## Amendment No. 279

Senate Amendment to Senate Bill No. 59	(BDR 40-386)							
Proposed by: Senate Committee on Health and Human Services								
Amends: Summary: Yes Title: Yes Preamble: No Joint Sponsorship: No	Digest: Yes							

ASSEMBLY	ACT	TION	Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	ON Initial and Date
Adopted		Lost		Adopted	Lost
Concurred In		Not		Concurred In	Not
Receded		Not		Receded	Not

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of <u>green bold underlining</u> is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) <u>red-strikethrough</u> is deleted language in the original bill; (4) <u>purple double strikethrough</u> is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) <u>orange double underlining</u> is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

EWR/RBL



Date: 4/22/2017

S.B. No. 59—Requires the reporting of certain information to the database of the program to monitor prescriptions for certain controlled substances. (BDR 40-386)

## SENATE BILL NO. 59—COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

(ON BEHALF OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL)

Prefiled November 17, 2016

Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services

SUMMARY—Requires the reporting of certain information to the database off Revises provisions relating to the program to monitor

prescriptions for certain controlled substances. (BDR 40-386)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.

Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to controlled substances; requiring to prescribed controlled substances or who receives a report of a stelen prescription for a controlled substance to report! the uploading of certain information to his or her employer; requiring the employer of such a law enforcement officer to upload such reported information! to the database of the program developed by the State Board of Pharmacy and the Investigation Division of the Department of Public Safety to monitor prescriptions for certain controlled substances; authorizing a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who meets certain requirements to access the database of the program; expanding the scope of the program to include certain additional controlled substances; requiring a practitioner to obtain a patient utilization report before prescribing certain controlled substances; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Existing law requires the State Board of Pharmacy and the Investigation Division of the Department of Public Safety to develop a computerized program to track each prescription for [certain] a controlled [substances] substance listed in schedule II, III or IV filled by a pharmacy or dispensed by a practitioner registered with the Board. The program is required to be designed to provide information regarding: (1) the inappropriate use by a patient of certain controlled substances to pharmacies, practitioners and appropriate state and local governmental agencies to prevent the improper or illegal use of such controlled substances; and (2) statistical data relating to the use of those controlled substances. (NRS 453.162) Sections 2-3 of this bill expand the scope of the program to also track each prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule V.

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Existing law requires the Board to allow certain law enforcement officers to have Internet access to the database of the program only for the purpose of investigating a crime related to prescription drugs. (NRS 453.165)

Section 111 1.3 of this bill requires a law enforcement officer who encounters certain situations involving prescribed controlled substances or who receives a report of a stolen prescription for a controlled substance while acting in his or her official capacity and in the regular course of an investigation to report certain information to his or her employer. Section 1.3 requires a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who determines, as the result of an investigation of the death of a person, that the person died as the result of using a prescribed controlled substance, to upload certain information to the database of the program or, if the coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof does not have such access, report such information to a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who has access to the database. Section [11] 1.3 also requires the employer of the law enforcement officer or a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof to upload such reported information to the database of the program as soon as practicable after receiving the information [unless] except where the employer of a law enforcement officer determines that uploading the information will interfere with an active criminal investigation. [, in which] In that case the employer may postpone uploading the information until after the conclusion of the investigation. Section [11] 1.3 further provides that each law enforcement officer [er]. employer of a law enforcement officer, coroner, medical examiner or deputy of a coroner or medical examiner who makes a good faith effort to comply with section [1.3] 1.3, or a regulation adopted pursuant thereto, is immune from civil and criminal liability for any act or omission relating to the transmission of information pursuant to section 1.3. Section 1.6 of this bill authorizes a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who meets certain requirements to access the database of the computerized program to: (1) upload information concerning the death of a person due to using a prescribed controlled substance; or (2) investigate the death of a person.

