

SENATE BILL NO. 233—SENATORS HECK, HARDY, RHOADS,
CEGAVSKE, WASHINGTON, AMODEI, BEERS, MCGINNESS,
NOLAN AND TOWNSEND

MARCH 7, 2007

JOINT SPONSORS: ASSEMBLYMEN MABEY, COBB, MARVEL,
HARDY, CHRISTENSEN, ALLEN, BEERS, CARPENTER,
GANSERT, GOEDHART, GOICOECHEA, GRADY,
SETTELMAYER, STEWART AND WEBER

Referred to Committee on Taxation

SUMMARY—Revises and repeals certain taxes on financial
institutions. (BDR 32-951)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to state financial administration; repealing certain
excise taxes on financial institutions; requiring financial
institutions to pay the excise tax imposed on employers
based on the wages paid to their employees; and
providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law requires each bank to pay an excise tax of \$1,750 for each branch
2 office the bank maintains in this State in excess of one branch office in each county
3 and requires each financial institution to pay an excise tax of 2 percent of the wages
4 paid by the financial institution. (Chapter 363A of NRS) This bill repeals these
5 taxes and requires each financial institution to pay the excise tax which all
6 employers must pay based on the wages paid to their employees. (Chapter 363B of
7 NRS) After July 1, 2007, the rate of this tax is 0.65 percent of the wages paid by the
8 employer. (NRS 363B.110)



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1 WHEREAS, The terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, caused
2 an economic downturn across the United States; and

3 WHEREAS, This economic downturn had a special impact on
4 Nevada because of the State's reliance on the tourism industry; and

5 WHEREAS, This economic downturn had significant impact on
6 the revenue which supports the operations of this State; and

7 WHEREAS, To address projected shortfalls of revenue, the 72nd
8 Session of the Nevada Legislature enacted new taxes on certain
9 businesses and industries, including, without limitation, the
10 modified business tax on financial institutions and an excise tax on
11 banks; and

12 WHEREAS, The revenue generated by these new taxes has
13 exceeded forecasts; and

14 WHEREAS, The modified business tax on financial institutions
15 and the excise tax on banks single out specific businesses which
16 provide vital services to other businesses and the residents of this
17 State; and

18 WHEREAS, If the Legislature had not enacted the modified
19 business tax on financial institutions and the excise tax on banks and
20 had treated financial institutions the same as other business entities
21 which were subjected to the modified business tax, the revenue
22 generated during the last two biennia would have exceeded
23 forecasts; now, therefore,

24
25 THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
26 SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:
27

28 **Section 1.** NRS 360.297 is hereby amended to read as follows:

29 360.297 1. A responsible person who fails to collect or pay to
30 the Department any tax or fee imposed by this chapter, chapter
31 ~~363A,~~ 363B, 368A, 369, 370, 372 or 374 of NRS, NRS 444A.090
32 or 482.313, or chapter 680B of NRS, or who attempts to evade the
33 payment of any such tax or fee, is jointly and severally liable with
34 any other person who is required to pay such a tax or fee for the tax
35 or fee owed plus interest and all applicable penalties. The
36 responsible person shall pay the tax or fee upon notice from the
37 Department that it is due.

38 2. As used in this section, "responsible person" includes:

39 (a) An officer or employee of a corporation; and

40 (b) A member or employee of a partnership or limited-liability
41 company,

42 ➔ whose job or duty it is to collect, account for or pay to the
43 Department any tax or fee imposed by this chapter, chapter ~~363A,~~
44 363B, 368A, 369, 370, 372 or 374 of NRS, NRS 444A.090 or
45 482.313, or chapter 680B of NRS.



Sec. 2. NRS 360.300 is hereby amended to read as follows:

360.300 1. If a person fails to file a return or the Department is not satisfied with the return or returns of any tax, contribution or premium or amount of tax, contribution or premium required to be paid to the State by any person, in accordance with the applicable provisions of this chapter, chapter 360B, 362, ~~363A,~~ 363B, 369, 370, 372, 372A, 374, 377, 377A or 444A of NRS, NRS 482.313, or chapter 585 or 680B of NRS as administered or audited by the Department, it may compute and determine the amount required to be paid upon the basis of:

(a) The facts contained in the return;

(b) Any information within its possession or that may come into its possession; or

(c) Reasonable estimates of the amount.

2. One or more deficiency determinations may be made with respect to the amount due for one or for more than one period.

3. In making its determination of the amount required to be paid, the Department shall impose interest on the amount of tax determined to be due, calculated at the rate and in the manner set forth in NRS 360.417, unless a different rate of interest is specifically provided by statute.

4. The Department shall impose a penalty of 10 percent in addition to the amount of a determination that is made in the case of the failure of a person to file a return with the Department.

5. When a business is discontinued, a determination may be made at any time thereafter within the time prescribed in NRS 360.355 as to liability arising out of that business, irrespective of whether the determination is issued before the due date of the liability.

Sec. 3. NRS 360.417 is hereby amended to read as follows:

360.417 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 360.232 and 360.320, and unless a different penalty or rate of interest is specifically provided by statute, any person who fails to pay any tax provided for in chapter 362, ~~363A,~~ 363B, 369, 370, 372, 374, 377, 377A, 444A or 585 of NRS, or any fee provided for in NRS 482.313, to the State or a county within the time required, shall pay a penalty of not more than 10 percent of the amount of the tax or fee which is owed, as determined by the Department, in addition to the tax or fee, plus interest at the rate of 1 percent per month, or fraction of a month, from the last day of the month following the period for which the amount or any portion of the amount should have been reported until the date of payment. The amount of any penalty imposed must be based on a graduated schedule adopted by the Nevada Tax Commission which takes into consideration the length of time the tax or fee remained unpaid.



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Sec. 4. NRS 360.419 is hereby amended to read as follows:

360.419 1. If the Executive Director or a designated hearing officer finds that the failure of a person to make a timely return or payment of a tax imposed pursuant to NRS 361.320 or chapter 361A, 362, ~~363A,~~ 363B, 369, 370, 372, 372A, 374, 375A, 375B, 376A, 377 or 377A of NRS ~~4~~ is the result of circumstances beyond his control and occurred despite the exercise of ordinary care and without intent, the Department may relieve him of all or part of any interest or penalty, or both.

2. A person seeking this relief must file with the Department a statement under oath setting forth the facts upon which he bases his claim.

3. The Department shall disclose, upon the request of any person:

(a) The name of the person to whom relief was granted; and

(b) The amount of the relief.

4. The Executive Director or a designated hearing officer shall act upon the request of a taxpayer seeking relief pursuant to NRS 361.4835 which is deferred by a county treasurer or county assessor.

