ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 166–ASSEMBLYMEN SEGERBLOM, KOIVISTO, OHRENSCHALL, KIHUEN; AIZLEY, MORTENSON, MUNFORD AND PIERCE

FEBRUARY 13, 2009

JOINT SPONSORS: SENATORS PARKS; COPENING

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Makes various changes to provisions relating to employment practices. (BDR 53-30)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to employment practices; prohibiting employers from subjecting an employee to abusive conduct in a work environment; requiring a court to award damages, back pay and attorney's fees consistent with provisions set forth in Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 on prevailing claims of unlawful employment practices; revising provisions relating to unlawful employment practices to prohibit employers from discriminating against an employee with respect to a physical characteristic of the employee; revising provisions relating to the time in which an employee may seek relief in district court for a claim of unlawful employment practices; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law sets forth provisions proscribing unlawful employment practices. (NRS 613.310-613.435) **Section 2** of this bill prohibits employers from subjecting any employee to abusive conduct in a work environment. **Sections 4-12 and 14-18** of this bill make it an unlawful employment practice to discriminate against an employee with respect to a physical characteristic of the employee. **Section 3** of this bill requires a court to award damages, back pay and attorney's fees consistent with the provisions set forth in Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964,





42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., to parties who prevail on claims of unlawful employment practices.

Existing law provides that a complaint which alleges unlawful discriminatory practices in employment must be filed with the Nevada Equal Rights Commission not later than 300 days after the date of the occurrence of the alleged act. (NRS 233.160) Existing law also provides that if the Commission does not conclude that an unfair employment practice has occurred, the person alleging the unlawful practice may seek redress in district court. (NRS 613.420) Existing law further provides that such redress may not be sought in district court more than 180 days after the date of the act complained of. (NRS 613.430) Section 12 of this bill requires the Commission to issue a letter to the person who filed a complaint alleging an unlawful employment practice to inform him of the right to seek redress in district court if the Commission concludes that no unlawful employment practice occurred. Section 13 of this bill revises the time in which a person may seek redress in district court by requiring the person to apply to district court within 180 days after the date of the act complained of or within 90 days after the date of issuance of the letter from the Commission informing the person of his right to seek redress in district court, whichever is later.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** Chapter 613 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 and 3 of this act.

- Sec. 2. 1. It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer to subject any employee to abusive conduct in a work environment.
- 2. It is an affirmative defense to an action for abusive conduct in a work environment if the employer exercised reasonable care to prevent and promptly correct the abusive conduct.
- 3. As used in this section, "abusive conduct" means the conduct of an employer or employee occurring in the workplace which a reasonable person would find hostile, offensive and unrelated to the legitimate business interests of the employer and which, unless especially egregious or severe, is directed at an employee on more than a single occasion, including, without limitation:
- (a) Repeated verbal abuse in the form of derogatory remarks, insults and epithets;
- (b) Verbal or physical conduct which is threatening, intimidating or humiliating; and
  - (c) The gratuitous sabotage or undermining of a person's work product.
  - Sec. 3. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, if a court finds that a person has been injured by an unlawful employment practice within the scope of NRS 613.310 to 613.435,



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inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act, the court shall award the prevailing party damages, back pay, and costs and attorney's fees consistent with the provisions of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000e et seq., as amended.

**Sec. 4.** NRS 613.310 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 613.310 As used in NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act*, unless the context otherwise requires:
  - 1. "Disability" means, with respect to a person:
- (a) A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the person, including, without limitation, the human immunodeficiency virus;
  - (b) A record of such an impairment; or
  - (c) Being regarded as having such an impairment.
- 2. "Employer" means any person who has 15 or more employees for each working day in each of 20 or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, but does not include:
- (a) The United States or any corporation wholly owned by the United States.
  - (b) Any Indian tribe.

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- (c) Any private membership club exempt from taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c).
- 3. "Employment agency" means any person regularly undertaking with or without compensation to procure employees for an employer or to procure for employees opportunities to work for an employer, but does not include any agency of the United States.
- 4. "Labor organization" means any organization of any kind, or any agency or employee representation committee or plan, in which employees participate and which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment or other conditions of employment.
- 5. "Person" includes the State of Nevada and any of its political subdivisions.
- 6. "Physical characteristic" means any bodily condition or physical attribute of a person that is a result of birth, injury, disease or natural biological development, including, without limitation:
  - (a) Height;
  - (b) Weight; and
  - (c) Physical mannerisms beyond the control of the person.
- 7. "Sexual orientation" means having or being perceived as having an orientation for heterosexuality, homosexuality or bisexuality.





