## CHAPTER.....

AN ACT relating to podiatry; revising provisions relating to requirements for licenses to practice podiatry; eliminating certain obsolete provisions concerning examinations for licensure; revising the requirements for reinstatement of a delinquent license; providing that the insured under certain policies of health insurance is entitled under certain circumstances to reimbursement for the treatment of an illness by a podiatrist licensed by the Board; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## Legislative Counsel's Digest:

**Section 1** of this bill requires an applicant for a license to practice podiatry in this State who has been licensed to practice podiatry in another state to provide information concerning his disciplinary history in that state. **Section 1** also authorizes the Board to require such an applicant to pass an examination concerning the laws of this State relating to the practice of podiatry or to satisfy other requirements. **Sections 2, 4, 7 and 13** of this bill eliminate certain obsolete provisions concerning examinations for licensure. **Section 8** of this bill revises the requirements to reinstate a license that has been delinquent for more than 1 year.

Sections 9-12 of this bill provide that if a policy of health insurance, policy of group health insurance, contract for hospital or medical services, or evidence of coverage under a health care plan provides coverage for the treatment of an illness which is within the scope of practice of a qualified podiatrist, the insured is entitled to reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist who is licensed by the Board.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** Chapter 635 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. In addition to the other requirements for licensure set forth in this chapter, an applicant for a license to practice podiatry in this State who has been licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia must submit:
  - (a) An affidavit signed by the applicant that:
- (1) Identifies each jurisdiction in which he has been licensed to practice; and
- (2) Ŝtates whether a disciplinary proceeding has ever been instituted against him by the licensing board of that jurisdiction and, if so, the status of the proceeding; and
- (b) If the applicant is currently licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia, a certificate from the licensing board of that jurisdiction stating that the applicant is in



good standing and no disciplinary proceedings are pending against him.

- 2. The Board may require an applicant who has been licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia to:
- (a) Pass an examination prescribed by the Board concerning the provisions of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto; or
  - (b) Submit satisfactory proof that:
- (1) He maintained an active practice in another state or the District of Columbia within the 5 years immediately preceding his application;
- (2) No disciplinary proceeding has ever been instituted against him by a licensing board in any jurisdiction in which he is licensed to practice podiatry; and
- (3) He has participated in a program of continuing education that is equivalent to the program of continuing education that is required pursuant to NRS 635.115 for podiatric physicians licensed in this State.
  - **Sec. 2.** NRS 635.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 635.020 1. The State Board of Podiatry, consisting of five members appointed by the Governor, is hereby created.
  - 2. The Governor shall appoint:
- (a) Three members who are licensed podiatric physicians in the State of Nevada.
- (b) One member who represents the interests of persons or agencies that regularly provide health care to patients who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care. This member may be licensed under the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) One member who is a representative of the general public. This member must not be:
  - (1) A licensed podiatric physician in the State of Nevada; or
- (2) The spouse or the parent or child, by blood, marriage or adoption, of a licensed podiatric physician in the State of Nevada.
  - 3. The members of the Board are entitled to receive:
- (a) A salary of not more than \$80 per day, as fixed by the Board, while engaged in the business of the Board; and
- (b) A per diem allowance and travel expenses at a rate fixed by the Board, while engaged in the business of the Board. The rate must not exceed the rate provided for state officers and employees generally.
- 4. While engaged in the business of the Board, each employee of the Board is entitled to receive a per diem allowance and travel



expenses at a rate fixed by the Board. The rate must not exceed the rate provided for state officers and employees generally.

- [5. If a member is not licensed under the provisions of this chapter, the member shall not participate in preparing, conducting or grading any examination required by the Board.]
  - **Sec. 3.** NRS 635.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 635.050 1. Any person [desiring] wishing to practice podiatry in this State must [furnish], before beginning to practice, procure from the Board [with satisfactory proof that he:] a license to practice podiatry.
- 2. A license to practice podiatry may be issued by the Board to any person who:
  - (a) Is of good moral character.
- (b) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States.
- (c) Has received the degree of D.P.M., Doctor of Podiatric Medicine, from an accredited school of podiatry.
  - (d) Has completed a residency approved by the Board.
- (e) Has passed the examination given by the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners.
- (f) Has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130. For the purposes of this paragraph, an affidavit signed by the applicant stating that he has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130 constitutes satisfactory proof.
- [2.] 3. An applicant [is entitled to be examined by] for a license to practice podiatry must submit to the Board or a committee thereof pursuant to such regulations as the Board may adopt [if he:
  - (a) Pays the]:
- (a) The fee for an application for a license of not more than \$600:
- (b) [Pays the fee for the examination for a license of not more than \$200;
- (c) Submits proof Proof satisfactory to the Board [as required by subsection 1; and
- (d) Submits all] that the requirements of subsection 2 have been met; and
- (c) All other information required by the Board to complete an application for a license.
- The Board shall, by regulation, establish the [fees] fee required to be paid pursuant to this subsection.
- [3.] 4. The Board may reject an application if it appears that the applicant's credentials are fraudulent or the applicant has



