

Amendment No. 407

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 380

(BDR 15-727)

Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Judiciary**Amends:** Summary: No Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes

ASSEMBLY ACTION		Initial and Date		SENATE ACTION		Initial and Date	
Adopted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lost	<input type="checkbox"/>	Adopted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lost	<input type="checkbox"/>
Concurred In	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	Concurred In	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>
Receded	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	Receded	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) ***blue bold italics*** is new language in the original bill; (2) ***green bold italic underlining*** is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) ***red strikethrough*** is deleted language in the original bill; (4) ***purple double strikethrough*** is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) ***orange double underlining*** is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment; and (6) ***green bold dashed underlining*** is newly added transitory language.

BFG/BAW



Date: 4/16/2009

A.B. No. 380—Makes various changes relating to the sexual exploitation of children. (BDR 15-727)

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 380—ASSEMBLYMEN HAMBRICK, ANDERSON; CARPENTER, DONDERO LOOP, HORNE, MANENDO, OHRENSCHALL AND PARNELL

MARCH 16, 2009

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Makes various changes relating to the sexual exploitation of children. (BDR 15-727)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

~

EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets **[omitted material]** is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to crimes; providing for the freezing and forfeiture of the assets of a person who commits certain offenses involving the pandering or prostitution of a child; **[imposing a civil penalty against]** **authorizing a court to impose an additional criminal fine on** a person convicted of certain offenses involving the pandering or prostitution of a child; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law establishes several crimes relating to pandering or prostitution, including:
2 (1) pandering by inducing a person to become a prostitute through threats or other actions; (2)
3 pandering by placing a spouse in a house of prostitution through force, fraud, intimidation or
4 threats; (3) living from the earnings of a prostitute; (4) pandering by detaining a person in a
5 house of prostitution because of any debt; and (5) pandering by furnishing transportation to
6 induce a person to become a prostitute or engage in prostitution. (NRS 201.300-201.340)

7 **Section 2** of this bill provides that: (1) the assets of a person who commits an offense
8 involving the pandering or prostitution of a child are subject to forfeiture; and (2) **in a**
9 **proceeding for such a forfeiture,** a temporary restraining order may be entered by the court
10 to freeze the assets of such a person. **Sections 2 and 5.5 of this bill require the proceeds of**
11 **the forfeiture, which remain after satisfying certain protected interests and paying**
12 **certain expenses related to the forfeiture proceeding, be distributed to programs for the**
13 **prevention of child prostitution which are designated by the district attorney of the**
14 **county.**

15 **Section 3** of this bill **[imposes a civil penalty, in addition to any criminal penalty,]**
16 **provides that, in addition to the criminal penalties prescribed by statute, a court may**
17 **impose additional criminal fines]** on a person who is convicted of an offense involving
18 pandering or prostitution of a child.

19 **[Section 4 of this bill, which is patterned after similar provisions in the Nevada Revised**
20 **Statutes that establish restrictions on the use of plea bargaining for certain crimes, provides**
21 **that if a person is charged with committing an offense involving pandering or prostitution of a**
22 **child, the prosecuting attorney is prohibited from dismissing the charge in exchange for a plea,**
23 **unless the prosecutor knows or it is obvious that the charge is not supported by probable cause**
24 **or cannot be proved at the time of trial.]**

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Chapter 201 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the
2 provisions set forth as sections 2, 3 and 4 of this act.

3 **Sec. 2. 1. All assets derived from or relating to any violation of NRS
4 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive, in which the victim of the offense is a child when
5 the offense is committed are subject to forfeiture pursuant to NRS 179.121 and a
6 proceeding for their forfeiture may be brought pursuant to NRS 179.1156 to
7 179.121, inclusive.**

8 **2. In any proceeding for forfeiture brought pursuant to NRS 179.1156 to
9 179.121, inclusive, the plaintiff may apply for, and a court may issue without
10 notice or hearing, a temporary restraining order to preserve property which
11 would be subject to forfeiture pursuant to this section if:**

