

Assembly Bill No. 126—Assemblymen Flores;
Aizley, Bobzien, Eisen and Healey

Joint Sponsors: Senators Jones and Woodhouse

CHAPTER.....

AN ACT relating to food; requiring certain restaurants or similar retail food establishments to disclose certain nutritional information about the food offered for sale by those restaurants or establishments; providing for a civil penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under federal law, a restaurant or similar retail food establishment that: (1) is part of a chain with 20 or more locations doing business under the same name and offering for sale substantially the same menu items; or (2) elects to be subject to the disclosure requirements, is required to disclose certain nutritional information about the menu items offered for sale by the restaurant or establishment. (21 U.S.C. § 343(q)(5)(H)) **Section 1** of this bill requires the owner or operator of any restaurant or similar retail food establishment that is part of a chain with 15 or more locations doing business within this State to disclose the same nutritional information that federal law requires a chain with 20 or more locations to disclose. **Section 2** of this bill provides a civil penalty for the owner or operator of any restaurant or similar retail food establishment who fails to make the required disclosure of nutritional information.

EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 585 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. The owner or operator of a restaurant or similar retail food establishment shall comply with the requirements set forth in 21 U.S.C. § 343(q)(5)(H) and any federal regulations adopted pursuant thereto if the restaurant or similar retail food establishment:

(a) Is part of a chain with 15 or more locations doing business within this State under the same name, regardless of the type of ownership of the locations, and offering for sale substantially the same menu items;

(b) Is part of a chain with 20 or more locations doing business under the same name, regardless of the type of ownership of the locations, and offering for sale substantially the same menu items;
or



(c) Elects for the restaurant or similar retail food establishment to be subject to the requirements of 21 U.S.C. § 343(q)(5)(H).

2. An owner or operator of a restaurant or similar retail food establishment who is required to comply with the requirements set forth in 21 U.S.C. § 343(q)(5)(H) and any federal regulations adopted pursuant thereto pursuant to subsection 1 shall post a notice in a conspicuous place in the restaurant or similar retail food establishment stating where a person may report any violation of this section.

3. The provisions of this section may be enforced by the health authority or the appropriate local law enforcement agency.

4. As used in this section:

(a) "Health authority" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 446.050.

(b) "Restaurant food" means food that is served in restaurants or other establishments in which food is served for immediate human consumption.

(c) "Restaurant or similar retail food establishment":

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph 2, means a retail establishment that offers for sale restaurant or restaurant-type food; or

(2) If the term is defined in federal regulations for the purposes of 21 U.S.C. § 343(q)(5)(H), has the meaning ascribed to it in such federal regulations.

(d) "Restaurant-type food" means a type of restaurant food offered for sale but not for immediate consumption that is processed and prepared primarily in a retail establishment and not offered for sale outside of the establishment.

Sec. 2. NRS 585.550 is hereby amended to read as follows:

585.550 1. A person who manufactures, compounds, processes or packages any drug in a factory, warehouse, laboratory or other location in this state without a license required by NRS 585.245 is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

2. An owner or operator of a restaurant or similar retail food establishment who violates section 1 of this act is liable for a civil penalty in the following amounts:

(a) For the first violation within the immediately preceding 5 years, not less than \$50 but not more than \$500;

(b) For the second violation within the immediately preceding 5 years, not less than \$100 but not more than \$1,000; and



(c) For the third or subsequent violation within the immediately preceding 5 years, not less than \$250 but not more than \$2,500.

↪ For the purposes of this subsection, any number of violations discovered in a single day constitute a single violation.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the health authority, as defined in NRS 446.050, within whose jurisdiction the violation of section 1 of this act occurs shall collect the civil penalty and may commence a civil proceeding for that purpose. The health authority may delegate to an independent hearing officer or hearing board the authority to determine violations and levy civil penalties in an amount not to exceed the amounts set forth in subsection 2 for violations of the provisions of section 1 of this act.

4. A person who violates any other provision of this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