practiced podiatry without a license or committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130.

- [4.] 5. The Board may require such further documentation or proof of qualification as it may deem proper.
- [5.] 6. The provisions of this section do not apply to a person who applies for [a]:
- (a) A limited license to practice podiatry pursuant to NRS 635.075 : or
- (b) A provisional license to practice podiatry pursuant to NRS 635.082.
  - **Sec. 4.** NRS 635.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 635.070 Without unnecessary delay, [after the examination,] the Board shall act [on the examination.] upon an application for a license submitted pursuant to this chapter. If an applicant is found qualified, he must be issued a license to practice podiatry, or as a podiatry hygienist, as the case may be.
  - **Sec. 5.** NRS 635.075 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 635.075 1. The Board shall issue a limited license to practice podiatry pursuant to this section to each applicant who complies with the provisions of this section.
- 2. An applicant for a limited license to practice podiatry must submit to the Board:
  - (a) An application on a form provided by the Board;
- (b) A fee in the amount of the fee for an application for a license required pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection [2] 3 of NRS 635.050; and
  - (c) Satisfactory proof that he:
    - (1) Is of good moral character;
- (2) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States;
  - (3) For not less than 25 years:
- (I) Was licensed to practice podiatry in one or more states or the District of Columbia and practiced podiatry during the period each such license was in effect; and
- (II) Remained licensed in good standing at all times during the period he was licensed to practice podiatry; and
- (4) Has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130. For the purposes of this subparagraph, an affidavit signed by the applicant stating that he has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130 constitutes satisfactory proof.
- 3. An applicant for a limited license is not required to be licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of



Columbia when he submits the application for a limited license to the Board.

- 4. A person who is issued a limited license pursuant to this section may practice podiatry only under the direct supervision of a podiatric physician who is licensed pursuant to this chapter and who does not hold a limited license issued pursuant to this section.
  - 5. A limited license issued pursuant to this section:
  - (a) Is effective upon issuance; and
  - (b) May be renewed in the manner prescribed in NRS 635.110.
  - 6. The Board may:
- (a) Place such restrictions and conditions upon a limited license issued pursuant to this section as the Board deems appropriate; and
  - (b) Adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.
  - **Sec. 6.** NRS 635.082 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 635.082 1. A graduate of an accredited school of podiatry may, during his residency, be granted a [temporary] provisional license to practice podiatry under the direct supervision of a podiatric physician licensed to practice in this State. A [temporary] provisional license must not be effective for more than 1 year and is not renewable.
- 2. [An applicant for a] A [temporary] provisional license [must furnish] to practice podiatry may be issued by the Board [with satisfactory proof that he:] to any person who:
- (a) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States.
- (b) Has received the degree of D.P.M. (Doctor of Podiatric Medicine) from an accredited school of podiatry.
- (c) Has passed the examination given by the National Board of Podiatry Examiners.
- 3. Upon payment of a fee, not exceeding \$600, which] Podiatric Medical Examiners.
- 3. An applicant for a provisional license to practice podiatry must submit to the Board or a committee thereof pursuant to such regulations as the Board may adopt:
- (a) The fee for an application for a provisional license of not more than \$600;
- (b) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the requirements of subsection 2 have been met; and
- (c) All other information required by the Board to complete an application for a provisional license.
- 4. The fee required pursuant to subsection 3 must be established by regulation of the Board. [, and the presentation of satisfactory proof as required by subsection 2, an applicant is



entitled to be examined by the Board or a committee thereof pursuant to such regulations as the Board may adopt.

