

Amendment No. 918

Assembly Amendment to Senate Bill No. 3 First Reprint	(BDR 53-244)
Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Commerce and Labor	
Amends: Summary: No Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes	

ASSEMBLY ACTION			Initial and Date	SENATE ACTION			Initial and Date		
Adopted	☐	Lost	☐	_____	Adopted	☐	Lost	☐	_____
Concurred In	☐	Not	☐	_____	Concurred In	☐	Not	☐	_____
Receded	☐	Not	☐	_____	Receded	☐	Not	☐	_____

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) *green bold italic underlining* is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) ~~red strikethrough~~ is deleted language in the original bill; (4) ~~purple double strikethrough~~ is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) orange double underlining is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment; and (6) *green bold* is newly added transitory language.

JLW/BJE



Date: 5/20/2007

S.B. No. 3—Revises various provisions relating to the death benefits payable to surviving spouses of certain police officers and firefighters.
(BDR 53-244)



SENATE BILL NO. 3—SENATOR TOWNSEND

PREFILED DECEMBER 11, 2006

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Revises various provisions relating to the death benefits payable to surviving spouses of certain police officers and firefighters. (BDR 53-244)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to public employees; allowing the surviving spouse of ~~any~~ **certain** deceased police ~~officer or firefighter who was killed in the line of duty~~ **officers and firefighters** to continue to receive death benefits under industrial insurance after the surviving spouse remarries; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under existing law, if the death of an employee is caused by an injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment covered by state laws on industrial insurance, the surviving spouse of the deceased employee may receive a compensation known as a death benefit. (NRS 616C.505) The death benefit presently ends upon the surviving spouse's death or remarriage. (NRS 616C.505) This bill allows the surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter who ~~was killed in the line of duty~~ **died while actively employed as a police officer or firefighter** to continue to receive certain compensation under the death benefit even if the surviving spouse remarries. **This bill also allows the surviving spouse of certain retired police officers or firefighters to receive this benefit.**

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 616C of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. *Except as otherwise provided in this section, if the surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter who ~~was killed in the line of duty~~ died while actively employed as a police officer or firefighter is entitled to be paid compensation pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 616C.505 ~~or~~ or NRS 617.453, 617.455, 617.457, 617.485 or 617.487, the surviving spouse:*

(a) *Must be paid that compensation until the death of the surviving spouse, whether or not the surviving spouse remarries; and*

(b) Must not be paid any compensation pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 616C.505 or NRS 617.453, 617.455, 617.457, 617.485 or 617.487 in one lump sum upon remarriage.

2. A surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter who was retired from employment as a police officer or firefighter at the time of death is entitled to receive compensation to the same extent and in the same manner as a surviving spouse specified in subsection 1 if:

(a) The police officer or firefighter retired because of the injury or occupational disease for which compensation is paid to the surviving spouse pursuant to this section; and

(b) The death of the police officer or firefighter was the direct and proximate result of the injury or occupational disease.

3. If the surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter specified in subsection 1 or 2 becomes the spouse of another employee or retiree who thereafter dies under circumstances that would otherwise entitle the surviving spouse to be paid compensation pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 616C.505 or NRS 617.453, 617.455, 617.457, 617.485 or 617.487 with respect to the other employee, the surviving spouse:

(a) Must not be paid compensation pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 616C.505 or NRS 617.453, 617.455, 617.457, 617.485 or 617.487 with respect to the other employee; and

(b) Shall be deemed to have predeceased the other employee for the purposes of chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, and 617 of NRS.

~~3. The~~

4. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 1 and 2, the provisions of this section ~~is~~

~~(a) Do not apply to the surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter if the death of that police officer or firefighter is made compensable only by chapter 617 of NRS; and~~

~~(b) Do not affect any compensation payable under chapter 617 of NRS.~~

~~4. As used in this section, "killed in the line of duty" means killed as a direct and proximate result of injuries sustained:~~

~~(a) If the person is on duty:~~

~~(1) While en route to or from, or otherwise responding to, an emergency, a call for service, a request for assistance or a situation requiring immediate law enforcement or emergency service attention; or~~

~~(2) From a hostile act;~~

~~(b) If the person is off duty, is a police officer and is using the tools of his trade, while en route to or from, or otherwise responding to, an emergency, a call for service, a request for assistance or a situation requiring immediate law enforcement attention; or~~

~~(c) During training that is approved by his employer and is scheduled or identified as training before the training occurs.~~

Sec. 2. NRS 616C.505 is hereby amended to read as follows:

616C.505 If an injury by accident arising out of and in the course of employment causes the death of an employee in the employ of an employer, within the provisions of chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, of NRS, the compensation is known as a death benefit ~~§~~ and is payable as follows:

1. In addition to any other compensation payable pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, of NRS, burial expenses are payable in an amount not to exceed \$5,000. When the remains of the deceased employee and the person accompanying the remains are to be transported to a mortuary or mortuaries, the charge of transportation must be borne by the insurer.