- **Sec. 5.** NRS 613.320 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 613.320 1. The provisions of NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act* do not apply to:
  - (a) Any employer with respect to employment outside this State.
- (b) Any religious corporation, association or society with respect to the employment of individuals of a particular religion to perform work connected with the carrying on of its religious activities.
- 2. The provisions of NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act* concerning unlawful employment practices related to sexual orientation do not apply to an organization that is exempt from taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3).
  - **Sec. 6.** NRS 613.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 613.330 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 613.350, it is an unlawful employment practice for an employer:
- (a) To fail or refuse to hire or to discharge any person, or otherwise to discriminate against any person with respect to his compensation, terms, conditions or privileges of employment, because of his race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, *physical characteristics* or national origin; or
- (b) To limit, segregate or classify an employee in a way which would deprive or tend to deprive him of employment opportunities or otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee, because of his race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, *physical characteristics* or national origin.
- 2. It is an unlawful employment practice for an employment agency to:
- (a) Fail or refuse to refer for employment, or otherwise to discriminate against, any person because of the race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , *physical characteristics* or national origin of that person; or
- (b) Classify or refer for employment any person on the basis of the race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, *physical characteristics* or national origin of that person.
- 3. It is an unlawful employment practice for a labor organization:
- (a) To exclude or to expel from its membership, or otherwise to discriminate against, any person because of his race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, *physical characteristics* or national origin;
- (b) To limit, segregate or classify its membership, or to classify or fail or refuse to refer for employment any person, in any way which would deprive or tend to deprive him of employment opportunities, or would limit his employment opportunities or





otherwise adversely affect his status as an employee or as an applicant for employment, because of his race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , *physical characteristics* or national origin; or

- (c) To cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against any person in violation of this section.
- 4. It is an unlawful employment practice for any employer, labor organization or joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining, including, without limitation, on-the-job training programs, to discriminate against any person because of his race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , *physical characteristics* or national origin in admission to, or employment in, any program established to provide apprenticeship or other training.
- 5. It is an unlawful employment practice for any employer, employment agency, labor organization or joint labor-management committee to discriminate against a person with a disability by interfering, directly or indirectly, with the use of an aid or appliance, including, without limitation, a service animal, by such a person.
- 6. It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer, directly or indirectly, to refuse to permit an employee with a disability to keep his service animal with him at all times in his place of employment.
- 7. As used in this section, "service animal" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 426.097.
  - **Sec. 7.** NRS 613.340 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 613.340 1. It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer to discriminate against any of his employees or applicants for employment, for an employment agency to discriminate against any person, or for a labor organization to discriminate against any member thereof or applicant for membership, because he has opposed any practice made an unlawful employment practice by NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act or because he has made a charge, testified, assisted or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding or hearing under NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive [.], and sections 2 and 3 of this act.
- 2. It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer, labor organization or employment agency to print or publish or cause to be printed or published any notice or advertisement relating to employment by such an employer or membership in or any classification or referral for employment by such a labor organization, or relating to any classification or referral for employment by such an employment agency, indicating any preference, limitation, specification or discrimination, based on race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, *physical*





characteristics or national origin, except that such a notice or advertisement may indicate a preference, limitation, specification or discrimination based on religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, physical, mental or visual condition or national origin when religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, physical, mental or visual condition, physical characteristics or national origin is a bona fide occupational qualification for employment.

**Sec. 8.** NRS 613.350 is hereby amended to read as follows:

613.350 1. It is not an unlawful employment practice for an employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to classify or refer for employment any person, for a labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer for employment any person, or for an employer, labor organization or joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit or employ any person in any such program, on the basis of his religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , *physical characteristics* or national origin in those instances where religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, physical, mental or visual condition , *physical characteristics* or national origin is a bona fide occupational qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise.

2. It is not an unlawful employment practice for an employer to fail or refuse to hire and employ employees, for an employment agency to fail to classify or refer any person for employment, for a labor organization to fail to classify its membership or to fail to classify or refer any person for employment, or for an employer, labor organization or joint labor-management committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to fail to admit or employ any person in any such program, on the basis of his disability in those instances where physical, mental or visual condition is a bona fide and relevant occupational qualification necessary to the normal operation of that particular business or enterprise, if it is shown that the particular disability would prevent proper performance of the work for which the person with a disability would otherwise have been hired, classified, referred or prepared under a training or retraining program.