12 **(a) The forfeitable property is in the possession or control of the party
13 against whom the order will be entered; and**

14 **(b) The court determines that the nature of the property is such that it can be
15 concealed, disposed of or placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court before a
16 hearing on the matter.**

17 **3. A temporary restraining order which is issued without notice may be
18 issued for not more than 10 days and may be extended only for good cause or by
19 consent. The court shall provide notice and hold a hearing on the matter before
20 the order expires.**

21 **4. Any proceeds derived from a forfeiture of property pursuant to this
22 section and remaining after the distribution required by subsection 1 of NRS
23 179.118 must be deposited with the county treasurer and distributed to programs
24 for the prevention of child prostitution which are designated to receive such
25 distributions by the district attorney of the county.**

26 **Sec. 3. 1. [In addition to any criminal penalty, if] If a person [violates] is
27 convicted of a violation of any provision of NRS 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive,
28 and the victim of the [offense] violation is a child who is:**

29 **(a) At least 14 years of age but less than 18 years of age when the offense is
30 committed, [except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the person is liable for
31 a civil penalty of \$100,000.] the court may, in addition to the punishment
32 prescribed by statute for the offense and any fine imposed pursuant to subsection
33 2, impose a fine of not more than \$100,000.**

34 **(b) Less than 14 years of age when the offense is committed, [except as
35 otherwise provided in subsection 2, the person is liable for a civil penalty of
36 \$500,000.] the court may, in addition to the term of imprisonment prescribed by
37 statute for the offense and any fine imposed pursuant to subsection 2, impose a
38 fine of not more than \$500,000.**

39 **2. If a person [violates] is convicted of a violation of any provision of NRS
40 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive, the victim of the offense is a child when the offense
41 is committed and the offense also involves a conspiracy to commit a violation of
42 NRS 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive, [pursuant to NRS 199.480, the person is liable
43 for a civil penalty of \$1,000,000.]**

44 **3. Money collected from a civil penalty pursuant to this section must be
45 deposited with the county treasurer and distributed.**

46 **(a) In an amount equal to 60 percent of the civil penalty collected, to an
47 account to be administered by the district attorney to defray the cost of
48 operational expenses.**

~~(b) In an amount equal to 40 percent of the civil penalty collected, to an account used for programs addressing the needs of victims of the crimes described in NRS 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive, the court may, in addition to the punishment prescribed by statute for the offense of a provision of NRS 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive, and any fine imposed pursuant to subsection 1, impose a fine of not more than \$500,000.~~

~~3. The provisions of subsections 1 and 2 do not create a separate offense but provide an additional penalty for the primary offense, the imposition of which is contingent upon the finding of the prescribed fact.~~

~~Sec. 4. If a person is charged with a violation of NRS 201.300 to 201.340, inclusive, in which the victim of the offense is a child when the offense is committed, a prosecuting attorney shall not dismiss such a charge in exchange for a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a lesser charge or for any other reason unless he knows, or it is obvious, that the charge is not supported by probable cause or cannot be proved at the time of trial. (Deleted by amendment.)~~

~~Sec. 5.~~ NRS 201.295 is hereby amended to read as follows:

~~201.295 As used in NRS 201.295 to 201.440, inclusive, and sections 2, 3
and 4 and 3 of this act~~, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or older.

2. "Child" means a person less than 18 years of age.

3. "Prostitute" means a male or female person who for a fee engages in sexual intercourse, oral-genital contact or any touching of the sexual organs or other intimate parts of a person for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of either person.

4. "Prostitution" means engaging in sexual conduct for a fee.

5. "Sexual conduct" means any of the acts enumerated in subsection 3.

