

SENATE BILL NO. 32—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS)

PREFILED DECEMBER 20, 2012

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises various provisions relating to the Department of Corrections and the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety. (BDR 16-317)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to offenders; revising provisions relating to the authority of the Director of the Department of Corrections; authorizing the Director to exempt certain offenders from provisions relating to the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund; revising provisions concerning the transfer of a person detained in a local facility to an institution or facility of the Department; expanding the eligibility for a program established by the Director for the treatment of an abuser of alcohol or drugs; authorizing the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety to receive and distribute restitution paid by certain offenders; revising provisions pertaining to restitution received by the Division from certain other persons; repealing the provisions governing the Prison Revolving Account; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

- 1 Existing law requires an offender to deposit all the money that the offender
- 2 receives into his or her individual account in the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund.
- 3 (NRS 209.241) **Section 1** of this bill authorizes the Director of the Department of
- 4 Corrections to: (1) permit the distribution of money to a governmental entity for
- 5 certain deductions from any money deposited in the individual account of an



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offender from any source other than the offender's wages; and (2) exempt certain offenders from certain provisions concerning the Fund.

Existing law additionally authorizes the Director to transfer a person detained in a local facility to an institution or facility of the Department for safekeeping at the request of a county sheriff or the chief of police of a city. (NRS 209.311) **Section 2** of this bill requires the Director to determine whether the person is to be transported by the staff of the Department or by the staff of the county sheriff or the chief of police who requested the transfer.

Section 5 of this bill expands the eligibility for a program established by the Director for the treatment of certain abusers of alcohol or drugs to persons who commit certain violations of law relating to operating or being in actual physical control of any vessel under power or sail. **Sections 3, 6, 8 and 11** of this bill make certain changes resulting from such an expansion of eligibility.

Section 4 of this bill makes certain technical changes clarifying that an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety to serve a term of residential confinement cannot reside in another state. **Sections 3, 4, 7 and 9** of this bill authorize the Division to receive and distribute restitution paid by certain offenders who are assigned to the custody of the Division to serve a term of residential confinement or to participate in a correctional program for reentry into the community. **Sections 10 and 12** of this bill revise various provisions relating to restitution received by the Division from a parolee or a defendant who is on probation or whose sentence has been suspended.

Section 13 of this bill repeals the provisions governing the Prison Revolving Account.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 209.241 is hereby amended to read as follows:

209.241 1. The Director may accept money, including the net amount of any wages earned during the incarceration of an offender after any deductions made by the Director and valuables belonging to an offender at the time of his or her incarceration or afterward received by gift, inheritance or the like or earned during the incarceration of an offender, and shall deposit the money in the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund, which is hereby created as a trust fund.

2. An offender shall deposit all money that the offender receives into his or her individual account in the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund.

3. The Director:

(a) Shall keep, or cause to be kept, a full and accurate account of the money and valuables, and shall submit reports to the Board relating to the money and valuables as may be required from time to time.

(b) May permit withdrawals for immediate expenditure by an offender for personal needs.



(c) *May permit the distribution of money to a governmental entity for any applicable deduction authorized pursuant to NRS 209.247 or any other deduction authorized by law from any money deposited in the individual account of an offender from any source other than the offender's wages.*

(d) Shall pay over to each offender upon his or her release any remaining balance in his or her individual account.

4. The interest and income earned on the money in the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund, after deducting any applicable bank charges, must be credited each calendar quarter as follows:

(a) If an offender's share of the cost of administering the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund for the quarter is less than the amount of interest and income earned by the offender, the Director shall credit the individual account of the offender with an amount equal to the difference between the amount of interest and income earned by the offender and the offender's share of the cost of administering the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund.

(b) If an offender's share of the cost of administering the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund for the quarter is equal to or greater than the amount of interest and income earned by the offender, the Director shall credit the interest and income to the Offenders' Store Fund.

