superintendent of Public Instruction to require a person licensed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction pursuant to NRS 391.033 who has taken a leave of absence from employment authorized by the school district to submit a set of his fingerprints as a condition of return to or continued employment with the school district if the board of trustees has probable cause to believe that the person has committed a felony or an offense involving moral turpitude during the period of his leave of absence.





- 8. The board of trustees of a school district may employ or appoint persons to serve as school police officers. If the board of trustees of a school district employs or appoints persons to serve as school police officers, the board of trustees shall employ a law enforcement officer to serve as the chief of school police who is supervised by the superintendent of schools of the school district. The chief of school police shall supervise each person appointed or employed by the board of trustees as a school police officer. In addition, persons who provide police services pursuant to subsection 9 or 10 shall be deemed school police officers.
- The board of trustees of a school district in a county that has a metropolitan police department created pursuant to chapter 280 of NRS may contract with the metropolitan police department for the provision and supervision of police services in the public schools within the jurisdiction of the metropolitan police department and on property therein that is owned by the school district. If a contract is entered into pursuant to this subsection, the contract must make provision for the transfer of each school police officer employed by the board of trustees to the metropolitan police department. If the board of trustees of a school district contracts with a metropolitan police department pursuant to this subsection, the board of trustees applicable, cooperate with appropriate local law enforcement agencies within the school district for the provision and supervision of police services in the public schools within the school district and on property owned by the school district, but outside the jurisdiction of the metropolitan police department.
- 10. The board of trustees of a school district in a county that does not have a metropolitan police department created pursuant to chapter 280 of NRS may contract with the sheriff of that county for the provision of police services in the public schools within the school district and on property therein that is owned by the school district.
 - Sec. 4. NRS 391.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 391.110 1. [The] Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of this act, the board of trustees of a school district may:
- (a) Employ any person whom the board of trustees determines is qualified to serve as the superintendent of schools of the school district. The Commission may require the superintendent of any school district to hold a master's degree.
 - (b) Define his powers and fix his duties.
 - (c) Fix his salary.
- 2. If the board of trustees of a school district employs a person who is not licensed as an administrator to serve as the superintendent of schools, the board of trustees shall employ a





person who is licensed as an administrator to oversee the academic programs of the public schools within the school district.

- 3. A superintendent of schools may be employed for an initial term not to exceed 4 years. The term of any subsequent employment may be of any duration.
- 4. A superintendent of schools may be dismissed at any time for cause.
- 5. A superintendent of schools may administer oaths or affirmations relating to public schools.

Sec. 5. NRS 391.120 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 391.120 1. [Boards] Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of this act, the boards of trustees of the school districts in this State may employ legally qualified teachers and other licensed personnel and may determine their salaries and the length of the term of school for which they are employed. These conditions and any other conditions agreed upon by the parties must be embodied in a written contract, or notice of reemployment, to be approved by the board of trustees and accepted and signed by the employee. A copy of the contract or notice of reemployment, properly written, must be delivered to each teacher or other licensed employee not later than the opening of the term of school.
- 2. A board of trustees may not employ teachers or other licensed personnel for any school year commencing after the expiration of the time for which any member of the board of trustees was elected or appointed.
- 3. It is unlawful for the board of trustees of any school district to employ any teacher who is not legally qualified to teach all the grades which the teacher is engaged to teach. The board of trustees shall suspend or terminate, as applicable, the employment of any teacher who fails to maintain a license issued pursuant to this chapter in force, if such a license is required for employment. Any such suspension or termination must comply with the requirements of NRS 391.301 to 391.309, inclusive.
- 4. On or before November 15 of each year, the school district shall submit to the Department, in a form prescribed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the following information for each licensed employee employed by the school district on October 1 of that year:
 - (a) The amount of salary of the employee; and
- 40 (b) The designated assignment, as that term is defined by the 41 Department of Education, of the employee.