Sec. 5. NRS 360.510 is hereby amended to read as follows:

360.510 1. If any person is delinquent in the payment of any tax or fee administered by the Department or if a determination has been made against him which remains unpaid, the Department may:

(a) Not later than 3 years after the payment became delinquent or the determination became final; or

(b) Not later than 6 years after the last recording of an abstract of judgment or of a certificate constituting a lien for tax owed,

➤ give a notice of the delinquency and a demand to transmit personally or by registered or certified mail to any person, including, without limitation, any officer or department of this State or any political subdivision or agency of this State, who has in his possession or under his control any credits or other personal property belonging to the delinquent, or owing any debts to the delinquent or person against whom a determination has been made which remains unpaid, or owing any debts to the delinquent or that person. In the case of any state officer, department or agency, the notice must be given to the officer, department or agency before the Department presents the claim of the delinquent taxpayer to the State Controller.

2. A state officer, department or agency which receives such a notice may satisfy any debt owed to it by that person before it honors the notice of the Department.

3. After receiving the demand to transmit, the person notified by the demand may not transfer or otherwise dispose of the credits, other personal property, or debts in his possession or under his



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1 control at the time he received the notice until the Department
2 consents to a transfer or other disposition.

3 4. Every person notified by a demand to transmit shall, within
4 10 days after receipt of the demand to transmit, inform the
5 Department of and transmit to the Department all such credits, other
6 personal property or debts in his possession, under his control or
7 owing by him within the time and in the manner requested by the
8 Department. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, no
9 further notice is required to be served to that person.

10 5. If the property of the delinquent taxpayer consists of a series
11 of payments owed to him, the person who owes or controls the
12 payments shall transmit the payments to the Department until
13 otherwise notified by the Department. If the debt of the delinquent
14 taxpayer is not paid within 1 year after the Department issued the
15 original demand to transmit, the Department shall issue another
16 demand to transmit to the person responsible for making the
17 payments informing him to continue to transmit payments to the
18 Department or that his duty to transmit the payments to
19 the Department has ceased.

20 6. If the notice of the delinquency seeks to prevent the transfer
21 or other disposition of a deposit in a bank or credit union or other
22 credits or personal property in the possession or under the control of
23 a bank, credit union or other depository institution, the notice must
24 be delivered or mailed to any branch or office of the bank, credit
25 union or other depository institution at which the deposit is carried
26 or at which the credits or personal property is held.

27 7. If any person notified by the notice of the delinquency
28 makes any transfer or other disposition of the property or debts
29 required to be withheld or transmitted, to the extent of the value of
30 the property or the amount of the debts thus transferred or paid, he is
31 liable to the State for any indebtedness due pursuant to this chapter,
32 or chapter 360B, 362, ~~363A,~~ 363B, 369, 370, 372, 372A, 374, 377,
33 377A or 444A of NRS, NRS 482.313, or chapter 585 or 680B of
34 NRS from the person with respect to whose obligation the notice
35 was given if solely by reason of the transfer or other disposition the
36 State is unable to recover the indebtedness of the person with
37 respect to whose obligation the notice was given.

38 **Sec. 6.** NRS 363B.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 363B.030 "Employer" means any employer who is required to
40 pay a contribution pursuant to NRS 612.535 for any calendar quarter
41 with respect to any business activity of the employer, except ~~a~~
42 ~~financial institution,~~ an Indian tribe, a nonprofit organization, a
43 political subdivision or any person who does not supply a product or
44 service, but who only consumes a service. For the purposes of this
45 section:



1 1. ~~["Financial institution" has the meaning ascribed to it in~~
2 ~~NRS 363A.050.~~

3 ~~—2.]~~ "Indian tribe" includes any entity described in subsection
4 10 of NRS 612.055.

5 ~~[3.]~~ 2. "Nonprofit organization" means a nonprofit religious,
6 charitable, fraternal or other organization that qualifies as a tax-
7 exempt organization pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c).

8 ~~[4.]~~ 3. "Political subdivision" means any entity described in
9 subsection 9 of NRS 612.055.

10 **Sec. 7.** NRS 90.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 90.420 1. The Administrator by order may deny, suspend or
12 revoke any license, fine any licensed person, limit the activities
13 governed by this chapter that an applicant or licensed person may
14 perform in this State, bar an applicant or licensed person from
15 association with a licensed broker-dealer or investment adviser or
16 bar from employment with a licensed broker-dealer or investment
17 adviser a person who is a partner, officer, director, sales
18 representative, investment adviser or representative of an investment
19 adviser, or a person occupying a similar status or performing a
20 similar function for an applicant or licensed person, if the
21 Administrator finds that the order is in the public interest and that
22 the applicant or licensed person or, in the case of a broker-dealer or
23 investment adviser, any partner, officer, director, sales
24 representative, investment adviser, representative of an investment
25 adviser, or person occupying a similar status or performing similar
26 functions or any person directly or indirectly controlling the broker-
27 dealer or investment adviser:

28 (a) Has filed an application for licensing with the Administrator
29 which, as of its effective date, or as of any date after filing in the
30 case of an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete in a material
31 respect or contained a statement that was, in light of the
32 circumstances under which it was made, false or misleading with
33 respect to a material fact;

34 (b) Has violated or failed to comply with a provision of this
35 chapter as now or formerly in effect or a regulation or order adopted
36 or issued under this chapter;

37 (c) Is the subject of an adjudication or determination after notice
38 and opportunity for hearing, within the last 5 years by a securities
39 agency or administrator of another state or a court of competent
40 jurisdiction that the person has violated the Securities Act of 1933,
41 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Investment Advisers Act
42 of 1940, the Investment Company Act of 1940, the Commodity
43 Exchange Act or the securities law of any other state, but only if the
44 acts constituting the violation of that state's law would constitute a
45 violation of this chapter had the acts taken place in this State;



(d) Within the last 10 years has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor which the Administrator finds:

(1) Involves the purchase or sale of a security, taking a false oath, making a false report, bribery, perjury, burglary, robbery or conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses;

(2) Arises out of the conduct of business as a broker-dealer, investment adviser, depository institution, insurance company or fiduciary; or

(3) Involves the larceny, theft, robbery, extortion, forgery, counterfeiting, fraudulent concealment, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of money or securities or conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses;

(e) Is or has been permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction, unless the order has been vacated, from acting as an investment adviser, representative of an investment adviser, underwriter, broker-dealer or as an affiliated person or employee of an investment company, depository institution or insurance company or from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice in connection with any of the foregoing activities or in connection with the purchase or sale of a security;

(f) Is or has been the subject of an order of the Administrator, unless the order has been vacated, denying, suspending or revoking his license as a broker-dealer, sales representative, investment adviser or representative of an investment adviser;

(g) Is or has been the subject of any of the following orders which were issued within the last 5 years, unless the order has been vacated:

(1) An order by the securities agency or administrator of another state, Canadian province or territory or by the Securities and Exchange Commission or a comparable regulatory agency of another country, entered after notice and opportunity for hearing, denying, suspending or revoking the person's license as a broker-dealer, sales representative, investment adviser or representative of an investment adviser;

(2) A suspension or expulsion from membership in or association with a member of a self-regulatory organization;

(3) An order of the United States Postal Service relating to fraud;

(4) An order to cease and desist entered after notice and opportunity for hearing by the Administrator, the securities agency or administrator of another state, Canadian province or territory, the Securities and Exchange Commission or a comparable regulatory agency of another country, or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission; or



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(5) An order by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission denying, suspending or revoking registration under the Commodity Exchange Act;

(h) Has engaged in unethical or dishonest practices in the securities business;

(i) Is insolvent, either in the sense that liabilities exceed assets or in the sense that obligations cannot be met as they mature, but the Administrator may not enter an order against a broker-dealer or investment adviser under this paragraph without a finding of insolvency as to the broker-dealer or investment adviser;

(j) Has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~363A~~ 363B of NRS;

(k) Is determined by the Administrator in compliance with NRS 90.430 not to be qualified on the basis of lack of training, experience and knowledge of the securities business; or

(l) Has failed reasonably to supervise a sales representative, employee or representative of an investment adviser.