5. An offender who does not deposit all money that the offender receives into his or her individual account in the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund as required in this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

6. A person who aids or encourages an offender not to deposit all money the offender receives into the individual account of the offender in the Prisoners' Personal Property Fund as required in this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

7. The Director may exempt an offender from the provisions of this section if the offender is:

(a) Confined in an institution outside this State pursuant to chapter 215A of NRS; or

(b) Assigned to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety to:

(1) Serve a term of residential confinement pursuant to NRS 209.392, 209.3925 or 209.429; or

(2) Participate in a correctional program for reentry into the community pursuant to NRS 209.4887.

Sec. 2. NRS 209.311 is hereby amended to read as follows:

209.311 **1.** At the request of a county sheriff or the chief of police of a city, the Director may authorize the transfer of a person detained in a local facility to an institution or facility of the Department for safekeeping. *The Director shall determine whether*



1 *the person is to be transported by the staff of the Department or by*
2 *the staff of the county sheriff or the chief of police who*
3 *requested the transfer.*

4 2. The Director shall determine the cost of the custody and care
5 of ~~that~~ a person *transferred pursuant to subsection 1* which may
6 be borne by the local government affected.

7 **Sec. 3.** NRS 209.392 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 209.392 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 209.3925
9 and 209.429, the Director may, at the request of an offender who is
10 eligible for residential confinement pursuant to the standards
11 adopted by the Director pursuant to subsection 3 and who has:

12 (a) Demonstrated a willingness and ability to establish a position
13 of employment in the community;

14 (b) Demonstrated a willingness and ability to enroll in a
15 program for education or rehabilitation; or

16 (c) Demonstrated an ability to pay for all or part of the costs of
17 the offender's confinement and to meet any existing obligation for
18 restitution to any victim of his or her crime,

19 ➔ assign the offender to the custody of the Division of Parole and
20 Probation of the Department of Public Safety to serve a term of
21 residential confinement, pursuant to NRS 213.380, for not longer
22 than the remainder of his or her sentence.

23 2. Upon receiving a request to serve a term of residential
24 confinement from an eligible offender, the Director shall notify the
25 Division of Parole and Probation. If any victim of a crime
26 committed by the offender has, pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS
27 213.131, requested to be notified of the consideration of a prisoner
28 for parole and has provided a current address, the Division of Parole
29 and Probation shall notify the victim of the offender's request and
30 advise the victim that the victim may submit documents regarding
31 the request to the Division of Parole and Probation. If a current
32 address has not been provided as required by subsection 4 of NRS
33 213.131, the Division of Parole and Probation must not be held
34 responsible if such notification is not received by the victim. All
35 personal information, including, but not limited to, a current or
36 former address, which pertains to a victim and which is received by
37 the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this subsection is
38 confidential.

39 3. The Director, after consulting with the Division of Parole
40 and Probation, shall adopt, by regulation, standards providing which
41 offenders are eligible for residential confinement. The standards
42 adopted by the Director must provide that an offender who:

43 (a) Has recently committed a serious infraction of the rules of an
44 institution or facility of the Department;



(b) Has not performed the duties assigned to the offender in a faithful and orderly manner;

(c) Has been convicted of:

(1) Any crime that is punishable as a felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(2) A sexual offense that is punishable as a felony; or

(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a category A or B felony;

(d) Has more than one prior conviction for any felony in this State or any offense in another state that would be a felony if committed in this State, not including a violation of NRS 484C.110, 484C.120, 484C.130 , ~~484C.430~~ , ~~488.420~~, ~~488.425~~ or ~~488.427~~; or

(e) Has escaped or attempted to escape from any jail or correctional institution for adults,

➔ is not eligible for assignment to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation to serve a term of residential confinement pursuant to this section.

4. The standards adopted by the Director pursuant to subsection 3 must provide that an offender who has been convicted of a category B felony is eligible for assignment to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation to serve a term of residential confinement pursuant to this section if:

(a) The offender is not otherwise ineligible pursuant to subsection 3 for an assignment to serve a term of residential confinement; and

(b) The Director makes a written finding that such an assignment of the offender is not likely to pose a threat to the safety of the public.

