## Amendment No. CA21

Conference Committee Amendment to

(BDR 54-757)

Senate Bill No. 269 Third Reprint

Proposed by: Conference Committee

Amendment Box: Replaces Amendment No. CA13.

Amends: Summary: No Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes

Adoption of this amendment will MAINTAIN the 2/3s majority vote requirement for final passage of S.B. 269 (§§ 7, 8, 12, 13, 13.5, 26, 28, 29, 38.5, 39, 66.5, 66.7, 73.5, 89).

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) *green bold italic underlining* is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) red strikethrough is deleted language in the original bill; (4) purple double strikethrough is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) orange double underlining is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment; and (6) green bold dashed underlining is newly added transitory language.

**RBL** 



Date: 5/31/2009

S.B. No. 269—Makes various changes to provisions governing physicians and certain related professions. (BDR 54-757)

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## SENATE BILL No. 269-SENATOR CARLTON (BY REQUEST)

MARCH 16, 2009

JOINT SPONSORS: ASSEMBLYMEN HARDY AND SMITH

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Makes various changes to provisions governing physicians and certain related professions. (BDR 54-757)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: Increases or Newly Provides for Term of Imprisonment in County or City Jail or Detention

Facility.

Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to professions; requiring a provider of health care to disclose the results of certain tests to a designated investigator or member of the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine; providing for the licensure of perfusionists; prohibiting a person from engaging in the practice of perfusion without a license issued by the Board of Medical Examiners; providing for the immediate suspension of a license to practice medicine upon the conviction of the holder of the license of certain violations; expanding the [definition] definitions of "practice of medicine" and "practice of osteopathic medicine" to include the performance of an autopsy; revising other provisions governing the issuance of a license to practice medicine by the Board of Medical Examiners; authorizing any person to file with the Board a complaint against a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care under certain circumstances; revising provisions governing osteopathic medicine and psychologists; providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill makes extensive changes to existing law governing the practice of medicine and osteopathic medicine. This bill also provides for the licensing and regulation of perfusionists by the Board of Medical Examiners. A perfusionist is a medical professional who, under the order and supervision of a physician, performs various medical functions to ensure the safe management of a patient's cardiovascular, circulatory or respiratory system or other organs during surgical and other medical procedures. Sections 1, 3-13, 15, 16, 19-21, 24, 29, 33, 34, 39, 45, 46, 50-52, 55, 59-65, 70 and 79-85 of this bill amend various provisions of NRS to

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62 63 64 ensure that perfusionists are licensed and regulated by the Board of Medical Examiners in approximately the same manner as physicians, physician assistants and practitioners of respiratory care. (NRS 629.031, 630.003, 630.005, 630.045, 630.047, 630.120, 630.137, 630.167, 630.197, 630.268, 630.307, 630.309, 630.326, 630.329, 630.336, 630.346, 630.358, 630.366, 630.388, 630.390, 630.400, 630A.090, 632.472, 633.171, 652.210, 200.471, 200.5093, 200.50935, 372.7285, 374.731, 432B.220)

This bill also makes various changes relating to the Board of Medical Examiners and the practice of medicine. Section 14 of this bill adds a new section to chapter 630 of NRS that provides for the immediate suspension of a license issued by the Board upon the conviction of the licensee of a felony for a violation of a federal or state law or regulation relating to his practice. **Section 17** of this bill expands the definition of "practice of medicine" to include the performance of an autopsy. (NRS 630.020) **Section 18** of this bill deletes existing provisions of law that authorize the Board to revoke a license only in accordance with certain provisions. (NRS 630.045) Section 22 of this bill changes the fiscal year for the Board to commence on January 1 and end on December 31. (NRS 630.123) Section 25 of this bill authorizes the Executive Director of the Board to sign subpoenas issued in connection with hearings and investigations conducted by the Board. (NRS 630.140) Sections 26-28, 30-32 and 35 of this bill make various changes concerning the requirements for the issuance of licenses by the Board, including the information required to be submitted for a license, the submission of the fingerprints of the applicant and the appeal of a denial of an application. (NRS 630.160, 630.1605, 630.167, 630.170, 630.173, 630.195, 630.200) Sections 13.5 and 36-38 of this bill revise certain categories of licenses issued by the Board, including the issuance of a special volunteer medical license to a physician who participates in disaster relief operations and the issuance of an authorized facility license. (NRS 630.258, 630.261, 630.262) **Section 40** of this bill requires a person who wishes to practice respiratory care to complete an educational program for respiratory care approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs or the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care. (NRS 630.277) Sections 41-45, 47-49, 53, 54, 57 and 58 of this bill make numerous changes concerning the investigation of complaints against licensees, the grounds for the imposition of disciplinary action and the procedures to be followed in disciplinary proceedings. (NRS 630.299, 630.306, 630.3062, 630.307, 630.311, 630.318, 630.326, 630.339, 630.342, 630.352, 630.356)

Sections 66-78 of this bill make similar changes relating to the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine and the practice of osteopathy. Section 66.1 includes the performance of an autopsy within the definition of the "practice of osteopathic medicine." Sections 66.3, 66.5 and 66.7 authorize the issuance of certain categories of licenses by the Board including a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine to an osteopathic physician who participates in disaster relief operations and an authorized facility license. Section 67 adds a new section to chapter 633 of NRS which authorizes the Board or an investigative committee of the Board to issue to a person who violates or is violating the provisions of that chapter a letter of warning, a letter of concern or a nonpunitive admonishment. Section 68 also adds a new section to that chapter which establishes the standard of proof in disciplinary proceedings that are conducted pursuant to that chapter. Sections 69-78 make various changes concerning unprofessional conduct, the requirements for licensure to practice osteopathic medicine, examinations, the grounds for disciplinary action and the imposition of penalties after a disciplinary proceeding. (NRS 633.131, 633.171, 633.322, 633.331, 633.411, 633.511, 633.561, 633.625, 633.651, 633.691)

**Section 78.1** of this bill defines "national examination" to mean the Examination for Professional Practice in Psychology in the form administered by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards and approved for use in this State by the Board of Psychological Examiners.

Section 78.3 of this bill revises the requirements for an application for a license to practice psychology in this State to add the submission of a complete set of fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board of Psychological Examiners to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report or verification that the set of fingerprints was directly forwarded to the Central Repository by the entity taking the prints.

Existing law provides that the Board of Psychological Examiners may require an applicant for a license to pass an oral examination in whatever applied or theoretical fields it

deems appropriate, in addition to a written examination. **Section 78.4** of this bill eliminates: (1) the requirement that the additional examination be conducted orally; (2) the provisions relating to the frequency, time, location and supervision of the examination; (3) the requirement that the Board supply each applicant with a copy of the results of his written examination provided to the Board by the Association; and (4) the right of the applicant to request that the Board review his examination if he fails the examination.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 622.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

622.100 1. Each regulatory body shall, on or before the 20th day of January, April, July and October, submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau in an electronic format prescribed by the Director:

(a) A summary of each disciplinary action taken by the regulatory body during the immediately preceding calendar quarter against any licensee of the regulatory body; and

(b) A report that includes:

(1) The number of licenses issued by the regulatory body during the immediately preceding calendar quarter; and

(2) Any other information that is requested by the Director or which the regulatory body determines would be helpful to the Legislature in evaluating whether the continued existence of the regulatory body is necessary.

2. In addition to the information required pursuant to subsection 1, the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall further submit the number and types of remediation agreements each has approved pursuant to NRS 630.299 and section 67 of this act, respectively, at the same time and in the format prescribed by the Director pursuant to subsection 1.

3. The Director shall:

- (a) Provide any information he receives pursuant to subsection 1 <u>or 2</u> to a member of the public upon request;
- (b) Cause a notice of the availability of such information to be posted on the public website of the Nevada Legislature on the Internet; and
- (c) Transmit a compilation of the information he receives pursuant to [subsection] subsections 1 and 2 to the Legislative Commission quarterly, unless otherwise directed by the Commission.
- [3-] 4. The Director, on or before the first day of each regular session of the Legislature and at such other times as directed, shall compile the reports he has received pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 and the information he has received pursuant to subsection 2 and distribute copies of the compilation to the Senate Standing Committee on Commerce and Labor and the Assembly Standing Committee on Commerce and Labor, each of which shall review the compilation to determine whether the continued existence of each regulatory body is necessary.

Sec. 1.3. NRS 622.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 622.100 1. Each regulatory body shall, on or before the 20th day of January, April, July and October, submit to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau in an electronic format prescribed by the Director:
- (a) A summary of each disciplinary action taken by the regulatory body during the immediately preceding calendar quarter against any licensee of the regulatory body; and
  - (b) A report that includes:

(1) The number of licenses issued by the regulatory body during the immediately preceding calendar quarter; and (2) Any other information that is requested by the Director or which the 4

regulatory body determines would be helpful to the Legislature in evaluating whether the continued existence of the regulatory body is necessary.

In addition to the information required pursuant to subsection 1 of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall further submit the number and types of remediation agreements each has approved pursuant to NRS 630.299 and section 67 of this act, respectively, at the same time and in the format prescribed by the Director pursuant to subsection 1.

3.1 The Director shall:

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- (a) Provide any information he receives pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 to a member of the public upon request;
- (b) Cause a notice of the availability of such information to be posted on the public website of the Nevada Legislature on the Internet; and
- (c) Transmit a compilation of the information he receives pursuant to [subsections] subsection 1 [and 2] to the Legislative Commission quarterly, unless otherwise directed by the Commission.
- 3. The Director, on or before the first day of each regular session of the Legislature and at such other times as directed, shall compile the reports he has received pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 [and the information he has received pursuant to subsection 2] and distribute copies of the compilation to the Senate Standing Committee on Commerce and Labor and the Assembly Standing Committee on Commerce and Labor, each of which shall review the compilation to determine whether the continued existence of each regulatory body is necessary.

[Section 1.] Sec. 1.7. NRS 629.031 is hereby amended to read as follows: 629.031 Except as otherwise provided by *a* specific statute:

- "Provider of health care" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630, 630A or 633 of NRS, dentist, licensed nurse, dispensing optician, optometrist, practitioner of respiratory care, registered physical therapist, podiatric physician, licensed psychologist, licensed marriage and family therapist, chiropractor, athletic trainer, perfusionist, doctor of Oriental medicine in any form, medical laboratory director or technician, pharmacist or a licensed hospital as the employer of any such person.
- 2. For the purposes of NRS 629.051, 629.061 and 629.065, the term includes a facility that maintains the health care records of patients.
  - **Sec. 2.** NRS 629.069 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 629.069 1. A provider of health care shall disclose the results of all tests performed pursuant to NRS 441A.195 to:
- (a) The person who was tested and, upon request, a member of the family of a decedent who was tested:
- (b) The law enforcement officer, correctional officer, emergency medical attendant, firefighter, county coroner or medical examiner or their employee, other person who is employed by an agency of criminal justice or other public employee whose duties may require him to come into contact with human blood or bodily fluids who filed the petition or on whose behalf the petition was filed pursuant to NRS 441A.195:
- (c) The designated health care officer for the employer of the person described in paragraph (b) or, if there is no designated health care officer, the person designated by the employer to document and verify possible exposure to contagious diseases; <del>[and]</del>

- (d) If the person who was tested is incarcerated or detained, the person in charge of the facility in which the person is incarcerated or detained and the chief medical officer of the facility in which the person is incarcerated or detained, if any [-]; and
- (e) A designated investigator or member of the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine during any period in which the Board is investigating the holder of a license pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS.
- 2. A provider of health care and an agent or employee of a provider of health care are immune from civil liability for a disclosure made in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- **Sec. 3.** Chapter 630 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 4 to 14, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 4. 1. "Perfusion" means the performance of functions which are necessary to provide for the support, treatment, measurement or supplementation of a patient's cardiovascular, circulatory or respiratory system or other organs, or any combination of those activities, and to ensure the safe management of the patient's physiological functions by monitoring and analyzing the parameters of the patient's systems or organs under the order and supervision of a physician.
  - 2. The term includes, without limitation:
- (a) The use of extracorporeal circulation and any associated therapeutic and diagnostic technologies; and
  - (b) The use of long-term cardiopulmonary support techniques.
- 3. As used in this section, "extracorporeal circulation" means the diversion of a patient's blood through a heart-lung bypass machine or a similar device that assumes the functions of the patient's heart, lungs, kidney, liver or other organs.
- Sec. 5. "Perfusionist" means a person who is licensed to practice perfusion by the Board.
- Sec. 6. "Temporarily licensed perfusionist" means a person temporarily licensed to practice perfusion by the Board pursuant to section 13 of this act.
- Sec. 7. The Board shall adopt regulations regarding the licensure of perfusionists, including, without limitation:
- 1. The criteria for licensure as a perfusionist and the standards of professional conduct for holders of such a license;
- 2. The qualifications and fitness of applicants for licenses, renewal of licenses and reciprocal licenses;
- 3. The requirements for any practical, oral or written examination for a license that the Board may require pursuant to section 9 of this act, including, without limitation, the passing grade for such an examination;
  - 4. The fees for examination and for reinstatement of expired licenses;
  - 5. The requirements for continuing education for the renewal of a license;
  - 6. A code of ethics for perfusionists; and
- 7. The procedures for the revocation, suspension or denial of a license for a violation of this chapter or the regulations of the Board.
- Sec. 8. To be eligible for licensing by the Board as a perfusionist, an applicant must:
  - 1. Be a natural person of good moral character;
- 2. Submit a completed application as required by the Board by the date established by the Board;
  - 3. Submit any required fees by the date established by the Board:
- 4. Have successfully completed a perfusion education program approved by the Board, which must:

- (a) Have been approved by the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation of the American Medical Association before June 1, 1994; or
- (b) Be a program that has educational standards that are at least as stringent as those established by the Accreditation Committee-Perfusion Education and approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs of the American Medical Association, or its successor;
  - 5. Pass an examination required pursuant to section 9 of this act; and
  - 6. Comply with any other requirements set by the Board.
- Sec. 9. 1. The Board shall use the certification examinations given by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion or its successor in determining the qualifications for granting a license to practice perfusion.
  - 2. The Board shall notify each applicant of the results of the examination.
- 3. If a person who fails the examination makes a written request, the Board shall furnish the person with an analysis of his performance on the examination.
- Sec. 10. The Board shall waive the examination required pursuant to section 9 of this act for an applicant who at the time of application:
- 1. Is licensed as a perfusionist in another state, territory or possession of the United States, if the requirements for licensure are substantially similar to those required by the Board; or
- 2. Holds a current certificate as a certified clinical perfusionist issued by the American Board of Cardiovascular Perfusion or its successor before October 1, 2009.
- Sec. 11. I. The Board shall issue a license as a perfusionist to each applicant who proves to the satisfaction of the Board that the applicant is qualified for licensure. The license authorizes the applicant to represent himself as a licensed perfusionist and to practice perfusion in this State subject to the conditions and limitations of this chapter.
  - 2. Each licensed perfusionist shall:
    - (a) Display his current license in a location which is accessible to the public;
- (b) Keep a copy of his current license on file at any health care facility where he provides services; and
- (c) Notify the Board of any change of address in accordance with NRS 630.254.
- 3. As used in this section, "health care facility" means a medical facility or facility for the dependent licensed pursuant to chapter 449 of NRS.
- Sec. 12. 1. Each license issued pursuant to section 11 of this act expires on July 1 of every odd-numbered year and may be renewed if, before the license expires, the holder of the license submits to the Board:
  - (a) A completed application for renewal on a form prescribed by the Board;
- (b) Proof of his completion of the requirements for continuing education prescribed by regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to section 7 of this act; and
- (c) The applicable fee for renewal of the license prescribed by the Board pursuant to section 8 of this act.
- 2. A license that expires pursuant to this section not more than 2 years before an application for renewal is made is automatically suspended and may be reinstated only if the applicant:
  - (a) Complies with the provisions of subsection 1; and
  - (b) Submits to the Board the fees:
- (1) For the reinstatement of an expired license, prescribed by regulations adopted by the Board pursuant to section 7 of this act; and

- (2) For each biennium that the license was expired, for the renewal of the license.
  - 3. If a license has been expired for more than 2 years, a person may not renew or reinstate the license but must apply for a new license and submit to the examination required pursuant to section 9 of this act.
  - 4. The Board shall send a notice of renewal to each licensee not later than 60 days before his license expires. The notice must include the amount of the fee for renewal of the license.
- Sec. 13. 1. The Board may issue a temporary license to practice perfusion in this State to a person who has not yet completed the examination required pursuant to section 9 of this act but who:
  - (a) Has completed an approved perfusion education program;
  - (b) Files an application; and
  - (c) Pays the required fee.

