### SENATE BILL NO. 324–SENATOR SCHNEIDER

## MARCH 16, 2009

#### Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to industrial insurance. (BDR 53-1064)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to industrial insurance; revising provisions for assessments imposed on certain insurers; revising provisions relating to administrative fines and penalties for certain violations; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

**Section 1** of this bill provides for the doubling of penalties against insurers, organizations for managed care, health care providers, third-party administrators and employers for serious injury claims. (NRS 616D.120) Those claims are defined as a claim where medical costs exceed \$100,000 or where the injured worker died as a proximate result of the injury. **Section 2** of this bill requires the Administrator of the Division of Industrial Relations of the Department of Business and Industry to provide in the regulations that establish the formula for assessments against insurers and employers for the support of the Division for an increase or decrease to the assessment rates of insurers and employers based on whether any penalties were imposed against the insurer or employer for violations. (NRS 232.680)

# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 616D.120 is hereby amended to read as follows:

616D.120 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if the Administrator determines that an insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer has:





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- (a) Induced a claimant to fail to report an accidental injury or occupational disease;
  - (b) Without justification, persuaded a claimant to:
    - (1) Settle for an amount which is less than reasonable;
- (2) Settle for an amount which is less than reasonable while a hearing or an appeal is pending; or
- (3) Accept less than the compensation found to be due him by a hearing officer, appeals officer, court of competent jurisdiction, written settlement agreement, written stipulation or the Division when carrying out its duties pursuant to chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS;
- (c) Refused to pay or unreasonably delayed payment to a claimant of compensation or other relief found to be due him by a hearing officer, appeals officer, court of competent jurisdiction, written settlement agreement, written stipulation or the Division when carrying out its duties pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS, if the refusal or delay occurs:
- (1) Later than 10 days after the date of the settlement agreement or stipulation;
- (2) Later than 30 days after the date of the decision of a court, hearing officer, appeals officer or the Division, unless a stay has been granted; or
- (3) Later than 10 days after a stay of the decision of a court, hearing officer, appeals officer or the Division has been lifted;
- (d) Refused to process a claim for compensation pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS;
- (e) Made it necessary for a claimant to initiate proceedings pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS for compensation or other relief found to be due him by a hearing officer, appeals officer, court of competent jurisdiction, written settlement agreement, written stipulation or the Division when carrying out its duties pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS;
- (f) Failed to comply with the Division's regulations covering the payment of an assessment relating to the funding of costs of administration of chapters 616A to 617, inclusive, of NRS;
- (g) Failed to provide or unreasonably delayed payment to an injured employee or reimbursement to an insurer pursuant to NRS 616C.165; or
- (h) Intentionally failed to comply with any provision of, or regulation adopted pursuant to, this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS.
- → the Administrator shall impose an administrative fine of \$1,500 for each initial violation, or a fine of \$15,000 for a second or subsequent violation.





- 2. Except as otherwise provided in chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of NRS, if the Administrator determines that an insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer has failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, the Administrator may take any of the following actions:
  - (a) Issue a notice of correction for:

- (1) A minor violation, as defined by regulations adopted by the Division; or
- (2) A violation involving the payment of compensation in an amount which is greater than that required by any provision of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto.
- → The notice of correction must set forth with particularity the violation committed and the manner in which the violation may be corrected. The provisions of this section do not authorize the Administrator to modify or negate in any manner a determination or any portion of a determination made by a hearing officer, appeals officer or court of competent jurisdiction or a provision contained in a written settlement agreement or written stipulation.
  - (b) Impose an administrative fine for:
- (1) A second or subsequent violation for which a notice of correction has been issued pursuant to paragraph (a); or
- (2) Any other violation of this chapter or chapter 616A, 616B, 616C or 617 of NRS, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, for which a notice of correction may not be issued pursuant to paragraph (a).
- → The fine imposed must not be greater than \$375 for an initial violation, or more than \$1,500 for any second or subsequent violation.
- (c) Order a plan of corrective action to be submitted to the Administrator within 30 days after the date of the order.
- 3. If the Administrator determines that a violation of any of the provisions of paragraphs (a) to (e), inclusive, or (h) of subsection 1 has occurred, the Administrator shall order the insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, third-party administrator or employer to pay to the claimant a benefit penalty:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), in an amount that is not less than \$5,000 and not greater than \$37,500; or
- (b) Of \$3,000 if the violation involves a late payment of compensation or other relief to a claimant in an amount which is less than \$500 or which is not more than 14 days late.
- 4. To determine the amount of the benefit penalty, the Administrator shall consider the degree of physical harm suffered by