5. If an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section escapes or violates any of the terms or conditions of the offender's residential confinement:

(a) The Division of Parole and Probation may, pursuant to the procedure set forth in NRS 213.410, return the offender to the custody of the Department.

(b) The offender forfeits all or part of the credits for good behavior earned by the offender before the escape or violation, as determined by the Director. The Director may provide for a forfeiture of credits pursuant to this paragraph only after proof of the offense and notice to the offender and may restore credits forfeited for such reasons as the Director considers proper. The decision of the Director regarding such a forfeiture is final.

6. The assignment of an offender to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section shall be deemed:



(a) A continuation of the offender's imprisonment and not a release on parole; and

(b) For the purposes of NRS 209.341, an assignment to a facility of the Department,

except that the offender is not entitled to obtain any benefits or to participate in any programs provided to offenders in the custody of the Department.

7. An offender does not have a right to be assigned to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section, or to remain in that custody after such an assignment, and it is not intended that the provisions of this section or of NRS 213.371 to 213.410, inclusive, create any right or interest in liberty or property or establish a basis for any cause of action against the State, its political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions, departments, officers or employees.

8. The Division of Parole and Probation may receive and distribute restitution paid by an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section.

Sec. 4. NRS 209.3925 is hereby amended to read as follows:

209.3925 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the Director may assign an offender to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety to serve a term of residential confinement pursuant to NRS 213.380 or other appropriate supervision as determined by the Division of Parole and Probation, for not longer than the remainder of his or her sentence, if:

(a) The Director has reason to believe that the offender is:

(1) Physically incapacitated or in ill health to such a degree that the offender does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat to the safety of the public; or

(2) In ill health and expected to die within 12 months, and does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat to the safety of the public; and

(b) At least two physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, one of whom is not employed by the Department, verify, in writing, that the offender is:

(1) Physically incapacitated or in ill health; or

(2) In ill health and expected to die within 12 months.

2. If the Director intends to assign an offender to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section, at least 45 days before the date the offender is expected to be released from the custody of the Department, the Director shall notify:

(a) ~~If the offender will reside within this State after the offender is released from the custody of the Department, the~~ **The** board of



1 county commissioners of the county in which the offender will
2 reside; and

3 (b) The Division of Parole and Probation.

4 3. If any victim of a crime committed by the offender has,
5 pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 213.131, requested to be notified of
6 the consideration of a prisoner for parole and has provided a current
7 address, the Division of Parole and Probation shall notify the victim
8 that:

9 (a) The Director intends to assign the offender to the custody of
10 the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section; and

11 (b) The victim may submit documents to the Division of Parole
12 and Probation regarding such an assignment.

13 ➡ If a current address has not been provided by a victim as required
14 by subsection 4 of NRS 213.131, the Division of Parole and
15 Probation must not be held responsible if notification is not received
16 by the victim. All personal information, including, but not limited to,
17 a current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which
18 is received by the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this
19 subsection is confidential.

20 4. If an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of
21 Parole and Probation pursuant to this section escapes or violates any
22 of the terms or conditions of his or her residential confinement or
23 other appropriate supervision as determined by the Division of
24 Parole and Probation:

25 (a) The Division of Parole and Probation may, pursuant to the
26 procedure set forth in NRS 213.410, return the offender to the
27 custody of the Department.

28 (b) The offender forfeits all or part of the credits for good
29 behavior earned by the offender before the escape or violation, as
30 determined by the Director. The Director may provide for a
31 forfeiture of credits pursuant to this paragraph only after proof of the
32 offense and notice to the offender and may restore credits forfeited
33 for such reasons as the Director considers proper. The decision of
34 the Director regarding such a forfeiture is final.

