

## Amendment No. 179

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 259

(BDR 2-817)

**Proposed by:** Assembly Committee on Judiciary**Amends:** Summary: No Title: No Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No Digest: Yes

ASSEMBLY ACTION				Initial and Date	SENATE ACTION				Initial and Date
Adopted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lost	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Adopted	<input type="checkbox"/>	Lost	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
Concurred In	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Concurred In	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
Receded	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Receded	<input type="checkbox"/>	Not	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) *green bold italic underlining* is new language proposed in this amendment; (3) ~~red strikethrough~~ is deleted language in the original bill; (4) ~~purple double strikethrough~~ is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) ~~orange double underlining~~ is deleted language in the original bill that is proposed to be retained in this amendment; and (6) *green bold underlining* is newly added transitory language.

NCA/BAW



Date: 4/18/2011

A.B. No. 259—Requires a portion of certain existing fees to be used for certain programs for legal services. (BDR 2-817)



## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 259—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 10, 2011

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Requires a portion of certain existing fees to be used for certain programs for legal services. (BDR 2-817)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.  
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to legal services; requiring a portion of certain existing fees to be used for certain programs for legal services; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law requires certain fees to be charged and collected in civil actions and provides that such fees must only be used for court staffing, capital costs, debt service, renovation, furniture, fixtures, equipment, technology and, in counties whose population is less than 100,000 (currently counties other than Clark and Washoe Counties), for court appointed special advocate programs. (NRS 19.0302) **Section 1** of this bill authorizes such fees to also be used to support legal services for the indigent in counties whose population is less than 100,000. Section 1 also provides that , in counties whose population is 100,000 or more, (currently Clark and Washoe Counties) \$20 of each fee, collected on the commencement or transfer of any action in district court or upon the filing of any first paper by a defendant, must be submitted to a program for legal services for the operation of programs for the indigent.

Existing law also requires certain fees to be charged and collected at the time of recording a notice of default and election to sell. (NRS 107.080) **Section 2** of this bill provides that ~~(\$15)~~ \$10 of each fee, collected at the time of recording a notice of default and election to sell, must be submitted to a program for legal services for the operation of programs for the indigent.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 19.0302 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19.0302 1. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute and in addition to any other fee required by law, each clerk of the court or county clerk, as appropriate, shall charge and collect the following fees:

(a) On the commencement of any action or proceeding in the district court, other than those listed in paragraphs (c), (e) and (f), or on the transfer of any action or proceeding from a district court of another county, to be paid by the party commencing the action, proceeding or transfer .....\$99

(b) On the appearance of any defendant or any number of defendants answering jointly, to be paid upon the filing of the first paper in the action by the defendant or defendants.....\$99

(c) On the filing of a petition for letters testamentary, letters of administration or a guardianship, which fee does not include the court fee prescribed by NRS 19.020, to be paid by the petitioner:

(1) Where the stated value of the estate is \$200,000 or more .....\$352

(2) Where the stated value of the estate is more than \$20,000 but less than \$200,000.....\$99

(3) Where the stated value of the estate is \$20,000 or less, no fee may be charged or collected.

(d) On the filing of a motion for summary judgment or a joinder thereto.....\$200

(e) On the commencement of an action defined as a business matter pursuant to the local rules of practice and on the answer or appearance of any party in any such action or proceeding, to be paid by the party commencing, answering or appearing in the action or proceeding thereto .....\$1,359

(f) On the commencement of:

(1) An action for a constructional defect pursuant to NRS 40.600 to 40.695, inclusive; or

(2) Any other action defined as “complex” pursuant to the local rules of practice,  
 and on the answer or appearance of any party in any such action or proceeding, to be paid by the party commencing, answering or appearing in the action or proceeding .....\$349

(g) On the filing of a third-party complaint, to be paid by the filing party .....\$135

(h) On the filing of a motion to certify or decertify a class, to be paid by the filing party .....\$349

(i) For the issuance of any writ of attachment, writ of garnishment, writ of execution or any other writ designed to enforce any judgment of the court.....\$10

2. ~~Fees~~ *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, fees* collected pursuant to this section must be deposited into a special account administered by the county and maintained for the benefit of the court. The money in that account must be used only:

(a) To offset the costs for adding and maintaining new judicial departments, including, without limitation, the cost for additional staff;

(b) To reimburse the county for any capital costs incurred for maintaining any judicial departments that are added by the 75th Session of the Nevada Legislature; and

(c) If any money remains in the account in a fiscal year after satisfying the purposes set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b), to:

(1) Acquire land on which to construct additional facilities for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(2) Construct or acquire additional facilities for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(3) Renovate or remodel existing facilities for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(4) Acquire furniture, fixtures and equipment necessitated by the construction or acquisition of additional facilities or the renovation of an existing facility for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(5) Acquire advanced technology;

(6) Pay debt service on any bonds issued pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 350.020 for the acquisition of land or facilities or the construction or renovation of facilities for the district court or a regional justice center that includes the district court;

(7) In a county whose population is less than 100,000, support court appointed special advocate programs for children, at the discretion of the judges of the judicial district; ~~fee~~

(8) In a county whose population is less than 100,000, support legal services to the indigent and to be used by the organization operating the program for legal services that receives the fees charged pursuant to NRS 19.031 for the operation of programs for the indigent; or

(9) Be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

3. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, all fees prescribed in this section are payable in advance if demanded by the clerk of the court or county clerk.

