## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 52–ASSEMBLYMAN CARPENTER

Prefiled February 1, 2007

JOINT SPONSOR: SENATOR WASHINGTON

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to domestic relations. (BDR 11-421)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to domestic relations; codifying certain common law factors that a court must consider when determining alimony; revising the provisions governing the reporting of information concerning investigations of domestic violence; requiring the Director of the Department of Public Safety to submit an annual report concerning temporary and extended orders for protection against domestic violence to the Legislature; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Under existing case law in Nevada, a court determining whether alimony should be awarded and the appropriate amount of alimony is required to consider several relevant factors including: (1) the financial condition of the parties; (2) the nature and value of their respective property; (3) the contribution of each party to any property held by both parties as tenants by the entirety; (4) the duration of the marriage; and (5) the income, earning capacity, age and health of each party. (Buchanan v. Buchanan, 90 Nev. 209, 215 (1974)) **Section 1** of this bill codifies those factors as well as factors from subsequent case law so that a court must consider those factors when determining alimony. (Buchanan, 90 Nev. at 215; Sprenger v. Sprenger, 110 Nev. 855, 859 (1994); Rodriguez v. Rodriguez, 116 Nev. 993, 999 (2000))

Existing law sets forth provisions governing the reporting of information concerning investigations of domestic violence. (NRS 171.1227) Section 4.5 of this bill revises the manner in which information concerning an investigation of domestic violence must be forwarded to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History. Section 4.5 also requires the Director of the Department of





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Public Safety to prescribe the form in which such information must be supplied and lists additional information that must be contained in the form.

**Section 5** of this bill requires the Director of the Department of Public Safety to submit a written report concerning the temporary and extended orders for protection against domestic violence issued in this State to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau which includes the total number of temporary and extended orders granted, the number of grants of temporary custody that are included in such temporary and extended orders, the number of such orders that are issued to women and the number of such orders that are issued to men.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 125.150 is hereby amended to read as follows: 125.150 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 125.155 and unless the action is contrary to a premarital agreement between the parties which is enforceable pursuant to chapter 123A of NRS:

1. In granting a divorce, the court:

(a) May award such alimony to the wife or to the husband, in a specified principal sum or as specified periodic payments, as appears just and equitable; and

(b) Shall, to the extent practicable, make an equal disposition of the community property of the parties, except that the court may make an unequal disposition of the community property in such proportions as it deems just if the court finds a compelling reason to do so and sets forth in writing the reasons for making the unequal disposition.

- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, in granting a divorce, the court shall dispose of any property held in joint tenancy in the manner set forth in subsection 1 for the disposition of community property. If a party has made a contribution of separate property to the acquisition or improvement of property held in joint tenancy, the court may provide for the reimbursement of that party for his contribution. The amount of reimbursement must not exceed the amount of the contribution of separate property that can be traced to the acquisition or improvement of property held in joint tenancy, without interest or any adjustment because of an increase in the value of the property held in joint tenancy. The amount of reimbursement must not exceed the value, at the time of the disposition, of the property held in joint tenancy for which the contribution of separate property was made. In determining whether to provide for the reimbursement, in whole or in part, of a party who has contributed separate property, the court shall consider:
- (a) The intention of the parties in placing the property in joint tenancy;
  - (b) The length of the marriage; and