- 2. A perfusionist shall supervise and direct a temporarily licensed perfusionist at all times during which the temporarily licensed perfusionist performs perfusion.
- 3. A temporary license is valid for 1 year after the date it is issued and may be extended subject to regulation by the Board. The application for renewal must be signed by a supervising licensed perfusionist.
- 4. If a temporarily licensed perfusionist fails any portion of the examination required pursuant to section 9 of this act, he shall immediately surrender the temporary license to the Board.
- Sec. 13.5. 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.161, the Board may issue an authorized facility license to a person who intends to practice medicine in this State as a physician in an institution of the Department of Corrections under the direct supervision of a physician who holds an unrestricted license to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter or to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS.
- 2. A person who applies for an authorized facility license pursuant to this section is not required to take or pass a written examination as to his qualifications to practice medicine pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection 2 of NRS 630.160, but the person must meet all other conditions and requirements for an unrestricted license to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter.
- 3. If the Board issues an authorized facility license pursuant to this section, the person who holds the license may practice medicine in this State only as a physician in an institution of the Department of Corrections and only under the direct supervision of a physician who holds an unrestricted license to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter or to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS.
- 4. If a person who holds an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section ceases to practice medicine in this State as a physician in an institution of the Department of Corrections:
  - (a) The Department shall notify the Board; and
  - (b) Upon receipt of the notification, the authorized facility license expires automatically.
  - 5. The Board may renew or modify an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section, unless the license has expired automatically or has been revoked.
- 6. The provisions of this section do not limit the authority of the Board to issue a license to an applicant in accordance with any other provision of this chapter.

Sec. 14. If the holder of a license that is issued or renewed pursuant to this chapter is convicted of a felony for a violation of any federal or state law or regulation relating to the holder's practice, the conviction operates as an immediate suspension of the license.

**Sec. 15.** NRS 630.003 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.003 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:

- (a) It is among the responsibilities of State Government to ensure, as far as possible, that only competent persons practice medicine, *perfusion* and respiratory care within this State;
- (b) For the protection and benefit of the public, the Legislature delegates to the Board of Medical Examiners the power and duty to determine the initial and continuing competence of physicians, *perfusionists*, physician assistants and practitioners of respiratory care who are subject to the provisions of this chapter;
- (c) The Board must exercise its regulatory power to ensure that the interests of the medical profession do not outweigh the interests of the public;
- (d) The Board must ensure that unfit physicians, *perfusionists*, physician assistants and practitioners of respiratory care are removed from the medical profession so that they will not cause harm to the public; and
- (e) The Board must encourage and allow for public input into its regulatory activities to further improve the quality of medical practice within this State.
- 2. The powers conferred upon the Board by this chapter must be liberally construed to carry out these purposes for the protection and benefit of the public.

**Sec. 16.** NRS 630.005 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.005 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 630.007 to 630.025, inclusive, *and sections 4, 5 and 6 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

**Sec. 17.** NRS 630.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.020 "Practice of medicine" means:

- 1. To diagnose, treat, correct, prevent or prescribe for any human disease, ailment, injury, infirmity, deformity or other condition, physical or mental, by any means or instrumentality [-], including, but not limited to, the performance of an autopsy.
- 2. To apply principles or techniques of medical science in the diagnosis or the prevention of any such conditions.
- 3. To perform any of the acts described in subsections 1 and 2 by using equipment that transfers information concerning the medical condition of the patient electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics.
- 4. To offer, undertake, attempt to do or hold oneself out as able to do any of the acts described in subsections 1 and 2.
  - **Sec. 18.** NRS 630.045 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.045 1. The purpose of licensing physicians, physician assistants and practitioners of respiratory care is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State.
- 2. Any license issued pursuant to this chapter is a revocable privilege. [, but the Board may revoke such a license only in accordance with the provisions of NRS 630.348.]
  - **Sec. 19.** NRS 630.045 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.045 1. The purpose of licensing physicians, *perfusionists*, physician assistants and practitioners of respiratory care is to protect the public health and safety and the general welfare of the people of this State.
  - 2. Any license issued pursuant to this chapter is a revocable privilege.
  - **Sec. 20.** NRS 630.047 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.047 1. This chapter does not apply to:

- (a) A medical officer or *perfusionist or* practitioner of respiratory care of the Armed Services or a medical officer or *perfusionist or* practitioner of respiratory care of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his official duties;
- (b) Physicians who are called into this State, other than on a regular basis, for consultation with or assistance to a physician licensed in this State, and who are legally qualified to practice in the state where they reside;
- (c) Physicians who are legally qualified to practice in the state where they reside and come into this State on an irregular basis to:
- (1) Obtain medical training approved by the Board from a physician who is licensed in this State; or
- (2) Provide medical instruction or training approved by the Board to physicians licensed in this State;
- (d) Any person permitted to practice any other healing art under this title who does so within the scope of that authority, or healing by faith or Christian Science;
- (e) The practice of respiratory care by a student as part of a program of study in respiratory care that is approved by the Board, or is recognized by a national organization which is approved by the Board to review such programs, if the student is enrolled in the program and provides respiratory care only under the supervision of a practitioner of respiratory care;
  - (f) The practice of respiratory care by a student who:
- (1) Is enrolled in a clinical program of study in respiratory care which has been approved by the Board;
  - (2) Is employed by a medical facility, as defined in NRS 449.0151; and
- (3) Provides respiratory care to patients who are not in a critical medical condition or, in an emergency, to patients who are in a critical medical condition and a practitioner of respiratory care is not immediately available to provide that care and the student is directed by a physician to provide respiratory care under his supervision until a practitioner of respiratory care is available;
- (g) The practice of respiratory care by a person on himself or gratuitous respiratory care provided to a friend or a member of a person's family if the provider of the care does not represent himself as a practitioner of respiratory care;
- (h) A <u>[cardiopulmonary perfusionist who is under the supervision of a surgeon or an anesthesiologist;</u>
- (i) A] person who is employed by a physician and provides respiratory care *or services as a perfusionist* under the supervision of that physician;
- (i) The maintenance of medical equipment for *perfusion or* respiratory care that is not attached to a patient; and
- [(k)] (j) A person who installs medical equipment for respiratory care that is used in the home and gives instructions regarding the use of that equipment if the person is trained to provide such services and is supervised by a provider of health care who is acting within the authorized scope of his practice.
- 2. This chapter does not repeal or affect any statute of Nevada regulating or affecting any other healing art.
  - 3. This chapter does not prohibit:
- (a) Gratuitous services outside of a medical school or medical facility by a person who is not a physician, *perfusionist*, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care in cases of emergency.
  - (b) The domestic administration of family remedies.
  - **Sec. 21.** NRS 630.120 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 630.120 1. The Board shall procure a seal.

- 2. All licenses issued to physicians, *perfusionists*, physician assistants and practitioners of respiratory care must bear the seal of the Board and the signatures of its President and Secretary-Treasurer.
  - **Sec. 22.** NRS 630.123 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.123 The Board shall operate on the basis of a fiscal year commencing on [July] *January* 1 and terminating on [June 30.] *December 31*.
  - **Sec. 23.** NRS 630.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.130 1. In addition to the other powers and duties provided in this chapter, the Board shall, in the interest of the public, judiciously:
  - (a) Enforce the provisions of this chapter;
  - (b) Establish by regulation standards for licensure under this chapter;
- (c) Conduct examinations for licensure and establish a system of scoring for those examinations;
- (d) Investigate the character of each applicant for a license and issue licenses to those applicants who meet the qualifications set by this chapter and the Board; and
- (e) Institute a proceeding in any court to enforce its orders or the provisions of this chapter.
- 2. On or before February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Governor and to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the next regular session of the Legislature a written report compiling:
- (a) Disciplinary action taken by the Board during the previous biennium against physicians for malpractice or negligence;
- (b) The number and types of remediation agreements approved by the Board pursuant to NRS 630.299;
- (c) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 630.3067, 630.3068, subsections [2] 3 and [3] 4 of NRS 630.307 and NRS 690B.250 and 690B.260; and
- (e) (d) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 630.30665, including, without limitation, the number and types of surgeries performed by each holder of a license to practice medicine and the occurrence of sentinel events arising from such surgeries, if any.
- → The report must include only aggregate information for statistical purposes and exclude any identifying information related to a particular person.
- 3. On or before February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Legislative Commission a written report compiling the information described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 2.
- 4. The Board may adopt such regulations as are necessary or desirable to enable it to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
  - Sec. 23.5. NRS 630.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.130 1. In addition to the other powers and duties provided in this chapter, the Board shall, in the interest of the public, judiciously:
  - (a) Enforce the provisions of this chapter;
  - (b) Establish by regulation standards for licensure under this chapter;
- (c) Conduct examinations for licensure and establish a system of scoring for those examinations:
- (d) Investigate the character of each applicant for a license and issue licenses to those applicants who meet the qualifications set by this chapter and the Board; and
- (e) Institute a proceeding in any court to enforce its orders or the provisions of this chapter.
- 2. On or before February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Governor and to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the next regular session of the Legislature a written report compiling:

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- (a) Disciplinary action taken by the Board during the previous biennium against physicians for malpractice or negligence;
- (b) The number and types of remediation agreements approved by the Board pursuant to NRS 630.299;
- (e) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 630.3067, 630.3068, subsections 3 and 4 of NRS 630.307 and NRS 690B.250 and 690B.260; and
- (c) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 630.30665, including, without limitation, the number and types of surgeries performed by each holder of a license to practice medicine and the occurrence of sentinel events arising from such surgeries, if any.
- → The report must include only aggregate information for statistical purposes and exclude any identifying information related to a particular person.
- 3. [On or before February 15 of each odd numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Legislative Commission a written report compiling the information described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 2.
- 4.1 The Board may adopt such regulations as are necessary or desirable to enable it to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
  - **Sec. 24.** NRS 630.137 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.137 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as otherwise provided in this section, the Board shall not adopt any regulations that prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care from collaborating or consulting with another provider of health care.
- 2. The provisions of this section do not prevent the Board from adopting regulations that prohibit a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care from aiding or abetting another person in the unlicensed practice of medicine or the unlicensed practice of perfusion or respiratory care.
- 3. As used in this section, "provider of health care" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 629.031.
  - **Sec. 25.** NRS 630.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.140 1. The Board may hold hearings and conduct investigations pertaining to its duties imposed under this chapter and take evidence on any such matter under inquiry before the Board. For the purposes of this chapter:
- (a) Any member of the Board or other person authorized by law may administer oaths: and
- (b) The Secretary-Treasurer or President of the Board or a hearing officer or the presiding member of a committee investigating a complaint, but not the Executive Director acting on his own behalf, may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, X rays, [and] medical records and fother papers [.] fand tangible items.] any other item within the scope of Rule 45 of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. The Secretary-Treasurer, President or other officer of the Board acting on its behalf or the Executive Director must sign the subpoena.
- 2. If any person fails to comply with the subpoena, [within 10 days after its issuance, the Secretary-Treasurer, Executive Director or President of the Board may petition the district court for an order of the court compelling compliance with the subpoena.
- 3. Upon such a petition, the court shall enter an order directing the person subpoenaed to appear before the court at a time and place to be fixed by the court in its order, the time to be not more than 10 days after the date of the order, and then

and there show cause why he has not complied with the subpoena. A certified copy of the order must be served upon the person subpoenaed.

- 4. If it appears to the court that the subpoena was regularly issued by the Board, the court shall enter an order compelling compliance with the subpoena, and upon failure to obey the order the person shall be dealt with as for contempt of court.
  - **Sec. 26.** NRS 630.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.160 1. Every person desiring to practice medicine must, before beginning to practice, procure from the Board a license authorizing him to practice.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.1605, 630.161 and 630.258 to 630.265, inclusive, a license may be issued to any person who:
- (a) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States:
  - (b) Has received the degree of doctor of medicine from a medical school:
- (1) Approved by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education of the American Medical Association and Association of American Medical Colleges; or
- (2) Which provides a course of professional instruction equivalent to that provided in medical schools in the United States approved by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education;
- (c) Is currently certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties and who agrees to maintain the certification for the duration of his licensure, or has passed:
- (1) All parts of the examination given by the National Board of Medical Examiners;
  - (2) All parts of the Federation Licensing Examination;
  - (3) All parts of the United States Medical Licensing Examination;
- (4) All parts of a licensing examination given by any state or territory of the United States, if the applicant is certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties;
- (5) All parts of the examination to become a licentiate of the Medical Council of Canada; or
- (6) Any combination of the examinations specified in subparagraphs (1), (2) and (3) that the Board determines to be sufficient;
- (d) Is currently certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties in the specialty of emergency medicine, preventive medicine or family practice and who agrees to maintain certification in at least one of these specialties for the duration of his licensure, or:
  - (1) Has completed 36 months of progressive postgraduate:
- (I) Education as a resident in the United States or Canada in a program approved by the Board, the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or the Coordinating Council of Medical Education of the Canadian Medical Association; or
- (II) Fellowship training in the United States or Canada approved by the Board or the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education; or
- (2) Has completed at least 36 months of postgraduate education, not less than 24 months of which must have been completed as a resident after receiving a medical degree from a combined dental and medical degree program approved by the Board; and
- (e) Passes a written or oral examination, or both, as to his qualifications to practice medicine and provides the Board with a description of the clinical program completed demonstrating that the applicant's clinical training met the requirements of paragraph (b).

- 3. The Board may issue a license to practice medicine after the Board verifies, through any readily available source, that the applicant has complied with the provisions of subsection 2. The verification may include, but is not limited to, using the Federation Credentials Verification Service. If any information is verified by a source other than the primary source of the information, the Board may require subsequent verification of the information by the primary source of the information.

  4. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, if after
- 4. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, if after issuing a license to practice medicine the Board obtains information from a primary or other source of information and that information differs from the information provided by the applicant or otherwise received by the Board, the Board may:
  - (a) Temporarily suspend the license;
- (b) Promptly review the differing information with the Board as a whole or in a committee appointed by the Board;
- (c) Declare the license void if the Board or a committee appointed by the Board determines that the information submitted by the applicant was false, fraudulent or intended to deceive the Board;
- (d) Refer the applicant to the Attorney General for possible criminal prosecution pursuant to NRS 630.400; or
- (e) If the Board temporarily suspends the license, allow the license to return to active status subject to any terms and conditions specified by the Board, including:
- (1) Placing the licensee on probation for a specified period with specified conditions;
  - (2) Administering a public reprimand;
  - (3) Limiting the practice of the licensee;
- (4) Suspending the license for a specified period or until further order of the Board;
- (5) Requiring the licensee to participate in a program to correct alcohol or drug dependence or any other impairment;
  - (6) Requiring supervision of the practice of the licensee;
  - (7) Imposing an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000;
- (8) Requiring the licensee to perform community service without compensation;
- (9) Requiring the licensee to take a physical or mental examination or an examination testing his competence to practice medicine;
- (10) Requiring the licensee to complete any training or educational requirements specified by the Board; and
- (11) Requiring the licensee to submit a corrected application, including the payment of all appropriate fees and costs incident to submitting an application.
- 5. If the Board determines after reviewing the differing information to allow the license to remain in active status, the action of the Board is not a disciplinary action and must not be reported to any national database. If the Board determines after reviewing the differing information to declare the license void, its action shall be deemed a disciplinary action and shall be reportable to national databases.
  - **Sec. 27.** NRS 630.1605 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.1605 *I.* Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.161, the Board may issue a license by endorsement to practice medicine to an applicant who has been

issued a license to practice medicine by the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States if:

[1.] (a) At the time the applicant files his application with the Board, the license is in effect;

[2.] (b) The applicant:

 [(a)] (1) Submits to the Board proof of passage of an examination approved by the Board;

[(b)] (2) Submits to the Board any documentation and other proof of qualifications required by the Board;

[(e)] (3) Meets all of the statutory requirements for licensure to practice medicine in effect at the time of application except for the requirements set forth in NRS 630.160; and

[(d)] (4) Completes any additional requirements relating to the fitness of the applicant to practice required by the Board; and

[3.] (c) Any documentation and other proof of qualifications required by the Board is authenticated in a manner approved by the Board.

2. A license by endorsement to practice medicine may be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by the President and Executive Director of the Board. Such an action shall be deemed to be an action of the Board.

**Sec. 28.** NRS 630.167 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.167 In addition to any other requirements set forth in this chapter, each applicant for a license to practice medicine, to practice as a physician assistant or to practice respiratory care shall submit to the Board a complete set of his fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report. Any fees or costs charged by the Board for this service pursuant to NRS 630.268 are not refundable.

**Sec. 29.** NRS 630.167 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.167 In addition to any other requirements set forth in this chapter, each applicant for a license to practice medicine, to practice as a *perfusionist*, *to practice as a* physician assistant or to practice respiratory care shall submit to the Board a complete set of his fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report. Any fees or costs charged by the Board for this service pursuant to NRS 630.268 are not refundable.

**Sec. 30.** NRS 630.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.170 In addition to the other requirements for licensure, an applicant for a license to practice medicine who is a graduate of a medical school located in the United States or Canada shall submit to the Board proof that he has received the degree of doctor of medicine from a medical school which, at the time of graduation, was accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education or the Committee for the Accreditation of Canadian Medical Schools. The proof of the degree of doctor of medicine must be submitted directly to the Board by the medical school that granted the degree. If proof of the degree is unavailable from the medical school, the Board may accept proof from any other source specified by the Board.