Existing law requires a practitioner to obtain a patient utilization report from the

computerized program before initiating a prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule II, III or IV. Section 5.5 of this bill additionally requires a practitioner to obtain such a report before initiating a prescription for an opioid that is a controlled

substance listed in schedule V.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** Chapter 453 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto la new section to read as follows: the provisions set forth as sections 1.3 and 1.6 of this act.

Sec. 1.3. 1. If a law enforcement officer, while acting in his or her official capacity [:] and in the regular course of an investigation:

(a) Encounters a situation in which the law enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion that a violation of this chapter involving a prescription for a controlled substance is occurring or has occurred;

(b) Encounters a person who the law enforcement officer believes is experiencing or, immediately before the encounter, has experienced an overdose as a result of using a prescribed controlled substance;

(e) Encounters a deceased person who the law enforcement officer believes died as a result of using a prescribed controlled substance; or

(d) (c) Receives a report of a stolen prescription for a controlled substance, the law enforcement officer shall report to his or her employer the information required by subsection [2.] 3.

A coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who, as the result of an investigation into the cause of a death determines that a person died as the result of using a prescribed controlled substance, shall:

(a) If the coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof has access to the database of the computerized program developed pursuant to NRS 453.162, upload the information required by subsection 3 as soon as practicable; or (b) If the coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof does not have access

to the database of the computerized program developed pursuant to NRS 453.162, report the information to a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who has

such access.

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3. A law enforcement officer or a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who is required to report or upload, as applicable, information pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 shall report fto his or her employer or upload, as applicable, the following information, to the extent such information is available and applicable:

(a) The name of the person who:

(1) Is suspected of violating this chapter;

(2) Is believed to have experienced an overdose as a result of using a prescribed controlled substance;

(3) Is believed to have died as a result of using a prescribed controlled substance; or

(4) Filed the report of a stolen prescription for a controlled substance. (b) The name of the person to whom the controlled substance involved in an

event described in subsection 1 or 2 is or was prescribed.

- (c) If a prescription container for the controlled substance is found in the vicinity of the location of an event described in paragraph (a) [1] or (b) for (c)] of subsection 1 or subsection 2 or if a prescription for a controlled substance is reported stolen:
  - (1) The name of the prescribing practitioner;

(2) The prescription number; and

(3) The name of the controlled substance as it appears on the

prescription container or prescription order.

- [3.] 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [4.] 5. an employer of a law enforcement officer or a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who receives finformation a report pursuant to subsection 12 1 or 2 shall, as soon as practicable after receiving [such information,] that report, upload to the database of the program established pursuant to NRS 453.162 notice of the occurrence of an event described in subsection 1 or 2, as applicable, and the information received pursuant to subsection 12.1 3. The employer of a law enforcement officer or a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof shall ensure that only a flaw enforcement officer person who is authorized to access the database of the program pursuant to NRS 453.165 or section 1.6 of this act uploads such information.
- [4.] 5. If an employer of a law enforcement officer determines that uploading any information to the database of the program pursuant to subsection 4 will interfere with an active criminal investigation, the employer may postpone uploading such information until after the conclusion of the investigation.
- [5.] 6. Each law enforcement officer or employer of a law enforcement officer and each coroner, medical examiner and deputy thereof who makes a good faith effort to comply with this section, or a regulation adopted pursuant thereto, is immune from civil and criminal liability for any act or omission relating to the transmission of information pursuant to this section.

16.7 7. As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 453.165.

Sec. 1.6. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Board shall allow:

(a) A coroner or medical examiner to have Internet access to the database of the computerized program developed pursuant to NRS 453.162 if the coroner or medical examiner has completed the course of training developed pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 453.164.

(b) A deputy of a coroner or medical examiner to have Internet access to the database of the computerized program developed pursuant to NRS 453.162 if:

(1) The deputy has completed the course of training developed pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 453.164; and

(2) The coroner or medical examiner who employs the deputy has submitted the certification required pursuant to subsection 2 to the Board.