3. It is not an unlawful employment practice for an employer to fail or refuse to hire or to discharge a person, for an employment agency to fail to classify or refer any person for employment, for a labor organization to fail to classify its membership or to fail to classify or refer any person for employment, or for an employer, labor organization or joint labor-committee controlling apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to fail to





admit or employ any person in any such program, on the basis of his age if the person is less than 40 years of age.

- 4. It is not an unlawful employment practice for a school, college, university or other educational institution or institution of learning to hire and employ employees of a particular religion if the school or institution is, in whole or in substantial part, owned, supported, controlled or managed by a particular religion or by a particular religious corporation, association or society, or if the curriculum of the school or institution is directed toward the propagation of a particular religion.
- 5. It is not an unlawful employment practice for an employer to observe the terms of any bona fide plan for employees' benefits, such as a retirement, pension or insurance plan, which is not a subterfuge to evade the provisions of NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act* as they relate to discrimination against a person because of age, except that no such plan excuses the failure to hire any person who is at least 40 years of age.

**Sec. 9.** NRS 613.380 is hereby amended to read as follows:

613.380 Notwithstanding any other provision of NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act, it is not an unlawful employment practice for an employer to apply different standards of compensation, or different terms, conditions or privileges of employment pursuant to a bona fide seniority or merit system, or a system which measures earnings by quantity or quality of production or to employees who work in different locations, if those differences are not the result of an intention to discriminate because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, physical characteristics or national origin, nor is it an unlawful employment practice for an employer to give and to act upon the results of any professionally developed ability test, if the test, its administration or action upon the results is not designed, intended or used to discriminate because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , physical characteristics or national origin.

**Sec. 10.** NRS 613.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:

613.400 Nothing contained in NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act requires any employer, employment agency, labor organization or joint labor-management committee subject to NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act to grant preferential treatment to any person or to any group because of the race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, physical characteristics or national origin of the individual or group on account of an imbalance which exists with respect to the total number or





percentage of persons of any race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , *physical characteristic* or national origin employed by any employer, referred or classified for employment by any employment agency or labor organization, admitted to membership or classified by any labor organization, or admitted to, or employed in, any apprenticeship or other training program, in comparison with the total number or percentage of persons of that race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability , *physical characteristic* or national origin in any community, section or other area, or in the available workforce in any community, section or other area.

**Sec. 11.** NRS 613.405 is hereby amended to read as follows:

613.405 Any person injured by an unlawful employment practice within the scope of NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act* may file a complaint to that effect with the Nevada Equal Rights Commission if the complaint is based on discrimination because of race, color, sex, sexual orientation, age, disability, religion, *physical characteristics* or national origin.

**Sec. 12.** NRS 613.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

613.420 If the Nevada Equal Rights Commission does not conclude that an unfair employment practice within the scope of NRS 613.310 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act* has occurred [, any]:

- *1.* Any person alleging such a practice may apply to the district court for an order granting or restoring to that person the rights to which he is entitled under those sections : and
- 2. The Nevada Equal Rights Commission shall issue a letter to the person who filed a complaint pursuant to NRS 613.405 notifying him of his rights pursuant to subsection 1.

Sec. 13. NRS 613.430 is hereby amended to read as follows:

613.430 No action authorized by NRS 613.420 may be brought more than 180 days after the date of the act complained of [...] or more than 90 days after the date of the issuance of the letter described in subsection 2 of NRS 613.420, whichever is later. When a complaint is filed with the Nevada Equal Rights Commission, the limitation provided by this section is tolled as to any action authorized by NRS 613.420 during the pendency of the complaint before the Commission.

**Sec. 14.** NRS 233.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

233.010 1. It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the State of Nevada to protect the welfare, prosperity, health and peace of all the people of the State, and to foster the right of all persons reasonably to seek, obtain and hold employment and housing accommodations without discrimination, distinction or restriction





because of race, religious creed, color, age, sex, disability, *physical characteristics*, national origin or ancestry.