Sec. 6. NRS 396.930 is hereby amended to read as follows:

396.930 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 [and 3,], 3 and 4, a student may apply to the Board of Regents for a millennium scholarship if he:





- (a) Has been a resident of this State for at least 2 years before he applies for the scholarship;
- (b) Has submitted a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) for purposes of determining eligibility pursuant to subsection 4;
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph [(c),] (d), graduated from a public or private high school in this State:
 - (1) After May 1, 2000, but not later than May 1, 2003; or
- (2) After May 1, 2003, and, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of subsection 2, not more than [6] 2 years before he applies for the scholarship;
- (c) Does not satisfy the requirements of paragraph (c) and:
- (1) Was enrolled as a pupil in a public or private high school in this State with a class of pupils who were regularly scheduled to graduate after May 1, 2000;
- (2) Received his high school diploma within 4 years after he was regularly scheduled to graduate; and
- (3) Applies for the scholarship not more than [6] 2 years after he [was regularly scheduled to graduate from high school;
 - —(d)] received his high school diploma;
- (e) Maintained in high school in the courses designated by the Board of Regents pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 2, at least:
- (1) A 3.00 grade point average on a 4.0 grading scale, if he was a member of the graduating class of 2003 or 2004;
- (2) A 3.10 grade point average on a 4.0 grading scale, if he was a member of the graduating class of 2005 or 2006; or
- (3) A 3.25 grade point average on a 4.0 grading scale, if he was a member of the graduating class of 2007 or a later graduating class; fand
- (e)] (f) Is enrolled in at least:
- (1) Six semester credit hours in a community college within the System; or
- (2) Twelve semester credit hours in another eligible institution [...]; and
 - (g) Has provided proof of legal residence in the United States.
 - 2. The Board of Regents:
- (a) Shall define the core curriculum that a student must complete in high school to be eligible for a millennium scholarship.
- (b) Shall designate the courses in which a student must earn the minimum grade point averages set forth in paragraph [(d)] (e) of subsection 1.
- (c) May establish criteria with respect to students who have been on active duty serving in the Armed Forces of the United States to exempt such students from the [6 year] 2-year limitation on





applications that is set forth in subparagraph (2) of paragraph $\frac{(b)}{(c)}$ of subsection 1.

- (d) Shall establish criteria with respect to students who have a documented physical or mental disability or who were previously subject to an individualized education program under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1400 et seq., or a plan under Title V of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §§ 791 et seq. The criteria must provide an exemption for those students from:
- (1) The [6 year] 2-year limitation on applications that is set forth in subparagraph (2) of paragraph [(b)] (c) of subsection 1 and subparagraph (3) of paragraph [(c)] (d) of subsection 1 and any limitation applicable to students who are eligible pursuant to subparagraph (1) of paragraph [(b)] (c) of subsection 1.
- (2) The minimum number of credits prescribed in paragraph (e) (f) of subsection 1.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph [(e)] (d) of subsection 1, for students who did not graduate from a public or private high school in this State and who have been residents of this State for at least 2 years, the Board of Regents shall establish:
- (a) The minimum score on a standardized test that such students must receive; or
 - (b) Other criteria that students must meet,
- to be eligible for millennium scholarships.
- 4. A student is not eligible for a millennium scholarship if the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) submitted by the student indicates that:
- (a) The student and his spouse, if applicable, reported an adjusted gross income of \$100,000 or more; or
- (b) The person who claimed the student as a dependent reported an adjusted gross income of \$100,000 or more.
- 5. In awarding scholarships, the Board of Regents shall enhance its outreach to students who:
 - (a) Are pursuing a career in education or health care;
- (b) Come from families who lack sufficient financial resources to pay for the costs of sending their children to an eligible institution; or
- (c) Substantially participated in an antismoking, antidrug or antialcohol program during high school.
 - **Sec. 7.** NRS 396.934 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 396.934 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, within the limits of money available in the Trust Fund, a student who is eligible for a millennium scholarship is entitled to receive:
- (a) If he is enrolled in a community college within the System, including, without limitation, a summer academic term, *not more*





than \$40 per credit for each lower division course and not more than \$60 per credit for each upper division course in which the student is enrolled [, or], as determined in accordance with the scale developed by the Board of Regents pursuant to subsection 9. Such a student must not receive more than the amount of money that is necessary for the student to pay the costs of attending the community college that are not otherwise satisfied by other grants or scholarships. [, whichever is less.] The Board of Regents shall provide for the designation of upper and lower division courses for the purposes of this paragraph. In no event may a student who is eligible for a millennium scholarship receive more than the cost of 12 semester credits per semester pursuant to this paragraph.