2. Before the deputy of a coroner or medical examiner may be given access to the database pursuant to subsection 1, the coroner or medical examiner who employs the deputy must certify to the Board that the deputy has been approved to have such access and meets the requirements of subsection 1. Such certification must be made on a form provided by the Board and renewed annually.

3. When a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof accesses the database of the computerized program pursuant to this section, the officer must enter a unique user name assigned to the coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof and, if applicable, the case number corresponding to the investigation being conducted by the coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof.

4. A coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof who has access to the database of the computerized program pursuant to subsection 1 may access the database only to:

(a) Investigate the death of a person; or

(b) Upload information to the database pursuant to section 1.3 of this act.

5. The Board or the Division may suspend or terminate access to the database of the computerized program pursuant to this section if a coroner, medical examiner or deputy thereof violates any provision of this section.

**Sec. 2.** NRS 453.162 is hereby amended to read as follows:

453.162 1. The Board and the Division shall cooperatively develop a computerized program to track each prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule II, III [67]. IV or V that is filled by a pharmacy that is registered with the Board or that is dispensed by a practitioner who is registered with the Board. The program must:

(a) Be designed to provide information regarding:

(1) The inappropriate use by a patient of controlled substances listed in schedules II, III  $\frac{\text{land}}{\text{local}}$ , IV  $\frac{\text{und}}{\text{und}}$  to pharmacies, practitioners and appropriate state and local governmental agencies, including, without limitation, law enforcement agencies and occupational licensing boards, to prevent the improper or illegal use of those controlled substances; and

(2) Statistical data relating to the use of those controlled substances that is

not specific to a particular patient.

(b) Be administered by the Board, the Investigation Division, the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department and various practitioners, representatives of professional associations for practitioners, representatives of occupational licensing boards and prosecuting attorneys selected by the Board and the Investigation Division.

(c) Not infringe on the legal use of a controlled substance for the management of severe or intractable pain.

- (1) The name of the person;
- (2) The physical address of the person;
- (3) The telephone number of the person; and
- (4) If the person maintains an electronic mail address, the electronic mail address of the person.

(d) Include the contact information of each person who is required to access

the database of the program pursuant to NRS 453.164, including, without

- (e) To the extent that money is available, include:
- (1) A means by which a practitioner may designate in the database of the program that he or she suspects that a patient is seeking a prescription for a controlled substance for an improper or illegal purpose. If the Board reviews the designation and determines that such a designation is warranted, the Board shall inform pharmacies, practitioners and appropriate state agencies that the patient is seeking a prescription for a controlled substance for an improper or illegal purpose as described in subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a).
- (2) The ability to integrate the records of patients in the database of the program with the electronic health records of practitioners.
- 2. The Board, the Division and each employee thereof are immune from civil and criminal liability for any action relating to the collection, maintenance and transmission of information pursuant to this section and NRS 453.163 and 453.164 and [section 1] sections 1.3 and 1.6 of this act if a good faith effort is made to comply with applicable laws and regulations.
- 3. The Board and the Division may apply for any available grants and accept any gifts, grants or donations to assist in developing and maintaining the program required by this section.
  - Sec. 2.5. NRS 453.163 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 453.163 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, each person registered pursuant to this chapter to dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule II, III [er] , IV or V shall, not later than the end of the next business day after dispensing a controlled substance, upload to the database of the program established pursuant to NRS 453.162 the information described in paragraph (d) of subsection 1 of NRS 453.162. The requirements of this subsection do not apply if the controlled substance is administered directly by a practitioner to a patient in a health care facility, as defined in NRS 439.960, a child who is a resident in a child care facility, as defined in NRS 432A.024, or a prisoner, as defined in NRS 208.085. The Board shall establish by regulation and impose administrative penalties for the failure to upload information pursuant to this subsection.
- 2. The Board and the Division may cooperatively enter into a written agreement with an agency of any other state to provide, receive or exchange information obtained by the program with a program established in that state which is substantially similar to the program established pursuant to NRS 453.162, including, without limitation, providing such state access to the database of the program or transmitting information to and receiving information from such state. Any information provided, received or exchanged as part of an agreement made pursuant to this section may only be used in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
- 3. A practitioner who is authorized to write prescriptions for and each person who is authorized to dispense controlled substances listed in schedule II, III [or], IV or V who makes a good faith effort to comply with applicable laws and regulations when transmitting to the Board or the Division a report or information required by this section or NRS 453.162 or 453.164, or a regulation adopted pursuant thereto, is immune from civil and criminal liability relating to such action.