the injured employee or his dependents as a result of the violation of paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (h) of subsection 1, the amount of compensation found to be due the claimant and the number of fines and benefit penalties, other than a benefit penalty described in paragraph (b) of subsection 3, previously imposed against the 5 insurer, organization for managed care, health care provider, thirdparty administrator or employer pursuant to this section. If this is the third violation within 5 years for which a benefit penalty, other than a benefit penalty described in paragraph (b) of subsection 3, has been imposed against the insurer, organization for managed care, 10 health care provider, third-party administrator or employer, the 11 12 Administrator shall also consider the degree of economic harm 13 suffered by the injured employee or his dependents as a result of the 14 violation of paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (h) of subsection 1. 15 Except as otherwise provided in this section, the benefit penalty is 16 for the benefit of the claimant and must be paid directly to him 17 within 10 days after the date of the Administrator's determination. If 18 the claimant is the injured employee and he dies before the benefit penalty is paid to him, the benefit penalty must be paid to his estate. 19 20 Proof of the payment of the benefit penalty must be submitted to the 21 Administrator within 10 days after the date of his determination 22 unless an appeal is filed pursuant to NRS 616D.140. Any 23 compensation to which the claimant may otherwise be entitled 24 pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or chapter 617 of 25 NRS must not be reduced by the amount of any benefit penalty 26 received pursuant to this subsection. 27

- 5. In addition to any fine or benefit penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the Administrator may assess against an insurer who violates any regulation concerning the reporting of claims expenditures or premiums received that are used to calculate an assessment, an administrative penalty of up to twice the amount of any underpaid assessment.
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- (a) The Administrator determines that a person has violated any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200, 616D.220, 616D.240, 616D.300, 616D.310 or 616D.350 to 616D.440, inclusive; and
- (b) The Fraud Control Unit for Industrial Insurance of the Office of the Attorney General established pursuant to NRS 228.420 notifies the Administrator that the Unit will not prosecute the person for that violation,
- → the Administrator shall impose an administrative fine of not more than \$15,000.
- 7. Two or more fines of \$1,000 or more imposed in 1 year for acts enumerated in subsection 1 must be considered by the Commissioner as evidence for the withdrawal of:





- (a) A certificate to act as a self-insured employer.
- (b) A certificate to act as an association of self-insured public or private employers.
  - (c) A certificate of registration as a third-party administrator.
- 8. The Commissioner may, without complying with the provisions of NRS 616B.327 or 616B.431, withdraw the certification of a self-insured employer, association of self-insured public or private employers or third-party administrator if, after a hearing, it is shown that the self-insured employer, association of self-insured public or private employers or third-party administrator violated any provision of subsection 1.
- 9. If the Administrator determines that a vocational rehabilitation counselor has violated the provisions of NRS 616C.543, the Administrator may impose an administrative fine on the vocational rehabilitation counselor of not more than \$250 for a first violation, \$500 for a second violation and \$1,000 for a third or subsequent violation.
- 10. The Administrator shall double the fine for any violation under this section involving a serious injury claim, except that the violation must have occurred during or after a claim is deemed a serious injury claim.
  - 11. As used in this section, "serious injury claim" means:
- (a) A claim where the medical costs for treatment of an injury, excluding any other cost, exceeds \$100,000; or
- (b) A claim involving the death of an injured employee as the proximate result of an injury, regardless of the amount of medical costs incurred.
  - Sec. 2. NRS 232.680 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 232.680 1. The cost of carrying out the provisions of NRS 232.550 to 232.700, inclusive, and of supporting the Division, a full-time employee of the Legislative Counsel Bureau and the Fraud Control Unit for Industrial Insurance established pursuant to NRS 228.420, and that portion of the cost of the Office for Consumer Health Assistance established pursuant to NRS 223.550 that is related to providing assistance to consumers and injured employees concerning workers' compensation, must be paid from assessments payable by each insurer, including each employer who provides accident benefits for injured employees pursuant to NRS 616C.265.
- 2. The Administrator shall assess each insurer, including each employer who provides accident benefits for injured employees pursuant to NRS 616C.265. To establish the amount of the assessment, the Administrator shall determine the amount of money necessary for each of the expenses set forth in subsections 1 and 4 of this section and subsection 3 of NRS 616A.425 and determine the amount that is payable by the private carriers, the self-insured