**Sec. 31.** NRS 630.173 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.173 1. In addition to the other requirements for licensure, an applicant for a license to practice medicine shall submit to the Board information describing:

- (a) Any claims made against the applicant for malpractice, whether or not a civil action was filed concerning the claim;
- (b) Any complaints filed against the applicant with a licensing board of another state and any disciplinary action taken against the applicant by a licensing board of another state; and
- (c) Any complaints filed against the applicant with a hospital, clinic or medical facility or any disciplinary action taken against the applicant by a hospital, clinic or medical facility.
- 2. The Board may consider any information specified in subsection 1 that is more than 10 years old if the Board receives the information from the applicant or any other source from which the Board is verifying the information provided by the applicant.
- 3. The Board may refuse to consider any information specified in subsection 1 that is more than 10 years old if the Board determines that the claim or complaint is remote or isolated and that obtaining or attempting to obtain a record relating to the information will unreasonably delay the consideration of the application.
- **4.** The Board shall not issue a license to the applicant until it has received all the information required by this section.
  - **Sec. 32.** NRS 630.195 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.195 *I.* In addition to the other requirements for licensure, an applicant for a license to practice medicine who is a graduate of a foreign medical school shall submit to the Board proof that he has received:
- [1.] (a) The degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent, as determined by the Board; and
- [2.] (b) The standard certificate of the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates or a written statement from that Commission that he passed the examination given by [it.] the Commission.
- 2. The proof of the degree of doctor of medicine or its equivalent must be submitted directly to the Board by the medical school that granted the degree. If proof of the degree is unavailable from the medical school that granted the degree, the Board may accept proof from any other source specified by the Board.
  - **Sec. 33.** NRS 630.197 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 630.197 1. In addition to any other requirements set forth in this chapter:
- (a) An applicant for the issuance of a license to practice medicine, to practice as a *perfusionist, to practice as a* physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care shall include the social security number of the applicant in the application submitted to the Board.
- (b) An applicant for the issuance or renewal of a license to practice medicine, to practice as a *perfusionist, to practice as a* physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care shall submit to the Board the statement prescribed by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520. The statement must be completed and signed by the applicant.
  - 2. The Board shall include the statement required pursuant to subsection 1 in:
- (a) The application or any other forms that must be submitted for the issuance or renewal of the license; or
  - (b) A separate form prescribed by the Board.
- 3. A license to practice medicine, to practice as a *perfusionist, to practice as a* physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care may not be issued or renewed by the Board if the applicant:
  - (a) Fails to submit the statement required pursuant to subsection 1; or

the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order.

4. If an applicant indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he is subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in compliance with the order or a plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order, the Board shall advise the applicant to contact the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order to determine the actions that the applicant may take to satisfy the arrearage.

(b) Indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he is

subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in compliance with the

order or a plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency enforcing

**Sec. 34.** NRS 630.197 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.197 1. In addition to any other requirements set forth in this chapter, an applicant for the issuance or renewal of a license to practice medicine, to practice as a *perfusionist*, *to practice as a* physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care shall submit to the Board the statement prescribed by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to NRS 425.520. The statement must be completed and signed by the applicant.
  - 2. The Board shall include the statement required pursuant to subsection 1 in:
- (a) The application or any other forms that must be submitted for the issuance or renewal of the license; or
  - (b) A separate form prescribed by the Board.
- 3. A license to practice medicine, to practice as a *perfusionist, to practice as a* physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care may not be issued or renewed by the Board if the applicant:
  - (a) Fails to submit the statement required pursuant to subsection 1; or
- (b) Indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he is subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in compliance with the order or a plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order.
- 4. If an applicant indicates on the statement submitted pursuant to subsection 1 that he is subject to a court order for the support of a child and is not in compliance with the order or a plan approved by the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order for the repayment of the amount owed pursuant to the order, the Board shall advise the applicant to contact the district attorney or other public agency enforcing the order to determine the actions that the applicant may take to satisfy the arrearage.
  - **Sec. 35.** NRS 630.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.200 1. The Board may deny an application for a license to practice medicine for any violation of the provisions of this chapter or regulations of the Board.
- 2. The Board shall notify an applicant of any deficiency which prevents any further action on the application or results in the denial of the application. The applicant may respond in writing to the Board concerning any deficiency and, if he does so, the Board shall respond in writing to the contentions of the applicant.
- 3. Any unsuccessful applicant may appeal to the [district court to review the action of the] Board [.] if he files his appeal within 90 days [from] after the date of the rejection of his application by the Board. Upon appeal, the applicant has the burden to show that the action of the Board is erroneous. [or unlawful.]
  - **Sec. 36.** NRS 630.258 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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- 630.258 1. A physician who is retired from active practice and who [wishes]:
- (a) Wishes to donate his expertise for the medical care and treatment of persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care; or
- (b) Wishes to provide services for any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization,
- may obtain a special volunteer medical license by submitting an application to the Board pursuant to this section.
- 2. An application for a special volunteer medical license must be on a form provided by the Board and must include:
  - (a) Documentation of the history of medical practice of the physician;
- (b) Proof that the physician previously has been issued an unrestricted license to practice medicine in any state of the United States and that he has never been the subject of disciplinary action by a medical board in any jurisdiction;
- (c) Proof that the physician satisfies the requirements for licensure set forth in NRS 630.160 or the requirements for licensure by endorsement set forth in NRS 630.1605:
- (d) Acknowledgment that the practice of the physician under the special volunteer medical license will be exclusively devoted to providing medical care [to]
- (1) To persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care; or
- (2) As part of any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization; and
- (e) Acknowledgment that the physician will not receive any payment or compensation, either direct or indirect, or have the expectation of any payment or compensation, for providing medical care under the special volunteer medical license, except for payment by a medical facility at which the physician provides volunteer medical services of the expenses of the physician for necessary travel, continuing education, malpractice insurance or fees of the State Board of Pharmacy.
- 3. If the Board finds that the application of a physician satisfies the requirements of subsection 2 and that the retired physician is competent to practice medicine, the Board shall issue a special volunteer medical license to the physician.
- 4. The initial special volunteer medical license issued pursuant to this section expires 1 year after the date of issuance. The license may be renewed pursuant to this section, and any license that is renewed expires 2 years after the date of issuance.
  - 5. The Board shall not charge a fee for:
  - (a) The review of an application for a special volunteer medical license; or
- (b) The issuance or renewal of a special volunteer medical license pursuant to this section.
- 6. A physician who is issued a special volunteer medical license pursuant to this section and who accepts the privilege of practicing medicine in this State pursuant to the provisions of the special volunteer medical license is subject to all the provisions governing disciplinary action set forth in this chapter.
- A physician who is issued a special volunteer medical license pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements for continuing education adopted by the Board.
  - **Sec. 37.** NRS 630.261 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.261 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.161, the Board may issue:

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(a) A locum tenens license, to be effective not more than 3 months after issuance, to any physician who is licensed and in good standing in another state, who meets the requirements for licensure in this State and who is of good moral character and reputation. The purpose of this license is to enable an eligible physician to serve as a substitute for another physician who is licensed to practice medicine in this State and who is absent from his practice for reasons deemed sufficient by the Board. A license issued pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph is not renewable.

(b) A special license to a licensed physician of another state to come into this State to care for or assist in the treatment of his own patient in association with a physician licensed in this State. A special license issued pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph is limited to the care of a specific patient. The physician licensed in this State has the primary responsibility for the care of that patient.

(c) A restricted license for a specified period if the Board determines the applicant needs supervision or restriction.

(d) A temporary license for a specified period if the physician is licensed and in good standing in another state and meets the requirements for licensure in this State, and if the Board determines that it is necessary in order to provide medical services for a community without adequate medical care. A temporary license issued pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph is not renewable.

(e) A special purpose license to a physician who is licensed in another state to permit the use of equipment that transfers information concerning the medical condition of a patient in this State across state lines electronically, telephonically or by fiber optics. Fif the physician:

(1) Holds a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in that state; (2) Has not had any disciplinary or other action taken against him by any state or other jurisdiction; and

(3) Meets the requirements set forth in paragraph (d) of subsection 2 of NRS 630.160.1

- 2. For the purpose of paragraph (e) of subsection 1, the physician must:
- (a) Hold a full and unrestricted license to practice medicine in another state;
- (b) Not have had any disciplinary or other action taken against him by any state or other jurisdiction; and
- (c) Be certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties or its successor.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Board may renew or modify any license issued pursuant to subsection 1.

**Sec. 38.** NRS 630.262 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.262 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.161, the Board may issue [a restricted] an authorized facility license to a person who intends to practice medicine in this State as a psychiatrist in a mental health center of the Division under the direct supervision of a psychiatrist who holds an unrestricted license to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter : or to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS.
- 2. A person who applies for [a restricted] an authorized facility license pursuant to this section is not required to take or pass a written examination as to his qualifications to practice medicine pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection 2 of NRS 630.160, but the person must meet all other conditions and requirements for an unrestricted license to practice medicine pursuant to this chapter.
- 3. If the Board issues [a restricted] an authorized facility license pursuant to this section, the person who holds the [restricted] license may practice medicine in this State only as a psychiatrist in a mental health center of the Division and only

practice medicine pursuant to this chapter : or to practice osteopathic medicine

pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS.

4. If a person who holds [n-restricted] an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section ceases to practice medicine in this State as a psychiatrist in

under the direct supervision of a psychiatrist who holds an unrestricted license to

- a mental health center of the Division: (a) The Division shall notify the Board; and
- (b) Upon receipt of [such] the notification, the [restricted] authorized facility license expires automatically.
- 5. The Board may renew or modify [a restricted] an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section, unless the [restricted] license has expired automatically or has been revoked.
- 6. The provisions of this section do not limit the authority of the Board to issue a frestricted license to an applicant in accordance with any other provision of this chapter.
  - 7. As used in this section:
- (a) "Division" means the Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Health and Human Services.
  - (b) "Mental health center" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 433.144.
  - Sec. 38.5. NRS 630.268 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.268 1. The Board shall charge and collect not more than the following fees:

For application for and issuance of a license to practice as a physician, including a license by endorsement	\$600
For application for and issuance of a temporary, locum tenens,	\$000
limited, restricted, authorized facility, special or special	400
purpose license	400
For renewal of a limited, restricted, authorized facility or	
special license	400
For application for and issuance of a license as a physician	
assistant	400
For biennial registration of a physician assistant	800
For biennial registration of a physician	
For application for and issuance of a license as a practitioner of	
respiratory care	400
For biennial registration of a practitioner of respiratory care	
	000
For biennial registration for a physician who is on inactive	400
status	400
For written verification of licensure	
For a duplicate identification card	25
For a duplicate license	50
For computer printouts or labels	
For verification of a listing of physicians, per hour	
For furnishing a list of new physicians.	
1 of furnishing a list of new physicians	100

- 2. In addition to the fees prescribed in subsection 1, the Board shall charge and collect necessary and reasonable fees for the expedited processing of a request or for any other incidental service the Board provides.
- 3. The cost of any special meeting called at the request of a licensee, an institution, an organization, a state agency or an applicant for licensure must be paid for by the person or entity requesting the special meeting. Such a special

meeting must not be called until the person or entity requesting it has paid a cash deposit with the Board sufficient to defray all expenses of the meeting.

Sec. 39. NRS 630.268 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.268 1. The Board shall charge and collect not more than the following fees:

For application for and issuance of a license to practice as a physician, including a license by endorsement	\$600
limited, restricted, authorized facility, special or special purpose license	400
For renewal of a limited, restricted, authorized facility or	400
special license	400
For application for and issuance of a license as a physician	
assistant	
For biennial registration of a physician assistant	800
For biennial registration of a physician	800
For application for and issuance of a license as a <i>perfusionist</i>	
<i>or</i> practitioner of respiratory care	400
For biennial renewal of a license as a perfusionist	
For biennial registration of a practitioner of respiratory care	600
For biennial registration for a physician who is on inactive	
status 400	
For written verification of licensure	50
For a duplicate identification card	
For a duplicate license	50
For computer printouts or labels	500
For verification of a listing of physicians, per hour	20
For furnishing a list of new physicians.	100
Tor runnishing a list of new physicians	100

- 2. In addition to the fees prescribed in subsection 1, the Board shall charge and collect necessary and reasonable fees for the expedited processing of a request or for any other incidental service the Board provides.
- 3. The cost of any special meeting called at the request of a licensee, an institution, an organization, a state agency or an applicant for licensure must be paid for by the person or entity requesting the special meeting. Such a special meeting must not be called until the person or entity requesting it has paid a cash deposit with the Board sufficient to defray all expenses of the meeting.
  - **Sec. 40.** NRS 630.277 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.277 1. Every person who wishes to practice respiratory care in this State must:
  - (a) Have a high school diploma or general equivalency diploma;
- (b) Complete an educational program for respiratory care which has been approved by the [National Board] Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs or its successor organization or the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care or its successor organization;
- (c) Pass the examination as an entry-level or advanced practitioner of respiratory care administered by the [National Board] Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs or its successor organization or the Committee on Accreditation for Respiratory Care or its successor organization;

- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a person shall not:
- (a) Practice respiratory care; or

- (b) Hold himself out as qualified to practice respiratory care,
- in this State without complying with the provisions of subsection 1.
- 3. Any person who has completed the educational requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1 may practice respiratory care pursuant to a program of practical training as an intern in respiratory care for not more than 12 months after completing those educational requirements.

**Sec. 41.** NRS 630.299 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.299 1. If the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated [.] or is violating [or is about to violate] any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may issue to the person a letter of warning, a letter of concern or a nonpunitive admonishment at any time before the Board has initiated any disciplinary proceedings against the person.
  - 2. The issuance of such a letter or admonishment:
- (a) Does not preclude the Board from initiating any disciplinary proceedings against the person or taking any disciplinary action against the person based on any conduct alleged or described in the letter or admonishment or any other conduct; and
- (b) Does not constitute a final decision of the Board and is not subject to judicial review.
- 3. In addition to any action taken pursuant to subsection 1, if the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may negotiate a remediation agreement with the person. The remediation agreement must include, for each violation, a statement specifying each provision of this chapter or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter that the Board has reason to believe that the person has violated or is violating. The remediation agreement must also set forth the terms and conditions specified by the Board or an investigative committee, including, without limitation, provisions that:
  - (a) Address each violation of this chapter that is at issue; and
- (b) Remediate or improve the practice of the person relating to those violations.
- 4. A remediation agreement, if approved by an investigative committee of the Board, must be presented to the Board for approval. Any remediation agreement presented to the Board pursuant to this subsection is a public record. The Board shall ensure that all identifying information regarding each person who is subject to the remediation agreement is removed. The remediation agreement becomes effective immediately upon approval of the remediation agreement by the Board. If the Board does not approve the remediation agreement, the Board shall refer the matter to the investigative committee that presented the remediation agreement to the Board. The investigative committee may further proceed with the matter as it deems appropriate.
- 5. A remediation agreement entered into pursuant to this section does not constitute disciplinary action against any person who is subject to the remediation agreement and is not reportable to any national database. If the person violates a provision of the remediation agreement, the Board or the

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50 51 52 investigative committee of the Board with whom the remediation agreement was negotiated may take any action it deems appropriate, including, without limitation, initiating disciplinary proceedings against the person. 6. The Board shall adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this

section.

