Amendment No. 413

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 345 (BDR 32-1)						
Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Taxation						
Amends: Summary: Yes Title	: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsor	rship: No Digest: Yes				

ASSEMBLY ACTION		Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	SENATE ACTION Initial and Date	
Adopted		Lost		Adopted	Lost
Concurred In		Not	1	Concurred In	Not
Receded		Not	1	Receded	Not

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) *green bold italic underlining* is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) red strikethrough is deleted language in the original bill; (4) purple double strikethrough is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) orange double underlining is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment; and (6) green bold dashed underlining is newly added transitory language.

SJC/BJE Date: 4/15/2009

A.B. No. 345—Makes various changes concerning the veterans' exemptions from property taxes and governmental services taxes. (BDR 32-101)

ASSEMBLY BILL No. 345-COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION'S SUBCOMMITTEE TO STUDY ISSUES RELATING TO SENIOR CITIZENS AND VETERANS)

MARCH 13, 2009

Referred to Committee on Taxation

SUMMARY—Makes various changes concerning [the veterans'] certain exemptions from property taxes and governmental services taxes. (BDR 32-101)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to taxation; revising the [amounts of certain veterans'] provisions governing the calculation of exemptions from property taxes and governmental services taxes [+] for surviving spouses, persons who are blind and veterans; expanding the applicability of the exemptions from those taxes for veterans with permanent service-connected disabilities; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law exempts from property taxation certain specified amounts of the assessed value of the property of surviving spouses and of persons who are blind, and requires the annual adjustment of those amounts to account for increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2003. (NRS 361.080, 361.085) Sections 2 and 3 of this bill update the specified amounts to reflect the increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2003, require the annual adjustment of the exemption amounts to account for increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2008, and clarify the portion of the Index applicable to each adjustment.

Existing law exempts from property taxation \$2,000 of the assessed value of the property of a veteran who served on active duty under certain specified circumstances and requires the annual adjustment of that amount to account for increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2003. (NRS 361.090) Section [23 4_of this bill increases that exemption to \$2,500, requires the annual adjustment of that amount to account for increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2008, and clarifies the portion of the Index applicable to each adjustment.

Existing law provides an exemption from property taxation for the property of a veteran with a permanent service-connected disability, or of his surviving spouse, in the amount of \$20,000 of assessed value for a veteran with a total disability, \$15,000 of assessed value for a veteran with a disability of 80 to 99 percent and \$10,000 of assessed value for a veteran with a disability of 60 to 79 percent, and requires the annual adjustment of those amounts to account for increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2003. (NRS 361.091) **Section** [2] 5 of this bill expands the applicability of the exemption to include a veteran whose disability, regardless of the percentage thereof, renders him unemployable, finereases the amount of the

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 exemption for such a veteran and a veteran with a total disability to 100 percent of assessed value] updates the specified amounts [for veterans with partial disabilities] to reflect the increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2003, [expands the applicability of the exemption to include a veteran with a disability of 40 to 59 percent in the amount of \$5,000 of assessed value.] requires the annual adjustment of the exemption amounts to account for increases in the Consumer Price Index from July 2008, and clarifies the portion of the Index applicable to each adjustment. [Sections 4 and 8] Section 12 of this bill [eause] causes the provisions expanding the applicability of the [exemption] exemptions in sections 6 and 11 of this bill to terminate on July 1, 2049.

Sections [5-8] 7-12 of this bill similarly revise the corresponding [veterans'] exemptions from governmental services taxes.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The Legislature hereby finds that each exemption provided by this act from any ad valorem tax on property:

- 1. Will achieve a bona fide social or economic purpose and that the benefits of the exemption are expected to exceed any adverse effect of the exemption on the provision of services to the public by the State or a local government that would otherwise receive revenue from the tax from which the exemption would be granted; and
- 2. Will not impair adversely the ability of the State or a local government to pay, when due, all interest and principal on any outstanding bonds or any other obligations for which revenue from the tax from which the exemption would be granted was pledged.

Sec. 2. NRS 361.080 is hereby amended to read as follows:

361.080 1. The property of surviving spouses, not to exceed the amount of \$\frac{\\$\\$1,000\}{2}\\$\frac{\\$1,190}{2}\ assessed valuation, is exempt from taxation, but no such exemption may be allowed to anyone but a bona fide resident of this State, and must be allowed in but one county in this State to the same family.

2. For the purpose of this section, property in which the surviving spouse has any interest shall be deemed the property of the surviving spouse.

