# ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 382–ASSEMBLYWOMEN KIRKPATRICK AND PIERCE

### MARCH 16, 2007

#### Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Requires a policy of health insurance that provides coverage for a full-time student to provide coverage during a medically necessary leave of absence from school. (BDR 57-902)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italies* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to health insurance; requiring certain policies of health insurance that provide coverage for certain full-time students to provide coverage for those students who take a medically necessary leave of absence from school; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

A policy of health insurance may provide coverage for a dependent child of a policyholder as long as the child is a full-time student. (Chapters 689A, 689B, 695B, 695C and 695G of NRS) This bill requires a policy of health insurance that provides coverage for a dependent child of a policyholder as long as the child is a full-time student to provide coverage for the child if he takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school. The coverage must be provided for not more than 12 months after the leave of absence begins.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** Chapter 689A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. A policy of health insurance that provides coverage for a dependent child of a policyholder as long as the child is a full-time student must also provide that if the child takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school, he shall be deemed to be a



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full-time student for not more than 12 months after the leave of absence begins.

- 2. Unless the terms of the policy provide a longer period, the policyholder must notify the insurer and provide proof of the medical necessity for the leave of absence within 31 days after the leave of absence begins.
- 3. A certification by the child's physician that a leave of absence is medically necessary is prima facie evidence that the child is entitled to coverage pursuant to this section.
- 4. A policy of health insurance subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after October 1, 2007, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by this section, and any provision of the policy that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.
- **Sec. 2.** NRS 689A.030 is hereby amended to read as follows: 689A.030 A policy of health insurance must not be delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state unless it otherwise complies with this Code, and complies with the following:
- 1. The entire money and other considerations for the policy must be expressed therein.
- 2. The time when the insurance takes effect and terminates must be expressed therein.
- 3. It must purport to insure only one person, except that a policy may insure, originally or by subsequent amendment, upon the application of an adult member of a family, who shall be deemed the policyholder, any two or more eligible members of that family, including the husband, wife, dependent children, from the time of birth, adoption or placement for the purpose of adoption as provided in NRS 689A.043, or any children under a specified age which must not exceed 19 years except as *otherwise* provided in NRS 689A.045 [...] and section 1 of this act, and any other person dependent upon the policyholder.
- 4. The style, arrangement and overall appearance of the policy must not give undue prominence to any portion of the text, and every printed portion of the text of the policy and of any endorsements or attached papers must be plainly printed in light-faced type of a style in general use, the size of which must be uniform and not less than 10 points with a lower case unspaced alphabet length not less than 120 points. "Text" includes all printed matter except the name and address of the insurer, the name or the title of the policy, the brief description, if any, and captions and subcaptions.
- 5. The exceptions and reductions of indemnity must be set forth in the policy and, other than those contained in NRS 689A.050 to 689A.290, inclusive, must be printed, at the insurer's option, with





the benefit provision to which they apply or under an appropriate caption such as "Exceptions" or "Exceptions and Reductions," except that if an exception or reduction specifically applies only to a particular benefit of the policy, a statement of that exception or reduction must be included with the benefit provision to which it applies.