35 5. The assignment of an offender to the custody of the Division
36 of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section shall be deemed:

37 (a) A continuation of the offender's imprisonment and not a
38 release on parole; and

39 (b) For the purposes of NRS 209.341, an assignment to a facility
40 of the Department,

41 ➡ except that the offender is not entitled to obtain any benefits or to
42 participate in any programs provided to offenders in the custody of the
43 Department.

44 6. The Director may not assign an offender to the custody of
45 the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section if the



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1 offender is sentenced to death or imprisonment for life without the
2 possibility of parole.

3 7. An offender does not have a right to be assigned to the
4 custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this
5 section, or to remain in that custody after such an assignment, and it
6 is not intended that the provisions of this section or of NRS 213.371
7 to 213.410, inclusive, create any right or interest in liberty or
8 property or establish a basis for any cause of action against the
9 State, its political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions,
10 departments, officers or employees.

11 *8. The Division of Parole and Probation may receive and*
12 *distribute restitution paid by an offender assigned to the custody of*
13 *the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section.*

14 **Sec. 5.** NRS 209.425 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 209.425 1. The Director shall, with the approval of the
16 Board, establish a program for the treatment of an abuser of alcohol
17 or drugs who is imprisoned for a violation of NRS 484C.110 or
18 484C.120 that is punishable as a felony pursuant to NRS 484C.400
19 or 484C.410 or a violation of NRS 484C.130 , ~~for~~ 484C.430 ~~H~~ ,
20 *488.420, 488.425 or 488.427.* The program must include an initial
21 period of intensive mental and physical rehabilitation in a facility of
22 the Department, followed by regular sessions of education,
23 counseling and any other necessary or desirable treatment.

24 2. The Director may, upon the request of the offender after the
25 initial period of rehabilitation, allow the offender to earn wages
26 under any other program established by the Department if the
27 offender assigns to the Department any wages the offender earns
28 under such a program. The Director may deduct from the wages of
29 the offender an amount determined by the Director, with the
30 approval of the Board, to:

31 (a) Offset the costs, as reflected in the budget of the Department,
32 to maintain the offender in a facility or institution of the Department
33 and in the program of treatment established pursuant to this section;
34 and

35 (b) Meet any existing obligation of the offender for the support
36 of his or her family or restitution to any victim of his or her crime.

37 **Sec. 6.** NRS 209.427 is hereby amended to read as follows:

38 209.427 1. If the results of an evaluation conducted pursuant
39 to NRS 484C.300 *or 488.430* indicate that an offender is an abuser
40 of alcohol or drugs and that the offender can be treated successfully
41 for his or her condition, the Director shall, except as otherwise
42 provided in this section, assign the offender to the program of
43 treatment established pursuant to NRS 209.425. Such an assignment
44 must be, to the extent that the period reasonably can be predicted,
45 for the year, or as much thereof as practicable, immediately



1 preceding the date the offender is due to be released from prison,
2 either on parole or at the expiration of the offender's term.

3 2. Before assigning an offender to a program of treatment, the
4 Director, in cooperation with the Division of Parole and Probation
5 of the Department of Public Safety, shall determine, to the extent
6 possible:

7 (a) The length of time remaining on the offender's sentence,
8 taking into consideration any credits earned by the offender; and

9 (b) The likelihood that the offender will complete the entire
10 program of treatment.

11 3. The Director shall when assigning offenders to the program,
12 to the extent possible, give preference to those offenders who appear
13 to the Director capable of successfully completing the entire
14 program.

15 4. The Director is not required to assign an offender to the
16 program of treatment if the offender is not eligible for assignment to
17 an institution or facility of minimum security pursuant to the
18 provisions of NRS 209.481 and the regulations adopted pursuant
19 thereto.

20 5. The Director may withdraw the offender from the program
21 of treatment at any time if the Director determines that the offender:

22 (a) Is not responding satisfactorily to the program; or

23 (b) Has failed or refused to comply with any term or condition
24 of the program.