Sec. 41.5. NRS 630.299 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.299 1. If the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may issue to the person a letter of warning, a letter of concern or a nonpunitive admonishment at any time before the Board has initiated any disciplinary proceedings against the person.
  - The issuance of such a letter or admonishment:
- (a) Does not preclude the Board from initiating any disciplinary proceedings against the person or taking any disciplinary action against the person based on any conduct alleged or described in the letter or admonishment or any other conduct; and
- (b) Does not constitute a final decision of the Board and is not subject to iudicial review.
- [3. In addition to any action taken pursuant to subsection 1, if the Board reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may negoti remediation agreement with the person. The remediation agreement must for each violation, a statement specifying each provision of this regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter that the Board has reason to be person has violated or is violating. The remediation agreement forth the terms and conditions specified by the Board or an investigative
- improve the practice of the person violations.
- 4. A remediation agreement, if approved by an investigative committee of the Board, must be presented to the Board for approval. Any remediation agreen shall ensure that all identifying information regarding each person who effective immediately upon approval of the remediation agreement by the the Board does not approve the remediation agreement, the Board shall refer matter to the investigative committee that presented the remediation agreemen the Board. The investigative committee may further proceed with the matter deems appropriate.
- on against any person who is subject to the remedi agreement and is not reportable to any national database. If the person vision of the remediation agreement, the Board or the investigative action it deems appropriate, including, without limitation, initiating proceedings against the person.
- adopt regulations to earry out the provisions of this section.]
- **Sec. 42.** NRS 630.306 is hereby amended to read as follows: 630.306 The following acts, among others, constitute grounds for initiating disciplinary action or denying licensure:

- 1. Inability to practice medicine with reasonable skill and safety because of illness, a mental or physical condition or the use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics or any other substance.
  - 2. Engaging in any conduct:

- (a) Which is intended to deceive;
- (b) Which the Board has determined is a violation of the standards of practice established by regulation of the Board; or
- (c) Which is in violation of a regulation adopted by the State Board of Pharmacy.
- 3. Administering, dispensing or prescribing any controlled substance, or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS, to or for himself or to others except as authorized by law.
- 4. Performing, assisting or advising the injection of any substance containing liquid silicone into the human body, except for the use of silicone oil to repair a retinal detachment.
- 5. Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or performing services which the licensee knows or has reason to know that he is not competent to perform [...] or which are beyond the scope of his training.
- 6. Performing, without first obtaining the informed consent of the patient or his family, any procedure or prescribing any therapy which by the current standards of the practice of medicine is experimental.
- 7. Continual failure to exercise the skill or diligence or use the methods ordinarily exercised under the same circumstances by physicians in good standing practicing in the same specialty or field.
- 8. Making or filing a report which the licensee or applicant knows to be false or failing to file a record or report as required by law or regulation.
  - 9. Failing to comply with the requirements of NRS 630.254.
- 10. Habitual intoxication from alcohol or dependency on controlled substances.
- 11. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any disciplinary action taken against him by another state, the Federal Government or a foreign country, including, without limitation, the revocation, suspension or surrender of his license to practice medicine in another jurisdiction.
- 12. Failure to be found competent to practice medicine as a result of an examination to determine medical competency pursuant to NRS 630.318.
- 13. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any criminal action taken or conviction obtained against him , other than a minor traffic violation, in this State or any other state or by the Federal Government, a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or any local or federal jurisdiction of a foreign country.
- 14. Engaging in any act that is unsafe or unprofessional conduct in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.
- 15. Violating a provision of a remediation agreement approved by the Board pursuant to NRS 630.299.
  - Sec. 42.5. NRS 630.306 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.306 The following acts, among others, constitute grounds for initiating disciplinary action or denying licensure:
- 1. Inability to practice medicine with reasonable skill and safety because of illness, a mental or physical condition or the use of alcohol, drugs, narcotics or any other substance.
  - 2. Engaging in any conduct:
  - (a) Which is intended to deceive;

- (b) Which the Board has determined is a violation of the standards of practice established by regulation of the Board; or
- (c) Which is in violation of a regulation adopted by the State Board of Pharmacy.
- 3. Administering, dispensing or prescribing any controlled substance, or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS, to or for himself or to others except as authorized by law.
- 4. Performing, assisting or advising the injection of any substance containing liquid silicone into the human body, except for the use of silicone oil to repair a retinal detachment.
- 5. Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted by law or performing services which the licensee knows or has reason to know that he is not competent to perform or which are beyond the scope of his training.
- 6. Performing, without first obtaining the informed consent of the patient or his family, any procedure or prescribing any therapy which by the current standards of the practice of medicine is experimental.
- 7. Continual failure to exercise the skill or diligence or use the methods ordinarily exercised under the same circumstances by physicians in good standing practicing in the same specialty or field.
- 8. Making or filing a report which the licensee or applicant knows to be false or failing to file a record or report as required by law or regulation.
  - 9. Failing to comply with the requirements of NRS 630.254.
- 10. Habitual intoxication from alcohol or dependency on controlled substances.
- 11. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any disciplinary action taken against him by another state, the Federal Government or a foreign country, including, without limitation, the revocation, suspension or surrender of his license to practice medicine in another jurisdiction.
- 12. Failure to be found competent to practice medicine as a result of an examination to determine medical competency pursuant to NRS 630.318.
- 13. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any criminal action taken or conviction obtained against him, other than a minor traffic violation, in this State or any other state or by the Federal Government, a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or any local or federal jurisdiction of a foreign country.
- 14. Engaging in any act that is unsafe or unprofessional conduct in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.
- [15. Violating a provision of a remediation agreement approved by the Board pursuant to NRS 630.299.]
  - **Sec. 43.** NRS 630.3062 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.3062 The following acts, among others, constitute grounds for initiating disciplinary action or denying licensure:
- 1. Failure to maintain timely, legible, accurate and complete medical records relating to the diagnosis, treatment and care of a patient.
  - 2. Altering medical records of a patient.
- 3. Making or filing a report which the licensee knows to be false, failing to file a record or report as required by law or willfully obstructing or inducing another to obstruct such filing.
- 4. Failure to make the medical records of a patient available for inspection and copying as provided in NRS 629.061.
  - 5. Failure to comply with the requirements of NRS 630.3068.

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**Sec. 44.** NRS 630.307 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.307 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, any person may file with the Board a complaint against a physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care on a form provided by the Board. The form may be submitted in writing or electronically. If a complaint is submitted anonymously, the Board may accept the complaint but may refuse to consider the complaint if the lack of the identity of the complainant makes processing the complaint impossible or unfair to the person who is the subject of the complaint.

- 2. Any [person,] licensee, medical school or medical facility that becomes aware that a person practicing medicine or respiratory care in this State has, is or is about to become engaged in conduct which constitutes grounds for initiating disciplinary action shall file a written complaint with the Board within 30 days after becoming aware of the conduct.
- Any hospital, clinic or other medical facility licensed in this State, or <del>[2.]</del> 3. medical society, shall report to the Board any change in [a physician's] the privileges of a physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care to practice [medicine] while the physician , physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care is under investigation and the outcome of any disciplinary action taken by that facility or society against the physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care concerning the care of a patient or the competency of the physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care within 30 days after the change in privileges is made or disciplinary action is taken. The Board shall report any failure to comply with this subsection by a hospital, clinic or other medical facility licensed in this State to the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services. If, after a hearing, the Health Division determines that any such facility or society failed to comply with the requirements of this subsection, the Division may impose an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 against the facility or society for each such failure to report. If the administrative fine is not paid when due, the fine must be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attorney General on behalf of the Division.
- [3.] 4. The clerk of every court shall report to the Board any finding, judgment or other determination of the court that a physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care:
  - (a) Is mentally ill;
  - (b) Is mentally incompetent;
- (c) Has been convicted of a felony or any law governing controlled substances or dangerous drugs;
- (d) Is guilty of abuse or fraud under any state or federal program providing medical assistance; or
  - (e) Is liable for damages for malpractice or negligence,
- → within 45 days after such a finding, judgment or determination is made.
- [4.] 5. On or before January 15 of each year, the clerk of each court shall submit to the Office of Court Administrator created pursuant to NRS 1.320 a written report compiling the information that the clerk reported during the previous year to the Board regarding physicians pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection [3.]
  - **Sec. 45.** NRS 630.307 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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- 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, any person may file with the Board a complaint against a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care on a form provided by the Board. The form may be submitted in writing or electronically. If a complaint is submitted anonymously, the Board may accept the complaint but may refuse to consider the complaint if the lack of the identity of the complainant makes processing the complaint impossible or unfair to the person who is the subject of the complaint.
- Any licensee, medical school or medical facility that becomes aware that a person practicing medicine, perfusion or respiratory care in this State has, is or is about to become engaged in conduct which constitutes grounds for initiating disciplinary action shall file a written complaint with the Board within 30 days after becoming aware of the conduct.
- 3. Any hospital, clinic or other medical facility licensed in this State, or medical society, shall report to the Board any change in the privileges of a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care to practice while the physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care is under investigation and the outcome of any disciplinary action taken by that facility or society against the physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care concerning the care of a patient or the competency of the physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care within 30 days after the change in privileges is made or disciplinary action is taken. The Board shall report any failure to comply with this subsection by a hospital, clinic or other medical facility licensed in this State to the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services. If, after a hearing, the Health Division determines that any such facility or society failed to comply with the requirements of this subsection, the Division may impose an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 against the facility or society for each such failure to report. If the administrative fine is not paid when due, the fine must be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attorney General on behalf of the Division.
- The clerk of every court shall report to the Board any finding, judgment or other determination of the court that a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care:
  - (a) Is mentally ill;
  - (b) Is mentally incompetent;
- (c) Has been convicted of a felony or any law governing controlled substances or dangerous drugs;
- (d) Is guilty of abuse or fraud under any state or federal program providing medical assistance: or
  - (e) Is liable for damages for malpractice or negligence,
- → within 45 days after such a finding, judgment or determination is made.
- On or before January 15 of each year, the clerk of each court shall submit to the Office of Court Administrator created pursuant to NRS 1.320 a written report compiling the information that the clerk reported during the previous year to the Board regarding physicians pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection 4.
  - **Sec. 46.** NRS 630.309 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.309 To institute a disciplinary action against a *perfusionist*, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care, a written complaint, specifying the charges, must be filed with the Board by:
- 1. The Board or a committee designated by the Board to investigate a complaint:
  - 2. Any member of the Board; or

3. Any other person who is aware of any act or circumstance constituting a ground for disciplinary action set forth in the regulations adopted by the Board.

**Sec. 47.** NRS 630.311 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.311 1. A committee designated by the Board and consisting of members of the Board shall review each complaint and conduct an investigation to determine if there is a reasonable basis for the complaint. The committee must be composed of at least three members of the Board, at least one of whom is [qualified pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 630.060.] not a physician. The committee may issue orders to aid its investigation including, but not limited to, compelling a physician to appear before the committee.

2. If, after conducting an investigation, the committee determines that there is a reasonable basis for the complaint and that a violation of any provision of this chapter has occurred, the committee may file a formal complaint with the Board.

3. The proceedings of the committee are confidential and are not subject to the requirements of NRS 241.020. Within 20 days after the conclusion of each meeting of the committee, the Board shall publish a summary setting forth the proceedings and determinations of the committee. The summary must not identify any person involved in the complaint that is the subject of the proceedings.

**Sec. 48.** NRS 630.318 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.318 1. If the Board or any investigative committee of the Board has reason to believe that the conduct of any physician has raised a reasonable question as to his competence to practice medicine with reasonable skill and safety to patients, or if the Board has received a report pursuant to the provisions of NRS 630.3067, 630.3068, 690B.250 or 690B.260 indicating that a judgment has been rendered or an award has been made against a physician regarding an action or claim for malpractice or that such an action or claim against the physician has been resolved by settlement, it may order that the physician undergo a mental or physical examination or an examination testing his competence to practice medicine by physicians or other examinations designated by the Board to assist the Board or committee in determining the fitness of the physician to practice medicine.
  - 2. For the purposes of this section:
- (a) Every physician who applies for a license or who is licensed under this chapter shall be deemed to have given his consent to submit to a mental or physical examination or an examination testing his competence to practice medicine when ordered to do so in writing by the Board [...] or an investigative committee of the Board.
- (b) The testimony or reports of the examining physicians are not privileged communications.
- 3. Except in extraordinary circumstances, as determined by the Board, the failure of a physician licensed under this chapter to submit to an examination when directed as provided in this section constitutes an admission of the charges against him.

**Sec. 49.** NRS 630.326 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.326 1. If an investigation by the Board regarding a physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care reasonably determines that the health, safety or welfare of the public or any patient served by the physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care is at risk of imminent or continued harm, the Board may summarily suspend the license of the physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care. The order of summary suspension may be issued by the Board, an investigative committee of the Board or the Executive Director of the Board after consultation with the President, Vice President or Secretary-Treasurer of the Board.

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- If the Board issues an order summarily suspending the license of a physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care pursuant to subsection 1, the Board shall hold a hearing regarding the matter not later than 45 days after the [completion of the investigation by the Board.] date on which the Board issues the order summarily suspending the license unless the Board and the licensee mutually agree to a longer period.
- 3. If the Board issues an order suspending the license of a physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care pending proceedings for disciplinary action and requires the physician, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care to submit to a mental or physical examination or an examination testing his competence to practice, [medicine,] the examination must be conducted and the results obtained not later than 60 days after the Board issues its order.

**Sec. 50.** NRS 630.326 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.326 1. If an investigation by the Board regarding a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care reasonably determines that the health, safety or welfare of the public or any patient served by the physician, *perfusionist*, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care is at risk of imminent or continued harm, the Board may summarily suspend the license of the physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care. The order of summary suspension may be issued by the Board, an investigative committee of the Board or the Executive Director of the Board after consultation with the President, Vice President or Secretary-Treasurer of the Board.
- 2. If the Board issues an order summarily suspending the license of a physician, *perfusionist*, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care pursuant to subsection 1, the Board shall hold a hearing regarding the matter not later than 45 days after the date on which the Board issues the order summarily suspending the license unless the Board and the licensee mutually agree to a longer period.
- If the Board issues an order suspending the license of a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care pending proceedings for disciplinary action and requires the physician, *perfusionist*, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care to submit to a mental or physical examination or an examination testing his competence to practice, the examination must be conducted and the results obtained not later than 60 days after the Board issues its order.
  - **Sec. 51.** NRS 630.329 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.329 If the Board issues an order suspending the license of a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care pending proceedings for disciplinary action, the court shall not stay that order.
  - Sec. 52. NRS 630.336 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.336 1. Any deliberations conducted or vote taken by the Board or any investigative committee of the Board regarding its ordering of a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care to undergo a physical or mental examination or any other examination designated to assist the Board or committee in determining the fitness of a physician, perfusionist, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care are not subject to the requirements of NRS 241.020.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 or 4, all applications for a license to practice medicine, perfusion or respiratory care, any charges filed by the Board, financial records of the Board, formal hearings on any charges heard by the Board or a panel selected by the Board, records of such hearings and any order or decision of the Board or panel must be open to the public.

- 3. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 239.0115, the following may be kept confidential:
- (a) Any statement, evidence, credential or other proof submitted in support of or to verify the contents of an application:
- (b) Any report concerning the fitness of any person to receive or hold a license to practice medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care; and
  - (c) Any communication between:

- (1) The Board and any of its committees or panels; and
- (2) The Board or its staff, investigators, experts, committees, panels, hearing officers, advisory members or consultants and counsel for the Board.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5 and NRS 239.0115, a complaint filed with the Board pursuant to NRS 630.307, all documents and other information filed with the complaint and all documents and other information compiled as a result of an investigation conducted to determine whether to initiate disciplinary action are confidential.
- 5. The complaint or other document filed by the Board to initiate disciplinary action and all documents and information considered by the Board when determining whether to impose discipline are public records.
- 6. This section does not prevent or prohibit the Board from communicating or cooperating with any other licensing board or agency or any agency which is investigating a licensee, including a law enforcement agency. Such cooperation may include, without limitation, providing the board or agency with minutes of a closed meeting, transcripts of oral examinations and the results of oral examinations.
  - **Sec. 53.** NRS 630.339 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.339 1. If a committee designated by the Board to conduct an investigation of a complaint decides to proceed with disciplinary action, it shall bring charges against the licensee [. If charges are brought, the Board shall fix a time and place for a formal hearing.] by filing a formal complaint. The formal complaint must include a written statement setting forth the charges alleged and setting forth in concise and plain language each act or omission of the respondent upon which the charges are based. The formal complaint must be prepared with sufficient clarity to ensure that the respondent is able to prepare his defense. The formal complaint must specify any applicable law or regulation that the respondent is alleged to have violated. The formal complaint may be signed by the chairman of the investigative committee or the Executive Director of the Board acting in his official capacity.
- 2. The respondent shall file an answer to the formal complaint within 20 days after service of the complaint upon the respondent. The answer must state in concise and plain language the respondent's defenses to each charge set forth in the complaint and must admit or deny the averments stated in the complaint. If a party fails to file an answer within the time prescribed, he shall be deemed to have denied generally the allegations of the formal complaint.
- 3. Within 20 days after the filing of the answer, the parties shall hold an early case conference at which the parties and the hearing officer appointed by the Board or a member of the Board must preside. At the early case conference, the parties shall in good faith:
- (a) Set the earliest possible hearing date agreeable to the parties and the hearing officer, panel of the Board or the Board, including the estimated duration of the hearing;
  - (b) Set dates:
    - (1) By which all documents must be exchanged;

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- (3) On which to hold the prehearing conference; and
  (4) For any other foreseeable actions that may be required for the matter;
  - (c) Discuss or attempt to resolve all or any portion of the evidentiary or legal issues in the matter;
  - (d) Discuss the potential for settlement of the matter on terms agreeable to the parties; and

(2) By which all prehearing motions and responses thereto must be filed:

- (e) Discuss and deliberate any other issues that may facilitate the timely and fair conduct of the matter.
- 4. If the Board receives a report pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 228.420, such a hearing must be held within 30 days after receiving the report. The Board shall notify the licensee of the charges brought against him, the time and place set for the hearing, and the possible sanctions authorized in NRS 630.352.
- [2.] 5. A formal hearing must be held at the time and date set at the early case conference by:
  - (a) The Board [, a];
  - (b) A hearing officer [or a];
- (c) A member of the Board designated by the Board or an investigative committee of the Board;
- (d) A panel of [its] members of the Board designated by [the Board shall hold the formal hearing on the charges at the time and place designated in the notification.] an investigative committee of the Board or the Board;
- (e) A hearing officer together with not more than one member of the Board designated by an investigative committee of the Board or the Board; or
- (f) A hearing officer together with a panel of members of the Board designated by an investigative committee of the Board or the Board. If the hearing is before a panel, at least one member of the [Board who is] panel must not be a physician. [must participate in this hearing.]
- 6. At any hearing at which at least one member of the Board presides, whether in combination with a hearing officer or other members of the Board, the final determinations regarding credibility, weight of evidence and whether the charges have been proven must be made by the members of the Board. If a hearing officer presides together with one or more members of the Board, the hearing officer shall:
  - (a) Conduct the hearing;
- (b) In consultation with each member of the Board, make rulings upon any objections raised at the hearing;
- (c) In consultation with each member of the Board, make rulings concerning any motions made during or after the hearing; and
- (d) Within 30 days after the conclusion of the hearing, prepare and file with the Board written findings of fact and conclusions of law in accordance with the determinations made by each member of the Board.
  - **Sec. 54.** NRS 630.342 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.342 1. Any **[physician]** *licensee* against whom the Board initiates disciplinary action pursuant to this chapter shall, within 30 days after the **[physician's]** *licensee's* receipt of notification of the initiation of the disciplinary action, submit to the Board a complete set of his fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report.

