

Amendment No. 548

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 471

(BDR 3-1138)

Proposed by: Assemblyman Conklin**Amends:** Summary: Yes Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes

ASSEMBLY ACTION				Initial and Date	SENATE ACTION				Initial and Date
Adopted	☐	Lost	☐	_____	Adopted	☐	Lost	☐	_____
Concurred In	☐	Not	☐	_____	Concurred In	☐	Not	☐	_____
Receded	☐	Not	☐	_____	Receded	☐	Not	☐	_____

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) ***blue bold italics*** is new language in the original bill; (2) ***green bold italic underlining*** is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) ~~red strikethrough~~ is deleted language in the original bill; (4) ~~purple double strikethrough~~ is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) ~~orange double underlining~~ is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment; and (6) ***green bold dashed underlining*** is newly added transitory language.

DY/BJE



Date: 4/21/2009

A.B. No. 471—Revises provisions relating to the award of deficiency judgments after a sale of real property. (BDR 3-1138)



ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 471—COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE AND LABOR

MARCH 18, 2009

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the ~~award of deficiency judgments after a~~ sale of real property. (BDR 3-1138)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to real property; **providing that a deficiency in payment on a mortgage, deed of trust or other encumbrance may be cured under certain circumstances before foreclosure;** providing that a court shall not award a deficiency judgment on the foreclosure of a mortgage or a deed of trust under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Section 1 of this bill provides a right to cure a deficiency in payment on a mortgage or other encumbrance before a judicial foreclosure sale at any time not later than 5 days before the date of sale.

Under existing law, a judgment creditor or a beneficiary of a deed of trust may obtain, after a hearing, a deficiency judgment after a foreclosure sale or trustee's sale if it appears from the sheriff's return or the recital of consideration in the trustee's deed that there is a deficiency of the proceeds of the sale and a balance remaining due the judgment creditor or beneficiary of the deed of trust. (NRS 40.455) ~~(This)~~ **Section 2 of this bill** provides that a court may not award a deficiency judgment to a judgment creditor or a beneficiary of a deed of trust if: (1) the real property is a single-family dwelling and the debtor or grantor was the owner of the property; (2) the debtor or grantor used the loan to purchase the property; (3) the debtor or grantor ~~did not occupy the property before obtaining the loan but~~ occupied the property continuously after obtaining the loan; and (4) the debtor or grantor did not refinance the loan.

Section 3 of this bill provides that the amendatory provisions of this bill apply only prospectively to obligations secured by a mortgage, deed of trust or other encumbrance upon real property on or after the effective date of this bill.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 40.430 is hereby amended to read as follows:
40.430 1. Except in cases where a person proceeds under subsection 2 of
NRS 40.495 or subsection 1 of NRS 40.512, there may be but one action for the

1 recovery of any debt, or for the enforcement of any right secured by a mortgage or
2 other lien upon real estate. That action must be in accordance with the provisions of
3 NRS 40.430 to 40.459, inclusive. In that action, the judgment must be rendered for
4 the amount found due the plaintiff, and the court, by its decree or judgment, may
5 direct a sale of the encumbered property, or such part thereof as is necessary, and
6 apply the proceeds of the sale as provided in NRS 40.462.

7 2. This section must be construed to permit a secured creditor to realize upon
8 the collateral for a debt or other obligation agreed upon by the debtor and creditor
9 when the debt or other obligation was incurred.

10 3. At any time not later than 5 business days before the date of sale directed
11 by the court, if the deficiency resulting in the action for the recovery of the debt
12 has arisen by failure to make a payment required by the mortgage or other lien,
13 the deficiency may be made good by payment of the deficient sum and by payment
14 of any costs, fees and expenses incident to making the deficiency good. If a
15 deficiency is made good pursuant to this subsection, the sale may not occur.

16 4. A sale directed by the court pursuant to subsection 1 must be conducted in
17 the same manner as the sale of real property upon execution, by the sheriff of the
18 county in which the encumbered land is situated, and if the encumbered land is
19 situated in two or more counties, the court shall direct the sheriff of one of the
20 counties to conduct the sale with like proceedings and effect as if the whole of the
21 encumbered land were situated in that county.