- 3. The person claiming such an exemption must file with the county assessor an affidavit declaring that he is a bona fide resident of this State and that the exemption has been claimed in no other county in this State. The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 4. A surviving spouse is not entitled to the exemption provided by this section in any fiscal year beginning after any remarriage, even if the remarriage is later annulled.
- 5. If any person files a false affidavit or provides false proof to the county assessor or a notary public and, as a result of the false affidavit or false proof, the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 6. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amount in subsection 1 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to the amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [Items]]

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Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from July [2003] 2008 to the July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated. The Department shall provide to each county assessor the adjusted amount, in writing, on or before September 30 of each year.

Sec. 3. NRS 361.085 is hereby amended to read as follows:

361.085

1. The property of each person who is blind, not to exceed the amount of \$\frac{\\$3,560}{\}\$ of assessed valuation, is exempt from taxation, including community property to the extent only of the interest therein of the person who is blind, but no such exemption may be allowed to anyone but a bona fide resident of this State, and must be allowed in but one county in this State on account of the same person.

- The person claiming such an exemption must file with the county assessor an affidavit declaring that he is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who meets all the other requirements for the exemption and that the exemption is not claimed in any other county in this State. The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- Upon first claiming the exemption in a county the claimant shall furnish to the assessor a certificate of a licensed physician setting forth that he has examined the claimant and has found him to be a person who is blind.
- 4. If any person files a false affidavit or provides false proof to the county assessor or a notary public and, as a result of the false affidavit or false proof, the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 5. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amount in subsection 1 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to the amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All Htems) Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from July [2003] 2008 to the July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated. The Department shall provide to each county assessor the adjusted amount, in writing, on or before September 30 of each year.
- 6. As used in this section, "person who is blind" includes any person whose visual acuity with correcting lenses does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye, or whose vision in the better eye is restricted to a field which subtends an angle of not greater than 20°.

[Sec. 2.] Sec. 4. NRS 361.090 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. The property, to the extent of [\$2,000] \$2,500 assessed valuation, of any actual bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who:

- (a) Has served a minimum of 90 continuous days on active duty, who was assigned to active duty at some time between April 21, 1898, and June 15, 1903, or between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, or between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, or between June 25, 1950, and May 7, 1975, or between September 26, 1982, and December 1, 1987, or between October 23, 1983, and November 21, 1983, or between December 20, 1989, and January 31, 1990, or between August 2, 1990, and April 11, 1991, or between December 5, 1992, and March 31, 1994, or between November 20, 1995, and December 20, 1996;
- (b) Has served on active duty in connection with carrying out the authorization granted to the President of the United States in Public Law 102-1; or

- (c) Has served on active duty in connection with a campaign or expedition for service in which a medal has been authorized by the government of the United States, regardless of the number of days served on active duty,
- → and who received, upon severance from service, an honorable discharge or certificate of satisfactory service from the Armed Forces of the United States, or who, having so served, is still serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, is exempt from taxation.
- 2. For the purpose of this section, the first [\$2,000] \$2,500 of the assessed valuation of property in which an applicant has any interest shall be deemed the property of the applicant.
- 3. The exemption may be allowed only to a claimant who files an affidavit with his claim for exemption on real property pursuant to NRS 361.155. The affidavit may be filed at any time by a person claiming exemption from taxation on personal property.
- 4. The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public and filed with the county assessor. It must state that the affiant is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who meets all the other requirements of subsection 1 and that the exemption is not claimed in any other county in this State. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for:
 - (a) The renewal of the exemption; and
- (b) The designation of any amount to be credited to the Gift Account for Veterans' Homes established pursuant to NRS 417.145,
- → to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 5. Persons in actual military service are exempt during the period of such service from filing the annual forms for renewal of the exemption, and the county assessors shall continue to grant the exemption to such persons on the basis of the original affidavits filed. In the case of any person who has entered the military service without having previously made and filed an affidavit of exemption, the affidavit may be filed in his behalf during the period of such service by any person having knowledge of the facts.
- 6. Before allowing any veteran's exemption pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the county assessor shall require proof of status of the veteran, and for that purpose shall require production of an honorable discharge or certificate of satisfactory service or a certified copy thereof, or such other proof of status as may be necessary.
- 7. If any person files a false affidavit or produces false proof to the county assessor or a notary public and, as a result of the false affidavit or false proof, the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 8. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amounts in subsections 1 and 2 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to [the] each amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [ttems)] Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from July [2003] 2008 to the July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated. The Department shall provide to each county assessor the adjusted amount, in writing, on or before September 30 of each year.
 - [Sec. 3.] Sec. 5. NRS 361.091 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 361.091 1. [A] The property of a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and has been honorably