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**Sec. 3.** NRS 453.164 is hereby amended to read as follows:

453.164 1. The Board shall provide Internet access to the database of the program established pursuant to NRS 453.162 to an occupational licensing board that licenses any practitioner who is authorized to write prescriptions for controlled substances listed in schedule II, III [er] , IV [+] or V.

2. The Board and the Division must have access to the program established

pursuant to NRS 453.162 to identify any suspected fraudulent or illegal activity related to the dispensing of controlled substances.

The Board or the Division shall report any activity it reasonably suspects may:

(a) Be fraudulent or illegal to the appropriate law enforcement agency or occupational licensing board and provide the law enforcement agency or occupational licensing board with the relevant information obtained from the program for further investigation.

- (b) Indicate the inappropriate use by a patient of a controlled substance to the occupational licensing board of each practitioner who has prescribed the controlled substance to the patient. The occupational licensing board may access the database of the program established pursuant to NRS 453.162 to determine which practitioners are prescribing the controlled substance to the patient. The occupational licensing board may use this information for any purpose it deems necessary, including, without limitation, alerting a practitioner that a patient may be fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance or determining whether a practitioner is engaged in unlawful or unprofessional conduct. This paragraph shall not be construed to require an occupational licensing board to conduct an investigation or take any action against a practitioner upon receiving information from the Board or the Division.
- The Board and the Division shall cooperatively develop a course of training for persons who are required or authorized to receive access to the database of the program pursuant to subsection 6 or NRS 453.165 and section 1.6 of this act and require each such person to complete the course of training before the person is provided with Internet access to the database.
- Each practitioner who is authorized to write prescriptions for and each person who is authorized to dispense controlled substances listed in schedule II, III for V shall complete the course of instruction described in subsection 4. The Board shall provide Internet access to the database to each such practitioner or other person who completes the course of instruction.
- Each practitioner who is authorized to write prescriptions for controlled substances listed in schedule II, III for f f f f f f shall, to the extent the program allows, access the database of the program established pursuant to NRS 453.162 at least once each 6 months to:
- (a) Review the information concerning the practitioner that is listed in the database and notify the Board if any such information is not correct; and
- (b) Verify to the Board that he or she continues to have access to and has accessed the database as required by this subsection.
- 7. Information obtained from the program relating to a practitioner or a patient is confidential and, except as otherwise provided by this section and NRS 239.0115, 453.162 and 453.163, must not be disclosed to any person. That information must be disclosed:
- (a) Upon [the] a request [of] made on a notarized form prescribed by the **Board** by a person about whom the information requested concerns or upon [the] <u>such a request on behalf of that person by his or her attorney; or</u>

(b) Upon the lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

- purpose not authorized pursuant to NRS 453.162 to 453.165, inclusive, *and Isection 11 sections 1.3 and 1.6 of this act,* the Board, Division or law enforcement agency, as applicable, must notify any person whose information was accessed by an unauthorized person or for an unauthorized purpose.