2. The Administrator may not institute a proceeding on the basis of a fact or transaction known to the director when the license became effective unless the proceeding is instituted within 90 days after issuance of the license.

3. If the Administrator finds that an applicant or licensed person is no longer in existence or has ceased to do business as a broker-dealer, sales representative, investment adviser or representative of an investment adviser or is adjudicated mentally incompetent or subjected to the control of a committee, conservator or guardian or cannot be located after reasonable search, the Administrator may by order deny the application or revoke the license.

Sec. 8. NRS 90.730 is hereby amended to read as follows:

90.730 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, information and records filed with or obtained by the Administrator are public information and are available for public examination.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4, the following information and records do not constitute public information under subsection 1 and are confidential:

(a) Information or records obtained by the Administrator in connection with an investigation concerning possible violations of this chapter; and

(b) Information or records filed with the Administrator in connection with a registration statement filed under this chapter or a report under NRS 90.390 which constitute trade secrets or commercial or financial information of a person for which that person is entitled to and has asserted a claim of privilege or confidentiality authorized by law.



1 3. The Administrator may submit any information or evidence
2 obtained in connection with an investigation to the:

3 (a) Attorney General or appropriate district attorney for the
4 purpose of prosecuting a criminal action under this chapter; and

5 (b) Department of Taxation for its use in carrying out the
6 provisions of chapter ~~[363A]~~ 363B of NRS.

7 4. The Administrator may disclose any information obtained in
8 connection with an investigation pursuant to NRS 90.620 to the
9 agencies and administrators specified in subsection 1 of NRS 90.740
10 but only if disclosure is provided for the purpose of a civil,
11 administrative or criminal investigation or proceeding, and the
12 receiving agency or administrator represents in writing that under
13 applicable law protections exist to preserve the integrity,
14 confidentiality and security of the information.

15 5. This chapter does not create any privilege or diminish any
16 privilege existing at common law, by statute, regulation or
17 otherwise.

18 **Sec. 9.** NRS 604A.820 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 604A.820 1. If the Commissioner has reason to believe that
20 grounds for revocation or suspension of a license exist, he shall give
21 20 days' written notice to the licensee stating the contemplated
22 action and, in general, the grounds therefor and set a date for a
23 hearing.

24 2. At the conclusion of a hearing, the Commissioner shall:

25 (a) Enter a written order either dismissing the charges, revoking
26 the license or suspending the license for a period of not more than
27 60 days, which period must include any prior temporary suspension.
28 The Commissioner shall send a copy of the order to the licensee by
29 registered or certified mail.

30 (b) Impose upon the licensee an administrative fine of not more
31 than \$10,000 for each violation by the licensee of any provision of
32 this chapter or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

33 (c) If a fine is imposed pursuant to this section, enter such order
34 as is necessary to recover the costs of the proceeding, including his
35 investigative costs and attorney's fees.

36 3. The grounds for revocation or suspension of a license are
37 that:

38 (a) The licensee has failed to pay the annual license fee;

39 (b) The licensee, either knowingly or without any exercise of
40 due care to prevent it, has violated any provision of this chapter or
41 any lawful regulation adopted pursuant thereto;

42 (c) The licensee has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to
43 the provisions of chapter ~~[363A]~~ 363B of NRS;



(d) Any fact or condition exists which would have justified the Commissioner in denying the licensee's original application for a license pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or

(e) The licensee:

(1) Failed to open an office for the conduct of the business authorized by his license within 180 days after the date his license was issued; or

(2) Has failed to remain open for the conduct of the business for a period of 180 days without good cause therefor.

4. Any revocation or suspension applies only to the license granted to a person for the particular office for which grounds for revocation or suspension exist.

5. An order suspending or revoking a license becomes effective 5 days after being entered unless the order specifies otherwise or a stay is granted.

Sec. 10. NRS 612.265 is hereby amended to read as follows:

612.265 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, information obtained from any employing unit or person pursuant to the administration of this chapter and any determination as to the benefit rights of any person is confidential and may not be disclosed or be open to public inspection in any manner which would reveal the person's or employing unit's identity.

2. Any claimant or his legal representative is entitled to information from the records of the Division, to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of his claim in any proceeding pursuant to this chapter. A claimant or an employing unit is not entitled to information from the records of the Division for any other purpose.

3. Subject to such restrictions as the Administrator may by regulation prescribe, the information obtained by the Division may be made available to:

(a) Any agency of this or any other state or any federal agency charged with the administration or enforcement of laws relating to unemployment compensation, public assistance, workers' compensation or labor and industrial relations, or the maintenance of a system of public employment offices;

(b) Any state or local agency for the enforcement of child support;

(c) The Internal Revenue Service of the Department of the Treasury;

(d) The Department of Taxation; and

(e) The State Contractors' Board in the performance of its duties to enforce the provisions of chapter 624 of NRS.

➡ Information obtained in connection with the administration of the Employment Service may be made available to persons or agencies



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1 for purposes appropriate to the operation of a public employment
2 service or a public assistance program.

3 4. Upon written request made by a public officer of a local
4 government, the Administrator shall furnish from the records of the
5 Division the name, address and place of employment of any person
6 listed in the records of employment of the Division. The request
7 must set forth the social security number of the person about whom
8 the request is made and contain a statement signed by proper
9 authority of the local government certifying that the request is made
10 to allow the proper authority to enforce a law to recover a debt or
11 obligation owed to the local government. The information obtained
12 by the local government is confidential and may not be used or
13 disclosed for any purpose other than the collection of a debt or
14 obligation owed to that local government. The Administrator may
15 charge a reasonable fee for the cost of providing the requested
16 information.

17 5. The Administrator may publish or otherwise provide
18 information on the names of employers, their addresses, their type
19 or class of business or industry, and the approximate number of
20 employees employed by each such employer, if the information
21 released will assist unemployed persons to obtain employment or
22 will be generally useful in developing and diversifying the economic
23 interests of this State. Upon request by a state agency which is able
24 to demonstrate that its intended use of the information will benefit
25 the residents of this State, the Administrator may, in addition to the
26 information listed in this subsection, disclose the number of
27 employees employed by each employer and the total wages paid by
28 each employer. The Administrator may charge a fee to cover the
29 actual costs of any administrative expenses relating to the disclosure
30 of this information to a state agency. The Administrator may require
31 the state agency to certify in writing that the agency will take all
32 actions necessary to maintain the confidentiality of the information
33 and prevent its unauthorized disclosure.