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- discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, or of his surviving spouse, is fentitled to an exemption.
- The amount of exemption is based on the total percentage of permanent service connected disability. The maximum allowable exemption for total permanent disability is the first \$20,000 assessed valuation. A person with] exempt from taxation to the extent of:
- (a) If he has a permanent service-connected disability of 100 percent or his permanent service-connected disability renders him unemployable, [100 percent] \$23,770 of assessed value.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), if he has a permanent service-connected disability of:
- [(a)] (1) Eighty to 99 percent, inclusive, [(a)] to an exemption of [(a)] \$17,820 of assessed value.
- (a) Sixty to 79 percent, inclusive, fis entitled to an exemption of \$10,000 **\$11,880** of assessed value.
 - (3) Forty to 59 percent, inclusive, \$5,000 of assessed value.
- For the purposes of this section, any property in which an applicant has any interest is deemed to be the property of the applicant.
- The exemption may be allowed only to a claimant who has filed an affidavit with his claim for exemption on real property pursuant to NRS 361.155. The affidavit may be made at any time by a person claiming an exemption from taxation on personal property.
- The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public and be filed with the county assessor. It must state that the affiant is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada, that he meets all the other requirements of subsection 1 and that the exemption is not claimed in any other county within this State. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for:
 - (a) The renewal of the exemption; and
- (b) The designation of any amount to be credited to the Gift Account for Veterans' Homes established pursuant to NRS 417.145,
- → to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- [5.] 4. Before allowing any exemption pursuant to the provisions of this section, the county assessor shall require proof of the applicant's status, and for that purpose shall require [him to produce] production of an original or certified copy
- (a) An honorable discharge or other document of honorable separation from the Armed Forces of the United States which indicates the total percentage of his permanent service-connected disability : or that his permanent service-connected disability renders him unemployable;
- (b) A certificate of satisfactory service which indicates the total percentage of his permanent service-connected disability [] or that his permanent serviceconnected disability renders him unemployable; or
- (c) A certificate from the Department of Veterans Affairs or any other military document which shows that he has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and [which] indicates the total percentage of that disability [] or that the disability renders him unemployable, together with a certificate of honorable discharge or satisfactory service.
- [6.] 5. A surviving spouse claiming an exemption pursuant to this section must file with the county assessor an affidavit declaring that:

(a) The surviving spouse was married to and living with the veteran who incurred a permanent service-connected disability for the 5 years preceding his death;

(b) The veteran was eligible for the exemption at the time of his death or would have been eligible if he had been a resident of the State of Nevada;

(c) The surviving spouse has not remarried; and

(d) The surviving spouse is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada.

The affidavit required by this subsection is in addition to the certification required pursuant to subsections [4 and 5.] 3 and 4. After the filing of the original affidavit required by this subsection, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.

[7. If] 6. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran submits, as proof of disability, documentation that indicates a percentage of permanent service-connected disability for more than one permanent service-connected disability, the amount of the exemption must be based on the total of those combined percentages, not to exceed 100 percent. This subsection does not apply to a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran who submits proof of the unemployability of the veteran as a result of his permanent service-connected disability.

[8.] 7. If a tax exemption is allowed under this section, the claimant is not entitled to an exemption under NRS 361.090.

[9.] 8. If any person files a false affidavit or produces false proof to the county assessor or a notary public and, as a result of the false affidavit or false proof, the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

[10.] 9. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amounts in [paragraph (b) of] subsection [2] 1 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to [the] each amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [Items.]] Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from July [2003] 2008 to the July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated. The Department shall provide to each county assessor the adjusted amount, in writing, on or before September 30 of each year.

[Sec. 4.] Sec. 6. NRS 361.091 is hereby amended to read as follows:

361.091 1. The property of a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and has been honorably discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, or of his surviving spouse, is exempt from taxation to the extent of:

- (a) If he has a permanent service-connected disability of 100 percent, for his permanent service-connected disability renders him unemployable, \$23,770 of assessed value.
- (b) [Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a), if] If he has a permanent service-connected disability of [+

(1) Eighty 80 to 99 percent, inclusive, \$17,820 of assessed value.