25 6. As used in this section, "entire program" means both phases
26 of the program established pursuant to NRS 209.425, for offenders
27 who have not been released from prison, and NRS 209.429, for
28 offenders who have been assigned to the custody of the Division of
29 Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety.

30 **Sec. 7.** NRS 209.429 is hereby amended to read as follows:

31 209.429 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, the
32 Director shall assign an offender to the custody of the Division of
33 Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety to serve a
34 term of residential confinement, pursuant to NRS 213.380, for not
35 longer than the remainder of the maximum term of his or her
36 sentence if the offender has:

37 (a) Demonstrated a willingness and ability to establish a position
38 of employment in the community;

39 (b) Demonstrated a willingness and ability to enroll in a
40 program for education or rehabilitation; or

41 (c) Demonstrated an ability to pay for all or part of the costs of
42 his or her confinement and to meet any existing obligation for
43 restitution to any victim of his or her crime.

44 2. Before a person may be assigned to serve a term of
45 residential confinement pursuant to this section, he or she must



1 submit to the Division of Parole and Probation a signed document
2 stating that:

3 (a) He or she will comply with the terms or conditions of the
4 residential confinement; and

5 (b) If he or she fails to comply with the terms or conditions of
6 the residential confinement and is taken into custody outside of this
7 State, he or she waives all rights relating to extradition proceedings.

8 3. If an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of
9 Parole and Probation pursuant to this section escapes or violates any
10 of the terms or conditions of his or her residential confinement:

11 (a) The Division of Parole and Probation may, pursuant to the
12 procedure set forth in NRS 213.410, return the offender to the
13 custody of the Department.

14 (b) The offender forfeits all or part of the credits earned by the
15 offender to reduce his or her sentence pursuant to this chapter before
16 the escape or violation, as determined by the Director. The Director
17 may provide for a forfeiture of credits pursuant to this paragraph
18 only after proof of the offense and notice to the offender and may
19 restore credits forfeited for such reasons as the Director considers
20 proper. The decision of the Director regarding forfeiture of credits is
21 final.

22 4. The assignment of an offender to the custody of the Division
23 of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section shall be deemed:

24 (a) A continuation of the offender's imprisonment and not a
25 release on parole; and

26 (b) For the purposes of NRS 209.341, an assignment to a facility
27 of the Department,

28 ➡ except that the offender is not entitled to obtain any benefits or to
29 participate in any programs provided to offenders in the custody of
30 the Department.

31 5. A person does not have a right to be assigned to the custody
32 of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section, or
33 to remain in that custody after such an assignment, and it is not
34 intended that the provisions of this section or of NRS 213.371 to
35 213.410, inclusive, create any right or interest in liberty or property
36 or establish a basis for any cause of action against the State, its
37 political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions, departments,
38 officers or employees.

39 6. The Director shall not assign an offender who is serving a
40 sentence for committing a battery which constitutes domestic
41 violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 to the custody of the Division of
42 Parole and Probation to serve a term of residential confinement
43 unless the Director makes a finding that the offender is not likely to
44 pose a threat to the victim of the battery.



7. The Division of Parole and Probation may receive and distribute restitution paid by an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section.

Sec. 8. NRS 209.481 is hereby amended to read as follows:

209.481 1. The Director shall not assign any prisoner to an institution or facility of minimum security if the prisoner:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 484C.400, 484C.410, 484C.430, 484C.440, 488.420, **488.425** and 488.427, is not eligible for parole or release from prison within a reasonable period;

(b) Has recently committed a serious infraction of the rules of an institution or facility of the Department;

(c) Has not performed the duties assigned to him or her in a faithful and orderly manner;

(d) Has ever been convicted of a sexual offense that is punishable as a felony;

(e) Has, within the immediately preceding year, been convicted of any crime involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against a victim that is punishable as a felony; or

(f) Has attempted to escape or has escaped from an institution of the Department.