  Sec. 4. NRS 453.165 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 453.165 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Board shall allow a law enforcement officer to have Internet access to the database of the computerized program developed pursuant to NRS 453.162 if:

database of the program has been intentionally accessed by a person or for a

If the Board, the Division or a law enforcement agency determines that the

(a) The primary responsibility of the law enforcement officer is to conduct investigations of crimes relating to prescription drugs;

- (b) The law enforcement officer has been approved by his or her employer to have such access;
- (c) The law enforcement officer has completed the course of training developed pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 453.164; and

(d) The employer of the law enforcement officer has submitted the certification required pursuant to subsection 2 to the Board.

2. Before a law enforcement officer may be given access to the database pursuant to subsection 1, the employer of the officer must certify to the Board that the law enforcement officer has been approved to be given such access and meets the requirements of subsection 1. Such certification must be made on a form provided by the Board and renewed annually.

3. When a law enforcement officer accesses the database of the computerized program pursuant to this section, the officer must enter a unique user name assigned to the officer and, *if applicable*, the case number corresponding to the investigation being conducted by the officer.

4. A law enforcement officer who is given access to the database of the computerized program pursuant to subsection 1 may access the database *for no other purpose than* to [investigate]:

(a) Investigate a crime related to prescription drugs [and for no other purpose.]

(b) Upload information to the database pursuant to section [11] 1.3 of this act.

- 5. The employer of a law enforcement officer who is provided access to the database of the computerized program pursuant to this section shall monitor the use of the database by the law enforcement officer and establish appropriate disciplinary action to take against an officer who violates the provisions of this section.
- 6. The Board or the Division may suspend or terminate access to the database of the computerized program pursuant to this section if a law enforcement officer or his or her employer violates any provision of this section.7. As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" means any person upon
- 7. As used in this section, "law enforcement officer" means any person upon whom some or all of the powers of a peace officer are conferred pursuant to NRS 289.150 to 289.360, inclusive.

**Sec. 5.** NRS 453.552 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 453.552 1. Any penalty imposed for violation of NRS 453.011 to 453.551, inclusive, *and facetion 11 sections 1.3 and 1.6 of this act*, is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any civil or administrative penalty or sanction otherwise authorized by law.
- 2. Any violation of the provisions of NRS 453.011 to 453.551, inclusive, *and [section 1] sections 1.3 and 1.6 of this act,* where no other penalty is specifically provided, is a misdemeanor.
  - Sec. 5.5. NRS 639.23507 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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the Investigation Division of the Department of Public Safety pursuant to NRS 453.162 if:

(a) The patient is a new patient of the practitioner; or

(b) The prescription is for more than 7 days and is part of a new course of treatment for the patient.

→ The practitioner shall review the patient utilization report to assess whether the prescription for the controlled substance is medically necessary.

2. If a practitioner who attempts to obtain a patient utilization report as required by subsection 1 fails to do so because the computerized program is unresponsive or otherwise unavailable, the practitioner:

(a) Shall be deemed to have complied with subsection 1 if the practitioner documents the attempt and failure in the medical record of the patient.

(b) Is not liable for the failure.

The Board shall adopt regulations to provide alternative methods of compliance with subsection 1 for a physician while he or she is providing service in a hospital emergency department. The regulations must include, without limitation, provisions that allow a hospital to designate members of hospital staff to act as delegates for the purposes of accessing the database of the computerized program and obtaining patient utilization reports from the computerized program on behalf of such a physician.

639.23507 1. A practitioner shall, before initiating a prescription for a controlled substance listed in schedule II, III or IV 13 or an opioid that is a controlled substance listed in schedule V, obtain a patient utilization report

regarding the patient from the computerized program established by the Board and

A practitioner who violates subsection 1:

(a) Is not guilty of a misdemeanor.

(b) May be subject to professional discipline if the appropriate professional licensing board determines that the practitioner's violation was intentional.

5. As used in this section, "initiating a prescription" means originating a new prescription for a new patient of a practitioner or originating a new prescription to begin a new course of treatment for an existing patient of a practitioner. The term does not include any act concerning an ongoing prescription that is written to continue a course of treatment for an existing patient of a practitioner.

**Sec. 6.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2017.