Sec. 5.5. NRS 179.118 is hereby amended to read as follows:

~~179.118 1. The proceeds from any sale or retention of property declared to be forfeited and any interest accrued pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 179.1175 must be applied, first, to the satisfaction of any protected interest established by a claimant in the proceeding, then to the proper expenses of the proceeding for forfeiture and resulting sale, including the expense of effecting the seizure, the expense of maintaining custody, the expense of advertising and the costs of the suit.~~

~~2. Any balance remaining after the distribution required by subsection 1 must be deposited as follows:~~

~~(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the plaintiff seized the property, in the special account established pursuant to NRS 179.1187 by the governing body that controls the plaintiff.~~

~~(b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the plaintiff is a metropolitan police department, in the special account established by the Metropolitan Police Committee on Fiscal Affairs pursuant to NRS 179.1187.~~

~~(c) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if more than one agency was substantially involved in the seizure, in an equitable manner to be directed by the court hearing the proceeding for forfeiture.~~

~~(d) If the property was seized pursuant to NRS 200.760, in the State Treasury for credit to the Fund for the Compensation of Victims of Crime to be used for the counseling and the medical treatment of victims of crimes committed in violation of NRS 200.366, 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive, or 201.230.~~

~~(e) If the property was seized as the result of a violation of NRS 202.300, in the general fund of the county in which the complaint for forfeiture was filed, to be used to support programs of counseling of persons ordered by the court to attend counseling pursuant to NRS 62E.290.~~

1 (f) *If the property was forfeited pursuant to section 2 of this act, with the*
2 *county treasurer to be distributed in accordance with the provisions of subsection*
3 *4 of section 2 of this act.*

4 Sec. 6. NRS 179.121 is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 1. All personal property, including, without limitation, any tool,
6 substance, weapon, machine, computer, money or security, which is used as an
7 instrumentality in any of the following crimes is subject to forfeiture:

8 (a) The commission of or attempted commission of the crime of murder,
9 robbery, kidnapping, burglary, invasion of the home, grand larceny ~~H~~ or theft if it
10 is punishable as a felony; ~~, for pandering,~~

11 (b) The commission of or attempted commission of any felony with the intent
12 to commit, cause, aid, further or conceal an act of terrorism;

13 (c) A violation of NRS 202.445 or 202.446;

14 (d) The commission of any crime by a criminal gang, as defined in NRS
15 213.1263; or

16 (e) A violation of NRS 200.463 to 200.468, inclusive, **201.300 to 201.340,**
17 **inclusive,** 202.265, 202.287, 205.473 to 205.513, inclusive, 205.610 to 205.810,
18 inclusive, 370.380, 370.382, 370.395, 370.405 or 465.070 to 465.085, inclusive.

19 2. Except as otherwise provided for conveyances forfeitable pursuant to NRS
20 453.301 or 501.3857, all conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles or vessels, which
21 are used or intended for use during the commission of a felony or a violation of
22 NRS 202.287, 202.300 or 465.070 to 465.085, inclusive, are subject to forfeiture
23 except that:

24 (a) A conveyance used by any person as a common carrier in the transaction of
25 business as a common carrier is not subject to forfeiture under this section unless it
26 appears that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting
27 party or privy to the felony or violation;

28 (b) A conveyance is not subject to forfeiture under this section by reason of
29 any act or omission established by the owner thereof to have been committed or
30 omitted without his knowledge, consent or willful blindness;

31 (c) A conveyance is not subject to forfeiture for a violation of NRS 202.300 if
32 the firearm used in the violation of that section was not loaded at the time of the
33 violation; and

34 (d) A forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a bona fide security interest is
35 subject to the interest of the secured party if he neither had knowledge of nor
36 consented to the felony. If a conveyance is forfeited, the appropriate law
37 enforcement agency may pay the existing balance and retain the conveyance for
38 official use.

39 3. For the purposes of this section, a firearm is loaded if:

40 (a) There is a cartridge in the chamber of the firearm;

41 (b) There is a cartridge in the cylinder of the firearm, if the firearm is a
42 revolver; or

43 (c) There is a cartridge in the magazine and the magazine is in the firearm or
44 there is a cartridge in the chamber, if the firearm is a semiautomatic firearm.

45 4. As used in this section, "act of terrorism" has the meaning ascribed to it in
46 NRS 202.4415.