4. Each clerk of the court or county clerk shall, on or before the fifth day of each month, account for and pay to the county treasurer ~~fee~~:

(a) ~~Fee~~ In a county whose population is 100,000 or more, an amount equal to \$20 of each fee collected pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1 during the preceding month. The county treasurer shall remit quarterly to the organization operating ~~the~~ the program for legal services ~~as set forth in~~ that receives the fees charged pursuant to NRS 19.031 ~~all the money received from the clerk of the court or county clerk pursuant to this subsection~~ for the operation of programs for the indigent all the money received from the clerk of the court or county clerk pursuant to this paragraph.

(b) All remaining fees collected pursuant to this section during the preceding month.

**Sec. 2.** NRS 107.080 is hereby amended to read as follows:

107.080 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 107.085 and 107.086, if any transfer in trust of any estate in real property is made after March 29, 1927, to secure the performance of an obligation or the payment of any debt, a power of sale is hereby conferred upon the trustee to be exercised after a breach of the obligation for which the transfer is security.

2. The power of sale must not be exercised, however, until:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), in the case of any trust agreement coming into force:

(1) On or after July 1, 1949, and before July 1, 1957, the grantor, the person who holds the title of record, a beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any other person who has a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record on the property has, for a period of 15 days, computed as prescribed in subsection 3, failed to make good the deficiency in performance or payment; or

(2) On or after July 1, 1957, the grantor, the person who holds the title of record, a beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any other person who has a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record on the property has, for a period of 35 days, computed as prescribed in subsection 3, failed to make good the deficiency in performance or payment;

(b) In the case of any trust agreement which concerns owner-occupied housing as defined in NRS 107.086, the grantor, the person who holds the title of record, a beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any other person who has a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record on the property has, for a period that commences in the manner and subject to the requirements described in subsection 3 and expires 5 days before the date of sale, failed to make good the deficiency in performance or payment;

(c) The beneficiary, the successor in interest of the beneficiary or the trustee first executes and causes to be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county wherein the trust property, or some part thereof, is situated a notice of the breach and of the election to sell or cause to be sold the property to satisfy the obligation; and

(d) Not less than 3 months have elapsed after the recording of the notice.

3. The 15- or 35-day period provided in paragraph (a) of subsection 2, or the period provided in paragraph (b) of subsection 2, commences on the first day following the day upon which the notice of default and election to sell is recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located and a copy of the notice of default and election to sell is mailed by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested and with postage prepaid to the grantor or, to the person who holds the title of record on the date the notice of default and election to sell is recorded, and, if the property is operated as a facility licensed under chapter 449 of NRS, to the State Board of Health, at their respective addresses, if known, otherwise to the address of the trust property. The notice of default and election to sell must:

(a) Describe the deficiency in performance or payment and may contain a notice of intent to declare the entire unpaid balance due if acceleration is permitted by the obligation secured by the deed of trust, but acceleration must not occur if the deficiency in performance or payment is made good and any costs, fees and expenses incident to the preparation or recordation of the notice and incident to the making good of the deficiency in performance or payment are paid within the time specified in subsection 2; and

(b) If the property is a residential foreclosure, comply with the provisions of NRS 107.087.

4. The trustee, or other person authorized to make the sale under the terms of the trust deed or transfer in trust, shall, after expiration of the 3-month period following the recording of the notice of breach and election to sell, and before the making of the sale, give notice of the time and place thereof by recording the notice of sale and by:

(a) Providing the notice to each trustor, any other person entitled to notice pursuant to this section and, if the property is operated as a facility licensed under chapter 449 of NRS, the State Board of Health, by personal service or by mailing the notice by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the trustor and any other person entitled to such notice pursuant to this section;

(b) Posting a similar notice particularly describing the property, for 20 days successively, in three public places of the township or city where the property is situated and where the property is to be sold;

(c) Publishing a copy of the notice three times, once each week for 3 consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the property is situated; and

(d) If the property is a residential foreclosure, complying with the provisions of NRS 107.087.