- —4.] 5. The Board may by regulation govern the issuance and conditions of the [temporary] provisional license.
  - **Sec. 7.** NRS 635.093 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 635.093 [1.] Any person [desiring] wishing to be licensed as a podiatry hygienist in this State must [furnish]:
  - 1. Furnish the Board with satisfactory proof that he:
  - (a) Is of good moral character.
- (b) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States.
- (c) Has satisfactorily completed a course for podiatry hygienists approved by the Board or has had 6 months or more of training in a podiatric physician's office as approved by the Board.
- 2. [Upon payment of a fee, not exceeding \$100, which must be established by regulation of the Board, presenting satisfactory proof as required by subsection 1 and submitting] *Submit* all information required to complete an application for a license. [, an applicant, not exempted under subsection 3, must be examined by the Board or a committee thereof under such regulations as the Board may adopt.
- 3. The Board may, without examination, admit to practice as a podiatry hygienist a person who is employed by a podiatric physician and is:
  - (a) A registered nurse; or
- (b) A licensed practical nurse whom the Board or any of its members have interviewed and observed in the use of practical skills.]
- 3. Pay to the Board a fee, not exceeding \$100, which must be established by regulation of the Board.
  - **Sec. 8.** NRS 635.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 635.110 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 635.082:
- 1. A license issued under the provisions of this chapter expires on October 31 of each year. A license may be renewed before its expiration upon presentation of proof of:
- (a) Completion of the hours of continuing education required pursuant to NRS 635.115;
- (b) Current certification in the techniques of administering cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
- (c) Submission of all information required to complete the renewal; and
- (d) Payment of a renewal fee in an amount not to exceed \$600 for a podiatric physician and not to exceed \$100 for a podiatry



hygienist. The Board shall, by regulation, establish the amount of each fee.

- 2. A license which is not renewed by October 31 of each year is delinquent. A delinquent license may be reinstated, at the discretion of the Board [, upon]:
- (a) Upon payment of the appropriate annual renewal fee and an additional [annual] fee for delinquency in an amount established by the Board [-]; and
- (b) If the license is delinquent for more than 1 year, upon the holder of the delinquent license:
- (1) Passing an examination prescribed by the Board concerning the provisions of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto; or

(2) Submitting satisfactory proof that:

- (I) He maintained an active practice in another state or the District of Columbia within the 5 years immediately preceding his application;
- (II) No disciplinary proceeding has ever been instituted against him by a licensing board in any jurisdiction in which he is licensed to practice podiatry; and
- (III) If he is a podiatric physician, he has participated in a program of continuing education that is equivalent to the program of continuing education required pursuant to NRS 635.115 for podiatric physicians licensed in this State.
- **Sec. 9.** Chapter 689A of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. If any policy of health insurance provides coverage for treatment of an illness which is within the authorized scope of practice of a qualified podiatrist, the insured is entitled to reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist who is licensed pursuant to chapter 635 of NRS.
  - 2. The terms of the policy must not limit:
- (a) Coverage for treatments by a podiatrist to a number less than for treatments by other physicians.
- (b) Reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist to an amount less than that reimbursed for similar treatments by other physicians.
- **Sec. 10.** Chapter 689B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. If any group policy of health insurance provides coverage for treatment of an illness which is within the authorized scope of practice of a qualified podiatrist, the insured is entitled to



reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist who is licensed pursuant to chapter 635 of NRS.

2. The terms of the policy must not limit:

(a) Coverage for treatments by a podiatrist to a number less than for treatments by other physicians.

- (b) Reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist to an amount less than that reimbursed for similar treatments by other physicians.
- **Sec. 11.** Chapter 695B of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. If any contract for hospital or medical services provides coverage for treatment of an illness which is within the authorized scope of practice of a qualified podiatrist, the insured is entitled to reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist who is licensed pursuant to chapter 635 of NRS.

2. The terms of the policy must not limit:

(a) Coverage for treatments by a podiatrist to a number less than for treatments by other physicians.

(b) Reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist to an amount less than that reimbursed for similar treatments by other physicians.

**Sec. 12.** Chapter 695C of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. If any evidence of coverage provides coverage for treatment of an illness which is within the authorized scope of practice of a qualified podiatrist, the insured is entitled to reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist who is licensed pursuant to chapter 635 of NRS.
  - 2. The terms of the policy must not limit:
- (a) Coverage for treatments by a podiatrist to a number less than for treatments by other physicians.
- (b) Reimbursement for treatments by a podiatrist to an amount less than that reimbursed for similar treatments by other physicians.
  - Sec. 13. NRS 635.060 is hereby repealed.
  - **Sec. 14.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2007.