employers, the associations of self-insured public or private employers and the employers who provide accident benefits pursuant to NRS 616C.265 for each of the programs. For the expenses from which more than one group of insurers receives benefit, the Administrator shall allocate a portion of the amount necessary for that expense to be payable by each of the relevant group of insurers, based upon the expected annual expenditures for claims of each group of insurers. After allocating the amounts payable among each group of insurers for all the expenses from which each group receives benefit, the Administrator shall apply an assessment rate to the:

- (a) Private carriers that reflects the relative hazard of the employments covered by the private carriers, results in an equitable distribution of costs among the private carriers and is based upon expected annual premiums to be received;
- (b) Self-insured employers that results in an equitable distribution of costs among the self-insured employers and is based upon expected annual expenditures for claims;
- (c) Associations of self-insured public or private employers that results in an equitable distribution of costs among the associations of self-insured public or private employers and is based upon expected annual expenditures for claims; and
- (d) Employers who provide accident benefits pursuant to NRS 616C.265 that reflect the relative hazard of the employments covered by those employers, results in an equitable distribution of costs among the employers and is based upon expected annual expenditures for claims.
- The Administrator shall adopt regulations that establish the formula for the assessment and for the administration of payment, and any penalties that the Administrator determines are necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection [.], which must include the penalty set forth in NRS 616D.130. The regulations must provide for an increase or decrease to the assessment rates of insurers and employers based on whether any penalties were imposed against the insurer or employer pursuant to NRS 616D.130. The formula may use actual expenditures for claims. As used in this subsection, the term "group of insurers" includes the group of employers who provide accident benefits for injured employees pursuant to NRS 616C.265.
  - 3. Federal grants may partially defray the costs of the Division.
- 4. Assessments made against insurers by the Division after the adoption of regulations must be used to defray all costs and expenses of administering the program of workers' compensation, including the payment of:





- (a) All salaries and other expenses in administering the Division, including the costs of the office and staff of the Administrator.
- (b) All salaries and other expenses of administering NRS 616A.435 to 616A.460, inclusive, the offices of the Hearings Division of the Department of Administration and the programs of self-insurance and review of premium rates by the Commissioner of Insurance.
- (c) The salary and other expenses of a full-time employee of the Legislative Counsel Bureau whose principal duties are limited to conducting research and reviewing and evaluating data related to industrial insurance.
- (d) All salaries and other expenses of the Fraud Control Unit for 13 Industrial Insurance established pursuant to NRS 228.420.
  - (e) Claims against uninsured employers arising from compliance with NRS 616C,220 and 617,401.
  - (f) That portion of the salaries and other expenses of the Office for Consumer Health Assistance established pursuant to NRS 223.550 that is related to providing assistance to consumers and injured employees concerning workers' compensation.
- 5. If the Division refunds any part of an assessment, the 20 Division shall include in that refund any interest earned by the 21 22 Division from the refunded part of the assessment.





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