- (2) Sixty] (c) If he has a permanent service-connected disability of 60 to 79 percent, inclusive, \$11,880 of assessed value.
- For the purposes of this section, any property in which an applicant has any interest is deemed to be the property of the applicant.
- 2. The exemption may be allowed only to a claimant who has filed an affidavit with his claim for exemption on real property pursuant to NRS 361.155.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 The affidavit may be made at any time by a person claiming an exemption from taxation on personal property.

- The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public and be filed with the county assessor. It must state that the affiant is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada, that he meets all the other requirements of subsection 1 and that the exemption is not claimed in any other county within this State. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form
 - (a) The renewal of the exemption; and

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- (b) The designation of any amount to be credited to the Gift Account for Veterans' Homes established pursuant to NRS 417.145,
- → to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- Before allowing any exemption pursuant to the provisions of this section, the county assessor shall require proof of the applicant's status, and for that purpose shall require production of an original or certified copy of:
- (a) An honorable discharge or other document of honorable separation from the Armed Forces of the United States which indicates the total percentage of his permanent service-connected disability; for that his permanent service connected disability renders him unemployable;]
- (b) A certificate of satisfactory service which indicates the total percentage of his permanent service-connected disability; for that his permanent service-connected disability renders him unemployable; or
- (c) A certificate from the Department of Veterans Affairs or any other military document which shows that he has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and indicates the total percentage of that disability, for that the disability renders him unemployable,] together with a certificate of honorable discharge or satisfactory service.
- 5. A surviving spouse claiming an exemption pursuant to this section must file with the county assessor an affidavit declaring that:
- (a) The surviving spouse was married to and living with the veteran who incurred a permanent service-connected disability for the 5 years preceding his death;
- (b) The veteran was eligible for the exemption at the time of his death or would have been eligible if he had been a resident of the State of Nevada;
 - (c) The surviving spouse has not remarried; and
 - (d) The surviving spouse is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada.
- → The affidavit required by this subsection is in addition to the certification required pursuant to subsections 3 and 4. After the filing of the original affidavit required by this subsection, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if If a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran submits, as proof of disability, documentation that indicates a percentage of permanent service-connected disability for more than one permanent service-connected disability, the amount of the exemption must be based on the total of those combined percentages, not to exceed 100 percent. This subsection does not apply to a veteran or the surviving spouse of a veteran who submits proof of the unemployability of the veteran as a result of his permanent service-connected disability.1

7. If a tax exemption is allowed under this section, the claimant is not entitled to an exemption under NRS 361.090.

8. If any person files a false affidavit or produces false proof to the county assessor or a notary public and, as a result of the false affidavit or false proof, the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

9. Beginning with the 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amounts in subsection 1 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to each amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from July 2008 to the July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated. The Department shall provide to each county assessor the adjusted amount, in writing, on or before September 30 of each year.

Sec. 7. NRS 371.101 is hereby amended to read as follows:

371.101 1. Vehicles registered by surviving spouses, not to exceed the amount of [\$1,000] \$1,190 determined valuation, are exempt from taxation, but the exemption must not be allowed to anyone but actual bona fide residents of this State, and must be filed in but one county in this State to the same family.

2. For the purpose of this section, vehicles in which the surviving spouse has any interest shall be deemed to belong entirely to that surviving spouse.

3. The person claiming the exemption shall file with the Department in the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring his residency and that the exemption has been claimed in no other county in this State for that year. The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public. After the filling of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.

4. A surviving spouse is not entitled to the exemption provided by this section in any fiscal year beginning after any remarriage, even if the remarriage is later annulled.

5. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amount in subsection 1 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to [each] the amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [tems.]] Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from [December 2003] July 2008 to the [December] July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated.

Sec. 8. NRS 371.102 is hereby amended to read as follows:

371.102 1. Vehicles registered by a person who is blind, not to exceed the amount of [\$3,000] \$3,560 determined valuation, are exempt from taxation, but the exemption must not be allowed to anyone but bona fide residents of this State, and must be filed in but one county in this State on account of that person.

2. The person claiming the exemption must file with the county assessor of the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring that he is an actual bona fide resident of the State of Nevada, that he is a person who is blind and that the exemption is claimed in no other county in this State. The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.

3. Upon first claiming the exemption in a county, the claimant shall furnish to the county assessor a certificate of a physician licensed under the laws of this State

setting forth that he has examined the claimant and has found him to be a person who is blind.