- (b) If he is enrolled in a state college within the System, including, without limitation, a summer academic term, not more than \$60 per credit for which the student is enrolled [, or], as determined in accordance with the scale developed by the Board of Regents pursuant to subsection 9. Such a student must not receive more than the amount of money that is necessary for the student to pay the costs of attending the state college that are not otherwise satisfied by other grants or scholarships. [, whichever is less.] In no event may a student who is eligible for a millennium scholarship receive more than the cost of 12 semester credits per semester pursuant to this paragraph.
- (c) If he is enrolled in another eligible institution, including, without limitation, a summer academic term, not more than \$80 per credit for which the student is enrolled [, or], as determined in accordance with the scale developed by the Board of Regents pursuant to subsection 9. Such a student must not receive more than the amount of money that is necessary for the student to pay the costs of attending the university that are not otherwise satisfied by other grants or scholarships. [, whichever is less.] In no event may a student who is eligible for a millennium scholarship receive more than the cost of 12 semester credits per semester pursuant to this paragraph.
 - 2. No student may be awarded a millennium scholarship:
 - (a) To pay for remedial courses.
 - (b) For a total amount in excess of \$10,000.
 - 3. A student who receives a millennium scholarship shall:
- (a) Make satisfactory academic progress toward a recognized degree or certificate, as determined by the Board of Regents pursuant to subsection 7; [and]
- (b) If the student graduated from high school after May 1, 2003, but before May 1, 2007, maintain:





- (1) At least a 2.60 grade point average on a 4.0 grading scale for each semester during the first year of enrollment in the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program.
- (2) At least a 2.75 grade point average on a 4.0 grading scale for each semester during the second year of enrollment in the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program and for each semester during each year of enrollment thereafter [...]; and
- (c) If the student graduated from high school after May 1, 2007, maintain at least a 3.0 grade point average on a 4.0 grading scale for each semester of enrollment in the Governor Guinn Millennium Scholarship Program.
- 4. If a student does not satisfy the requirements of subsection 3 during one semester of enrollment, excluding a summer academic term, he is not eligible for the millennium scholarship for the succeeding semester of enrollment. If such a student:
- (a) Subsequently satisfies the requirements of subsection 3 in a semester in which he is not eligible for the scholarship, he is eligible for the scholarship for his next semester of enrollment.
- (b) Fails a second time to satisfy the requirements of subsection 3 during any subsequent semester, excluding a summer academic term, he is no longer eligible for a millennium scholarship.
 - 5. A millennium scholarship must be used only:
- (a) For the payment of registration fees and laboratory fees and expenses;
 - (b) To purchase required textbooks and course materials; and
- (c) For other costs related to the attendance of the student at the eligible institution.
- 6. The Board of Regents shall certify a list of eligible students to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall disburse a millennium scholarship for each semester on behalf of an eligible student directly to the eligible institution in which the student is enrolled, upon certification from the eligible institution of the number of credits for which the student is enrolled, which must meet or exceed the minimum number of credits required for eligibility and certification that the student is in good standing and making satisfactory academic progress toward a recognized degree or certificate, as determined by the Board of Regents pursuant to subsection 7. The scholarship must be administered by the eligible institution as other similar scholarships are administered and may be used only for the expenditures authorized pursuant to subsection 5.
- 7. The Board of Regents shall establish criteria for determining whether a student is making satisfactory academic progress toward a recognized degree or certificate for purposes of subsection 6.
- 8. The Board of Regents shall establish procedures to ensure that all money from a millennium scholarship awarded to a student





that is refunded in whole or in part for any reason is refunded to the Trust Fund and not the student.

- 9. The Board of Regents shall develop a scale for determining the amount that may be awarded pursuant to subsection 1 to students who are eligible for a millennium scholarship. The scale must be based upon the financial need of eligible students, as determined pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 396.930.

 Sec. 8. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2007.





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