

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 110—ASSEMBLYMAN OHRENSCHALL

FEBRUARY 13, 2013

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Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions concerning canines and breed discrimination. (BDR 15-567)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.  
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [~~omitted material~~] is material to be omitted.

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AN ACT relating to crimes; revising provisions concerning the criteria and procedures for determining whether a dog is dangerous or vicious; providing that a dog may not be determined to be dangerous or vicious based solely on its breed; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

1 Existing law sets forth the circumstances under which a dog may be deemed  
2 dangerous or vicious and provides criminal penalties for a person who knowingly  
3 owns or keeps a vicious dog after notice that the dog is vicious or who knowingly  
4 transfers ownership of such a vicious dog. (NRS 202.500) This bill: (1) revises the  
5 criteria by which a dog may be determined to be dangerous or vicious; (2) requires  
6 that, before a dog is determined to be dangerous or vicious, a designated animal  
7 control agency conduct an investigation and the owner or keeper of the dog, if  
8 known, be given notice and an opportunity for a hearing; and (3) provides that a  
9 dog may not be determined to be dangerous or vicious based solely on the breed of  
10 the dog.

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1       **Section 1.** NRS 202.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:  
2       202.500 1. ~~[As used in]~~ ***For the purposes of*** this section, a  
3 dog is:  
4       (a) “Dangerous” if ~~H~~, ***after an investigation conducted by an***  
5 ***animal control agency designated by a local authority and the***  
6 ***owner or keeper of the dog, if known, is given notice and an***



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1      opportunity for a hearing, it is determined by a preponderance of  
2      the evidence that:

3            (1) ~~It is so declared pursuant to subsection 2;}~~ The dog  
4      injured a person while being used in the commission of a crime by  
5      its owner or keeper; or

6            (2) Without provocation, on two separate occasions within  
7      18 months, ~~It behaved~~ the dog behaved menacingly, to a degree  
8      that would lead a reasonable person to defend himself or herself, **or**  
9      a domestic animal, against substantial bodily harm, when the dog  
10     ~~is~~ was:

11            (I) Off the premises of its owner or keeper ~~is and not on~~  
12     a leash or otherwise controlled; or

13            (II) Not confined in a cage, pen or vehicle.

14            (b) "Provoked" when ~~it~~ the dog is tormented, abused or  
15     subjected to pain.

16            (c) "Vicious" if ~~it~~, after an investigation conducted by an  
17     animal control agency designated by a local authority and the  
18     owner or keeper of the dog, if known, is given notice and an  
19     opportunity for a hearing, it is determined by clear and convincing  
20     evidence that:

21            (1) Without being provoked, ~~it kills or inflicts~~ the dog  
22     killed or inflicted substantial bodily harm upon a human being;

23            (2) While off the premises of its owner or keeper, the dog  
24     killed a domestic animal; or

25            ~~(2)~~ (3) After its owner or keeper ~~has~~ had been notified by  
26     a law enforcement agency or animal control agency that ~~it~~ the dog  
27     is dangerous, ~~it continues~~ the dog continued the behavior  
28     described in paragraph (a).

29            2. ~~A dog may be declared dangerous by a law enforcement  
30     agency if it is used in the commission of a crime by its owner or  
31     keeper.~~

32            ~~3.~~ A dog may not be found dangerous or vicious ~~because~~:

33            (a) Based solely on the breed of the dog; or

34            (b) Because of a defensive act against a person who was  
35     committing or attempting to commit a crime or who provoked the  
36     dog.

37            ~~4.~~ 3. A person who knowingly:

38            (a) Owns or keeps a vicious dog, for more than 7 days after the  
39     person has actual notice that the dog is vicious; or

40            (b) Transfers ownership of a vicious dog after the person has  
41     actual notice that the dog is vicious,

42     ~~is guilty of a misdemeanor.~~

43            ~~5.~~ 4. If substantial bodily harm results from an attack by a  
44     dog known to be vicious, its owner or keeper is guilty of a category  
45     D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130. In lieu



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1 of, or in addition to, a penalty provided in this subsection, the judge  
2 may order the vicious dog to be humanely destroyed.

3       ***5. A local authority shall not adopt or enforce an ordinance***  
4       ***or regulation that deems a dog dangerous or vicious based solely***  
5       ***on the breed of the dog.***

6       6. This section does not apply to a dog used by a law  
7 enforcement officer in the performance of his or her duty.

8       ***7. As used in this section, "local authority" means the***  
9       ***governing board of a county, city or other political subdivision***  
10      ***having authority to enact laws or ordinances or promulgate***  
11      ***regulations relating to dogs.***

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