- 2. It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the State of Nevada to protect the welfare, prosperity, health and peace of all the people of the State, and to foster the right of all persons reasonably to seek and be granted services in places of public accommodation without discrimination, distinction or restriction because of race, religious creed, color, age, sex, disability, sexual orientation, *physical characteristics*, national origin or ancestry.
- 3. It is recognized that the people of this State should be afforded full and accurate information concerning actual and alleged practices of discrimination and acts of prejudice, and that such information may provide the basis for formulating statutory remedies of equal protection and opportunity for all citizens in this State.
  - **Sec. 15.** NRS 233.020 is hereby amended to read as follows: 233.020 As used in this chapter:
- 1. "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Commission.
- 2. "Commission" means the Nevada Equal Rights Commission within the Department of Employment, Training and Rehabilitation.
  - 3. "Disability" means, with respect to a person:
- (a) A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of the person;
  - (b) A record of such an impairment; or
  - (c) Being regarded as having such an impairment.
- 4. "Member" means a member of the Nevada Equal Rights Commission.
- 5. "Physical characteristic" means any bodily condition or physical attribute of a person that is a result of birth, injury, disease or natural biological development, including, without limitation:
  - (a) Height;

- (b) Weight; and
- (c) Physical mannerisms beyond the control of the person.
- **6.** "Sexual orientation" means having or being perceived as 37 having an orientation for heterosexuality, homosexuality or 38 bisexuality.
  - **Sec. 16.** NRS 233.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 233.140 The Commission shall:
  - 1. Foster mutual understanding and respect among all racial, religious, disabled and ethnic groups and between the sexes in the State.





- 2. Aid in securing equal health and welfare services and facilities for all the residents of the State without regard to race, religion, sex, age, disability, *physical characteristics* or nationality.
- 3. Study problems arising between groups within the State which may result in tensions, discrimination or prejudice because of race, color, creed, sex, age, disability, *physical characteristics*, national origin or ancestry, and formulate and carry out programs of education and disseminate information with the object of discouraging and eliminating any such tensions, prejudices or discrimination.
- 4. Secure the cooperation of various racial, religious, disabled, nationality and ethnic groups, veterans' organizations, labor organizations, business and industry organizations and fraternal, benevolent and service groups, in educational campaigns devoted to the need for eliminating group prejudice, racial or area tensions, intolerance or discrimination.
- 5. Cooperate with and seek the cooperation of federal and state agencies and departments in carrying out projects within their respective authorities to eliminate intergroup tensions and to promote intergroup harmony.
  - **Sec. 17.** NRS 233.150 is hereby amended to read as follows: 233.150 The Commission may:
  - 1. Order its Administrator to:
- (a) With regard to public accommodation, investigate tensions, practices of discrimination and acts of prejudice against any person or group because of race, color, creed, sex, age, disability, sexual orientation, *physical characteristics*, national origin or ancestry, and may conduct hearings with regard thereto.
- (b) With regard to employment and housing, investigate tensions, practices of discrimination and acts of prejudice against any person or group because of race, color, creed, sex, age, disability, *physical characteristics*, national origin or ancestry, and may conduct hearings with regard thereto.
- 2. Mediate between or reconcile the persons or groups involved in those tensions, practices and acts.
- 3. Issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses or for the production of documents or tangible evidence relevant to any investigations or hearings conducted by the Commission.
- 4. Delegate its power to hold hearings and issue subpoenas to any of its members or any hearing officer in its employ.
- 5. Adopt reasonable regulations necessary for the Commission to carry out the functions assigned to it by law.



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- **Sec. 18.** NRS 233C.110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 233C.110 1. The Trustee may use money from the Account for Local Cultural Activities to support concerts, operas, ballets and public dances:
- (a) Which are presented in this State in public parks, public facilities, universities, colleges, schools, hospitals and other institutions; and
- (b) For which no fee is charged to the public, students, patients or other persons for attendance.
- 2. The costs for which the Trustee may expend money from the Account include the compensation of musicians, singers, other performing artists and necessary technicians, and the cost of their transportation to and from performances.
- 3. The Trustee may use no more than 10 percent of the total money expended for the payment of industrial insurance, unemployment compensation, federal taxes on employment and similar charges. In addition, he may expend money from the Account to pay his actual expenses of travel in administering the Account.
- 4. Employment of any performer or technician must comply with NRS 613.230 to 613.435, inclusive, *and sections 2 and 3 of this act*, and no reference to arrangement through a labor organization may be made with respect to any performance funded in whole or in part from the Account.





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