34 6. Upon request therefor, the Administrator shall furnish to
35 any agency of the United States charged with the administration of
36 public works or assistance through public employment, and may
37 furnish to any state agency similarly charged, the name, address,
38 ordinary occupation and employment status of each recipient of
39 benefits and the recipient's rights to further benefits pursuant to this
40 chapter.

41 7. To further a current criminal investigation, the chief
42 executive officer of any law enforcement agency of this State may
43 submit a written request to the Administrator that he furnish, from
44 the records of the Division, the name, address and place of
45 employment of any person listed in the records of employment of



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1 the Division. The request must set forth the social security number
2 of the person about whom the request is made and contain a
3 statement signed by the chief executive officer certifying that the
4 request is made to further a criminal investigation currently being
5 conducted by the agency. Upon receipt of such a request, the
6 Administrator shall furnish the information requested. He may
7 charge a fee to cover the actual costs of any related administrative
8 expenses.

9 8. In addition to the provisions of subsection 5, the
10 Administrator shall provide lists containing the names and addresses
11 of employers, and information regarding the wages paid by each
12 employer to the Department of Taxation, upon request, for use in
13 verifying returns for the taxes imposed pursuant to ~~chapters 363A~~
14 ~~and~~ *chapter* 363B of NRS. The Administrator may charge a fee to
15 cover the actual costs of any related administrative expenses.

16 9. A private carrier that provides industrial insurance in this
17 State shall submit to the Administrator a list containing the name of
18 each person who received benefits pursuant to chapters 616A to
19 616D, inclusive, or 617 of NRS during the preceding month and
20 request that he compare the information so provided with the
21 records of the Division regarding persons claiming benefits pursuant
22 to chapter 612 of NRS for the same period. The information
23 submitted by the private carrier must be in a form determined by the
24 Administrator and must contain the social security number of each
25 such person. Upon receipt of the request, the Administrator shall
26 make such a comparison and, if it appears from the information
27 submitted that a person is simultaneously claiming benefits under
28 chapter 612 of NRS and under chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or
29 617 of NRS, the Administrator shall notify the Attorney General or
30 any other appropriate law enforcement agency. The Administrator
31 shall charge a fee to cover the actual costs of any related
32 administrative expenses.

33 10. The Administrator may request the Comptroller of the
34 Currency of the United States to cause an examination of the
35 correctness of any return or report of any national banking
36 association rendered pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and
37 may in connection with the request transmit any such report or
38 return to the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States as
39 provided in section 3305(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

40 11. If any employee or member of the Board of Review, the
41 Administrator or any employee of the Administrator, in violation of
42 the provisions of this section, discloses information obtained from
43 any employing unit or person in the administration of this chapter,
44 or if any person who has obtained a list of applicants for work, or of
45 claimants or recipients of benefits pursuant to this chapter uses or



1 permits the use of the list for any political purpose, he is guilty of a
2 gross misdemeanor.

3 12. All letters, reports or communications of any kind, oral or
4 written, from the employer or employee to each other or to the
5 Division or any of its agents, representatives or employees are
6 privileged and must not be the subject matter or basis for any
7 lawsuit if the letter, report or communication is written, sent,
8 delivered or prepared pursuant to the requirements of this chapter.

9 **Sec. 11.** NRS 616B.012 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 616B.012 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and
11 ~~from~~ NRS 616B.015, 616B.021 and 616C.205, information obtained
12 from any insurer, employer or employee is confidential and may not
13 be disclosed or be open to public inspection in any manner which
14 would reveal the person's identity.

15 2. Any claimant or his legal representative is entitled to
16 information from the records of the insurer, to the extent necessary
17 for the proper presentation of a claim in any proceeding under
18 chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS.

19 3. The Division and Administrator are entitled to information
20 from the records of the insurer which is necessary for the
21 performance of their duties. The Administrator may, by regulation,
22 prescribe the manner in which otherwise confidential information
23 may be made available to:

24 (a) Any agency of this or any other state charged with the
25 administration or enforcement of laws relating to industrial
26 insurance, unemployment compensation, public assistance or labor
27 law and industrial relations;

28 (b) Any state or local agency for the enforcement of child
29 support;

30 (c) The Internal Revenue Service of the Department of the
31 Treasury;

32 (d) The Department of Taxation; and

33 (e) The State Contractors' Board in the performance of its duties
34 to enforce the provisions of chapter 624 of NRS.

35 ➤ Information obtained in connection with the administration of a
36 program of industrial insurance may be made available to persons or
37 agencies for purposes appropriate to the operation of a program of
38 industrial insurance.

39 4. Upon written request made by a public officer of a local
40 government, an insurer shall furnish from its records the name,
41 address and place of employment of any person listed in its records.
42 The request must set forth the social security number of the person
43 about whom the request is made and contain a statement signed by
44 proper authority of the local government certifying that the request
45 is made to allow the proper authority to enforce a law to recover a



1 debt or obligation owed to the local government. The information
2 obtained by the local government is confidential and may not be
3 used or disclosed for any purpose other than the collection of a debt
4 or obligation owed to the local government. The insurer may charge
5 a reasonable fee for the cost of providing the requested information.

6 5. To further a current criminal investigation, the chief
7 executive officer of any law enforcement agency of this State may
8 submit to the Administrator a written request for the name, address
9 and place of employment of any person listed in the records of an
10 insurer. The request must set forth the social security number of the
11 person about whom the request is made and contain a statement
12 signed by the chief executive officer certifying that the request is
13 made to further a criminal investigation currently being conducted
14 by the agency. Upon receipt of a request, the Administrator shall
15 instruct the insurer to furnish the information requested. Upon
16 receipt of such an instruction, the insurer shall furnish the
17 information requested. The insurer may charge a reasonable fee to
18 cover any related administrative expenses.

19 6. Upon request by the Department of Taxation, the
20 Administrator shall provide:

21 (a) Lists containing the names and addresses of employers; and

22 (b) Other information concerning employers collected and
23 maintained by the Administrator or the Division to carry out the
24 purposes of chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of
25 NRS,

26 ↳ to the Department for its use in verifying returns for the taxes
27 imposed pursuant to ~~chapters 363A and~~ chapter 363B of NRS.
28 The Administrator may charge a reasonable fee to cover any related
29 administrative expenses.

30 7. Any person who, in violation of this section, discloses
31 information obtained from files of claimants or policyholders or
32 obtains a list of claimants or policyholders under chapters 616A to
33 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS and uses or permits the use
34 of the list for any political purposes, is guilty of a gross
35 misdemeanor.

36 8. All letters, reports or communications of any kind, oral or
37 written, from the insurer, or any of its agents, representatives or
38 employees are privileged and must not be the subject matter or basis
39 for any lawsuit if the letter, report or communication is written, sent,
40 delivered or prepared pursuant to the requirements of chapters 616A
41 to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS.

42 9. The provisions of this section do not prohibit the
43 Administrator or the Division from disclosing any nonproprietary
44 information relating to an uninsured employer or proof of industrial
45 insurance.