2. The Director shall, by regulation, establish procedures for classifying and selecting qualified prisoners.

Sec. 9. NRS 209.4887 is hereby amended to read as follows:

209.4887 1. The Director may establish a correctional program for reentry of offenders and parolees into the community pursuant to this section.

2. If the Director establishes a correctional program pursuant to this section, the Director shall:

(a) Determine whether offenders in the custody of the Department are suitable to participate in a correctional program.

(b) Determine whether parolees who are referred by the Chair of the State Board of Parole Commissioners pursuant to NRS 213.632 are suitable to participate in a correctional program as a condition of their parole.

(c) Request that the Chair of the State Board of Parole Commissioners assign to a correctional program offenders and parolees determined by the Director to be suitable to participate in a correctional program, under the terms and conditions agreed upon by the Director and the Chair, including, if appropriate, supervision of the offenders and parolees by the Division during their participation in the correctional program.

3. An offender or parolee may not be assigned to the custody of the Division to participate in a correctional program unless the Director grants prior approval of the assignment pursuant to this section.



1 **4. The Division may receive and distribute restitution paid by**
2 **an offender assigned to the custody of the Division pursuant to**
3 **this section.**

4 **Sec. 10.** NRS 213.126 is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 213.126 1. Unless complete restitution was made while the
6 parolee was incarcerated, the Board shall impose as a condition of
7 parole, in appropriate circumstances, a requirement that the parolee
8 make restitution to the person or persons named in the statement of
9 parole conditions, including restitution to a governmental entity for
10 expenses related to extradition, at the times specified in the
11 statement unless the Board finds that restitution is impracticable.
12 The amount of restitution must be the amount set by the court
13 pursuant to NRS 176.033. In appropriate circumstances, the Board
14 shall include as a condition of parole that the parolee execute an
15 assignment of wages earned by the parolee while on parole to the
16 Division for restitution.

17 2. All money received by the Division for restitution ~~for:~~
18 ~~—(a) One victim may; and~~
19 ~~—(b) More than one victim]~~ must ~~be~~
20 ~~be~~ deposited ~~in] with~~ the State ~~[Treasury]~~ **Treasurer** for credit
21 to the Restitution Trust Fund which is hereby created.

22 3. The Division shall make pro rata payments from the money
23 received from the parolee to each person to whom the restitution
24 was ordered pursuant to NRS 176.033. Such a payment must be
25 made ~~be~~:

26 ~~—(a) If the money received from the parolee in a single payment is~~
27 ~~\$200 or more or if the total accumulated amount received from the~~
28 ~~parolee is \$200 or more, whenever money is received from the~~
29 ~~parolee.~~

30 ~~—(b) If the money received from the parolee in a single payment~~
31 ~~is less than \$200 or if the total accumulated amount received from~~
32 ~~the parolee is less than \$200, at the end of each year until the~~
33 ~~parolee has paid the entire restitution owed.~~

34 ~~be~~ **not less than once each fiscal year.** Any money received from
35 the parolee that is remaining at the end of each **fiscal** year must be
36 paid at that time in pro rata payments to each person to whom the
37 restitution was ordered. A final pro rata payment must be made to
38 such persons when the parolee pays the entire restitution owed.

39 4. A person to whom restitution was ordered pursuant to NRS
40 176.033 may at any time file an application with the Division
41 requesting the Division to make a pro rata payment from the money
42 received from the parolee. If the Division finds that the applicant is
43 suffering a serious financial hardship and is in need of financial
44 assistance, the Division shall pay to the applicant his or her pro rata
45 share of the money received from the parolee.



5. All payments from the Fund must be paid as other claims against the State are paid.

6. If restitution is not required, the Board shall set forth the circumstances upon which it finds restitution impracticable in its statement of parole conditions.

7. Failure to comply with a restitution requirement imposed by the Board is a violation of a condition of parole unless the parolee's failure was caused by economic hardship resulting in his or her inability to pay the amount due. The ~~defendant~~ *parolee* is entitled to a hearing to show the existence of that hardship.