- 2. The willful failure of a **[physician] licensee** to comply with the requirements of subsection 1 constitutes additional grounds for disciplinary action and the revocation of the license of the **[physician.] licensee**.
- 3. The Board has additional grounds for initiating disciplinary action against a **[physician]** *licensee* if the report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation indicates that the **[physician]** *licensee* has been convicted of:
- (a) An act that is a ground for disciplinary action pursuant to NRS 630.301 to 630.3066, inclusive; or
  - (b) A violation of NRS 630.400.

- **Sec. 54.5.** NRS 630.346 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.346 In any disciplinary hearing:
- 1. The Board, a panel of the members of the Board and a hearing officer are not bound by formal rules of evidence and a witness must not be barred from testifying solely because he was or is incompetent. Any fact that is the basis of a finding, conclusion or ruling must be based upon the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record of the matter.
  - 2. Proof of actual injury need not be established.
- 3. A certified copy of the record of a court or a licensing agency showing a conviction or plea of nolo contendere or the suspension, revocation, limitation, modification, denial or surrender of a license to practice medicine or respiratory care is conclusive evidence of its occurrence.
  - **Sec. 55.** NRS 630.346 is hereby amended to read as follows:

630.346 In any disciplinary hearing:

- 1. The Board, a panel of the members of the Board and a hearing officer are not bound by formal rules of evidence and a witness must not be barred from testifying solely because he was or is incompetent. Any fact that is the basis of a finding, conclusion or ruling must be based upon the reliable, probative and substantial evidence on the whole record of the matter.
  - 2. Proof of actual injury need not be established.
- 3. A certified copy of the record of a court or a licensing agency showing a conviction or plea of nolo contendere or the suspension, revocation, limitation, modification, denial or surrender of a license to practice medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care is conclusive evidence of its occurrence.

**Sec. 56.** (Deleted by amendment.)

**Sec. 57.** NRS 630.352 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.352 1. Any member of the Board, [except for an advisory] other than a member of an investigative committee of the Board who participated in any determination regarding a formal complaint in the matter or any member serving on a panel of the Board at the hearing [charges,] of the matter, may participate in an adjudication to obtain the final order of the Board. [If the Board, after a formal hearing, determines from a preponderance of the evidence that a violation of the provisions of this chapter or of the regulations of the Board has occurred, it shall issue and serve on the physician charged an order, in writing, containing its findings and any sanctions.
- 2.1 At the adjudication, the Board shall consider any findings of fact and conclusions of law submitted after the hearing and shall allow:
- (a) Counsel for the Board to present a disciplinary recommendation and argument in support of the disciplinary recommendation;
- (b) The respondent or his counsel to present a disciplinary recommendation and argument in support of the disciplinary recommendation; and
- (c) The complainant in the matter to make a statement to the Board regarding the disciplinary recommendations by the parties and to address the

effect of the respondent's conduct upon the complainant or the patient involved, if other than the complainant.

- The Board may limit the time within which the parties and the complainant may make their arguments and statements.
- 2. At the conclusion of the presentations of the parties and the complainant, the Board shall deliberate and may by a majority vote impose discipline based upon the findings of fact and conclusions of law and the presentations of the parties and the complainant.
- 3. If , in the findings of fact and conclusions of law, the Board, hearing officer or panel of the Board determines that no violation has occurred, [it] the Board shall dismiss the charges, in writing, and notify the [physician] respondent that the charges have been dismissed. [If the disciplinary proceedings were instituted against the physician as a result of a complaint filed against him, the Board may provide the physician with a copy of the complaint.
- 3.] 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [4,] 5, if the Board finds that a violation has occurred, it shall by order take one or more of the following actions:
- (a) Place the person on probation for a specified period on any of the conditions specified in the order;
  - (b) Administer to him a written public reprimand;
- (c) Limit his practice or exclude one or more specified branches of medicine from his practice;
  - (d) Suspend his license for a specified period or until further order of the soard:
- (e) Revoke his license; [to practice medicine, but only in accordance with the provisions of NRS 630.348;]
- (f) Require him to participate in a program to correct alcohol or drug dependence or any other impairment;
  - (g) Require supervision of his practice;
  - (h) Impose a fine not to exceed \$5,000 [;] for each violation;
  - (i) Require him to perform community service without compensation;
- (j) Require him to take a physical or mental examination or an examination testing his competence; and
  - (k) Require him to fulfill certain training or educational requirements.
- [4.] 5. If the Board finds that the [physician] respondent has violated the provisions of NRS 439B.425, the Board shall suspend his license for a specified period or until further order of the Board.
- [5.] 6. The Board shall not administer a private reprimand if the Board finds that a violation has occurred.
- [6.] 7. Within 30 days after the hearing before the Board, the Board shall issue a final order, certified by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Board, that imposes discipline and incorporates the findings of fact and conclusions of law obtained from the hearing. An order that imposes discipline and the findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting that order are public records.
  - **Sec. 58.** NRS 630.356 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.356 1. Any person aggrieved by a final order of the Board is entitled to judicial review of the Board's order.
- 2. Every order that imposes a sanction against a licensee pursuant to subsection [3] 4 or [4] 5 of NRS 630.352 or any regulation of the Board is effective from the date the Secretary-Treasurer certifies the order until the date the order is modified or reversed by a final judgment of the court. The court shall not stay the order of the Board pending a final determination by the court.

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- 3. The district court shall give a petition for judicial review of the Board's order priority over other civil matters which are not expressly given priority by law.
  - **Sec. 59.** NRS 630.358 is hereby amended to read as follows: 630.358 1. Any person:
- (a) Whose practice of medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care has been
- (b) Whose license to practice medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care has been:
  - (1) Suspended until further order; or
  - (2) Revoked,
- → by an order of the Board, may apply to the Board for removal of the limitation or restoration of his license.
  - 2. In hearing the application, the Board:
- (a) May require the person to submit to a mental or physical examination or an examination testing his competence to practice medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care by physicians , *perfusionists* or practitioners of respiratory care, as appropriate, or other examinations it designates and submit such other evidence of changed conditions and of fitness as it deems proper;
- (b) Shall determine whether under all the circumstances the time of the application is reasonable; and
- (c) May deny the application or modify or rescind its order as it deems the evidence and the public safety warrants.
- 3. The licensee has the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the requirements for restoration of the license or removal of the limitation have been met.
- 4. The Board shall not restore a license unless it is satisfied that the person has complied with all of the terms and conditions set forth in the final order of the Board and that the person is capable of practicing medicine, perfusion or respiratory care in a safe manner.
- 5. To restore a license that has been revoked by the Board, the applicant must apply for a license and take an examination as though he had never been licensed under this chapter.
  - **Sec. 60.** NRS 630.366 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 1. If the Board receives a copy of a court order issued pursuant to NRS 425.540 that provides for the suspension of all professional, occupational and recreational licenses, certificates and permits issued to a person who is the holder of a license to practice medicine, to practice as a perfusionist, to practice as a physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care, the Board shall deem the license issued to that person to be suspended at the end of the 30th day after the date on which the court order was issued unless the Board receives a letter issued to the holder of the license by the district attorney or other public agency pursuant to NRS 425.550 stating that the holder of the license has complied with the subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to NRS 425.560.
- 2. The Board shall reinstate a license to practice medicine, to practice as a perfusionist, to practice as a physician assistant or to practice as a practitioner of respiratory care that has been suspended by a district court pursuant to NRS 425.540 if the Board receives a letter issued by the district attorney or other public agency pursuant to NRS 425.550 to the person whose license was suspended stating that the person whose license was suspended has complied with the subpoena or warrant or has satisfied the arrearage pursuant to NRS 425.560.
  - **Sec. 61.** NRS 630.388 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.388 1. In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the Board, through its President or Secretary-Treasurer or the Attorney General, may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction:
- (a) To enjoin any prohibited act or other conduct of a licensee which is harmful to the public;
- (b) To enjoin any person who is not licensed under this chapter from practicing medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care;
- (c) To limit the practice of a physician, *perfusionist*, physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care, or suspend his license to practice; [or]
- (d) To enjoin the use of the title "P.A.," "P.A.-C," "R.C.P." or any other word, combination of letters or other designation intended to imply or designate a person as a physician assistant or practitioner of respiratory care, when not licensed by the Board pursuant to this chapter, unless the use is otherwise authorized by a specific statute [-]; or
- (e) To enjoin the use of the title "L.P.," "T.L.P.," "licensed perfusionist," "temporarily licensed perfusionist" or any other word, combination of letters or other designation intended to imply or designate a person as a perfusionist, when not licensed by the Board pursuant to this chapter, unless the use is otherwise authorized by a specific statute.
- 2. The court in a proper case may issue a temporary restraining order or a preliminary injunction for the purposes set forth in subsection 1:
  - (a) Without proof of actual damage sustained by any person;
- (b) Without relieving any person from criminal prosecution for engaging in the practice of medicine, *perfusion or respiratory care* without a license; and
  - (c) Pending proceedings for disciplinary action by the Board.
  - Sec. 62. NRS 630.390 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 630.390 In seeking injunctive relief against any person for an alleged violation of this chapter by practicing medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care without a license, it is sufficient to allege that he did, upon a certain day, and in a certain county of this State, engage in the practice of medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care without having a license to do so, without alleging any further or more particular facts concerning the same.
  - **Sec. 63.** NRS 630.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 630.400 A person who:
- 1. Presents to the Board as his own the diploma, license or credentials of another;
  - 2. Gives either false or forged evidence of any kind to the Board;
- 3. Practices medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care under a false or assumed name or falsely personates another licensee;
- 4. Except as otherwise provided by *a* specific statute, practices medicine, *perfusion* or respiratory care without being licensed under this chapter;
- 5. Holds himself out as a perfusionist or uses any other term indicating or implying that he is a perfusionist without being licensed by the Board;
- 6. Holds himself out as a physician assistant or uses any other term indicating or implying that he is a physician assistant without being licensed by the Board; or
- [6.] 7. Holds himself out as a practitioner of respiratory care or uses any other term indicating or implying that he is a practitioner of respiratory care without being licensed by the Board,
- → is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.
  - **Sec. 64.** NRS 630A.090 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 630A.090 1. This chapter does not apply to:

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veterinary medicine or fitting hearing aids. (b) A medical officer of the Armed Services or a medical officer of any

optometry, *perfusion*, respiratory care, faith or Christian Science healing, nursing,

division or department of the United States in the discharge of his official duties.

(a) The practice of dentistry, chiropractic, Oriental medicine, podiatry,

- (c) Licensed or certified nurses in the discharge of their duties as nurses.
- (d) Homeopathic physicians who are called into this State, other than on a regular basis, for consultation or assistance to any physician licensed in this State, and who are legally qualified to practice in the state or country where they reside.
- 2. This chapter does not repeal or affect any statute of Nevada regulating or affecting any other healing art.
  - This chapter does not prohibit:
  - (a) Gratuitous services of a person in case of emergency.
  - (b) The domestic administration of family remedies.
- 4. This chapter does not authorize a homeopathic physician to practice medicine, including allopathic medicine, except as otherwise provided in NRS 630A.040.
  - NRS 632.472 is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 65.
- 632.472 1. The following persons shall report in writing to the Executive Director of the Board any conduct of a licensee or holder of a certificate which constitutes a violation of the provisions of this chapter:
- (a) Any physician, dentist, dental hygienist, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatric physician, medical examiner, resident, intern, professional or practical nurse, nursing assistant, *perfusionist*, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, psychiatrist, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, alcohol or drug abuse counselor, driver of an ambulance, advanced emergency medical technician or other person providing medical services licensed or certified to practice in this State.
- (b) Any personnel of a medical facility or facility for the dependent engaged in the admission, examination, care or treatment of persons or an administrator, manager or other person in charge of a medical facility or facility for the dependent upon notification by a member of the staff of the facility.
  - (c) A coroner.
- (d) Any person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide personal care services in the home.
- (e) Any person who operates, who is employed by or who contracts to provide services for an intermediary service organization as defined in NRS 426.218.
- (f) Any person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide nursing in the home.
  - (g) Any employee of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (h) Any employee of a law enforcement agency or a county's office for protective services or an adult or juvenile probation officer.
- (i) Any person who maintains or is employed by a facility or establishment that provides care for older persons.
- (j) Any person who maintains, is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an agency or service which advises persons regarding the abuse, neglect or exploitation of an older person and refers them to persons and agencies where their requests and needs can be met.
  - (k) Any social worker.
- 2. Every physician who, as a member of the staff of a medical facility or facility for the dependent, has reason to believe that a nursing assistant has engaged in conduct which constitutes grounds for the denial, suspension or revocation of a

certificate shall notify the superintendent, manager or other person in charge of the facility. The superintendent, manager or other person in charge shall make a report as required in subsection 1.

- 3. A report may be filed by any other person.
- Any person who in good faith reports any violation of the provisions of this chapter to the Executive Director of the Board pursuant to this section is immune from civil liability for reporting the violation.
- 5. As used in this section, "agency to provide personal care services in the home" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0021.
- Sec. 66. Chapter 633 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections [67 and] 66.1 to 68, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 66.1. "Practice of osteopathic medicine" includes, without limitation, the performance of an autopsy.
- Sec. 66.3. 1. An osteopathic physician who is retired from active practice
- (a) Wishes to donate his expertise for the medical care and treatment of persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to afford health care; or
- (b) Wishes to provide services for any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization,
- may obtain a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine by submitting an application to the Board pursuant to this section.
- 2. An application for a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine must be on a form provided by the Board and must include:
- (a) Documentation of the history of medical practice of the osteopathic physician;
- (b) Proof that the osteopathic physician previously has been issued an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine in any state of the United States and that he has never been the subject of disciplinary action by a medical board in any jurisdiction:
- (c) Proof that the osteopathic physician satisfies the requirements for licensure set forth in NRS 633.311 or the requirements for licensure by endorsement set forth in NRS 633.400;
- (d) Acknowledgment that the practice of the osteopathic physician under the special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine will be exclusively devoted to providing medical care:
- (1) To persons in this State who are indigent, uninsured or unable to
- afford health care; or
  (2) As part of any disaster relief operations conducted by a governmental entity or nonprofit organization; and
- (e) Acknowledgment that the osteopathic physician will not receive any payment or compensation, either direct or indirect, or have the expectation of any payment or compensation, for providing medical care under the special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine, except for payment by a medical facility at which the osteopathic physician provides volunteer medical services of the expenses of the osteopathic physician for necessary travel, continuing education, malpractice insurance or fees of the State Board of Pharmacy.
- 3. If the Board finds that the application of an osteopathic physician satisfies the requirements of subsection 2 and that the retired osteopathic physician is competent to practice osteopathic medicine, the Board shall issue a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine to the osteopathic

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- 4. The initial special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine issued pursuant to this section expires 1 year after the date of issuance. The license may be renewed pursuant to this section, and any license that is renewed expires 2 years after the date of issuance.
  - 5. The Board shall not charge a fee for:

(a) The review of an application for a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine; or

(b) The issuance or renewal of a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this section.

6. An osteopathic physician who is issued a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this section and who accepts the privilege of practicing osteopathic medicine in this State pursuant to the provisions of the special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine is subject to all the provisions governing disciplinary action set forth in this chapter.

7. An osteopathic physician who is issued a special volunteer license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements for continuing education adopted by the Board.

Sec. 66.5. 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.315, the Board may issue an authorized facility license to a person who intends to practice osteopathic medicine in this State as a psychiatrist in a mental health center of the Division under the direct supervision of a psychiatrist who holds an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this chapter or to practice medicine pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS.

2. A person who applies for an authorized facility license pursuant to this section is not required to take or pass a written examination as to his qualifications to practice osteopathic medicine, but the person must meet all conditions and requirements for an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic

medicine pursuant to this chapter.

3. If the Board issues an authorized facility license pursuant to this section, the person who holds the license may practice osteopathic medicine in this State only as a psychiatrist in a mental health center of the Division and only under the direct supervision of a psychiatrist who holds an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this chapter or to practice medicine pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS.

4. If a person who holds an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section ceases to practice osteopathic medicine in this State as a psychiatrist in a mental health center of the Division:

(a) The Division shall notify the Board; and

(b) Upon receipt of the notification, the authorized facility license expires automatically.

- 5. The Board may renew or modify an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section, unless the license has expired automatically or has been revoked.
- 6. The provisions of this section do not limit the authority of the Board to issue a license to an applicant in accordance with any other provision of this chapter.

7. As used in this section:

- (a) "Division" means the Division of Mental Health and Developmental Services of the Department of Health and Human Services.

  (b) "Mental health center" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 433.144.
- Sec. 66.7. I. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.315, the Board may issue an authorized facility license to a person who intends to practice

osteopathic medicine in this State as an osteopathic physician in an institution of the Department of Corrections under the direct supervision of an osteopathic physician who holds an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this chapter or to practice medicine pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS.

2. A person who applies for an authorized facility license pursuant to this section is not required to take or pass a written examination as to his qualifications to practice osteopathic medicine, but the person must meet all conditions and requirements for an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this chapter.

