

SENATE BILL NO. 294—SENATORS CEGAVSKE AND LESLIE

MARCH 21, 2011

Referred to Committee on Commerce, Labor and Energy

SUMMARY—Establishes provisions governing medical assistants.
(BDR 40-16)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to public health; revising provisions governing persons authorized to possess and administer dangerous drugs; revising provisions regarding certain acts of physicians; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law sets forth the exclusive list of persons who may possess and administer dangerous drugs in this State. (NRS 454.213) **Section 1** of this bill authorizes medical assistants, under the supervision of a physician or physician assistant, to possess and administer immunizations under certain circumstances. **Section 1** also authorizes a veterinary assistant, at the direction of a supervising veterinarian, to possess and administer dangerous drugs.

Sections 4 and 10 of this bill require the Board of Medical Examiners and the State Board of Osteopathic Medicine to adopt regulations relating to the supervision of medical assistants, including: (1) limitations on the possession and administration of dangerous drugs; (2) any certification, training and educational requirements relating to the administration of immunizations; and (3) the clinical tasks which may be performed by a medical assistant.

Sections 6 and 12 of this bill provide that failure to supervise adequately a medical assistant is grounds for disciplinary action.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 454.213 is hereby amended to read as follows:
454.213 A drug or medicine referred to in NRS 454.181 to 454.371, inclusive, may be possessed and administered by:

1. A practitioner.



2. A physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, at the direction of his or her supervising physician or a licensed dental hygienist acting in the office of and under the supervision of a dentist.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a registered nurse licensed to practice professional nursing or licensed practical nurse, at the direction of a prescribing physician, physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, dentist, podiatric physician or advanced practitioner of nursing, or pursuant to a chart order, for administration to a patient at another location.

4. In accordance with applicable regulations of the Board, a registered nurse licensed to practice professional nursing or licensed practical nurse who is:

(a) Employed by a health care agency or health care facility that is authorized to provide emergency care, or to respond to the immediate needs of a patient, in the residence of the patient; and

(b) Acting under the direction of the medical director of that agency or facility who works in this State.

5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, an intermediate emergency medical technician or an advanced emergency medical technician, as authorized by regulation of the State Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with any applicable regulations of:

(a) The State Board of Health in a county whose population is less than 100,000;

(b) A county board of health in a county whose population is 100,000 or more; or

(c) A district board of health created pursuant to NRS 439.362 or 439.370 in any county.

6. An intermediate emergency medical technician or an advanced emergency medical technician who holds an endorsement issued pursuant to NRS 450B.1975, under the direct supervision of a local health officer or a designee of the local health officer pursuant to that section.

7. A respiratory therapist employed in a health care facility. The therapist may possess and administer respiratory products only at the direction of a physician.

8. A dialysis technician, under the direction or supervision of a physician or registered nurse only if the drug or medicine is used for the process of renal dialysis.

9. A medical student or student nurse in the course of his or her studies at an approved college of medicine or school of professional or practical nursing, at the direction of a physician and:

(a) In the presence of a physician or a registered nurse; or



(b) Under the supervision of a physician or a registered nurse if the student is authorized by the college or school to administer the drug or medicine outside the presence of a physician or nurse.

➔ A medical student or student nurse may administer a dangerous drug in the presence or under the supervision of a registered nurse alone only if the circumstances are such that the registered nurse would be authorized to administer it personally.

10. Any person designated by the head of a correctional institution.

11. An ultimate user or any person designated by the ultimate user pursuant to a written agreement.

12. A nuclear medicine technologist, at the direction of a physician and in accordance with any conditions established by regulation of the Board.

13. A radiologic technologist, at the direction of a physician and in accordance with any conditions established by regulation of the Board.

14. A chiropractic physician, but only if the drug or medicine is a topical drug used for cooling and stretching external tissue during therapeutic treatments.

15. A physical therapist, but only if the drug or medicine is a topical drug which is:

(a) Used for cooling and stretching external tissue during therapeutic treatments; and

(b) Prescribed by a licensed physician for:

(1) Iontophoresis; or

(2) The transmission of drugs through the skin using ultrasound.

16. In accordance with applicable regulations of the State Board of Health, an employee of a residential facility for groups, as defined in NRS 449.017, pursuant to a written agreement entered into by the ultimate user.

17. A veterinary technician *or a veterinary assistant* at the direction of his or her supervising veterinarian.

18. In accordance with applicable regulations of the Board, a registered pharmacist who:

(a) Is trained in and certified to carry out standards and practices for immunization programs;

(b) Is authorized to administer immunizations pursuant to written protocols from a physician; and

(c) Administers immunizations in compliance with the "Standards ~~for~~ *for* Immunization Practices" recommended and approved by the ~~[United States Public Health Service]~~ Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices.