Sec. 12. NRS 645B.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:

645B.060 1. Subject to the administrative control of the Director of the Department of Business and Industry, the Commissioner shall exercise general supervision and control over mortgage brokers and mortgage agents doing business in this State.

2. In addition to the other duties imposed upon him by law, the Commissioner shall:

(a) Adopt any regulations that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, except as to loan brokerage fees.

(b) Conduct such investigations as may be necessary to determine whether any person has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner.

(c) Conduct an annual examination of each mortgage broker doing business in this State. The annual examination must include, without limitation, a formal exit review with the mortgage broker. The Commissioner shall adopt regulations prescribing:

(1) Standards for determining the rating of each mortgage broker based upon the results of the annual examination; and

(2) Procedures for resolving any objections made by the mortgage broker to the results of the annual examination. The results of the annual examination may not be opened to public inspection pursuant to NRS 645B.090 until any objections made by the mortgage broker have been decided by the Commissioner.

(d) Conduct such other examinations, periodic or special audits, investigations and hearings as may be necessary and proper for the efficient administration of the laws of this State regarding mortgage brokers and mortgage agents. The Commissioner shall adopt regulations specifying the general guidelines that will be followed when a periodic or special audit of a mortgage broker is conducted pursuant to this chapter.

(e) Classify as confidential certain records and information obtained by the Division when those matters are obtained from a governmental agency upon the express condition that they remain confidential. This paragraph does not limit examination by:

(1) The Legislative Auditor; or

(2) The Department of Taxation if necessary to carry out the provisions of chapter ~~363A~~ **363B** of NRS.

(f) Conduct such examinations and investigations as are necessary to ensure that mortgage brokers and mortgage agents meet the requirements of this chapter for obtaining a license, both at the time of the application for a license and thereafter on a continuing basis.



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3. For each special audit, investigation or examination, a mortgage broker or mortgage agent shall pay a fee based on the rate established pursuant to NRS 645F.280.

Sec. 13. NRS 645B.670 is hereby amended to read as follows:

645B.670 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 645B.690:

1. For each violation committed by an applicant for a license issued pursuant to this chapter, whether or not he is issued a license, the Commissioner may impose upon the applicant an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, if the applicant:

(a) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the Commissioner any false representation of material fact;

(b) Has suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any information which the applicant possesses and which, if submitted by him, would have rendered the applicant ineligible to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or

(c) Has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner in completing and filing his application for a license or during the course of the investigation of his application for a license.

2. For each violation committed by a mortgage broker, the Commissioner may impose upon the mortgage broker an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, may suspend, revoke or place conditions upon his license, or may do both, if the mortgage broker, whether or not acting as such:

(a) Is insolvent;

(b) Is grossly negligent or incompetent in performing any act for which he is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

(c) Does not conduct his business in accordance with law or has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner;

(d) Is in such financial condition that he cannot continue in business with safety to his customers;

(e) Has made a material misrepresentation in connection with any transaction governed by this chapter;

(f) Has suppressed or withheld from a client any material facts, data or other information relating to any transaction governed by the provisions of this chapter which the mortgage broker knew or, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known;

(g) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the Commissioner any false representation of material fact or has suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any information which the mortgage broker possesses and which, if submitted by him, would have rendered the mortgage broker ineligible to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;



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1 (h) Has failed to account to persons interested for all money
2 received for a trust account;

3 (i) Has refused to permit an examination by the Commissioner
4 of his books and affairs or has refused or failed, within a reasonable
5 time, to furnish any information or make any report that may be
6 required by the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this
7 chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter;

8 (j) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere
9 to, a felony relating to the practice of mortgage brokers or any crime
10 involving fraud, misrepresentation or moral turpitude;

11 (k) Has refused or failed to pay, within a reasonable time, any
12 fees, assessments, costs or expenses that the mortgage broker is
13 required to pay pursuant to this chapter or a regulation adopted
14 pursuant to this chapter;

15 (l) Has failed to satisfy a claim made by a client which has been
16 reduced to judgment;

17 (m) Has failed to account for or to remit any money of a client
18 within a reasonable time after a request for an accounting or
19 remittal;

20 (n) Has commingled the money or other property of a client
21 with his own or has converted the money or property of others to his
22 own use;

23 (o) Has engaged in any other conduct constituting a deceitful,
24 fraudulent or dishonest business practice;

25 (p) Has repeatedly violated the policies and procedures of the
26 mortgage broker;

27 (q) Has failed to exercise reasonable supervision over the
28 activities of a mortgage agent as required by NRS 645B.460;

29 (r) Has instructed a mortgage agent to commit an act that would
30 be cause for the revocation of the license of the mortgage broker,
31 whether or not the mortgage agent commits the act;

32 (s) Has employed a person as a mortgage agent or authorized a
33 person to be associated with the mortgage broker as a mortgage
34 agent at a time when the mortgage broker knew or, in light of all the
35 surrounding facts and circumstances, reasonably should have known
36 that the person:

37 (1) Had been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo
38 contendere to, a felony relating to the practice of mortgage agents or
39 any crime involving fraud, misrepresentation or moral turpitude; or

40 (2) Had a financial services license or registration suspended
41 or revoked within the immediately preceding 10 years;

42 (t) Has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions
43 of chapter ~~363A~~ 363B of NRS; or

44 (u) Has not conducted verifiable business as a mortgage broker
45 for 12 consecutive months, except in the case of a new applicant.



1 The Commissioner shall determine whether a mortgage broker is
2 conducting business by examining the monthly reports of activity
3 submitted by the mortgage broker or by conducting an examination
4 of the mortgage broker.

5 3. For each violation committed by a mortgage agent, the
6 Commissioner may impose upon the mortgage agent an
7 administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, may suspend, revoke
8 or place conditions upon his license, or may do both, if the mortgage
9 agent, whether or not acting as such:

10 (a) Is grossly negligent or incompetent in performing any act for
11 which he is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this
12 chapter;

13 (b) Has made a material misrepresentation in connection with
14 any transaction governed by this chapter;

15 (c) Has suppressed or withheld from a client any material facts,
16 data or other information relating to any transaction governed by the
17 provisions of this chapter which the mortgage agent knew or, by the
18 exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known;

19 (d) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the
20 Commissioner any false representation of material fact or has
21 suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any information
22 which the mortgage agent possesses and which, if submitted by him,
23 would have rendered the mortgage agent ineligible to be licensed
24 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

25 (e) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere
26 to, a felony relating to the practice of mortgage agents or any crime
27 involving fraud, misrepresentation or moral turpitude;

28 (f) Has failed to account for or to remit any money of a client
29 within a reasonable time after a request for an accounting or
30 remittal;

31 (g) Has commingled the money or other property of a client
32 with his own or has converted the money or property of others to his
33 own use;

34 (h) Has engaged in any other conduct constituting a deceitful,
35 fraudulent or dishonest business practice;

36 (i) Has repeatedly violated the policies and procedures of the
37 mortgage broker with whom he is associated or by whom he is
38 employed; or

39 (j) Has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation
40 adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner or
41 has assisted or offered to assist another person to commit such a
42 violation.

