

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 460—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 28, 2011

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing the death penalty.
(BDR 14-1125)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; revising provisions concerning sentencing in cases in which the death penalty is sought; revising provisions concerning the circumstances by which murder of the first degree may be aggravated; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law provides that if a jury is unable to reach a unanimous verdict upon
2 the sentence to be imposed in a case in which the death penalty is sought, the
3 district judge who conducted the trial or accepted the plea of guilty must sentence
4 the defendant to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or must impanel
5 a new jury to determine the sentence. (NRS 175.556) **Section 1** of this bill provides
6 that in such a situation when a jury is unable to reach a unanimous verdict upon the
7 sentence to be imposed, the district judge must sentence the defendant to life
8 imprisonment without the possibility of parole, life imprisonment with the
9 possibility of parole or a definite term of 50 years.

10 Existing law also provides that during the penalty hearing of a defendant who
11 has been found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of murder of the first degree, the
12 State generally may introduce evidence of certain additional aggravating
13 circumstances. The jury may only impose a sentence of death if it finds at least one
14 aggravating circumstance and finds that no mitigating circumstances exist which
15 are sufficient to outweigh any aggravating circumstance that is found. (NRS
16 175.552, 175.554) Existing law sets forth the circumstances by which murder of the
17 first degree may be aggravated. (NRS 200.033) **Section 2** of this bill revises various
18 provisions concerning these aggravating circumstances.



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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 175.556 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 175.556 1. In a case in which the death penalty is sought, if a
3 jury is unable to reach a unanimous verdict upon the sentence to be
4 imposed, the district judge who conducted the trial or accepted the
5 plea of guilty shall sentence the defendant to **imprisonment**:

6 (a) **For** life ~~[imprisonment]~~ without the possibility of parole ~~for~~
7 ~~impanel a new jury to determine the sentence.]~~;

8 (b) **For life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for**
9 **parole beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served; or**

10 (c) **For a definite term of 50 years, with eligibility for parole**
11 **beginning when a minimum of 20 years has been served.**

12 2. In a case in which the death penalty is not sought, if a jury is
13 unable to reach a unanimous verdict upon the sentence to be
14 imposed, the trial judge shall impose the sentence.

15 **Sec. 2.** NRS 200.033 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 200.033 The only circumstances by which murder of the first
17 degree may be aggravated are:

18 1. The murder was committed by a person ~~under sentence of~~
19 ~~imprisonment.]~~ **incarcerated in a correctional institution or**
20 **facility.**

21 2. The murder was committed by a person who, **in a separate**
22 **proceeding**, at any time before a penalty hearing is conducted for
23 the murder pursuant to NRS 175.552, is or has been convicted of:

24 (a) Another murder and the provisions of subsection ~~[12]~~ **11** do
25 not otherwise apply to that other murder; or

26 (b) ~~[A felony]~~ **Two or more felonies** involving the use or threat
27 of violence to the person of another and the provisions of subsection
28 4 do not otherwise apply to ~~[that felony.]~~ **those felonies.**

29 ➔ For the purposes of this subsection, a person shall be deemed to
30 have been convicted at the time the jury verdict of guilt is rendered
31 or upon pronouncement of guilt by a judge or judges sitting without
32 a jury.

33 3. The murder was committed by a person who knowingly
34 created a great risk of death to more than one person by means of a
35 weapon, device or course of action which would normally be
36 hazardous to the lives of more than one person.

37 4. The murder was committed while the person was engaged,
38 alone or with others, in the commission of, or an attempt to commit
39 or flight after committing or attempting to commit, any robbery,
40 arson in the first degree, ~~[burglary.]~~ invasion of the home or
41 kidnapping in the first degree, and the person charged ~~is~~

42 —(a) ~~Killed~~ **killed** or attempted to kill the person murdered . ~~[, or~~



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1 (b) Knew or had reason to know that life would be taken or
2 lethal force used.] This subsection may not be invoked to aggravate
3 a conviction of murder of the first degree that is obtained, in
4 whole or in part, predicated on a felony-murder theory of liability.

5 5. The murder was committed to [avoid or prevent a lawful
6 arrest or to] effect an escape from custody.

7 6. The murder was committed by a person, for himself or
8 herself or another, to receive money or any other thing of monetary
9 value [from a third party in exchange for the commission of the
10 killing].

11 7. The murder was committed upon a peace officer or
12 firefighter who was killed while engaged in the performance of his
13 or her official duty or because of an act performed in his or her
14 official capacity, and the defendant knew or reasonably should have
15 known that the victim was a peace officer or firefighter. For the
16 purposes of this subsection, "peace officer" means:

17 (a) An employee of the Department of Corrections who does not
18 exercise general control over offenders imprisoned within the
19 institutions and facilities of the Department, but whose normal
20 duties require the employee to come into contact with those
21 offenders when carrying out the duties prescribed by the Director of
22 the Department.

23 (b) Any person upon whom some or all of the powers of a peace
24 officer are conferred pursuant to NRS 289.150 to 289.360, inclusive,
25 when carrying out those powers.

26 8. The murder involved torture [for the mutilation] of the
27 victim.

28 [9. The murder was committed upon one or more persons at
29 random and without apparent motive.]

30 —10.] For the purposes of this subsection, "torture" requires a
31 calculated intent to inflict pain, beyond the killing itself, for
32 revenge, extortion or persuasion or for any other sadistic purpose.

33 9. The murder was committed upon a person less than 14 years
34 of age.

35 [11.] 10. The murder was committed upon a person because of
36 the actual or perceived race, color, religion, national origin, physical
37 or mental disability or sexual orientation of that person.

38 [12.] 11. The defendant has, in the immediate proceeding,
39 been convicted of more than one offense of murder in the first or
40 second degree. For the purposes of this subsection, a person shall be
41 deemed to have been convicted of a murder at the time the jury
42 verdict of guilt is rendered or upon pronouncement of guilt by a
43 judge or judges sitting without a jury.

44 [13.] 12. The person, alone or with others, subjected or
45 attempted to subject the victim of the murder to nonconsensual



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1 sexual penetration immediately before, during or immediately after
2 the commission of the murder. For the purposes of this subsection:

3 (a) “Nonconsensual” means against the victim’s will or under
4 conditions in which the person knows or reasonably should know
5 that the victim is mentally or physically incapable of resisting,
6 consenting or understanding the nature of his or her conduct,
7 including, but not limited to, conditions in which the person knows
8 or reasonably should know that the victim is dead.

9 (b) “Sexual penetration” means cunnilingus, fellatio or any
10 intrusion, however slight, of any part of the victim’s body or any
11 object manipulated or inserted by a person, alone or with others, into
12 the genital or anal openings of the body of the victim, whether or
13 not the victim is alive. The term includes, but is not limited to, anal
14 intercourse and sexual intercourse in what would be its ordinary
15 meaning.

16 **[14.] 13.** The murder was committed on the property of a
17 public or private school, at an activity sponsored by a public or
18 private school or on a school bus while the bus was engaged in its
19 official duties by a person who intended to create a great risk of
20 death or substantial bodily harm to more than one person by means
21 of a weapon, device or course of action that would normally be
22 hazardous to the lives of more than one person. For the purposes
23 of this subsection, “school bus” has the meaning ascribed to it in
24 NRS 483.160.

25 **[15.] 14.** The murder was committed with the intent to
26 commit, cause, aid, further or conceal an act of terrorism. For the
27 purposes of this subsection, “act of terrorism” has the meaning
28 ascribed to it in NRS 202.4415.