3. If the Board issues an authorized facility license pursuant to this section, the person who holds the license may practice osteopathic medicine in this State only as an osteopathic physician in an institution of the Department of Corrections and only under the direct supervision of an osteopathic physician who holds an unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to this chapter or to practice medicine pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS.

4. If a person who holds an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section ceases to practice osteopathic medicine in this State as an osteopathic physician in an institution of the Department of Corrections:

(a) The Department shall notify the Board; and

(b) Upon receipt of the notification, the authorized facility license expires automatically.

5. The Board may renew or modify an authorized facility license issued pursuant to this section, unless the license has expired automatically or has been revoked.

6. The provisions of this section do not limit the authority of the Board to issue a license to an applicant in accordance with any other provision of this chapter.

Sec. 67. 1. If the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may issue to the person a letter of warning, a letter of concern or a nonpunitive admonishment at any time before the Board initiates any disciplinary proceedings against the person.

2. The issuance of such a letter or admonishment:

(a) Does not preclude the Board from initiating any disciplinary proceedings against the person or taking any disciplinary action against the person based on any conduct alleged or described in the letter or admonishment or any other conduct; and

(b) Does not constitute a final decision of the Board and is not subject to judicial review.

- 3. In addition to any action taken pursuant to subsection 1, if the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may negotiate a remediation agreement with the person. The remediation agreement must include, for each violation, a statement specifying each provision of this chapter or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter that the Board has reason to believe that the person has violated or is violating. The remediation agreement must also set forth the terms and conditions specified by the Board or an investigative committee, including, without limitation, provisions that:
  - (a) Address each violation of this chapter that is at issue; and
- (b) Remediate or improve the practice of the person relating to those violations.

4. A remediation agreement that is negotiated by an investigative committee of the Board must be presented to the Board for approval. Any remediation agreement presented to the Board pursuant to this subsection is a public record. The Board shall ensure that all identifying information regarding each person who is subject to the remediation agreement is removed. The remediation agreement becomes effective immediately upon approval of the remediation agreement by the Board. If the Board does not approve the remediation agreement, the Board shall refer the matter to the investigative committee that presented the remediation agreement to the Board. The investigative committee may further proceed with the matter as it deems appropriate.

5. A remediation agreement entered into pursuant to this section does not constitute disciplinary action against any person who is subject to the remediation agreement and is not reportable to any national database. If the person violates a provision of the remediation agreement, the Board or the investigative committee of the Board with whom the remediation agreement was negotiated may take any action it deems appropriate, including, without limitation, initiating disciplinary proceedings against the person.

6. The Board shall adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

Sec. 68. In any disciplinary proceedings conducted pursuant to this chapter, the standard of proof is a preponderance of the evidence.

Sec. 68.9. NRS 633.011 is hereby amended to read as follows:

633.011 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 633.021 to 633.131, inclusive, *and section 66.1 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

**Sec. 69.** NRS 633.131 is hereby amended to read as follows:

633.131 1. "Unprofessional conduct" includes:

(a) Willfully making a false or fraudulent statement or submitting a forged or false document in applying for a license to practice osteopathic medicine or in applying for renewal of a license to practice osteopathic medicine.

(b) Failure of a licensee of the practice of osteopathic medicine to designate his school of practice in the professional use of his name by the term D.O., osteopathic

physician, doctor of osteopathy or a similar term.

- (c) Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, corporation or other business organization any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for sending, referring or otherwise inducing a person to communicate with an osteopathic physician in his professional capacity or for any professional services not actually and personally rendered, except as otherwise provided in subsection 2.
- (d) Employing, directly or indirectly, any suspended or unlicensed person in the practice of osteopathic medicine, or the aiding or abetting of any unlicensed person to practice osteopathic medicine.
- (e) Advertising the practice of osteopathic medicine in a manner which does not conform to the guidelines established by regulations of the Board.

(f) Engaging in any:

- (1) Professional conduct which is intended to deceive or which the Board by regulation has determined is unethical; or
- (2) Medical practice harmful to the public or any conduct detrimental to the public health, safety or morals which does not constitute gross or repeated malpractice or professional incompetence.

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- (g) Administering, dispensing or prescribing any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS, otherwise than in the course of legitimate professional practice or as authorized by law.
- (h) Habitual drunkenness or habitual addiction to the use of a controlled substance.
- (i) Performing, assisting in or advising an unlawful abortion or the injection of any liquid silicone substance into the human body [...], other than the use of silicone oil to repair a retinal detachment.
- (j) Willful disclosure of a communication privileged pursuant to a statute or court order.
- (k) Willful disobedience of the regulations of the State Board of Health, the State Board of Pharmacy or the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (l) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any prohibition made in this
- (m) Failure of a licensee to maintain timely, legible, accurate and complete medical records relating to the diagnosis, treatment and care of a patient.
- (n) Making alterations to the medical records of a patient that the licensee knows to be false.
  - (o) Making or filing a report which the licensee knows to be false.
- (p) Failure of a licensee to file a record or report as required by law, or willfully obstructing or inducing any person to obstruct such filing.
- (q) Failure of a licensee to make medical records of a patient available for inspection and copying as provided by NRS 629.061.
  - 2. It is not unprofessional conduct:
- (a) For persons holding valid licenses to practice osteopathic medicine issued pursuant to this chapter to practice osteopathic medicine in partnership under a partnership agreement or in a corporation or an association authorized by law, or to pool, share, divide or apportion the fees and money received by them or by the partnership, corporation or association in accordance with the partnership agreement or the policies of the board of directors of the corporation or association;
- (b) For two or more persons holding valid licenses to practice osteopathic medicine issued pursuant to this chapter to receive adequate compensation for concurrently rendering professional care to a patient and dividing a fee if the patient has full knowledge of this division and if the division is made in proportion to the services performed and the responsibility assumed by each; or
- (c) For a person licensed to practice osteopathic medicine pursuant to the provisions of this chapter to form an association or other business relationship with an optometrist pursuant to the provisions of NRS 636.373.
  - **Sec. 70.** NRS 633.171 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - 1. This chapter does not apply to:
- (a) The practice of medicine *or perfusion* pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS, dentistry, chiropractic, podiatry, optometry, respiratory care, faith or Christian Science healing, nursing, veterinary medicine or fitting hearing aids.
- (b) A medical officer of the Armed Services or a medical officer of any division or department of the United States in the discharge of his official duties.
- (c) Osteopathic physicians who are called into this State, other than on a regular basis, for consultation or assistance to a physician licensed in this State, and who are legally qualified to practice in the state where they reside.
- 2. This chapter does not repeal or affect any law of this State regulating or affecting any other healing art.
  - 3. This chapter does not prohibit:

- (a) Gratuitous services of a person in cases of emergency.
- (b) The domestic administration of family remedies.
- Sec. 70.5. NRS 633.286 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.286 1. On or before February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Governor and to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the next regular session of the Legislature a written report compiling:
- (a) Disciplinary action taken by the Board during the previous biennium against osteopathic physicians for malpractice or negligence;
- (b) The number and types of remediation agreements approved by the Board pursuant to section 67 of this act;
- (c) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 633.526, 633.527, subsections [2 and] 3 and 4 of NRS 633.533 and NRS 690B.250 and 690B.260; and
- [(e)]\_(d) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 633.524, including, without limitation, the number and types of surgeries performed by each holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine and the occurrence of sentinel events arising from such surgeries, if any.
- 2. The report must include only aggregate information for statistical purposes and exclude any identifying information related to a particular person.
- 3. On or before February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Legislative Commission a written report compiling the information described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1.
  - Sec. 70.7. NRS 633.286 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.286 1. On or before February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Governor and to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the next regular session of the Legislature a written report compiling:
- (a) Disciplinary action taken by the Board during the previous biennium against osteopathic physicians for malpractice or negligence;
- (b) [The number and types of remediation agreements approved by the Board pursuant to section 67 of this act;
- (e) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 633.526, 633.527, subsections 3 and 4 of NRS 633.533 and NRS 690B.250 and 690B.260; and
- [(d)]\_(c) Information reported to the Board during the previous biennium pursuant to NRS 633.524, including, without limitation, the number and types of surgeries performed by each holder of a license to practice osteopathic medicine and the occurrence of sentinel events arising from such surgeries, if any.
- 2. The report must include only aggregate information for statistical purposes and exclude any identifying information related to a particular person.
- [3. On or before February 15 of each odd numbered year, the Board shall submit to the Legislative Commission a written report compiling the information described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1.]
  - **Sec. 71.** NRS 633.322 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.322 In addition to the other requirements for licensure to practice osteopathic medicine, an applicant shall cause to be submitted to the Board [a]:
- *I.* A certificate of completion of progressive postgraduate training from the residency program where the applicant received training [-]; and
- 2. If applicable, proof of satisfactory completion of a postgraduate training program specified in paragraph (c) of subsection 4 of NRS 633.311 within 120 days after the scheduled completion of the program.

- **Sec. 72.** NRS 633.331 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.331 1. Examinations [must] may be held [at least] once a year at the time and place fixed by the Board. The Board shall notify each applicant in writing of the examinations.
- 2. The examination must be fair and impartial, practical in character, and the questions must be designed to discover the applicant's fitness.
- 3. The Board may employ specialists and other professional consultants or examining services in conducting the examination.
- 4. Each member who is not licensed in any state to practice any healing art shall not participate in preparing, conducting or grading any examination required by the Board.

Sec. 72.5. NRS 633.401 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 633.401 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.315, the Board may issue a special license to practice osteopathic medicine:
- (a) To authorize a person who is licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in an adjoining state to come into Nevada to care for or assist in the treatment of his patients in association with an osteopathic physician in this State who has primary care of the patients.
- (b) To a resident while he is enrolled in a postgraduate training program required pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (c) of subsection 4 of NRS 633.311.
- (c) For a specified period and for specified purposes to a person who is licensed to practice osteopathic medicine in another jurisdiction.
- 2. For the purpose of paragraph (c) of subsection 1, the osteopathic physician must:
- (a) Hold a full and unrestricted license to practice osteopathic medicine in another state;
- (b) Not have had any disciplinary or other action taken against him by any state or other jurisdiction; and
- (c) Be certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties, the American Osteopathic Association or their successors.
- <u>3.</u> A special license issued under this section may be renewed by the Board upon application of the licensee.
- [2-] 4. Every person who applies for or renews a special license under this section shall pay respectively the special license fee or special license renewal fee specified in this chapter.
  - **Sec. 73.** NRS 633.411 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.411 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 633.315, the Board may issue a special license to practice osteopathic medicine to a person qualified under this section to authorize him to serve:
- (a) As a resident medical officer in any hospital in Nevada. A person issued such a license shall practice osteopathic medicine only within the confines of the hospital specified in the license and under the supervision of the regular medical staff of that hospital.
- (b) As a professional employee of the State of Nevada or of the United States. A person issued such a license shall practice osteopathic medicine only within the scope of his employment and under the supervision of the appropriate state or federal medical agency.
  - 2. An applicant for a special license under this section must:
- (a) Be a graduate of a school of osteopathic medicine. [and have completed a hospital internship.]
  - (b) Pay the special license fee specified in this chapter.

- 3. The Board shall not issue a license under subsection 1 unless it has received a letter from a hospital in Nevada or from the appropriate state or federal medical agency requesting issuance of the special license to the applicant.
  - 4. A special license issued under this section:
- (a) Must be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by its President and Secretary subject to approval at the next meeting of the Board.
  - (b) Is valid for a period not exceeding 1 year, as determined by the Board.
- (c) May be renewed by the Board upon application and payment by the licensee of the special license renewal fee specified in this chapter.
- (d) Does not entitle the licensee to engage in the private practice of osteopathic medicine.
- 5. The issuance of a special license under this section does not obligate the Board to grant any regular license to practice osteopathic medicine.

Sec. 73.5. NRS 633.501 is hereby amended to read as follows:

633.501 The Board shall charge and collect fees not to exceed the following amounts:

mounts.			
1.	Application and initial license fee for an osteopathic physician.	\$800	
	Annual license renewal fee for an osteopathic physician		
3.	Temporary license fee	500	
4.	Special <i>or authorized facility</i> license fee	200	
5.	Special <i>or authorized facility</i> license renewal fee	200	
6.	Reexamination fee	200	
	Late payment fee		
8.	Application and initial license fee for a physician assistant	400	
	Annual license renewal fee for a physician assistant		
	Inactive license fee		
Sec. 74 NRS 633 511 is hereby amended to read as follows:			

Sec. 74. NRS 633.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

633.511 The grounds for initiating disciplinary action pursuant to this chapter are:

- 1. Unprofessional conduct.
- 2. Conviction of:

- (a) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;
  - (b) A felony relating to the practice of osteopathic medicine;
- (c) A violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240 or 616D.300 to 616D.440, inclusive;
  - (d) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;
  - (e) Any felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;
  - (f) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;
- (g) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or any other sexually related crime;
  - (h) Abuse or neglect of a child or contributory delinquency; or
  - (i) Any offense involving moral turpitude.
- 3. The suspension of the license to practice osteopathic medicine by any other jurisdiction.
- 4. [Gross or repeated] *Malpractice or gross* malpractice, which may be evidenced by [claims] *a claim* of malpractice settled against a practitioner.
  - 5. Professional incompetence.
  - 6. Failure to comply with the requirements of NRS 633.527.
  - 7. Failure to comply with the requirements of subsection 3 of NRS 633.471.
  - 8. Failure to comply with the provisions of subsection 2 of NRS 633.322.

9. Signing a blank prescription form.

 10. Attempting, directly or indirectly, by intimidation, coercion or deception, to obtain or retain a patient or to discourage the use of a second opinion.

11. Terminating the medical care of a patient without adequate notice or without making other arrangements for the continued care of the patient.

- 12. In addition to the provisions of subsection 3 of NRS 633.524, making or filing a report which the licensee knows to be false, failing to file a record or report that is required by law or willfully obstructing or inducing another to obstruct the making or filing of such a record or report.
- 13. Failure to report any person the licensee knows, or has reason to know, is in violation of the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the Board within 30 days after the date the licensee knows or has reason to know of the violation.
- 14. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any criminal action taken or conviction obtained against him, other than a minor traffic violation, in this State or any other state or by the Federal Government, a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or any local or federal jurisdiction of a foreign country.
- 15. Engaging in any act that is unsafe in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.
- 16. Violating a provision of a remediation agreement approved by the Board pursuant to section 67 of this act.

Sec. 74.5. NRS 633.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 633.511 The grounds for initiating disciplinary action pursuant to this chapter are:
  - 1. Unprofessional conduct.
  - 2. Conviction of:
- (a) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;
  - (b) A felony relating to the practice of osteopathic medicine;
- (c) A violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240 or 616D.300 to 616D.440, inclusive;
  - (d) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;
  - (e) Any felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon:
  - (f) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;
- (g) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or any other sexually related crime;
  - (h) Abuse or neglect of a child or contributory delinquency; or
  - (i) Any offense involving moral turpitude.
- 3. The suspension of the license to practice osteopathic medicine by any other jurisdiction.
- 4. Malpractice or gross malpractice, which may be evidenced by a claim of malpractice settled against a practitioner.
  - 5. Professional incompetence.
  - 6. Failure to comply with the requirements of NRS 633.527.
  - 7. Failure to comply with the requirements of subsection 3 of NRS 633.471.
  - 8. Failure to comply with the provisions of subsection 2 of NRS 633.322.
  - 9. Signing a blank prescription form.
  - 10. Attempting, directly or indirectly, by intimidation, coercion or deception, to obtain or retain a patient or to discourage the use of a second opinion.

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- 11. Terminating the medical care of a patient without adequate notice or without making other arrangements for the continued care of the patient.
- 12. In addition to the provisions of subsection 3 of NRS 633.524, making or filing a report which the licensee knows to be false, failing to file a record or report that is required by law or willfully obstructing or inducing another to obstruct the making or filing of such a record or report.
- Failure to report any person the licensee knows, or has reason to know, is in violation of the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the Board within 30 days after the date the licensee knows or has reason to know of the violation.
- 14. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any criminal action taken or conviction obtained against him, other than a minor traffic violation, in this State or any other state or by the Federal Government, a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or any local or federal jurisdiction of a foreign country.
- 15. Engaging in any act that is unsafe in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.
- [16. Violating a provision of a remediation agreement approved by the Board pursuant to section 67 of this act.