22 ~~4.4~~ 5. As used in this section, an "action" does not include any act or
23 proceeding:

24 (a) To appoint a receiver for, or obtain possession of, any real or personal
25 collateral for the debt or as provided in NRS 32.015.

26 (b) To enforce a security interest in, or the assignment of, any rents, issues,
27 profits or other income of any real or personal property.

28 (c) To enforce a mortgage or other lien upon any real or personal collateral
29 located outside of the State which does not, except as required under the laws of
30 that jurisdiction, result in a personal judgment against the debtor.

31 (d) For the recovery of damages arising from the commission of a tort,
32 including a recovery under NRS 40.750, or the recovery of any declaratory or
33 equitable relief.

34 (e) For the exercise of a power of sale pursuant to NRS 107.080.

35 (f) For the exercise of any right or remedy authorized by chapter 104 of NRS
36 or by the Uniform Commercial Code as enacted in any other state.

37 (g) For the exercise of any right to set off, or to enforce a pledge in, a deposit
38 account pursuant to a written agreement or pledge.

39 (h) To draw under a letter of credit.

40 (i) To enforce an agreement with a surety or guarantor if enforcement of the
41 mortgage or other lien has been automatically stayed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 362 or
42 pursuant to an order of a federal bankruptcy court under any other provision of the
43 United States Bankruptcy Code for not less than 120 days following the mailing of
44 notice to the surety or guarantor pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 107.095.

45 (j) To collect any debt, or enforce any right, secured by a mortgage or other
46 lien on real property if the property has been sold to a person other than the creditor
47 to satisfy, in whole or in part, a debt or other right secured by a senior mortgage or
48 other senior lien on the property.

49 (k) Relating to any proceeding in bankruptcy, including the filing of a proof of
50 claim, seeking relief from an automatic stay and any other action to determine the
51 amount or validity of a debt.

52 (l) For filing a claim pursuant to chapter 147 of NRS or to enforce such a claim
53 which has been disallowed.

(m) Which does not include the collection of the debt or realization of the collateral securing the debt.

(n) Pursuant to NRS 40.507 or 40.508.

(o) Which is exempted from the provisions of this section by specific statute.

(p) To recover costs of suit, costs and expenses of sale, attorneys' fees and other incidental relief in connection with any action authorized by this subsection.

~~Section 1.~~ **Sec. 2.** NRS 40.455 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40.455 1. ~~Upon~~ **Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, upon** application of the judgment creditor or the beneficiary of the deed of trust within 6 months after the date of the foreclosure sale or the trustee's sale held pursuant to NRS 107.080, respectively, and after the required hearing, the court shall award a deficiency judgment to the judgment creditor or the beneficiary of the deed of trust if it appears from the sheriff's return or the recital of consideration in the trustee's deed that there is a deficiency of the proceeds of the sale and a balance remaining due to the judgment creditor or the beneficiary of the deed of trust, respectively.

2. If the indebtedness is secured by more than one parcel of real property, more than one interest in the real property or more than one mortgage or deed of trust, the 6-month period begins to run after the date of the foreclosure sale or trustee's sale of the last parcel or other interest in the real property securing the indebtedness, but in no event may the application be filed more than 2 years after the initial foreclosure sale or trustee's sale.

3. **The court may not award a deficiency judgment to the judgment creditor or the beneficiary of the deed of trust, even if there is a deficiency of the proceeds of the sale and a balance remaining due the judgment creditor or beneficiary of the deed of trust, if:**

(a) **The real property is a single-family dwelling and the debtor or grantor was the owner of the real property at the time of the foreclosure sale or trustee's sale;**

(b) **The debtor or grantor used the amount for which the real property was secured by the mortgage or deed of trust to purchase the real property;**

(c) ~~The debtor or grantor did not occupy the real property before securing the mortgage or deed of trust;~~

~~(d)~~ **The debtor or grantor continuously occupied the real property as his principal residence after securing the mortgage or deed of trust; and**

~~(e)~~ **(d) The debtor or grantor did not refinance the mortgage or deed of trust after securing it.**

Sec. 3. The amendatory provisions of this act apply only to an obligation secured by a mortgage, deed of trust or other encumbrance upon real property on or after October 1, 2009.