19. A person who is enrolled in a training program to become a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, dental hygienist, intermediate emergency medical technician, advanced emergency medical technician, respiratory therapist, dialysis technician, nuclear medicine technologist, radiologic technologist, physical therapist or veterinary technician if the person possesses and administers the drug or medicine in the same manner and under the same conditions that apply, respectively, to a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, dental hygienist, intermediate emergency medical technician, advanced emergency medical technician, respiratory therapist, dialysis technician, nuclear medicine technologist, radiologic technologist, physical therapist or veterinary technician who may possess and administer the drug or medicine, and under the direct supervision of a person licensed or registered to perform the respective medical art or a supervisor of such a person.

20. If the drug or medicine is an immunization, a medical assistant, in accordance with applicable regulations of the:

(a) Board of Medical Examiners, at the direction of the prescribing physician and under the supervision of a physician or physician assistant.

(b) State Board of Osteopathic Medicine, at the direction of the prescribing physician and under the supervision of a physician or physician assistant.

Sec. 2. Chapter 630 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 3 and 4 of this act.

Sec. 3. 1. “Medical assistant” means a person who:

(a) Performs clinical tasks under the supervision of a physician or physician assistant; and

(b) Does not hold a license, certificate or registration issued by a professional licensing or regulatory board in this State to perform such clinical tasks.

2. The term does not include a person who performs only administrative, clerical, executive or other nonclinical tasks.

Sec. 4. *The Board shall adopt regulations governing the supervision of a medical assistant, including, without limitation, regulations which prescribe:*

1. Limitations on the possession and administration of a dangerous drug by a medical assistant.

2. Any certification, training or educational requirements for a medical assistant to administer immunizations.

3. The clinical tasks that may be performed by a medical assistant, which must not include any invasive procedure other than the administration of an immunization.



1 **Sec. 5.** NRS 630.005 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 630.005 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
3 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 630.007 to 630.026,
4 inclusive, *and section 3 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to
5 them in those sections.

6 **Sec. 6.** NRS 630.306 is hereby amended to read as follows:
7 630.306 The following acts, among others, constitute grounds
8 for initiating disciplinary action or denying licensure:

9 1. Inability to practice medicine with reasonable skill and
10 safety because of illness, a mental or physical condition or the use of
11 alcohol, drugs, narcotics or any other substance.

12 2. Engaging in any conduct:

13 (a) Which is intended to deceive;

14 (b) Which the Board has determined is a violation of the
15 standards of practice established by regulation of the Board; or

16 (c) Which is in violation of a regulation adopted by the State
17 Board of Pharmacy.

18 3. Administering, dispensing or prescribing any controlled
19 substance, or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS,
20 to or for himself or herself or to others except as authorized by law.

21 4. Performing, assisting or advising the injection of any
22 substance containing liquid silicone into the human body, except for
23 the use of silicone oil to repair a retinal detachment.

24 5. Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope permitted
25 by law or performing services which the licensee knows or has
26 reason to know that he or she is not competent to perform or which
27 are beyond the scope of his or her training.

28 6. Performing, without first obtaining the informed consent of
29 the patient or the patient's family, any procedure or prescribing any
30 therapy which by the current standards of the practice of medicine is
31 experimental.

32 7. Continual failure to exercise the skill or diligence or use the
33 methods ordinarily exercised under the same circumstances by
34 physicians in good standing practicing in the same specialty or field.

35 8. Habitual intoxication from alcohol or dependency on
36 controlled substances.

37 9. Making or filing a report which the licensee or applicant
38 knows to be false or failing to file a record or report as required by
39 law or regulation.

40 10. Failing to comply with the requirements of NRS 630.254.

41 11. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing,
42 within 30 days, any disciplinary action taken against the licensee or
43 applicant by another state, the Federal Government or a foreign
44 country, including, without limitation, the revocation, suspension or
45 surrender of a license to practice medicine in another jurisdiction.



12. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing, within 30 days, any criminal action taken or conviction obtained against the licensee or applicant, other than a minor traffic violation, in this State or any other state or by the Federal Government, a branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or any local or federal jurisdiction of a foreign country.

13. Failure to be found competent to practice medicine as a result of an examination to determine medical competency pursuant to NRS 630.318.

14. Operation of a medical facility at any time during which:

(a) The license of the facility is suspended or revoked; or

(b) An act or omission occurs which results in the suspension or revocation of the license pursuant to NRS 449.160.