8. If, within 3 years after the parolee is discharged from parole, the Division has not located the person to whom the restitution was ordered, the money paid to the Division by the parolee must be deposited ~~into~~ *with the State Treasurer for credit to* the Fund for the Compensation of Victims of Crime.

Sec. 11. NRS 213.375 is hereby amended to read as follows:

213.375 Upon the determination, pursuant to NRS 484C.300 ~~that~~ *or 488.430*, that an offender is an abuser of alcohol or drugs and that the offender can be treated successfully for his or her condition, the Division shall determine, to the extent possible:

1. If the offender is otherwise eligible for residential confinement pursuant to NRS 213.371 to 213.410, inclusive, upon the successful completion of the initial period of rehabilitation required under the program of treatment established pursuant to NRS 209.425; and

2. If the offender is eligible, the likelihood that the offender will be able to:

(a) Comply with the terms and conditions of residential confinement established by the Division; and

(b) Complete successfully the program of treatment established pursuant to NRS 209.425 while in residential confinement.

Sec. 12. NRS 176A.430 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176A.430 1. The court shall order as a condition of probation or suspension of sentence, in appropriate circumstances, that the defendant make full or partial restitution to the person or persons named in the order, at the times and in the amounts specified in the order unless the court finds that restitution is impracticable. Such an order may require payment for medical or psychological treatment of any person whom the defendant has injured. In appropriate circumstances, the court shall include as a condition of probation or suspension of sentence that the defendant execute an assignment of wages earned while on probation or subject to the conditions of suspension of sentence to the Division for restitution.

2. All money received by the Division for restitution ~~for:~~

~~(a) One victim may; and~~



1 ~~—(b) More than one victim~~ must ~~be~~
2 ~~→~~ be deposited with the State Treasurer for credit to the Restitution
3 Trust Fund.

4 *3. The Division shall make pro rata payments from the*
5 *money received from the defendant to each person to whom the*
6 *restitution was ordered pursuant to this section. Such a payment*
7 *must be made not less than once each fiscal year. Any money*
8 *received from the defendant that is remaining at the end of each*
9 *fiscal year must be paid at that time in pro rata payments to each*
10 *person to whom the restitution was ordered. A final pro rata*
11 *payment must be made to such persons when the defendant pays*
12 *the entire restitution owed.*

13 4. All payments from the Fund must be paid as other claims
14 against the State are paid.

15 ~~13-1~~ 5. If restitution is not required, the court shall set forth the
16 circumstances upon which it finds restitution impracticable in its
17 order of probation or suspension of sentence.

18 ~~14-1~~ 6. Failure to comply with the terms of an order for
19 restitution is a violation of a condition of probation or suspension of
20 sentence unless the defendant's failure ~~has been~~ was caused by
21 economic hardship resulting in ~~the defendant's~~ his or her inability
22 to pay the amount due. The defendant is entitled to a hearing to
23 show the existence of such a hardship.

24 ~~15-1~~ 7. If, within 3 years after the defendant has been
25 discharged from probation, the Division has not located the person
26 to whom the restitution was ordered, the money paid *to the Division*
27 by the defendant must be deposited with the State Treasurer for
28 credit to the Fund for the Compensation of Victims of Crime.

29 **Sec. 13.** NRS 209.201 is hereby repealed.

30 **Sec. 14.** This act becomes effective upon passage and
31 approval.

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

209.201 Prison Revolving Account.

1. The Prison Revolving Account in the sum of \$10,000 is hereby created, and may be used for the payment of bills requiring immediate payment and for the issuance of money to assist newly released or paroled offenders, and for no other purposes.

2. The Director may deposit the Prison Revolving Account in one or more banks or credit unions of reputable standing.



* S B 3 2 *

3. Payments made from the Prison Revolving Account must be promptly reimbursed from appropriated money of the Department on claims as other claims against the State are paid.

③



* S B 3 2 *