- 4. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amount in subsection 1 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to [each] the amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [Items)] Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from [December 2003] July 2008 to the [December] July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated.
- 5. As used in this section, "person who is blind" includes any person whose visual acuity with correcting lenses does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye, or whose vision in the better eye is restricted to a field which subtends an angle of not greater than 20 degrees.

[Sec. 5.] Sec. 9. NRS 371.103 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 371.103 1. Vehicles, to the extent of [\$2,000] \$2,500 determined valuation, registered by any actual bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who:
- (a) Has served a minimum of 90 days on active duty, who was assigned to active duty at some time between April 21, 1898, and June 15, 1903, or between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, or between December 7, 1941, and December 31, 1946, or between June 25, 1950, and May 7, 1975, or between September 26, 1982, and December 1, 1987, or between October 23, 1983, and November 21, 1983, or between December 20, 1989, and January 31, 1990, or between August 2, 1990, and April 11, 1991, or between December 5, 1992, and March 31, 1994, or between November 20, 1995, and December 20, 1996;
- (b) Has served a minimum of 90 continuous days on active duty none of which was for training purposes, who was assigned to active duty at some time between January 1, 1961, and May 7, 1975;
- (c) Has served on active duty in connection with carrying out the authorization granted to the President of the United States in Public Law 102-1; or
- (d) Has served on active duty in connection with a campaign or expedition for service in which a medal has been authorized by the government of the United States, regardless of the number of days served on active duty,
- → and who received, upon severance from service, an honorable discharge or certificate of satisfactory service from the Armed Forces of the United States, or who, having so served, is still serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, is exempt from taxation.
- 2. For the purpose of this section, the first [\$2,000] \$2,500 of the determined valuation of vehicles in which such a person has any interest shall be deemed to belong to that person.
- 3. A person claiming the exemption shall file annually with the Department in the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring that he is an actual bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who meets all the other requirements of subsection 1 and that the exemption is claimed in no other county in this State. The affidavit must be made before the county assessor or a notary public. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for:
 - (a) The renewal of the exemption; and
- (b) The designation of any amount to be credited to the Gift Account for Veterans' Homes established pursuant to NRS 417.145,
- → to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 4. Persons in actual military service are exempt during the period of such service from filing annual affidavits of exemption and the Department shall grant exemptions to those persons on the basis of the original affidavits filed. In the case

of any person who has entered the military service without having previously made and filed an affidavit of exemption, the affidavit may be filed in his behalf during the period of such service by any person having knowledge of the facts.

5. Before allowing any veteran's exemption pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the Department shall require proof of status of the veteran, and for that purpose shall require production of an honorable discharge or certificate of satisfactory service or a certified copy thereof, or such other proof of status as may be necessary.

- 6. If any person files a false affidavit or produces false proof to the Department, and as a result of the false affidavit or false proof a tax exemption is allowed to a person not entitled to the exemption, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 7. Beginning with the [2005 2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amounts in subsections 1 and 2 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to each amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [Items.]] Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from [December] [2003] July 2008 to the [December] July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated.
- [Sec. 6.] Sec. 10. NRS 371.104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 371.104 1. A bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and has been honorably discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, or his surviving spouse, is entitled to a veteran's exemption from the payment of governmental services taxes on vehicles to the extent of [the following determined valuations:]:
- (a) If he has a disability of 100 percent [, the first \$20,000] or his disability renders him unemployable, [100 percent] the first \$23,770 of determined valuation.
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a):
- (1) If he has a disability of 80 to 99 percent, inclusive, the first [\$15,000] \$17,820 of determined valuation.
- (e) (2) If he has a disability of 60 to 79 percent, inclusive, the first [\$10,000] \$11,880 of determined valuation.
- [(3) If he has a disability of 40 to 59 percent, inclusive, the first \$5,000 of determined valuation.]
- 2. For the purpose of this section, the first [\$20,000] \$23,770 of determined valuation of vehicles in which an applicant has any interest shall be deemed to belong entirely to that person.
- 3. A person claiming the exemption shall file annually with the Department in the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring that he is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who meets all the other requirements of subsection 1 and that the exemption is claimed in no other county within this State. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for:
 - (a) The renewal of the exemption; and
- (b) The designation of any amount to be credited to the Gift Account for Veterans' Homes established pursuant to NRS 417.145,
- → to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 4. Before allowing any exemption pursuant to the provisions of this section, the Department shall require proof of the applicant's status, and for that purpose shall require production of:
- (a) A certificate from the Department of Veterans Affairs or any other military document which shows that the veteran has incurred a permanent service-

connected disability [, which shows] and indicates the percentage of that disability [;] or that the disability renders him unemployable; and