➔ This subsection applies to an owner or other principal responsible for the operation of the facility.

15. Failure to comply with the requirements of NRS 630.373.

16. Engaging in any act that is unsafe or unprofessional conduct in accordance with regulations adopted by the Board.

17. Failure to supervise adequately a medical assistant pursuant to the regulations of the Board.

Sec. 7. (Deleted by amendment.)

Sec. 8. Chapter 633 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 9 and 10 of this act.

Sec. 9. 1. "Medical assistant" means a person who:

(a) Performs clinical tasks under the supervision of an osteopathic physician or physician assistant; and

(b) Does not hold a license, certificate or registration issued by a professional licensing or regulatory board in this State to perform such clinical tasks.

2. The term does not include a person who performs only administrative, clerical, executive or other nonclinical tasks.

Sec. 10. The Board shall adopt regulations governing the supervision of a medical assistant, including, without limitation, regulations which prescribe:

1. Limitations on the possession and administration of a dangerous drug by a medical assistant.

2. Any certification, training or educational requirements for a medical assistant to administer immunizations.

3. The clinical tasks that may be performed by a medical assistant, which must not include any invasive procedure other than the administration of an immunization.

Sec. 11. NRS 633.011 is hereby amended to read as follows:

633.011 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 633.021 to 633.131,



1 inclusive, *and section 9 of this act* have the meanings ascribed to
2 them in those sections.

3 **Sec. 12.** NRS 633.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 633.511 The grounds for initiating disciplinary action pursuant
5 to this chapter are:

6 1. Unprofessional conduct.

7 2. Conviction of:

8 (a) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the
9 possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any
10 dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;

11 (b) A felony relating to the practice of osteopathic medicine;

12 (c) A violation of any of the provisions of NRS 616D.200,
13 616D.220, 616D.240 or 616D.300 to 616D.440, inclusive;

14 (d) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;

15 (e) Any felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly
16 weapon;

17 (f) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or
18 mayhem;

19 (g) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness,
20 indecent exposure or any other sexually related crime;

21 (h) Abuse or neglect of a child or contributory delinquency; or

22 (i) Any offense involving moral turpitude.

23 3. The suspension of the license to practice osteopathic
24 medicine by any other jurisdiction.

25 4. Malpractice or gross malpractice, which may be evidenced
26 by a claim of malpractice settled against a practitioner.

27 5. Professional incompetence.

28 6. Failure to comply with the requirements of NRS 633.527.

29 7. Failure to comply with the requirements of subsection 3 of
30 NRS 633.471.

31 8. Failure to comply with the provisions of NRS 633.694.

32 9. Operation of a medical facility, as defined in NRS 449.0151,
33 at any time during which:

34 (a) The license of the facility is suspended or revoked; or

35 (b) An act or omission occurs which results in the suspension or
36 revocation of the license pursuant to NRS 449.160.

37 ➤ This subsection applies to an owner or other principal responsible
38 for the operation of the facility.

39 10. Failure to comply with the provisions of subsection 2 of
40 NRS 633.322.

41 11. Signing a blank prescription form.

42 12. Attempting, directly or indirectly, by intimidation, coercion
43 or deception, to obtain or retain a patient or to discourage the use of
44 a second opinion.



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1 13. Terminating the medical care of a patient without adequate
2 notice or without making other arrangements for the continued care
3 of the patient.

4 14. In addition to the provisions of subsection 3 of NRS
5 633.524, making or filing a report which the licensee knows to be
6 false, failing to file a record or report that is required by law or
7 willfully obstructing or inducing another to obstruct the making or
8 filing of such a record or report.

9 15. Failure to report any person the licensee knows, or has
10 reason to know, is in violation of the provisions of this chapter or
11 the regulations of the Board within 30 days after the date the
12 licensee knows or has reason to know of the violation.

13 16. Failure by a licensee or applicant to report in writing,
14 within 30 days, any criminal action taken or conviction obtained
15 against the licensee or applicant, other than a minor traffic violation,
16 in this State or any other state or by the Federal Government, a
17 branch of the Armed Forces of the United States or any local or
18 federal jurisdiction of a foreign country.

19 17. Engaging in any act that is unsafe in accordance with
20 regulations adopted by the Board.

21 *18. Failure to supervise adequately a medical assistant*
22 *pursuant to the regulations of the Board.*

23 **Sec. 13.** (Deleted by amendment.)

24 **Sec. 14.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval
25 for the purpose of adopting regulations and on January 1, 2012, for
26 all other purposes.