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- (c) Any other factor which the court deems relevant in making a just and equitable disposition of that property.
- As used in this subsection, "contribution" includes, without limitation, a down payment, a payment for the acquisition or improvement of property, and a payment reducing the principal of a loan used to finance the purchase or improvement of property. The term does not include a payment of interest on a loan used to finance the purchase or improvement of property, or a payment made for maintenance, insurance or taxes on property.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 125.141, whether or not application for suit money has been made under the provisions of NRS 125.040, the court may award a reasonable attorney's fee to either party to an action for divorce if those fees are in issue under the pleadings.
- 4. In granting a divorce, the court may also set apart such portion of the husband's separate property for the wife's support, the wife's separate property for the husband's support or the separate property of either spouse for the support of their children as is deemed just and equitable.
- 5. In the event of the death of either party or the subsequent remarriage of the spouse to whom specified periodic payments were to be made, all the payments required by the decree must cease, unless it was otherwise ordered by the court.
- 6. If the court adjudicates the property rights of the parties, or an agreement by the parties settling their property rights has been approved by the court, whether or not the court has retained jurisdiction to modify them, the adjudication of property rights, and the agreements settling property rights, may nevertheless at any time thereafter be modified by the court upon written stipulation signed and acknowledged by the parties to the action, and in accordance with the terms thereof.
- 7. If a decree of divorce, or an agreement between the parties which was ratified, adopted or approved in a decree of divorce, provides for specified periodic payments of alimony, the decree or agreement is not subject to modification by the court as to accrued payments. Payments pursuant to a decree entered on or after July 1, 1975, which have not accrued at the time a motion for modification is filed may be modified upon a showing of changed circumstances, whether or not the court has expressly retained jurisdiction for the modification. In addition to any other factors the court considers relevant in determining whether to modify the order, the court shall consider whether the income of the spouse who is ordered to pay alimony, as indicated on the spouse's federal income tax return for the preceding calendar year, has been reduced to such a level that





the spouse is financially unable to pay the amount of alimony he has been ordered to pay.

- 8. In addition to any other factors the court considers relevant in determining whether to award alimony and the amount of such an award, the court shall consider:
  - (a) The financial condition of each spouse;
- (b) The nature and value of the respective property of each spouse;
- (c) The contribution of each spouse to any property held by the spouses pursuant to NRS 123.030;
  - (d) The duration of the marriage;

- (e) The income, earning capacity, age and health of each spouse;
  - (f) The standard of living during the marriage;
- (g) The career before the marriage of the spouse who would receive the alimony;
- (h) The existence of specialized education or training or the level of marketable skills attained by each spouse during the marriage;
  - (i) The contribution of either spouse as homemaker;
- (j) The award of property granted by the court in the divorce, other than child support and alimony, to the spouse who would receive the alimony; and
- (k) The physical and mental condition of each party as it relates to the financial condition, health and ability to work of that spouse.
- **9.** In granting a divorce, the court shall consider the need to grant alimony to a spouse for the purpose of obtaining training or education relating to a job, career or profession. In addition to any other factors the court considers relevant in determining whether such alimony should be granted, the court shall consider:
- (a) Whether the spouse who would pay such alimony has obtained greater job skills or education during the marriage; and
- (b) Whether the spouse who would receive such alimony provided financial support while the other spouse obtained job skills or education.
- [9.] 10. If the court determines that alimony should be awarded pursuant to the provisions of subsection [8:] 9:
- (a) The court, in its order, shall provide for the time within which the spouse who is the recipient of the alimony must commence the training or education relating to a job, career or profession.
- (b) The spouse who is ordered to pay the alimony may, upon changed circumstances, file a motion to modify the order.