5. Every sale made under the provisions of this section and other sections of this chapter vests in the purchaser the title of the grantor and any successors in

1 interest without equity or right of redemption. A sale made pursuant to this section  
2 may be declared void by any court of competent jurisdiction in the county where  
3 the sale took place if:

4 (a) The trustee or other person authorized to make the sale does not  
5 substantially comply with the provisions of this section or any applicable provision  
6 of NRS 107.086 and 107.087;

7 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, an action is commenced in  
8 the county where the sale took place within 90 days after the date of the sale; and

9 (c) A notice of lis pendens providing notice of the pendency of the action is  
10 recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county where the sale took place  
11 within 30 days after commencement of the action.

12 6. If proper notice is not provided pursuant to subsection 3 or paragraph (a) of  
13 subsection 4 to the grantor, to the person who holds the title of record on the date  
14 the notice of default and election to sell is recorded, to each trustor or to any other  
15 person entitled to such notice, the person who did not receive such proper notice  
16 may commence an action pursuant to subsection 5 within 120 days after the date on  
17 which the person received actual notice of the sale.

18 7. The sale of a lease of a dwelling unit of a cooperative housing corporation  
19 vests in the purchaser title to the shares in the corporation which accompany the  
20 lease.

21 8. After a sale of property is conducted pursuant to this section, the trustee  
22 shall:

23 (a) Within 30 days after the date of the sale, record the trustee's deed upon sale  
24 in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located;  
25 or

26 (b) Within 20 days after the date of the sale, deliver the trustee's deed upon  
27 sale to the successful bidder. Within 10 days after the date of delivery of the deed  
28 by the trustee, the successful bidder shall record the trustee's deed upon sale in the  
29 office of the county recorder of the county in which the property is located.

30 9. If the successful bidder fails to record the trustee's deed upon sale pursuant  
31 to paragraph (b) of subsection 8, the successful bidder:

32 (a) Is liable in a civil action to any party that is a senior lienholder against the  
33 property that is the subject of the sale in a sum of up to \$500 and for reasonable  
34 attorney's fees and the costs of bringing the action; and

35 (b) Is liable in a civil action for any actual damages caused by the failure to  
36 comply with the provisions of subsection 8 and for reasonable attorney's fees and  
37 the costs of bringing the action.

38 10. The county recorder shall, in addition to any other fee, at the time of  
39 recording a notice of default and election to sell collect:

40 (a) A fee of \$150 for deposit in the State General Fund.

41 (b) A fee of ~~[\$50]~~ ~~[\$35]~~ \$40 for deposit in the Account for Foreclosure  
42 Mediation, which is hereby created in the State General Fund. The Account must be  
43 administered by the Court Administrator, and the money in the Account may be  
44 expended only for the purpose of supporting a program of foreclosure mediation  
45 established by Supreme Court Rule.

46 ~~1-1~~ (c) A fee of ~~(\$15)~~ \$10 to be paid over to the county treasurer on or before the  
47 fifth day of each month for the preceding calendar month. The county recorder  
48 may direct that 1.5 percent of the fees collected by the county recorder pursuant  
49 to this paragraph be transferred into a special account for use by the office of the  
50 county recorder. The county treasurer shall remit quarterly to the organization  
51 operating ~~the~~ the program for legal services ~~as set forth in~~ that receives the fees  
52 charged pursuant to NRS 19.031 ~~all the money received from the county~~  
53 recorder pursuant to this paragraph, for the operation of programs for the

indigent all the money received from the county recorder pursuant to this paragraph.

11. The fees collected pursuant to ~~{this subsection}~~ paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 10 must be paid over to the county treasurer by the county recorder on or before the fifth day of each month for the preceding calendar month, and, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, must be placed to the credit of the State General Fund or the Account *for Foreclosure Mediation* as prescribed pursuant to ~~{this}~~ subsection ~~{}~~ 10. The county recorder may direct that 1.5 percent of the fees collected by the county recorder be transferred into a special account for use by the office of the county recorder. The county treasurer shall, on or before the 15th day of each month, remit the fees deposited by the county recorder pursuant to this subsection to the State Controller for credit to the State General Fund or the Account as prescribed in ~~{this}~~ subsection ~~{}~~.

~~—{ } 10.~~  
12. The beneficiary, the successor in interest of the beneficiary or the trustee who causes to be recorded the notice of default and election to sell shall not charge the grantor or the successor in interest of the grantor any portion of any fee required to be paid pursuant to subsection 10.

~~{2-}~~ 13. As used in this section, “residential foreclosure” means the sale of a single family residence under a power of sale granted by this section. As used in this subsection, “single family residence”:

(a) Means a structure that is comprised of not more than four units.

(b) Does not include any time share or other property regulated under chapter 119A of NRS.

**Sec. 3.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2011.