- Sec. 74.7. NRS 633.533 is hereby amended to read as follows:
  633.533 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, any person may file with the Board a complaint against an osteopathic physician on a form provided by the Board. The form may be submitted in writing or electronically. If a complaint is submitted anonymously, the Board may accept the complaint but may refuse to consider the complaint if the lack of the identity of the complainant makes processing the complaint impossible or unfair to the person who is the subject of the complaint.
- 2. Any [person,] *licensee*, medical school or medical facility that becomes aware that a person practicing osteopathic medicine in this State has, is or is about to become engaged in conduct which constitutes grounds for initiating disciplinary action shall file a written complaint with the Board within 30 days after becoming aware of the conduct.
- [2.] 3. Any hospital, clinic or other medical facility licensed in this State, or medical society, shall report to the Board any change in an osteopathic physician's privileges to practice osteopathic medicine while the osteopathic physician is under investigation and the outcome of any disciplinary action taken by that facility or society against the osteopathic physician concerning the care of a patient or the competency of the osteopathic physician within 30 days after the change in privileges is made or disciplinary action is taken. The Board shall report any failure to comply with this subsection by a hospital, clinic or other medical facility licensed in this State to the Health Division of the Department of Health and Human Services. If, after a hearing, the Health Division determines that any such facility or society failed to comply with the requirements of this subsection, the Division may impose an administrative fine of not more than \$10,000 against the facility or society for each such failure to report. If the administrative fine is not paid when due, the fine must be recovered in a civil action brought by the Attorney General on behalf of the Division.
- [3.] 4. The clerk of every court shall report to the Board any finding. judgment or other determination of the court that an osteopathic physician or physician assistant:
  - (a) Is a person with mental illness;
  - (b) Is a person with mental incompetence;

- (c) Has been convicted of a felony or any law governing controlled substances or dangerous drugs;
- (d) Is guilty of abuse or fraud under any state or federal program providing medical assistance; or
  - (e) Is liable for damages for malpractice or negligence,
- → within 45 days after such a finding, judgment or determination is made.
- [4.] 5. On or before January 15 of each year, the clerk of every court shall submit to the Office of Court Administrator created pursuant to NRS 1.320 a written report compiling the information that the clerk reported during the previous year to the Board regarding osteopathic physicians pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection [3.] 4.

Sec. 75. NRS 633.561 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 633.561 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 622A of NRS, if the Board or a member of the Board designated to review a complaint pursuant to NRS 633.541 has reason to believe that the conduct of an osteopathic physician has raised a reasonable question as to his competence to practice osteopathic medicine with reasonable skill and safety to patients, the Board or the member designated by the Board may require the osteopathic physician to submit to a mental or physical examination by physicians designated by the Board. If the osteopathic physician participates in a diversion program, the diversion program may exchange with any authorized member of the staff of the Board any information concerning the recovery and participation of the osteopathic physician in the diversion program. As used in this subsection, "diversion program" means a program approved by the Board to correct an osteopathic physician's alcohol or drug dependence or any other impairment.
  - 2. For the purposes of this section:
- (a) Every physician who is licensed under this chapter who accepts the privilege of practicing osteopathic medicine in this State shall be deemed to have given his consent to submit to a mental or physical examination if directed to do so in writing by the Board.
- (b) The testimony or examination reports of the examining physicians are not privileged communications.
- 3. Except in extraordinary circumstances, as determined by the Board, the failure of a physician who is licensed under this chapter to submit to an examination if directed as provided in this section constitutes an admission of the charges against him.

Sec. 75.5. NRS 633.581 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 633.581 <u>1. If an investigation by the Board regarding an osteopathic physician reasonably determines that the health, safety or welfare of the public or any patient served by the osteopathic physician is at risk of imminent or continued harm, the Board may summarily suspend the license of the osteopathic physician. The order of summary suspension may be issued by the Board, an investigative committee of the Board or the Executive Director of the Board after consultation with the President, Vice President or Secretary-Treasurer of the Board.</u>
- 2. If the Board issues an order summarily suspending the license of an osteopathic physician pursuant to subsection 1, the Board shall hold a hearing regarding the matter not later than 45 days after the date on which the Board issues the order summarily suspending the license unless the Board and the licensee mutually agree to a longer period.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 622A of NRS, if the Board issues an order summarily suspending the license of an osteopathic physician

pending proceedings for disciplinary action and requires the physician to submit to a mental or physical examination or a medical competency examination, the examination shall be conducted and the results obtained not later than 60 days after the Board issues its order.

Sec. 76. NRS 633.625 is hereby amended to read as follows:
633.625 1. Any [osteopathic physician] licensee against whom the Board initiates disciplinary action pursuant to this chapter shall, within 30 days after the [osteopathic physician's] licensee's receipt of notification of the initiation of the

- 633.625 1. Any [osteopathie physician] licensee against whom the Board initiates disciplinary action pursuant to this chapter shall, within 30 days after the [osteopathie physician's] licensee's receipt of notification of the initiation of the disciplinary action, submit to the Board a complete set of his fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report.
- 2. The willful failure of [an osteopathic physician] a licensee to comply with the requirements of subsection 1 constitutes additional grounds for disciplinary action and the revocation of the license of the [osteopathic physician.] licensee.
- 3. The Board has additional grounds for initiating disciplinary action against [an osteopathic physician] a licensee if the report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation indicates that the [osteopathic physician] licensee has been convicted of:
  - (a) An act that is a ground for disciplinary action pursuant to NRS 633.511; or
  - (b) A felony set forth in NRS 633.741.

- **Sec. 77.** NRS 633.651 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.651 1. If the Board finds a person guilty in a disciplinary proceeding, it shall by order take one or more of the following actions:
- (a) Place the person on probation for a specified period or until further order of the Board.
  - (b) Administer to the person a public reprimand.
- (c) Limit the practice of the person to, or by the exclusion of, one or more specified branches of osteopathic medicine.
- (d) Suspend the license of the person to practice osteopathic medicine for a specified period or until further order of the Board.
  - (e) Revoke the license of the person to practice osteopathic medicine.
  - (f) Impose a fine not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation.
  - (g) Require supervision of the practice of the person.
  - (h) Require the person to perform community service without compensation.
- (i) Require the person to complete any training or educational requirements specified by the Board.
- (j) Require the person to participate in a program to correct alcohol or drug dependence or any other impairment.
- The order of the Board may contain [such] any other terms, provisions or conditions as the Board deems proper and which are not inconsistent with law.
  - 2. The Board shall not administer a private reprimand.
- 3. An order that imposes discipline and the findings of fact and conclusions of law supporting that order are public records.
  - **Sec. 78.** NRS 633.691 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 633.691 In addition to any other immunity provided by the provisions of chapter 622A of NRS, the Board, a medical review panel of a hospital, a hearing officer, a panel of the Board, an employee or volunteer of a diversion program specified in NRS 633.561, or any person who or other organization which initiates or assists in any lawful investigation or proceeding concerning the discipline of an osteopathic physician for gross malpractice, [repeated] malpractice, professional incompetence or unprofessional conduct is immune from any civil action for such

 initiation or assistance or any consequential damages, if the person or organization acted without malicious intent.

**Sec. 78.1.** Chapter 641 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

"National examination" means the Examination for Professional Practice in Psychology in the form administered by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards and approved for use in this State by the Board.

**Sec. 78.2.** NRS 641.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

641.020 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 641.021 to 641.027, inclusive, *and section 78.1 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

**Sec. 78.3.** NRS 641.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:

641.160 *1*. Each person desiring a license must [make]:

- (a) Make application to the Board upon a form, and in a manner, prescribed by the Board. The application must be accompanied by the application fee prescribed by the Board and include all information required to complete the application.
  - (b) As part of his application and at his own expense:
- (1) Arrange to have a complete set of his fingerprints taken by a law enforcement agency or other authorized entity acceptable to the Board; and
  - (2) Submit to the Board:
- (I) A complete set of fingerprints and written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a report on the applicant's background, and to such other law enforcement agencies as the Board deems necessary for a report on the applicant's background; or
- (II) Written verification, on a form prescribed by the Board, stating that the set of fingerprints of the applicant was taken and directly forwarded electronically or by other means to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and that the applicant provided written permission authorizing the law enforcement agency or other authorized entity taking the fingerprints to submit the fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a report on the applicant's background, and to such other law enforcement agencies as the Board deems necessary for a report on the applicant's background.
  - 2. The Board may:
- (a) Unless the applicant's fingerprints are directly forwarded pursuant to sub-subparagraph (II) of subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) of subsection 1, submit those fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and to such other law enforcement agencies as the Board deems necessary; and
- (b) Request from each agency to which the Board submits the fingerprints any information regarding the applicant's background as the Board deems necessary.
- 3. An application is not considered complete and received for purposes of evaluation pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 641.170 until the Board receives a complete set of fingerprints or verification that the fingerprints have been forwarded electronically or by other means to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History, and written authorization from the applicant pursuant to this section.

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**Sec. 78.4.** NRS 641.180 is hereby amended to read as follows:

641.180 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and NRS 641.190, each applicant for a license must pass the [Examination for the Professional Practice of Psychology in the form administered by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards and approved for use in this State by the Board.] national examination. In addition to [this written] the national examination, the Board may require an forall examination in whatever applied or theoretical fields it deems appropriate.

2. The examination must be given at least once a year, and may be given more often if deemed necessary by the Board. The examination must be given at a

time and place, and under such supervision, as the Board may determine.

3.1 The Board shall notify each applicant of the results of his [written] national examination and [supply him with a copy of all material information about those results provided to the Board by the Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards.

- 4. If an applicant fails the examination, he may request in writing that the Board review his examination.
- 5. any other examination required pursuant to subsection 1.
- 3. The Board may waive the requirement of [a written] the national examination for a person who:
  - (a) Is licensed in another state:
  - (b) Has at least 10 [years] years' experience; and
- (c) Is a diplomate in the American Board of Professional Psychology or a fellow in the American Psychological Association, or who has other equivalent status as determined by the Board.

**Sec. 78.5.** NRS 641.370 is hereby amended to read as follows:

641.370 1. The Board shall charge and collect not more than the following fees respectively:

For the [written] national examination, in addition to the actual cost to the Board of the examination	\$100
For [the special oral] any other examination [,] required	φ100
pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of NRS	
641.180, in addition to the actual costs to the Board of	
the examination	100
For the issuance of an initial license	25
For the biennial renewal of a license	500
For the restoration of a license suspended for the	
nonpayment of the biennial fee for the renewal of a	
license	100
For the registration of a firm, partnership or corporation	
which engages in or offers to engage in the practice of	
psychology	300
For the registration of a nonresident to practice as a	
consultant	100
Consummit	100

2. An applicant who passes the *national* examination and *any other* examination required pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 641.180 and who is eligible for a license shall pay the biennial fee for the renewal of a license, which must be prorated for the period from the date the license is issued to the end of the biennium.

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2. A person convicted of an assault shall be punished:

3. In addition to the fees set forth in subsection 1, the Board may charge and collect a fee for the expedited processing of a request or for any other incidental service it provides. The fee must not exceed the cost to provide the service.

**Sec. 79.** NRS 652.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

652.210 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 and NRS 126.121, no person other than a licensed physician, a licensed optometrist, a licensed practical nurse, a registered nurse, a *perfusionist*, a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, a certified intermediate emergency medical technician, a certified advanced emergency medical technician, a practitioner of respiratory care licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS or a licensed dentist may manipulate a person for the collection of specimens.

2. The technical personnel of a laboratory may collect blood, remove stomach contents, perform certain diagnostic skin tests or field blood tests or collect material for smears and cultures.

**Sec. 80.** NRS 200.471 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. As used in this section: 200.471

- (a) "Assault" means intentionally placing another person in reasonable apprehension of immediate bodily harm.
  - (b) "Officer" means:
    - (1) A person who possesses some or all of the powers of a peace officer;
- (2) A person employed in a full-time salaried occupation of fire fighting for the benefit or safety of the public;
  - (3) A member of a volunteer fire department;
  - (4) A jailer, guard, matron or other correctional officer of a city or county
- jail; (5) A justice of the Supreme Court, district judge, justice of the peace, municipal judge, magistrate, court commissioner, master or referee, including a person acting pro tempore in a capacity listed in this subparagraph; or
- (6) An employee of the State or a political subdivision of the State whose official duties require him to make home visits.
- (c) "Provider of health care" means a physician, a *perfusionist or a* physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 of NRS, a practitioner of respiratory care, a homeopathic physician, an advanced practitioner of homeopathy, a homeopathic assistant, an osteopathic physician, a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 633 of NRS, a podiatric physician, a podiatry hygienist, a physical therapist, a medical laboratory technician, an optometrist, a chiropractor, a chiropractor's assistant, a doctor of Oriental medicine, a nurse, a student nurse, a certified nursing assistant, a nursing assistant trainee, a dentist, a dental hygienist, a pharmacist, an intern pharmacist, an attendant on an ambulance or air ambulance, a psychologist, a social worker, a marriage and family therapist, a marriage and family therapist intern, a clinical professional counselor, a clinical professional counselor intern and an emergency medical technician.
- (d) "School employee" means a licensed or unlicensed person employed by a board of trustees of a school district pursuant to NRS 391.100.
  - (e) "Sporting event" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 41.630.
  - (f) "Sports official" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 41.630.
  - (g) "Taxicab" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 706.8816.
  - (h) "Taxicab driver" means a person who operates a taxicab.
- (i) "Transit operator" means a person who operates a bus or other vehicle as part of a public mass transportation system.

- (a) If paragraph (c) or (d) does not apply to the circumstances of the crime and the assault is not made with the use of a deadly weapon, or the present ability to use a deadly weapon, for a misdemeanor.
- (b) If the assault is made with the use of a deadly weapon, or the present ability to use a deadly weapon, for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.
- (c) If paragraph (d) does not apply to the circumstances of the crime and if the assault is committed upon an officer, a provider of health care, a school employee, a taxicab driver or a transit operator who is performing his duty or upon a sports official based on the performance of his duties at a sporting event, and the person charged knew or should have known that the victim was an officer, a provider of health care, a school employee, a taxicab driver, a transit operator or a sports official, for a gross misdemeanor, unless the assault is made with the use of a deadly weapon, or the present ability to use a deadly weapon, then for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.
- (d) If the assault is committed upon an officer, a provider of health care, a school employee, a taxicab driver or a transit operator who is performing his duty or upon a sports official based on the performance of his duties at a sporting event by a probationer, a prisoner who is in lawful custody or confinement or a parolee, and the probationer, prisoner or parolee charged knew or should have known that the victim was an officer, a provider of health care, a school employee, a taxicab driver, a transit operator or a sports official, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130, unless the assault is made with the use of a deadly weapon, or the present ability to use a deadly weapon, then for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.
  - **Sec. 81.** NRS 200.5093 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 200.5093 1. Any person who is described in subsection 4 and who, in his professional or occupational capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that an older person has been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated shall:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, report the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of the older person to:
- (1) The local office of the Aging Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services;
  - (2) A police department or sheriff's office;
- (3) The county soffice for protective services, if one exists in the county where the suspected action occurred; or
- (4) A toll-free telephone service designated by the Aging Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services; and
- (b) Make such a report as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the older person has been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated.
- 2. If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of the older person involves an act or omission of the Aging Services Division, another division of the Department of Health and Human Services or a law enforcement agency, the person shall make the report to an agency other than the one alleged to have committed the act or omission.

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3. Each agency, after reducing a report to writing, shall forward a copy of the report to the Aging Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes.

4. A report must be made pursuant to subsection 1 by the following persons:

- (a) Every physician, dentist, dental hygienist, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatric physician, medical examiner, resident, intern, professional or practical nurse, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, perfusionist, psychiatrist, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor, alcohol and drug abuse counselor, athletic trainer, driver of an ambulance, advanced emergency medical technician or other person providing medical services licensed or certified to practice in this State, who examines, attends or treats an older person who appears to have been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated.
- (b) Any personnel of a hospital or similar institution engaged in the admission, examination, care or treatment of persons or an administrator, manager or other person in charge of a hospital or similar institution upon notification of the suspected abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of an older person by a member of the staff of the hospital.
  - (c) A coroner.
- (d) Every person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide personal care services in the home.
- (e) Every person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide nursing in the home.
- (f) Every person who operates, who is employed by or who contracts to provide services for an intermediary service organization as defined in NRS 426.218.
  - (g) Any employee of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (h) Any employee of a law enforcement agency or a county's office for protective services or an adult or juvenile probation officer.
- (i) Any person who maintains or is employed by a facility or establishment that provides care for older persons.
- (j) Any person who maintains, is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an agency or service which advises persons regarding the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of an older person and refers them to persons and agencies where their requests and needs can be met.
  - (k) Every social worker.
  - (l) Any person who owns or is employed by a funeral home or mortuary.
  - A report may be made by any other person.
- If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that an older person has died as a result of abuse, neglect or isolation, the person shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, report this belief to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner, who shall investigate the cause of death of the older person and submit to the appropriate local law enforcement agencies, the appropriate prosecuting attorney, the Aging Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes his written findings. The written findings must include the information required pursuant to the provisions of NRS 200.5094, when possible.
- 7. A division, office or department which receives a report pursuant to this section shall cause the investigation of the report to commence within 3 working days. A copy of the final report of the investigation conducted by a division, office or department, other than the Aging Services Division of the Department of Health

and Human Services, must be forwarded to the Aging Services Division within 90 days after the completion of the report, and a copy of any final report of an investigation must be forwarded to the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes within 90 days after completion of the report.