2. ~~For~~ *Except as otherwise provided in section 1 of this act, to* the surviving spouse of the deceased employee, 66 2/3 percent of the average monthly wage is payable until his death or remarriage, with 2 years' compensation payable in one lump sum upon remarriage.

3. In the event of the subsequent death of the surviving spouse:

(a) Each surviving child of the deceased employee must share equally the compensation theretofore paid to the surviving spouse but not in excess thereof, and it is payable until the youngest child reaches the age of 18 years.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 11, if the children have a guardian, the compensation they are entitled to receive may be paid to the guardian.

4. Upon the remarriage of a surviving spouse with children:

(a) The surviving spouse must be paid 2 years' compensation in one lump sum and further benefits must cease; and

(b) Each child must be paid 15 percent of the average monthly wage, up to a maximum family benefit of 66 2/3 percent of the average monthly wage.

↳ The provisions of this subsection do not apply to the remarriage of a surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter if the provisions of section 1 of this act apply to the surviving spouse.

5. If there are any surviving children of the deceased employee under the age of 18 years, but no surviving spouse, then each such child is entitled to his proportionate share of 66 2/3 percent of the average monthly wage for his support.

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, if there is no surviving spouse or child under the age of 18 years, there must be paid:

(a) To a parent, if wholly dependent for support upon the deceased employee at the time of the injury causing his death, 33 1/3 percent of the average monthly wage.

(b) To both parents, if wholly dependent for support upon the deceased employee at the time of the injury causing his death, 66 2/3 percent of the average monthly wage.

(c) To each brother or sister until he or she reaches the age of 18 years, if wholly dependent for support upon the deceased employee at the time of the injury causing his death, his proportionate share of 66 2/3 percent of the average monthly wage.

7. The aggregate compensation payable pursuant to subsection 6 must not exceed 66 2/3 percent of the average monthly wage.

8. In all other cases involving a question of total or partial dependency:

(a) The extent of the dependency must be determined in accordance with the facts existing at the time of the injury.

(b) If the deceased employee leaves dependents only partially dependent upon his earnings for support at the time of the injury causing his death, the monthly compensation to be paid must be equal to the same proportion of the monthly payments for the benefit of persons totally dependent as the amount contributed by the deceased employee to the partial dependents bears to the average monthly wage of the deceased employee at the time of the injury resulting in his death.

(c) The duration of compensation to partial dependents must be fixed in accordance with the facts shown, but may not exceed compensation for 100 months.

9. Compensation payable to a surviving spouse is for the use and benefit of the surviving spouse and the dependent children, and the insurer may, from time to time, apportion such compensation between them in such a way as it deems best for the interest of all dependents.

1 10. In the event of the death of any dependent specified in this section before
2 the expiration of the time during which compensation is payable to him, funeral
3 expenses are payable in an amount not to exceed \$5,000.

4 11. If a dependent is entitled to receive a death benefit pursuant to this section
5 and is less than 18 years of age or incompetent, the legal representative of the
6 dependent shall petition for a guardian to be appointed for that dependent pursuant
7 to NRS 159.044. An insurer shall not pay any compensation in excess of \$3,000,
8 other than burial expenses, to the dependent until a guardian is appointed and
9 legally qualified. Upon receipt of a certified letter of guardianship, the insurer shall
10 make all payments required by this section to the guardian of the dependent until
11 the dependent is emancipated, the guardianship terminates or the dependent reaches
12 the age of 18 years, whichever occurs first, unless paragraph (a) of subsection 12 is
13 applicable. The fees and costs related to the guardianship must be paid from the
14 estate of the dependent. A guardianship established pursuant to this subsection must
15 be administered in accordance with chapter 159 of NRS, except that after the first
16 annual review required pursuant to NRS 159.176, a court may elect not to review
17 the guardianship annually. The court shall review the guardianship at least once
18 every 3 years. As used in this subsection, "incompetent" has the meaning ascribed
19 to it in NRS 159.019.

20 12. Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (b), the entitlement of
21 any child to receive his proportionate share of compensation pursuant to this section
22 ceases when he dies, marries or reaches the age of 18 years. A child is entitled to
23 continue to receive compensation pursuant to this section if he is:

24 (a) Over 18 years of age and incapable of supporting himself, until such time
25 as he becomes capable of supporting himself; or

26 (b) Over 18 years of age and enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited
27 vocational or educational institution, until he reaches the age of 22 years.

28 13. As used in this section, "surviving spouse" means a surviving husband or
29 wife who was married to the employee at the time of the employee's death.

30 **Sec. 3.** The amendatory provisions of sections 1 and 2 of this act do not apply
31 to a surviving spouse of a deceased police officer or firefighter if the surviving
32 spouse is remarried before October 1, 2007.