- (c) The spouse who is the recipient of the alimony may be granted, in addition to any other alimony granted by the court, money to provide for:
- (1) Testing of the recipient's skills relating to a job, career or profession;
- (2) Evaluation of the recipient's abilities and goals relating to a job, career or profession;
- (3) Guidance for the recipient in establishing a specific plan for training or education relating to a job, career or profession;
- (4) Subsidization of an employer's costs incurred in training the recipient;
  - (5) Assisting the recipient to search for a job; or
  - (6) Payment of the costs of tuition, books and fees for:
    - (I) The equivalent of a high school diploma;
- (II) College courses which are directly applicable to the recipient's goals for his career; or
- (III) Courses of training in skills desirable for employment.
- [10.] 11. For the purposes of this section, a change of 20 percent or more in the gross monthly income of a spouse who is ordered to pay alimony shall be deemed to constitute changed circumstances requiring a review for modification of the payments of alimony. As used in this subsection, "gross monthly income" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 125B.070.
  - **Sec. 2.** (Deleted by amendment.)
  - **Sec. 3.** (Deleted by amendment.)
  - **Sec. 4.** (Deleted by amendment.)
  - **Sec. 4.5.** NRS 171.1227 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 171.1227 1. If a peace officer investigates an act that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018, he shall prepare and submit a written report of his investigation to his supervisor or to another person designated by his supervisor, regardless of whether the peace officer makes an arrest.
- 2. If the peace officer investigates a mutual battery that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 and finds that one of the persons involved was the primary physical aggressor, he shall include in his report:
- (a) The name of the person who was the primary physical aggressor; and
  - (b) A description of the evidence which supports his finding.
- 3. If the peace officer does not make an arrest, he shall include in his report the reason he did not do so.
- 4. [A copy of the] The information contained in a report made pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 must be [forwarded immediately]:
  - (a) Aggregated each month; and





(b) Forwarded by each jurisdiction to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History ... not later than the 15th

day of the following month.

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5. The Director of the Department of Public Safety shall prescribe the form on which the information described in subsection 4 must be reported to the Central Repository. In addition to the information required pursuant to subsections 1 and 2, the form must also require the inclusion of the following information from each report:

- (a) The gender, age and race of the persons involved;
- (b) The relationship of the persons involved;

(c) The date and time of day of the offense;

- (d) The number of children present, if any, at the time of the offense;
- (e) Whether or not an order for protection against domestic violence was in effect at the time of the offense;
- (f) Whether or not any weapons were used during the commission of the offense;
  - (g) Whether or not any person required medical attention;
- (h) Whether or not any person was given a domestic violence card that contains information about appropriate counseling or other supportive services available in the community in which that person resides;
- (i) Whether or not the primary physical aggressor, if identified, was arrested and, if not, any mitigating circumstances explaining why an arrest was not made; and
  - (j) Whether or not any other person was arrested.
  - **Sec. 5.** NRS 179A.350 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 179A.350 1. The Repository for Information Concerning Orders for Protection Against Domestic Violence is hereby created within the Central Repository.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [4,] 6, the Repository for Information Concerning Orders for Protection Against Domestic Violence must contain a complete and systematic record of all temporary and extended orders for protection against domestic violence issued or registered in the State of Nevada, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Director of the Department, including, without limitation, any information received pursuant to NRS 33.095. Information received by the Central Repository pursuant to NRS 33.095 must be entered in the Repository for Information Concerning Orders for Protection Against Domestic Violence not later than 8 hours after it is received by the Central Repository.
- 3. The information in the Repository for Information Concerning Orders for Protection Against Domestic Violence must





be accessible by computer at all times to each agency of criminal justice.

- 4. On or before February 15 of each year, the Director of the Department shall submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau a written report concerning all temporary and extended orders for protection against domestic violence issued pursuant to NRS 33.020 during the previous calendar year that were transmitted to the Repository for Information Concerning Orders for Protection Against Domestic Violence. The report must include, without limitation, information for each court that issues temporary or extended orders for protection against domestic violence concerning:
- (a) The total number of temporary and extended orders that were granted by the court pursuant to NRS 33.020 during the calendar year to which the report pertains;
- 16 (b) The number of temporary and extended orders that were 17 granted to women;
  - (c) The number of temporary and extended orders that were granted to men;
  - (d) The number of temporary and extended orders that were vacated or expired;
  - (e) The number of temporary orders that included a grant of temporary custody of a minor child; and
  - (f) The number of temporary and extended orders that were served on the adverse party.
  - 5. The information provided pursuant to subsection 4 must include only aggregate information for statistical purposes and must exclude any identifying information relating to a particular person.
- 6. The Repository for Information Concerning Orders for Protection Against Domestic Violence must not contain any information concerning an event that occurred before October 1, 1998.