- 8. If the investigation of a report results in the belief that an older person is abused, neglected, exploited or isolated, the Aging Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services or the county's office for protective services may provide protective services to the older person if he is able and willing to accept them.
- 9. A person who knowingly and willfully violates any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 10. As used in this section, "Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes" means the Unit for the Investigation and Prosecution of Crimes Against Older Persons in the Office of the Attorney General created pursuant to NRS 228.265.
  - **Sec. 82.** NRS 200.50935 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 200.50935 1. Any person who is described in subsection 3 and who, in his professional or occupational capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a vulnerable person has been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated shall:
- (a) Report the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of the vulnerable person to a law enforcement agency; and
- (b) Make such a report as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the vulnerable person has been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated.
- 2. If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of the vulnerable person involves an act or omission of a law enforcement agency, the person shall make the report to a law enforcement agency other than the one alleged to have committed the act or omission.
  - 3. A report must be made pursuant to subsection 1 by the following persons:
- (a) Every physician, dentist, dental hygienist, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatric physician, medical examiner, resident, intern, professional or practical nurse, *perfusionist*, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, psychiatrist, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor, athletic trainer, driver of an ambulance, advanced emergency medical technician or other person providing medical services licensed or certified to practice in this State, who examines, attends or treats a vulnerable person who appears to have been abused, neglected, exploited or isolated.
- (b) Any personnel of a hospital or similar institution engaged in the admission, examination, care or treatment of persons or an administrator, manager or other person in charge of a hospital or similar institution upon notification of the suspected abuse, neglect, exploitation or isolation of a vulnerable person by a member of the staff of the hospital.
  - (c) A coroner.
- (d) Every person who maintains or is employed by an agency to provide nursing in the home.
  - (e) Any employee of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (f) Any employee of a law enforcement agency or an adult or juvenile probation officer.
- (g) Any person who maintains or is employed by a facility or establishment that provides care for vulnerable persons.

2 agency or service which advises persons regarding the abuse, neglect, exploitation 3 or isolation of a vulnerable person and refers them to persons and agencies where 4 their requests and needs can be met. 5

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- (i) Every social worker.
- (i) Any person who owns or is employed by a funeral home or mortuary.

(h) Any person who maintains, is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an

- A report may be made by any other person.
- If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a vulnerable person has died as a result of abuse, neglect or isolation, the person shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, report this belief to the appropriate medical examiner or coroner, who shall investigate the cause of death of the vulnerable person and submit to the appropriate local law enforcement agencies and the appropriate prosecuting attorney his written findings. The written findings must include the information required pursuant to the provisions of NRS 200.5094, when possible.
- 6. A law enforcement agency which receives a report pursuant to this section shall immediately initiate an investigation of the report.
- A person who knowingly and willfully violates any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- **Sec. 83.** NRS 372.7285 is hereby amended to read as follows: 372.7285 1. In administering the provisions of NRS 372.325, the Department shall apply the exemption to the sale of a medical device to a governmental entity that is exempt pursuant to that section without regard to whether the person using the medical device or the governmental entity that purchased the device is deemed to be the holder of title to the device if:
- (a) The medical device was ordered or prescribed by a provider of health care, within his scope of practice, for use by the person to whom it is provided;
  - (b) The medical device is covered by Medicaid or Medicare; and
- (c) The purchase of the medical device is made pursuant to a contract between the governmental entity that purchases the medical device and the person who sells the medical device to the governmental entity.
  - 2. As used in this section:
- (a) "Medicaid" means the program established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396 et seq., to provide assistance for part or all of the cost of medical care rendered on behalf of indigent persons.
- (b) "Medicare" means the program of health insurance for aged persons and persons with disabilities established pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395 et seq.
- (c) "Provider of health care" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630, 630A or 633 of NRS, *perfusionist*, dentist, licensed nurse, dispensing optician, optometrist, practitioner of respiratory care, registered physical therapist, podiatric physician, licensed psychologist, licensed audiologist, licensed speech pathologist, licensed hearing aid specialist, licensed marriage and family therapist, licensed clinical professional counselor, chiropractor or doctor of Oriental medicine in any form.
  - **Sec. 84.** NRS 374.731 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 374.731 1. In administering the provisions of NRS 374.330, the Department shall apply the exemption to the sale of a medical device to a governmental entity that is exempt pursuant to that section without regard to whether the person using the medical device or the governmental entity that purchased the device is deemed to be the holder of title to the device if:

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- (a) The medical device was ordered or prescribed by a provider of health care, within his scope of practice, for use by the person to whom it is provided;
  - (b) The medical device is covered by Medicaid or Medicare; and
- (c) The purchase of the medical device is made pursuant to a contract between the governmental entity that purchases the medical device and the person who sells the medical device to the governmental entity.
  - 2. As used in this section:
- (a) "Medicaid" means the program established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1396 et seq., to provide assistance for part or all of the cost of medical care rendered on behalf of indigent persons.
- (b) "Medicare" means the program of health insurance for aged persons and persons with disabilities established pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 1395 et seq.
- (c) "Provider of health care" means a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 630, 630A or 633 of NRS, *perfusionist*, dentist, licensed nurse, dispensing optician, optometrist, practitioner of respiratory care, registered physical therapist, podiatric physician, licensed psychologist, licensed audiologist, licensed speech pathologist, licensed hearing aid specialist, licensed marriage and family therapist, licensed clinical professional counselor, chiropractor or doctor of Oriental medicine in any form.
  - **Sec. 85.** NRS 432B.220 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 432B.220 1. Any person who is described in subsection 4 and who, in his professional or occupational capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child has been abused or neglected shall:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, report the abuse or neglect of the child to an agency which provides child welfare services or to a law enforcement agency; and
- (b) Make such a report as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the child has been abused or neglected.
- 2. If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the abuse or neglect of the child involves an act or omission of:
- (a) A person directly responsible or serving as a volunteer for or an employee of a public or private home, institution or facility where the child is receiving child care outside of his home for a portion of the day, the person shall make the report to a law enforcement agency.
- (b) An agency which provides child welfare services or a law enforcement agency, the person shall make the report to an agency other than the one alleged to have committed the act or omission, and the investigation of the abuse or neglect of the child must be made by an agency other than the one alleged to have committed the act or omission.
- 3. Any person who is described in paragraph (a) of subsection 4 who delivers or provides medical services to a newborn infant and who, in his professional or occupational capacity, knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the newborn infant has been affected by prenatal illegal substance abuse or has withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure shall, as soon as reasonably practicable but not later than 24 hours after the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the newborn infant is so affected or has such symptoms, notify an agency which provides child welfare services of the condition of the infant and refer each person who is responsible for the welfare of the infant to an agency which provides child welfare services for appropriate counseling, training or other

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- services. A notification and referral to an agency which provides child welfare services pursuant to this subsection shall not be construed to require prosecution for any illegal action.
  - A report must be made pursuant to subsection 1 by the following persons:
- (a) A physician, dentist, dental hygienist, chiropractor, optometrist, podiatric physician, medical examiner, resident, intern, professional or practical nurse, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, perfusionist, psychiatrist, psychologist, marriage and family therapist, clinical professional counselor, clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor, alcohol and drug abuse counselor, clinical social worker, athletic trainer, advanced emergency medical technician or other person providing medical services licensed or certified in this State.
- (b) Any personnel of a hospital or similar institution engaged in the admission, examination, care or treatment of persons or an administrator, manager or other person in charge of a hospital or similar institution upon notification of suspected abuse or neglect of a child by a member of the staff of the hospital.
  - (c) A coroner.
- (d) A clergyman, practitioner of Christian Science or religious healer, unless he has acquired the knowledge of the abuse or neglect from the offender during a confession.
- (e) A social worker and an administrator, teacher, librarian or counselor of a school.
- (f) Any person who maintains or is employed by a facility or establishment that provides care for children, children's camp or other public or private facility. institution or agency furnishing care to a child.
  - (g) Any person licensed to conduct a foster home.
- (h) Any officer or employee of a law enforcement agency or an adult or juvenile probation officer.
- (i) An attorney, unless he has acquired the knowledge of the abuse or neglect from a client who is or may be accused of the abuse or neglect.
- (j) Any person who maintains, is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an agency or service which advises persons regarding abuse or neglect of a child and refers them to persons and agencies where their requests and needs can be met.
- (k) Any person who is employed by or serves as a volunteer for an approved youth shelter. As used in this paragraph, "approved youth shelter" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 244.422.
- (1) Any adult person who is employed by an entity that provides organized activities for children.
  - 5. A report may be made by any other person.
- 6. If a person who is required to make a report pursuant to subsection 1 knows or has reasonable cause to believe that a child has died as a result of abuse or neglect, the person shall, as soon as reasonably practicable, report this belief to an agency which provides child welfare services or a law enforcement agency. If such a report is made to a law enforcement agency, the law enforcement agency shall notify an agency which provides child welfare services and the appropriate medical examiner or coroner of the report. If such a report is made to an agency which provides child welfare services, the agency which provides child welfare services shall notify the appropriate medical examiner or coroner of the report. The medical examiner or coroner who is notified of a report pursuant to this subsection shall investigate the report and submit his written findings to the appropriate agency which provides child welfare services, the appropriate district attorney and a law

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enforcement agency. The written findings must include, if obtainable, the information required pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of NRS 432B.230.

- Sec. 85.5. Section 67 of this act is hereby amended to read as follows:

  Sec. 67. 1. If the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may issue to the person a letter of warning, a letter of concern or a nonpunitive admonishment at any time before the Board initiates any disciplinary proceedings against the person.
  - 2. The issuance of such a letter or admonishment:
  - (a) Does not preclude the Board from initiating any disciplinary proceedings against the person or taking any disciplinary action against the person based on any conduct alleged or described in the letter or admonishment or any other conduct; and
  - (b) Does not constitute a final decision of the Board and is not subject to judicial review.
  - [3. In addition to any action taken pursuant to subsection 1, if the Board has reason to believe that a person has violated or is violating any provision of this chapter, the Board or any investigative committee of the Board may negotiate a remediation agreement with the person. remediation agreement must include, for each violation, a statement pecifying each provision of this chapter or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter that the Board has reason to believe that the person has violated or is violating. The remediation agreement must also set forth the term conditions specified by the Board or an investigative committee, including, without limitation, provisions that:
  - (a) Address each violation of this chapter that is at issue; and
  - (b) Remediate or improve the practice of the person relating
  - A remediation agreement that is negotiated by an investigative committee of the Board must be presented to the Board for approval. remediation agreement presented to the Board pursuant to this subsection public record. The Board shall ensure that all identifying information egarding each person who is subject to the remediation a removed. The remediation agreement becomes effective immediately up approval of the remediation agreement by the Board. If the Board does not approve the remediation agreement, the Board shall refer the matter to the investigative committee that presented the remediation agreement Board. The investigative committee may further proceed with the matter as
  - 5. A remediation agreement entered into pursuant to this section does not constitute disciplinary action against any person who is subject to the remediation agreement and is not reportable to any national database. If the person violates a provision of the remediation agreement, the Board or the investigative committee of the Board with whom the remediation agreement was negotiated may take any action it deems appropriate, including, without limitation, initiating disciplinary proceedings against the
  - 6. The Board shall adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.1
- Sec. 86. Section 121 of chapter 413, Statutes of Nevada 2007, at page 1869, is hereby amended to read as follows:
  - Sec. 121. 1. This act becomes effective:

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- (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and
  - (b) On January 1, 2008, for all other purposes.
- 2. [The amendatory provisions of section 7 of this act expire by limitation on January 1, 2012.
- 3. Sections 11 and 25 of this act expire by limitation on January 1, 2012.
- **Sec. 87.** NRS 630.175 and 630.348 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 88. Section 7 of chapter 413, Statutes of Nevada 2007, at page 1825, is hereby repealed.
  - Sec. 89. Notwithstanding the amendatory provisions of this act:
- 1. A person may be licensed as a perfusionist without complying with the provisions of section 8 of this act if the person:
  - (a) Is employed or otherwise working as a perfusionist on July 1, 2009;
- (b) Has been operating cardiopulmonary bypass systems during cardiac surgical cases in a licensed health care facility as his primary function for at least 6 of the 8 years immediately preceding the date of application; and
  - (c) Before July 1, 2010, submits to the Board of Medical Examiners:
- (1) An application for a license to practice perfusion on a form provided by the Board:
  - (2) The required fee established by the Board for the license; and
- (3) The information required pursuant to NRS 630.197, unless that section has expired by limitation and is no longer in effect.
- 2. If a person is employed or otherwise working as a perfusionist on July 1, 2009, but the person does not meet the qualifications to be licensed as a perfusionist pursuant to subsection 1 or, if so qualified, fails to obtain a license as a perfusionist pursuant to subsection 1, the person:
- (a) May continue to practice perfusion in this State until June 30, 2010, without holding a license to practice perfusion issued by the Board of Medical Examiners;
- (b) Must, if the person wishes to continue to practice perfusion in this State on or after July 1, 2010, hold a license to practice perfusion issued by the Board.
  - **Sec. 90.** A person who, on October 1, 2009:
- 1. Is the holder of a valid restricted license issued pursuant to NRS 630.262 and who is otherwise qualified to hold such a license on that date shall be deemed to hold an authorized facility license issued pursuant to that section, as amended by section 38 of this act.
- 2. Is the holder of a valid license as a practitioner of respiratory care pursuant to NRS 630.277 and who is otherwise qualified to practice respiratory care on that date shall be deemed to hold such a license issued pursuant to that section, as amended by section 40 of this act.
- **Sec. 91.** 1. This section and sections 27, 78.1 to 78.5, inclusive, 86, 88 and 89 of this act become effective upon passage and approval.
- 2. Sections 1, 2, 13.5, 14, 17, 18, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, 30, 31, 32, 35 to 38.5, inclusive, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 47, 48, 49, 53, 54, 54.5, 57, 58, 66 to 69, inclusive, 70.5, 71 to 74, inclusive, 74.7 to 78, inclusive, 87 and 90 of this act become effective:
- (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting regulations and performing any preliminary administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and
- (b) On October 1, 2009, for all other purposes.

- 3. Sections [1.7, 3 to 13, inclusive, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 24, 29, 33, 39, 45, 2 46, 50, 51, 52, 55, 59 to 65, inclusive, 70 and 79 to 85, inclusive, of this act become 3 effective: 4 (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting regulations and 5
  - performing any preliminary administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and

(b) On July 1, 2010, for all other purposes.

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Sections 2, 14, 17, 18, 22, 23, 25, 26, 28, lusive. 87 and 90 of this act become effective on October 1, 2009.1

4. Sections 1.3, 23.5, 41.5, 42.5, 70.7, 74.5 and 85.5 of this act become effective on July 1, 2011.

- 5. Section 33 of this act expires by limitation on the date which the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 666 requiring each state to establish procedures under which the state has authority to withhold or suspend, or to restrict the use of professional, occupational and recreational licenses of persons who:
- (a) Have failed to comply with a subpoena or warrant relating to a procedure to determine the paternity of a child or to establish or enforce an obligation for the support of a child; or
  - (b) Are in arrears in the payment of the support of one or more children,

⇒ are repealed by the Congress of the United States.

- [5.] 6. Section 34 of this act becomes effective on the date on which the provisions of 42 U.S.C. § 666 requiring each state to establish procedures under which the state has authority to withhold or suspend, or to restrict the use of professional, occupational and recreational licenses of persons who:
- (a) Have failed to comply with a subpoena or warrant relating to a proceeding to determine the paternity of a child or to establish or enforce an obligation for the support of a child; or
  - (b) Are in arrears in the payment of the support of one or more children,

⇒ are repealed by the Congress of the United States.

- [6.] 7. Sections 34 and 60 of this act expire by limitation on the date 2 years after the date on which the provision of 42 U.S.C. § 666 requiring each state to establish procedures under which the state has authority to withhold or suspend, or to restrict the use of professional, occupational and recreational licenses of persons
- (a) Have failed to comply with a subpoena or warrant relating to a proceeding to determine the paternity of a child or to establish or enforce an obligation for the support of a child; or
- (b) Are in arrears in the payment for the support of one or more children, ⇒ are repealed by the Congress of the United States.

## LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS OF NRS AND TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION OF STATUTES OF NEVADA

630.175 Reporting of certain additional information concerning application.

630.348 Standards for revocation of license.

## Section 7 of chapter 413, Statutes of Nevada 2007:

Sec. 7. NRS 630.1605 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 630.1605 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 630.161, the Board [may] shall, except for good cause, issue a license by endorsement to practice medicine to an applicant who has been issued a license to practice medicine by the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States if:
- [1.] (a) At the time the applicant files his application with the Board, the license is in effect [:

2. The applicant:

- (a) Submits to the Board proof of passage of an examination approved by the Board;
- (b) Submits to the Board any documentation and other proof of qualifications required by the Board;
- (c) Meets all of the statutory requirements for licensure to practice medicine in effect at the time of application except for the requirements set forth in NRS 630.160; and
- (d) Completes any additional requirements relating to the fitness of the applicant to practice required by the Board; and
- 3. Any documentation and other proof of qualifications required by the Board is authenticated in a manner approved by the Board.] and unrestricted; and
  - (b) The applicant:
- (1) Is currently certified by a specialty board of the American Board of Medical Specialties and was certified or recertified within the past 10 years;
- (2) Has had no adverse actions reported to the National Practitioner Data Bank within the past 10 years;
- (3) Has been continuously and actively engaged in the practice of medicine within his specialty for the past 5 years;
- (4) Is not involved in and does not have pending any disciplinary action concerning his license to practice medicine in the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States;
- (5) Provides information on all the medical malpractice claims brought against him, without regard to when the claims were filed or how the claims were resolved; and
- (6) Meets all statutory requirements to obtain a license to practice medicine in this State except that the applicant is not required to meet the requirements set forth in NRS 630.160.
- 2. A license by endorsement may be issued at a meeting of the Board or between its meetings by its President and Executive Director. Such an action shall be deemed to be an action of the Board.