### Amendment No. 153

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 151 (BDR 11-757)									
Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Judiciary									
Amends:	Summary: No	Title: Yes	Preamble: No	Joint Sponsorship: No	Digest: Yes				

ASSEMBLY ACTION			Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	ION Initial and Date		
Adopted		Lost	1	Adopted	Lost		
Concurred In		Not	1	Concurred In	Not		
Receded		Not		Receded	Not		

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of <u>green bold underlining</u> is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) <u>red strikethrough</u> is deleted language in the original bill; (4) <u>purple double strikethrough</u> is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) <u>orange double underlining</u> is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

DP/DY Date: 4/6/2015

A.B. No. 151—Revises provisions relating to the adoption of children. (BDR 11-757)

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# ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 151–ASSEMBLYMEN ARAUJO, BENITEZ-THOMPSON; BUSTAMANTE ADAMS, FLORES AND NEAL

FEBRUARY 13, 2015

JOINT SPONSOR: SENATOR DENIS

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to the adoption of children. (BDR 11-757)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the adoption of children; revising provisions restricting adoptions based on the ages of a child and a prospective adoptive parent; revising provisions relating to the adoption of a child by married persons; revising provisions concerning orders and decrees of adoption; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

#### Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law governs the adoption of children. (NRS 127.010-127.186) <u>Under existing law</u>, certain restrictions relating to the respective ages of a child and a prospective adoptive parent for adoption purposes are imposed. (NRS 127.020) Section 1 of this bill provides that a court may disregard those age restrictions if the prospective adoptive parent is a certain family member of the child and it is in the best interest of the child and in the interest of the public.

Existing law prohibits the grant of a petition for leave to adopt a child by a married person if the person's spouse does not consent to and join in the petition. (NRS 127.030) Section 2 of this bill provides that a married person must obtain from his or her spouse consent to an adoption, but a spouse who consents will not have any parental rights or responsibilities or be named as an adoptive parent in an order or decree of adoption except under certain circumstances.

Under existing law, a court is required to grant a petition for the adoption of a child if the court finds that it is in the best interest of the child. However, an order or decree of adoption may not be made until after the child has lived for 6 months in the home of the petitioners. (NRS 127.150) [This] Section 3 of this bill provides that the 6-month requirement does not apply if one [petitioner] of the petitioners is the stepparent of the child [H] or is related to the child within the third degree of consanguinity.

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## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 127.020 is hereby amended to read as follows: 127.020 [A]

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2:

- (a) A minor child may be adopted by an adult person in the cases and subject to the rules prescribed in this chapter. [The]
- (b)  $\hat{A}$  person adopting a child must be at least 10 years older than the person adopted, and the consent of the child, if over the age of 14 years, is necessary to its adoption.
- 2. A court may approve the adoption of a child without regard to the age of the child and the ages of the prospective adoptive parents if:
- (a) The child is being adopted by a stepparent, sister, brother, aunt, uncle or first cousin and, if the prospective adoptive parent is married, also by the spouse of the prospective adoptive parent; and
- (b) The court is satisfied that it is in the best interest of the child and in the interest of the public.

Sec. 2. NRS 127.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 127.030 1. Any adult person or any two persons married to each other may petition the district court of any county in this state for leave to adopt a child. The petition by a person having a husband or wife shall not be granted unless the husband or wife consents thereto and joins therein.]
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, a married person not lawfully separated from his or her spouse may not adopt a child without the consent of his or her spouse, if such spouse is capable of giving such consent.
- 3. If a spouse consents to an adoption as described in subsection 2, such consent does not establish any parental rights or responsibilities on the part of the spouse unless he or she:
  (a) Has, in a writing filed with the court, specifically consented to:
- (1) Adopting the child; and

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- (2) Establishing parental rights and responsibilities; and
- (b) Is named as an adoptive parent in the order or decree of adoption.
- The court shall not name a spouse who consents to an adoption as described in subsection 2 as an adoptive parent in an order or decree of adoption unless:
- (a) The spouse has filed a writing with the court as described in paragraph (a) of subsection 3; and
- (b) The home of the spouse is suitable for the child as determined by an investigation conducted pursuant to NRS 127.120 or 127.2805.
- The court may dispense with the requirement for the consent of a spouse who cannot be located after a diligent search or who is determined by the court to lack the capacity to consent. A spouse for whom the requirement was dispensed pursuant to this subsection must not be named as an adoptive parent in an order or decree of adoption.

| Section | 1.1 | Sec. 3. NRS 127.150 is hereby amended to read as follows: 127.150 | 1. If the court finds that the best interests of the child warrant the granting of the petition, an order or decree of adoption must be made and filed, ordering that henceforth the child is the child of the petitioners. When determining whether the best interests of the child warrant the granting of a petition that is filed by a foster parent, the court shall give strong consideration to the emotional bond between the child and the foster parent. A copy of the order or decree must be sent

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to the nearest office of the agency which provides child welfare services by the petitioners within 7 days after the order or decree is issued. In the decree the court may change the name of the child, if desired. [No]

2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an order or decree of adoption may not be made until after the child has lived for 6 months in the home

of the petitioners.

12.1 This subsection does not apply if one {petitioner} of the petitioners is the stepparent of the child for is related to the child within the third degree of

3. If the court is not satisfied that the proposed adoption is in the best interests of the child, the court shall deny the petition and may order the child returned to the custody of the person or agency legally vested with custody.

[3.] 4. After a petition for adoption has been granted, there is a presumption that remaining in the home of the adopting parent is in the child's best interest.