

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 519—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 23, 2007

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Enacts provisions concerning the sealing of certain court documents. (BDR 1-1404)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

~

EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [~~omitted material~~] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to confidentiality; prohibiting a district court from sealing a judicial public record except in certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 This bill prohibits a district court from sealing a judicial public record unless a
2 preponderance of the evidence indicates the existence of certain factors. According
3 to this bill, before a district court seals a judicial public record, the district court
4 must hold a hearing, provide notice of the hearing to the parties and the public, and
5 allow both the parties and the public to present evidence and written briefs at the
6 hearing.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Chapter 3 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
2 thereto a new section to read as follows:

3 ***1. A district court may not seal a judicial public record unless
4 a preponderance of the evidence indicates that:***

5 ***(a) Sealing the judicial public record does not have the
6 purpose or effect of concealing a public hazard or information
7 concerning a public hazard;***

8 ***(b) Sealing the judicial public record furthers a public interest;***

9 ***(c) Dissemination of the information contained in the judicial
10 public record will create a serious and imminent danger to the
11 public interest;***



* A B 5 1 9 *

1 (d) There is no other reasonable method of avoiding any
2 prejudicial effect created by dissemination of the information;

3 (e) There is a substantial probability that sealing the judicial
4 public record will be effective in protecting the public interest
5 against the perceived danger; and

6 (f) It is reasonably necessary for the judicial public record to
7 remain sealed for a period of time.

8 2. Before a district court may seal a judicial public record,
9 the court must hold a hearing at a date and time established by the
10 court. The court shall send a notice of the hearing by certified
11 mail, return receipt requested, to each party and shall post notice
12 of the hearing at a place in the courthouse that is designated for
13 the posting of notices.

14 3. At the hearing, the district court shall allow the parties and
15 members of the public to present evidence and submit written
16 briefs.

17 4. Any judicial public record that is sealed pursuant to this
18 section must be unsealed at the earliest possible time after the
19 circumstances necessitating the sealing no longer exist.

20 5. As used in this section:

21 (a) "Information concerning a public hazard" means any
22 information concerning a public hazard that may be useful to
23 members of the public in protecting themselves from substantial
24 bodily harm or death which may result from the public hazard.

25 (b) "Judicial public record" means any writing, paper, report,
26 study, map, photograph, book, card, tape recording or other
27 material which is created, received, retained, maintained or filed
28 by or with a district court and which is generated on paper, paper
29 substitutes, photographic media, chemically based media,
30 magnetic or machine readable media, electronically stored data or
31 any other material, regardless of form or characteristics. The term
32 does not include information:

33 (1) Declared confidential by other law of this State.

34 (2) Required to be kept confidential by federal law.

35 (3) Containing a trade secret. As used in this subparagraph,
36 "trade secret" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 600A.030.

37 (4) Containing confidential financial information obtained,
38 upon request, from a person and which is not information that is
39 filed with or received by a district court pursuant to other law of
40 this State.

41 (5) Concerning research conducted under the auspices of
42 an institution of higher education, including, without limitation:

43 (I) Information concerning any negotiations made with
44 respect to the research; and



* A B 5 1 9 *

1 **(II) Information received from another party involved in
2 the research.**

3 **(6) Containing grade transcripts and license examination
4 scores obtained as part of a licensure process.**

5 **(7) Containing medical records.**

6 **(8) Containing a photograph, video recording or audio
7 recording of an autopsy.**

8 **(9) Containing a social security number.**

9 **(c) "Public hazard" means any instrumentality, device,
10 procedure, product or condition of any instrumentality, device,
11 procedure or product that has caused or is likely to cause
12 substantial bodily harm or death.**

⑩



* A B 5 1 9 *