43 **Sec. 14.** NRS 645E.300 is hereby amended to read as follows:

44 645E.300 1. Subject to the administrative control of the
45 Director of the Department of Business and Industry, the



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1 Commissioner shall exercise general supervision and control over
2 mortgage bankers doing business in this State.

3 2. In addition to the other duties imposed upon him by law, the
4 Commissioner shall:

5 (a) Adopt any regulations that are necessary to carry out the
6 provisions of this chapter, except as to loan fees.

7 (b) Conduct such investigations as may be necessary to
8 determine whether any person has violated any provision of this
9 chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of
10 the Commissioner.

11 (c) Conduct an annual examination of each mortgage banker
12 doing business in this State.

13 (d) Conduct such other examinations, periodic or special audits,
14 investigations and hearings as may be necessary and proper for the
15 efficient administration of the laws of this State regarding mortgage
16 bankers.

17 (e) Classify as confidential certain records and information
18 obtained by the Division when those matters are obtained from a
19 governmental agency upon the express condition that they remain
20 confidential. This paragraph does not limit examination by:

21 (1) The Legislative Auditor; or

22 (2) The Department of Taxation if necessary to carry out the
23 provisions of chapter ~~363A~~ 363B of NRS.

24 (f) Conduct such examinations and investigations as are
25 necessary to ensure that mortgage bankers meet the requirements of
26 this chapter for obtaining a license, both at the time of the
27 application for a license and thereafter on a continuing basis.

28 3. For each special audit, investigation or examination, a
29 mortgage banker shall pay a fee based on the rate established
30 pursuant to NRS 645F.280.

31 **Sec. 15.** NRS 645E.670 is hereby amended to read as follows:

32 645E.670 1. For each violation committed by an applicant,
33 whether or not he is issued a license, the Commissioner may impose
34 upon the applicant an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000,
35 if the applicant:

36 (a) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the
37 Commissioner any false representation of material fact;

38 (b) Has suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any
39 information which the applicant possesses and which, if submitted
40 by him, would have rendered the applicant ineligible to be licensed
41 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter; or

42 (c) Has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation
43 adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner in
44 completing and filing his application for a license or during the
45 course of the investigation of his application for a license.



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2. For each violation committed by a licensee, the Commissioner may impose upon the licensee an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000, may suspend, revoke or place conditions upon his license, or may do both, if the licensee, whether or not acting as such:

(a) Is insolvent;

(b) Is grossly negligent or incompetent in performing any act for which he is required to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

(c) Does not conduct his business in accordance with law or has violated any provision of this chapter, a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or an order of the Commissioner;

(d) Is in such financial condition that he cannot continue in business with safety to his customers;

(e) Has made a material misrepresentation in connection with any transaction governed by this chapter;

(f) Has suppressed or withheld from a client any material facts, data or other information relating to any transaction governed by the provisions of this chapter which the licensee knew or, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known;

(g) Has knowingly made or caused to be made to the Commissioner any false representation of material fact or has suppressed or withheld from the Commissioner any information which the licensee possesses and which, if submitted by him, would have rendered the licensee ineligible to be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

(h) Has failed to account to persons interested for all money received for a trust account;

(i) Has refused to permit an examination by the Commissioner of his books and affairs or has refused or failed, within a reasonable time, to furnish any information or make any report that may be required by the Commissioner pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter;

(j) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of nolo contendere to, a felony relating to the practice of mortgage bankers or any crime involving fraud, misrepresentation or moral turpitude;

(k) Has refused or failed to pay, within a reasonable time, any fees, assessments, costs or expenses that the licensee is required to pay pursuant to this chapter or a regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter;

(l) Has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~363A~~ 363B of NRS;

(m) Has failed to satisfy a claim made by a client which has been reduced to judgment;



(n) Has failed to account for or to remit any money of a client within a reasonable time after a request for an accounting or remittal;

(o) Has commingled the money or other property of a client with his own or has converted the money or property of others to his own use; or

(p) Has engaged in any other conduct constituting a deceitful, fraudulent or dishonest business practice.

3. An order that imposes discipline and the findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting that order are public records.

Sec. 16. NRS 658.151 is hereby amended to read as follows:

658.151 1. The Commissioner may forthwith take possession of the business and property of any depository institution to which this title or title 56 of NRS applies when it appears that the depository institution:

(a) Has violated its charter or any laws applicable thereto.

(b) Is conducting its business in an unauthorized or unsafe manner.

(c) Is in an unsafe or unsound condition to transact its business.

(d) Has an impairment of its stockholders' or members' equity.

(e) Has refused to pay its depositors in accordance with the terms on which such deposits were received, or has refused to pay its holders of certificates of indebtedness or investment in accordance with the terms upon which those certificates of indebtedness or investment were sold.

(f) Has become otherwise insolvent.

(g) Has neglected or refused to comply with the terms of a lawful order of the Commissioner.

(h) Has refused, upon proper demand, to submit its records, affairs and concerns for inspection and examination of an appointed or authorized examiner of the Commissioner.

(i) Has made a voluntary assignment of its assets to trustees.

(j) Has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~363A~~ 363B of NRS.

2. The Commissioner also may forthwith take possession of the business and property of any depository institution to which this title or title 56 of NRS applies when it appears that the officers of the depository institution have refused to be examined upon oath regarding its affairs.

Sec. 17. NRS 665.133 is hereby amended to read as follows:

665.133 1. The records and information described in NRS 665.130 may be disclosed to:

(a) An agency of the Federal Government or of another state which regulates the financial institution which is the subject of the records or information;



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(b) The Director of the Department of Business and Industry for his confidential use;

(c) The State Board of Finance for its confidential use, if the report or other information is necessary for the State Board of Finance to perform its duties under this title;

(d) The Department of Taxation for its use in carrying out the provisions of chapter ~~[363A]~~ 363B of NRS;

(e) An entity which insures or guarantees deposits;

(f) A public officer authorized to investigate criminal charges in connection with the affairs of the depository institution;

(g) A person preparing a proposal for merging with or acquiring an institution or holding company, but only after notice of the disclosure has been given to the institution or holding company;

(h) Any person to whom the subject of the report has authorized the disclosure;

(i) Any other person if the Commissioner determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that disclosure is in the public interest and outweighs any potential harm to the depository institution and its stockholders, members, depositors and creditors; and

(j) Any court in a proceeding initiated by the Commissioner concerning the financial institution.

2. All the reports made available pursuant to this section remain the property of the Division of Financial Institutions, and no person, agency or authority to whom the reports are made available, or any officer, director or employee thereof, may disclose any of the reports or any information contained therein, except in published statistical material that does not disclose the affairs of any natural person or corporation.

Sec. 18. NRS 673.484 is hereby amended to read as follows:

673.484 The Commissioner may after notice and hearing suspend or revoke the charter of any association for:

1. Repeated failure to abide by the provisions of this chapter or the regulations adopted thereunder.

2. Failure to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~[363A]~~ 363B of NRS.

Sec. 19. NRS 675.440 is hereby amended to read as follows:

675.440 1. If the Commissioner has reason to believe that grounds for revocation or suspension of a license exist, he shall give 20 days' written notice to the licensee stating the contemplated action and, in general, the grounds therefor and set a date for a hearing.