- 6. Each such form, including riders and endorsements, must be identified by a number in the lower left-hand corner of the first page thereof.
- 7. The policy must not contain any provision purporting to make any portion of the charter, rules, constitution or bylaws of the insurer a part of the policy unless that portion is set forth in full in the policy, except in the case of the incorporation of or reference to a statement of rates or classification of risks, or short-rate table filed with the Commissioner.
- 8. The policy must provide benefits for expense arising from care at home or health supportive services if that care or service was prescribed by a physician and would have been covered by the policy if performed in a medical facility or facility for the dependent as defined in chapter 449 of NRS.
- 9. The policy must provide, at the option of the applicant, benefits for expenses incurred for the treatment of abuse of alcohol or drugs, unless the policy provides coverage only for a specified disease or provides for the payment of a specific amount of money if the insured is hospitalized or receiving health care in his home.
- 10. The policy must provide benefits for expense arising from hospice care.
  - **Sec. 3.** NRS 689A.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 689A.330 If any policy is issued by a domestic insurer for delivery to a person residing in another state, and if the insurance commissioner or corresponding public officer of that other state has informed the Commissioner that the policy is not subject to approval or disapproval by that officer, the Commissioner may by ruling require that the policy meet the standards set forth in NRS 689A.030 to 689A.320, inclusive [-], and section 1 of this act.
- **Sec. 4.** Chapter 689B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. A policy of group health insurance that provides coverage for a dependent child of a member of the insured group as long as the child is a full-time student must also provide that if the child takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school, he shall be deemed to be a full-time student for not more than 12 months after the leave of absence begins.
- 2. Unless the terms of the policy provide a longer period, the member of the insured group must notify the insurer and provide





proof of the medical necessity for the leave of absence within 31 days after the leave of absence begins.

- 3. A certification by the child's physician that a leave of absence is medically necessary is prima facie evidence that the child is entitled to coverage pursuant to this section.
- 4. A policy of group health insurance subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after October 1, 2007, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by this section, and any provision of the policy that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.
- **Sec. 5.** Chapter 695B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. A contract for hospital or medical service that provides coverage for a dependent child of a subscriber as long as the child is a full-time student must also provide that if the child takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school, he shall be deemed to be a full-time student for not more than 12 months after the leave of absence begins.
- 2. Unless the terms of the contract provide a longer period, the subscriber must notify the medical service corporation and provide proof of the medical necessity for the leave of absence within 31 days after the leave of absence begins.
- 3. A certification by the child's physician that a leave of absence is medically necessary is prima facie evidence that the child is entitled to coverage pursuant to this section.
- 4. A contract for hospital or medical service subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after October 1, 2007, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by this section, and any provision of the policy that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.
- **Sec. 6.** Chapter 695C of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. A health care plan issued by a health maintenance organization that provides coverage for a dependent child of an enrollee as long as the child is a full-time student must also provide that if the child takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school, he shall be deemed to be a full-time student for not more than 12 months after the leave of absence begins.
- 2. Unless the terms of the health care plan provide a longer period, the enrollee must notify the health maintenance organization and provide proof of the medical necessity for the leave of absence within 31 days after the leave of absence begins.





- 3. A certification by the child's physician that a leave of absence is medically necessary is prima facie evidence that the child is entitled to coverage pursuant to this section.
- 4. An evidence of coverage for a health care plan subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after October 1, 2007, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by this section, and any provision of the evidence of coverage that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.
  - **Sec. 7.** NRS 695C.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 695C.050 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter or in specific provisions of this title, the provisions of this title are not applicable to any health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority under this chapter. This provision does not apply to an insurer licensed and regulated pursuant to this title except with respect to its activities as a health maintenance organization authorized and regulated pursuant to this chapter.
- 2. Solicitation of enrollees by a health maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority, or its representatives, must not be construed to violate any provision of law relating to solicitation or advertising by practitioners of a healing art.
- 3. Any health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and is exempt from the provisions of chapter 630 of NRS.
- 4. The provisions of NRS 695C.110, 695C.125, 695C.1691, 695C.1693, 695C.170 to 695C.200, inclusive, *section 6 of this act*, 695C.250 and 695C.265 do not apply to a health maintenance organization that provides health care services through managed care to recipients of Medicaid under the State Plan for Medicaid or insurance pursuant to the Children's Health Insurance Program pursuant to a contract with the Division of Health Care Financing and Policy of the Department of Health and Human Services. This subsection does not exempt a health maintenance organization from any provision of this chapter for services provided pursuant to any other contract.
- 5. The provisions of NRS 695C.1694, 695C.1695 and 695C.1731 apply to a health maintenance organization that provides health care services through managed care to recipients of Medicaid under the State Plan for Medicaid.
  - **Sec. 8.** NRS 695C.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 695C.330 1. The Commissioner may suspend or revoke any certificate of authority issued to a health maintenance organization pursuant to the provisions of this chapter if he finds that any of the following conditions exist:





- (a) The health maintenance organization is operating significantly in contravention of its basic organizational document, its health care plan or in a manner contrary to that described in and reasonably inferred from any other information submitted pursuant to NRS 695C.060, 695C.070 and 695C.140, unless any amendments to those submissions have been filed with and approved by the Commissioner:
- (b) The health maintenance organization issues evidence of coverage or uses a schedule of charges for health care services which do not comply with the requirements of NRS 695C.1691 to 695C.200, inclusive, or 695C.207 [:] or section 6 of this act;
- (c) The health care plan does not furnish comprehensive health care services as provided for in NRS 695C.060;
- (d) The State Board of Health certifies to the Commissioner that the health maintenance organization:
- (1) Does not meet the requirements of subsection 2 of NRS 695C.080; or
- (2) Is unable to fulfill its obligations to furnish health care services as required under its health care plan;
- (e) The health maintenance organization is no longer financially responsible and may reasonably be expected to be unable to meet its obligations to enrollees or prospective enrollees;
- (f) The health maintenance organization has failed to put into effect a mechanism affording the enrollees an opportunity to participate in matters relating to the content of programs pursuant to NRS 695C.110;
- (g) The health maintenance organization has failed to put into effect the system required by NRS 695C.260 for:
- (1) Resolving complaints in a manner reasonably to dispose of valid complaints; and
- (2) Conducting external reviews of final adverse determinations that comply with the provisions of NRS 695G.241 to 695G.310, inclusive:
- (h) The health maintenance organization or any person on its behalf has advertised or merchandised its services in an untrue, misrepresentative, misleading, deceptive or unfair manner;
- (i) The continued operation of the health maintenance organization would be hazardous to its enrollees;
- (j) The health maintenance organization fails to provide the coverage required by NRS 695C.1691; or
- (k) The health maintenance organization has otherwise failed to comply substantially with the provisions of this chapter.
- 2. A certificate of authority must be suspended or revoked only after compliance with the requirements of NRS 695C.340.



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- 3. If the certificate of authority of a health maintenance organization is suspended, the health maintenance organization shall not, during the period of that suspension, enroll any additional groups or new individual contracts, unless those groups or persons were contracted for before the date of suspension.
- 4. If the certificate of authority of a health maintenance organization is revoked, the organization shall proceed, immediately following the effective date of the order of revocation, to wind up its affairs and shall conduct no further business except as may be essential to the orderly conclusion of the affairs of the organization. It shall engage in no further advertising or solicitation of any kind. The Commissioner may, by written order, permit such further operation of the organization as he may find to be in the best interest of enrollees to the end that enrollees are afforded the greatest practical opportunity to obtain continuing coverage for health care.
- **Sec. 9.** Chapter 695G of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. A health care plan issued by a managed care organization that provides coverage for a person insured under the plan as long as the person is a full-time student must also provide that if the person takes a medically necessary leave of absence from school, he shall be deemed to be a full-time student for not more than 12 months after the leave of absence begins.
- 2. Unless the terms of the health care plan provide a longer period, the person insured under the plan must notify the managed care organization and provide proof of the medical necessity for the leave of absence within 31 days after the leave of absence begins.
- 3. A certification by the person's physician that a leave of absence is medically necessary is prima facie evidence that the person is entitled to coverage pursuant to this section.
- 4. An evidence of coverage for a health care plan subject to the provisions of this chapter that is delivered, issued for delivery or renewed on or after October 1, 2007, has the legal effect of including the coverage required by this section, and any provision of the evidence of coverage that conflicts with the provisions of this section is void.