(b) Any one of the following:

- (1) An honorable discharge;
- (2) A certificate of satisfactory service; or
- (3) A certified copy of either of these documents.
- 5. A surviving spouse claiming an exemption pursuant to this section must file with the Department in the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring that:
- (a) The surviving spouse was married to and living with the veteran with a disability for the 5 years preceding his death;
- (b) The veteran with a disability was eligible for the exemption at the time of his death; and
 - (c) The surviving spouse has not remarried.
- → The affidavit required by this subsection is in addition to the certification required pursuant to subsections 3 and 4. After the filing of the original affidavit required by this subsection, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 6. If a tax exemption is allowed under this section, the claimant is not entitled to an exemption under NRS 371.103.
- 7. If any person makes a false affidavit or produces false proof to the Department, and as a result of the false affidavit or false proof the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 8. Beginning with the [2005-2006] 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amounts in subsections 1 and 2 [paragraph (b) of subsection 1] must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to each amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All [Items.]] Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from [December] [2003] July 2008 to the [December] July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated.
 - [Sec. 7.] Sec. 11. NRS 371.104 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 371.104 1. A bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and has been honorably discharged from the Armed Forces of the United States, or his surviving spouse, is entitled to a veteran's exemption from the payment of governmental services taxes on vehicles to the extent of:
- (a) If he has a disability of 100 percent, for his disability renders him unemployable. If the first \$23,770 of determined valuation.
- unemployable, the first \$23,770 of determined valuation.
 (b) [Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a):
- (1) If he has a disability of 80 to 99 percent, inclusive, the first \$17,820 of determined valuation.
- (2) (c) If he has a disability of 60 to 79 percent, inclusive, the first \$11,880 of determined valuation.
- 2. For the purpose of this section, the first \$23,770 of determined valuation of vehicles in which an applicant has any interest shall be deemed to belong entirely to that person.
- 3. A person claiming the exemption shall file annually with the Department in the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring that he is a bona fide resident of the State of Nevada who meets all the other requirements of subsection 1 and that the exemption is claimed in no other county within this State. After the filing of the original affidavit, the county assessor shall mail a form for:

- (a) The renewal of the exemption; and (b) The designation of any amount is
- (b) The designation of any amount to be credited to the Gift Account for Veterans' Homes established pursuant to NRS 417.145,
- → to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 4. Before allowing any exemption pursuant to the provisions of this section, the Department shall require proof of the applicant's status, and for that purpose shall require production of:
- (a) A certificate from the Department of Veterans Affairs or any other military document which shows that the veteran has incurred a permanent service-connected disability and indicates the percentage of that disability; [or that the disability renders him unemployable;] and
 - (b) Any one of the following:
 - (1) An honorable discharge;
 - (2) A certificate of satisfactory service; or
 - (3) A certified copy of either of these documents.
- 5. A surviving spouse claiming an exemption pursuant to this section must file with the Department in the county where the exemption is claimed an affidavit declaring that:
- (a) The surviving spouse was married to and living with the veteran with a disability for the 5 years preceding his death;
- (b) The veteran with a disability was eligible for the exemption at the time of his death; and
 - (c) The surviving spouse has not remarried.
- → The affidavit required by this subsection is in addition to the certification required pursuant to subsections 3 and 4. After the filing of the original affidavit required by this subsection, the county assessor shall mail a form for renewal of the exemption to the person each year following a year in which the exemption was allowed for that person. The form must be designed to facilitate its return by mail by the person claiming the exemption.
- 6. If a tax exemption is allowed under this section, the claimant is not entitled to an exemption under NRS 371.103.
- 7. If any person makes a false affidavit or produces false proof to the Department, and as a result of the false affidavit or false proof the person is allowed a tax exemption to which he is not entitled, he is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 8. Beginning with the 2010-2011 Fiscal Year, the monetary amounts in subsections 1 and 2 must be adjusted for each fiscal year by adding to each amount the product of the amount multiplied by the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, West Urban Area (All Items, Not Seasonally Adjusted), from July 2008 to the July preceding the fiscal year for which the adjustment is calculated.
- [Sec. 8.] Sec. 12. 1. This section and sections 1 [1, 2, 3, 5 and 6] to 5, inclusive, and 7 to 10, inclusive, of this act become effective on July 1, 2009.
 - 2. Sections 4 6 and 1 11 of this act become effective on July 1, 2049.