2. At the conclusion of a hearing, the Commissioner shall:

(a) Enter a written order either dismissing the charges, revoking the license, or suspending the license for a period of not more than



60 days, which period must include any prior temporary suspension. A copy of the order must be sent by registered or certified mail to the licensee.

(b) Impose upon the licensee an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation by the licensee of any provision of this chapter or any lawful regulation adopted under it.

(c) If a fine is imposed pursuant to this section, enter such order as is necessary to recover the costs of the proceeding, including his investigative costs and attorney's fees.

3. The grounds for revocation or suspension of a license are that:

(a) The licensee has failed to pay the annual license fee;

(b) The licensee, either knowingly or without any exercise of due care to prevent it, has violated any provision of this chapter or any lawful regulation adopted under it;

(c) The licensee has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~363A~~ 363B of NRS;

(d) Any fact or condition exists which would have justified the Commissioner in denying the licensee's original application for a license hereunder; or

(e) The applicant failed to open an office for the conduct of the business authorized under this chapter within 120 days after the date the license was issued, or has failed to remain open for the conduct of the business for a period of 120 days without good cause therefor.

4. Any revocation or suspension applies only to the license granted to a person for the particular office for which grounds for revocation or suspension exist.

5. An order suspending or revoking a license becomes effective 5 days after being entered unless the order specifies otherwise or a stay is granted.

Sec. 20. NRS 676.290 is hereby amended to read as follows:

676.290 1. The Commissioner may, pursuant to the procedure provided in this chapter, deny, suspend or revoke any license for which application has been made or which has been issued under the provisions of this chapter if he finds, as to the licensee, its associates, directors or officers, grounds for action.

2. Any one of the following grounds may provide the requisite grounds for denial, suspension or revocation:

(a) Conviction of a felony relating to the practice of debt adjusters or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude.

(b) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or regulations of the Commissioner.

(c) Fraud or deceit in procuring the issuance of the license.

(d) Continuous course of unfair conduct.



(e) Insolvency, filing in bankruptcy, receivership or assigning for the benefit of creditors by any licensee or applicant for a license under this chapter.

(f) Failure to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~{363A}~~ 363B of NRS.

(g) Failure to pay the fee for renewal or reinstatement of a license.

3. The Commissioner shall, after notice and hearing, impose upon the licensee an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation by the licensee of any of the provisions of this chapter or regulations of the Commissioner. If a fine is imposed pursuant to this section, the costs of the proceeding, including investigative costs and attorney's fees, may be recovered by the Commissioner.

Sec. 21. NRS 677.510 is hereby amended to read as follows:

677.510 1. If the Commissioner has reason to believe that grounds for revocation or suspension of a license exist, he shall give 20 days' written notice to the licensee stating the contemplated action and, in general, the grounds therefor and set a date for a hearing.

2. At the conclusion of a hearing, the Commissioner shall:

(a) Enter a written order either dismissing the charges, or revoking the license, or suspending the license for a period of not more than 60 days, which period must include any prior temporary suspension. A copy of the order must be sent by registered or certified mail to the licensee.

(b) Impose upon the licensee an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 for each violation by the licensee of any provision of this chapter or any lawful regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

(c) If a fine is imposed pursuant to this section, enter such order as is necessary to recover the costs of the proceeding, including his investigative costs and attorney's fees.

3. The grounds for revocation or suspension of a license are that:

(a) The licensee has failed to pay the annual license fee;

(b) The licensee, either knowingly or without any exercise of due care to prevent it, has violated any provision of this chapter, or any lawful regulation adopted pursuant thereto;

(c) The licensee has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~{363A}~~ 363B of NRS;

(d) Any fact or condition exists which would have justified the Commissioner in denying the licensee's original application for a license hereunder; or

(e) The applicant failed to open an office for the conduct of the business authorized under this chapter within 120 days after the date



1 the license was issued, or has failed to remain open for the conduct
2 of the business for a period of 120 days without good cause therefor.

3 4. Any revocation or suspension applies only to the license
4 granted to a person for the particular office for which grounds for
5 revocation or suspension exist.

6 5. An order suspending or revoking a license becomes effective
7 5 days after being entered unless the order specifies otherwise or a
8 stay is granted.

9 **Sec. 22.** NRS 683A.451 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 683A.451 The Commissioner may refuse to issue a license or
11 certificate pursuant to this chapter or may place any person to whom
12 a license or certificate is issued pursuant to this chapter on
13 probation, suspend him for not more than 12 months, or revoke or
14 refuse to renew his license or certificate, or may impose an
15 administrative fine or take any combination of the foregoing actions,
16 for one or more of the following causes:

17 1. Providing incorrect, misleading, incomplete or partially
18 untrue information in his application for a license.

19 2. Violating a law regulating insurance, or violating a
20 regulation, order or subpoena of the Commissioner or an equivalent
21 officer of another state.

22 3. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license through
23 misrepresentation or fraud.

24 4. Misappropriating, converting or improperly withholding
25 money or property received in the course of the business of
26 insurance.

27 5. Intentionally misrepresenting the terms of an actual or
28 proposed contract of or application for insurance.

29 6. Conviction of a felony.

30 7. Admitting or being found to have committed an unfair trade
31 practice or fraud.

32 8. Using fraudulent, coercive or dishonest practices, or
33 demonstrated incompetence, untrustworthiness or financial
34 irresponsibility in the conduct of business in this State or elsewhere.

35 9. Denial, suspension or revocation of a license as a producer
36 of insurance, or its equivalent, in any other state, territory or
37 province.

38 10. Forging another's name to an application for insurance or
39 any other document relating to the transaction of insurance.

40 11. Improperly using notes or other reference material to
41 complete an examination for a license related to insurance.

42 12. Knowingly accepting business related to insurance from an
43 unlicensed person.

44 13. Failing to comply with an administrative or judicial order
45 imposing an obligation of child support.



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14. Failing to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~[363A]~~ 363B of NRS.

