Senate Bill No. 161–Senator Roberson

CHAPTER

AN ACT relating to product liability; prohibiting civil actions against certain sellers for product liability under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

This bill prohibits, under certain circumstances, the commencement or maintenance of civil actions against certain sellers of products.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 41 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no product liability action may be brought or maintained against a seller other than a manufacturer of the product.
 - 2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply if:
- (a) The seller exercised substantial control over the aspect of the manufacture, construction, design, formula, installation, preparation, assembly, testing, packaging, labeling, warnings or instructions of the product that was a proximate cause of the harm for which recovery is sought;
- (b) The seller altered, modified or installed the product after the product left the possession of the manufacturer and the alteration, modification or installation was:
- (1) Not authorized or requested by the manufacturer or not performed in compliance with the directions or specifications of the manufacturer; and
- (2) A proximate cause of the harm for which recovery is sought;
- (c) The seller resold the product after the product's first sale for use or consumption and the product was not in substantially the same condition as it was at the time the product left the possession of the manufacturer;
- (d) The seller failed to exercise reasonable and product appropriate care in assembling, maintaining, storing, transporting or repairing the product or in conveying to the user or consumer of the product the manufacturer's labels, warnings or instructions



and such failure was a proximate cause of the harm for which recovery is sought;

(e) The seller had actual knowledge of the defect;

(f) The seller made an express warranty regarding the product that was independent of any express warranty made by the manufacturer regarding the product, the product failed to conform to that express warranty by the seller and that failure was a proximate cause of the harm for which recovery is sought;

(g) The manufacturer cannot be identified;

- (h) Jurisdiction over the manufacturer cannot be obtained in this State; or
 - (i) The manufacturer has been adjudicated to be insolvent.

3. As used in this section:

- (a) "Manufacturer" means a person who designs, assembles, fabricates, produces, constructs or otherwise prepares a product or a component part of a product before the sale of the product to a user or consumer. The term includes a seller who is owned in whole or significant part by the manufacturer or who owns in whole or significant part the manufacturer. The term does not include a seller who is not otherwise a manufacturer merely because the seller places or has placed his or her own brand or label on the product if the seller:
 - (1) Did not exercise substantial control as described in

paragraph (a) of subsection 2; and

(2) Discloses the identity of the actual manufacturer of the product.

(b) "Product liability action" means any civil action brought against a manufacturer or seller of a product, regardless of the substantive legal theory or theories upon which the action is brought, for or on account of personal injury, death or property damage caused by or resulting from:

(1) The manufacture, construction, design, formula, installation, preparation, assembly, testing, packaging, labeling or

sale of a product;

(2) The failure to warn or protect against a danger or hazard in the use, misuse or unintended use of a product; or

(3) The failure to provide proper instructions for the use of

a product.

(c) "Seller" means a person, including, without limitation, a manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor or retailer, who is engaged in the business of selling or leasing any product for resale, use or consumption.



Sec. 2. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.

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