Sec. 23. NRS 687A.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

687A.130 The Association is exempt from payment of all fees and all taxes levied by this State or any of its subdivisions, except taxes:

1. Levied on real or personal property; or

2. Imposed pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~[363A or]~~ 363B of NRS.

Sec. 24. NRS 688C.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

688C.210 After notice, and after a hearing if requested, the Commissioner may suspend, revoke, refuse to issue or refuse to renew a license under this chapter if he finds that:

1. There was material misrepresentation in the application for the license;

2. The licensee or an officer, partner, member or significant managerial employee has been convicted of fraudulent or dishonest practices, is subject to a final administrative action for disqualification, or is otherwise shown to be untrustworthy or incompetent;

3. A provider of viatical settlements has engaged in a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators;

4. The applicant or licensee has been found guilty of, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony or a misdemeanor involving fraud, forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud or any crime involving moral turpitude, whether or not a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court;

5. A provider of viatical settlements has entered into a viatical settlement in a form not approved pursuant to NRS 688C.220;

6. A provider of viatical settlements has failed to honor obligations of a viatical settlement;

7. The licensee no longer meets a requirement for initial licensure;

8. A provider of viatical settlements has assigned, transferred or pledged a viaticated policy to a person other than another provider licensed under this chapter, a purchaser of the viatical settlement, a special organization or a trust for a related provider;

9. The applicant or licensee has provided materially untrue information to an insurer that issued a policy that is the subject of a viatical settlement;

10. The applicant or licensee has failed to pay a tax as required pursuant to the provisions of chapter ~~[363A]~~ 363B of NRS; or

11. The applicant or licensee has violated a provision of this chapter.



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Sec. 25. NRS 694C.450 is hereby amended to read as follows:

694C.450 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a captive insurer shall pay to the Division, not later than March 1 of each year, a tax at the rate of:

(a) Two-fifths of 1 percent on the first \$20,000,000 of its net direct premiums;

(b) One-fifth of 1 percent on the next \$20,000,000 of its net direct premiums; and

(c) Seventy-five thousandths of 1 percent on each additional dollar of its net direct premiums.

2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a captive insurer shall pay to the Division, not later than March 1 of each year, a tax at a rate of:

(a) Two hundred twenty-five thousandths of 1 percent on the first \$20,000,000 of revenue from assumed reinsurance premiums;

(b) One hundred fifty thousandths of 1 percent on the next \$20,000,000 of revenue from assumed reinsurance premiums; and

(c) Twenty-five thousandths of 1 percent on each additional dollar of revenue from assumed reinsurance premiums.

➤ The tax on reinsurance premiums pursuant to this subsection must not be levied on premiums for risks or portions of risks which are subject to taxation on a direct basis pursuant to subsection 1. A captive insurer is not required to pay any reinsurance premium tax pursuant to this subsection on revenue related to the receipt of assets by the captive insurer in exchange for the assumption of loss reserves and other liabilities of another insurer that is under common ownership and control with the captive insurer, if the transaction is part of a plan to discontinue the operation of the other insurer and the intent of the parties to the transaction is to renew or maintain such business with the captive insurer.

3. If the sum of the taxes to be paid by a captive insurer calculated pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 is less than \$5,000 in any given year, the captive insurer shall pay a tax of \$5,000 for that year. The maximum aggregate tax for any year must not exceed \$175,000. The maximum aggregate tax to be paid by a sponsored captive insurer applies only to each protected cell and does not apply to the sponsored captive insurer as a whole.

4. Two or more captive insurers under common ownership and control must be taxed as if they were a single captive insurer.

5. Notwithstanding any specific statute to the contrary and except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the tax provided for by this section constitutes all the taxes collectible pursuant to the laws of this State from a captive insurer, and no occupation tax or other taxes may be levied or collected from a captive insurer by this State or by any county, city or municipality within this State, except



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1 for taxes imposed pursuant to chapter ~~[363A-01]~~ 363B of NRS and
2 ad valorem taxes on real or personal property located in this State
3 used in the production of income by the captive insurer.

4 6. Twenty-five percent of the revenues collected from the tax
5 imposed pursuant to this section must be deposited with the State
6 Treasurer for credit to the Account for the Regulation and
7 Supervision of Captive Insurers created pursuant to NRS 694C.460.
8 The remaining 75 percent of the revenues collected must be
9 deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the State General
10 Fund.

11 7. A captive insurer that is issued a license pursuant to this
12 chapter after July 1, 2003, is entitled to receive a nonrefundable
13 credit of \$5,000 applied against the aggregate taxes owed by the
14 captive insurer for the first year in which the captive insurer incurs
15 any liability for the payment of taxes pursuant to this section. A
16 captive insurer is entitled to a nonrefundable credit pursuant to this
17 section not more than once after the captive insurer is initially
18 licensed pursuant to this chapter.

19 8. As used in this section, unless the context otherwise
20 requires:

21 (a) "Common ownership and control" means:

22 (1) In the case of a stock insurer, the direct or indirect
23 ownership of 80 percent or more of the outstanding voting stock of
24 two or more corporations by the same member or members.

25 (2) In the case of a mutual insurer, the direct or indirect
26 ownership of 80 percent or more of the surplus and the voting power
27 of two or more corporations by the same member or members.

28 (b) "Net direct premiums" means the direct premiums collected
29 or contracted for on policies or contracts of insurance written by a
30 captive insurer during the preceding calendar year, less the amounts
31 paid to policyholders as return premiums, including dividends on
32 unabsorbed premiums or premium deposits returned or credited to
33 policyholders.

34 **Sec. 26.** NRS 363A.010, 363A.015, 363A.020, 363A.030,
35 363A.040, 363A.050, 363A.060, 363A.070, 363A.080, 363A.090,
36 363A.100, 363A.110, 363A.120, 363A.130, 363A.135, 363A.140,
37 363A.150, 363A.160, 363A.170, 363A.180, 363A.190, 363A.200,
38 363A.210, 363A.220, 363A.230, 363A.240, 363A.250 and
39 363A.260 are hereby repealed.

40 **Sec. 27.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2007.



* S B 2 3 3 *

LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS

- 363A.010 Definitions.
- 363A.015 “Business activity” defined.
- 363A.020 “Commission” defined.
- 363A.030 “Employer” defined.
- 363A.040 “Employment” defined.
- 363A.050 “Financial institution” defined.
- 363A.060 “Taxpayer” defined.
- 363A.070 Duties of Department.
- 363A.080 Maintenance and availability of records of taxpayer; penalty.
- 363A.090 Examination of records by Department; payment of expenses of Department for examination of records outside State.
- 363A.100 Authority of Executive Director to request information to carry out chapter.
- 363A.110 Confidentiality of records and files of Department.
- 363A.120 Excise tax on banks: Imposition, amount and payment; filing of return.
- 363A.130 Payroll tax: Imposition, amount and payment; filing of return.
- 363A.135 Payroll tax: Deduction of certain amounts paid for health insurance or health benefit plan for employees.
- 363A.140 Extension of time for payment; payment of interest during period of extension.
- 363A.150 Certification of excess amount collected; credit and refund.
- 363A.160 Limitations on claims for refund or credit; form and contents of claim; failure to file claim constitutes waiver; service of notice of rejection of claim.
- 363A.170 Interest on overpayments; disallowance of interest.
- 363A.180 Injunction or other process to prevent collection of tax prohibited; filing of claim is condition precedent to maintaining action for refund.
- 363A.190 Action for refund: Period for commencement; venue; waiver.



363A.200 Rights of claimant upon failure of Department to mail notice of action on claim; allocation of judgment for claimant.

363A.210 Allowance of interest in judgment for amount illegally collected.

363A.220 Standing to recover.

363A.230 Action for recovery of erroneous refund: Jurisdiction; venue; prosecution.

363A.240 Cancellation of illegal determination.

363A.250 Prohibited acts; penalty.

363A.260 Remedies of State are cumulative.

